





THE LOEB CLASSICAL LIBRARY

EDITED BY

T. E. PAGE, LITT.D.

E. CAPPS, PH.D., LL.D. W. H. D. ROUSE, LITT.D.

ARISTOPHANES

I



A716

ARISTOPHANES

WITH THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF

BENJAMIN BICKLEY ROGERS

M.A., D.LITT., BARRISTER-AT-LAW SOMETIME FELLOW OF WADHAM COLLEGE, OXFORD

IN THREE VOLUMES

I

THE CLOUDS

THE KNIGHTS
THE WASPS



LONDON: WILLIAM HEINEMANN LTD NEW YORK: G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS

MCMXXX

First Printed 1924 Reprinted 1926, 1930

PA 3875 A2 1924 V.1

Printed in Great Britain

PREFACE

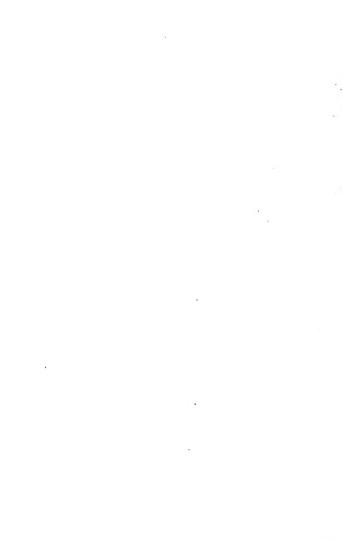
By the assistance of Messrs. G. Bell & Sons the Editors are enabled to include in the Library the famous version of Aristophanes made by Dr. Rogers. His complete edition with its full Introductions, Notes, and Appendices, will remain indispensable to large libraries and scholars, but it is hoped that the present edition will make his work more accessible to the general reader.

Introductions and explanatory notes have been added by the Editors. These for the most part contain only information which can readily be found elsewhere, but in cases where it seemed wise to give Dr. Rogers' exact view of a passage, short extracts from his notes are given in his own words.

T is t .

CONTENTS OF VOLUME I

							PAGE
GENERAL INTRODUCTION .	•	•	•	•	•	•	ix
THE ACHARNIANS-							
Introduction							3
Text and Translation				•	•		6
THE KNIGHTS-							
Introduction							120
Text and Translation						,	124
THE CLOUDS-							
Introduction		,					262
Text and Translation							266
THE WASPS-							
Introduction							404
Text and Translation							408
INDEX							551



Aristophanes is an elusive poet. The main religious convictions of Aeschylus may be determined with certainty from his extant plays; attentive study of the dramas of Euripides reveals his cardinal opinions on politics, society and religion, and his philosophic attitude; but who can affirm with confidence that he has penetrated the comic mask of Aristophanes and knows his beliefs? The poet's mocking irony baffles and perplexes his reader at almost every turn.

ξυνήκαθ' δ λέγει ;—μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ.

One element of the poet's irony is his apparent frankness. He has at times the air of desiring to be taken seriously and seems to be expressing honest convictions. He is very suggestive and provokes reflection, but the attempt to reduce his opinions to system reveals the illusion. We become uneasily conscious that the great satirist is laughing behind his mask.

A proof of this deceptive quality of the poet's humour is found in the diversity of the opinions that have been held as to his purpose in writing. It was once the fashion among modern interpreters to take him very seriously,—the comic poet disappeared in the reformer. He was eulogized as a moralist and patriot, whose lofty purpose was to instruct his fellow-countrymen; as an earnest thinker, who had

reflected deeply on the problems of society and government and had made Comedy simply the vehicle of his reforming ideas; as a wise and discerning counsellor, who was competent to advise the citizens of Athens at a critical time on political questions and whose judgement of men and measures was sound; as a stern man withal, resolute in the performance of duty, the implacable and victorious foe of all, wherever found, who undermined the glory of Athens. This view, which Grote combated (History of Greece, lxvii), finds vigorous expression in the Apology of Robert Browning:

Next, whom thrash? Only the coarse fool and the clownish knave? No! strike malpractice that affects the State, The common weal—intriguer or poltroon, Venality, corruption, what eare I If shrewd or witless merely?—so the thing Lay sap to anght that made Athenai bright And happy, change her customs, lead astray Youth or age, play the demagogue at Pnux, The sophist in Palaistra, or—what's worst, As widest mischief,—from the Theatre Preach innovation, bring contempt on oaths, Adorn licentionsness, despise the Cult. . . .

But my soul bade "Fight!
Prove arms efficient on real heads and hearts!"

I wield the Comie weapon rather—hate!
Ilate! honest, earnest and directest hate—
Warfare wherein I close with enemy. . .
Such was my purpose: it succeeds, I say!
Have we not beaten Kallicratidas,
Not humbled Sparté? Peace awaits our word.
Since my previsions,—warranted too well
By the long war now waged and worn to end—
Ilad spared such heritage of misery,
My after-connsels searce need fear repulse.
Athenai, taught prosperity has wings,
Cages the glad recapture.

Thus vaunts the poet, as Browning interprets him, just after the great victory won at Arginusae. "Sparta is at our feet, a new day dawns, the War is at an end. For Athens has at length learnt the bitter lesson she might have been spared had she yielded to my pleas for peace." The actual history of the next twelve months is pathetic. The battle at Arginusae, in which Callicratidas fell, restored the maritime supremacy of Athens, but peace was not secured. The Spartans made overtures, but the Athenian people, paying small heed to the "good counsels" that their Poet had given them in the Acharnians, the Peace, the Lysistrata, and in other comedies no longer extant, followed the lead of drunken Cleophon and rejected the Spartan proposals, just as five years before they had committed the grave error of accepting his advice after the Athenian victory at Cyzicus. Sparta bestirred herself, Lysander was sent out, and within a year Athenian arms suffered irretrievable reverse at Aegospotami. Aegospotami.

Aegospotanii.

The poet's counsels of peace were rejected. Peace came only with disaster. His "sage" solutions of many other burning questions were equally ineffective. If Aristophanes was working for reform, as a long line of learned interpreters of the poet have maintained, the result was lamentably disappointing: he succeeded in effecting not a single change. He wings the shafts of his incomparable wit at all the popular leaders of the day—Cleon, Hyperbolus, Peisander, Cleophon, Agyrrhius, in succession, and is reluctant to unstring his bow even when they are dead. But he drove no one of them from power; there is little evidence, indeed, that

he damaged their influence or even disturbed their brazen self-confidence. Cleon, when the poet's libellous personal abuse became even in his judgement indecent, promptly brought him to his knees. "When Cleon pressed me hard and tanned my hide, and outsiders laughed to see the sport, I confess "—Aristophanes says in the Wasps—"I played the ape a bit." He adds significantly that he failed to get popular support in this quarrel. The inference is that the people did not think badly of Cleon; but modern opinion of the popular leaders in Athens, formed on the evidence that Aristophanes is supposed to furnish, has been persistently unfavourable, and Cleon's rehabilitation as a sagacious, if turbulent, statesman who consistently maintained the imperial

policy of Pericles has been slow.

The poet vehemently protested, it has been said, against the New Education, and viewing the whole intellectual tendency of his time with alarm, pleaded for a restoration of the simple discipline that had moulded the morals and minds and manners of the hardy men who fought at Marathon. Furthermore, he clearly apprehended the evils inherent in the Athenian system of judicature, which committed the administration of justice to a horde of common men, ignorant of the law, swayed by the impulse of the moment, "monsters of caprice and injustice," and ruthlessly exposed the unrighteousness of its proceedings. Finally, reverent of the best traditions of the stage, he stood forth, it is alleged, as their uncompromising defender, and sternly resisted the innovations that were gradually changing the spirit and the form of tragedy during the last third of the century, and for a generation relentlessly pursued

their chief exponent, concealing an attack that was meant to ruin him under the veil of caricature, parody, burlesque, and satire. But Socrates still frequented, winter and summer, the gymnasia, the market and the schools, and the Sophists continued to discourse and draw their pay; Philocleon, after a single experience of the pleasures of polite society, again forgathered with his cronies before the dawn of day and trudged away to Court; and Euripides, calmly disregarding the malicious strictures of his youthful critic, continued to write tragedy in his own manner and to present on the stage plays that were heard by the young men of Athens with wild acclaim.

This extreme conception of the function of Greek comedy as chiefly censorial and monitory has been modified with larger and more exact knowledge of the times in which the poet lived and of the conditions of life under which he wrote, but it has had unfortunate consequences. These plays have been regarded as a trustworthy source of information in establishing the facts of Greek history, biography, and institutions. So serious an interpretation of a form of literature of which the primary intention must always be entertainment and amusement inevitably obscured the poet's elusive humour. A jest became a statement of fact, a caricature a portrait, a satire a document. The poet's conception, clothed in a fantastical disguise that rivalled the grotesque dress of his own actors, has been essentially misapprehended in an entire play.

On the other hand the mistaken disposition, recently manifested, to regard Aristophanes simply as a jester and to deny that he had any other purpose than to provoke laughter is an extreme, though

natural, reaction. This view denies at the same time, as might have been expected, the cathartic efficacy of Greek tragedy. The highest comedy, typed in the earlier plays of Aristophanes, and in some of the comedies of Molière, is regenerative. The purpose of Aristophanes in the Acharnians, in which the action turns upon the impossible and fantastie whimsy of an Athenian farmer securing peace with Sparta for himself and his family alone, is to ridicule the war-party. Nobody would have been more amused than the poet if he had been told that his play was to stop the fighting, but he did believe that the War was an evil, and so far his heart was honestly in his theme; and I have no doubt that many a man who had laughed uproariously at the peace-loving farmer set single-handed in the comedy against a quarrelsome chorus, a powerful general, the whole tribe of sycophants, and the demagogue Cleon in the background, went home from the play less content with the course of his political leaders and longing in his heart for the good old days of peace. The instrument by which the poet probed the popular discontent was that most effective of all means when skilfully used—a laugh.

To regard Aristophanes as merely a jester is to mistake the man. Ridicule of contemporary persons, that is generally good-natured, or systems or prevailing ideas is his main purpose, I think, in his plays. His praise is for the dead. This ridicule, which ranges from satire to airy conceit, is made humorous by centering it in a far-fetched fantastic conception that is not the less available if it is impossible. Facts are exaggerated or invented with superb nonchalance and bewildering semblance of

ality. In these mad revels of unrestrained fancy is difficult to lay hands upon Aristophanes the man. fevertheless we do discover probable indications of is attachments and beliefs. He lived in an age of atellectual unrest when many vital questions pressed or solution. That a man of his intelligence did not give them consideration and reach conclusions is mpossible. No doubt he detested a debaucheeet Ariphrades bear witness,—but he must have sympathized with the revolt of the young men of his day against the severe and meagre discipline in which youth were trained during the first half of the century, and must have shared in their eager interest in the new subjects of knowledge. No doubt he deprecated the vicious use of the skill for which Strepsiades clamours in the Clouds, but he had too keen a mind to fail to distinguish between the right and the wrong use of this power or to reject all study of the art of persuasion because it might be abused. He was himself a skilful dialectician, as the Debates found in nearly all his comedies prove. He was acquainted with Socrates and must have known that he never misused his wonderful dialectical power, and must have felt an expert's special thrill of pleasure in observing with what skill he employed it. Furthermore, the times in which the poet lived were troublous; the fate of Athens again and again stood on the razor's edge. He was not indifferent to the welfare of his country nor of his fellow-countrymen. There is a serious undertone in the Acharnians that gives it an indescribable elevation, and in the Lysistrata, a Rabelaisian play written after the disaster to Athenian arms in Sicily, in which, Thucydides records, fleet and army utterly perished, and of the

many who went forth few returned home, there are verses of intensest pathos that betray the poet's poignant sympathy:

οὐκ ἔστιν ἀνὴρ ἐν τῆ χώρα; μὰ $\Delta l'$ οὐ $\delta \hat{q} \tau'$, ε $l \phi'$ ἔτερός τις.

Aristophanes, then, was a man of quick sympathies and settled convictions, although positive expression of belief and feeling is naturally rare in his plays, since he was a writer of comedy. Despite this reticence, it is both interesting and important to determine, so far as this may be done, his opinions on the questions that in his day were pressing for answer, and among these especially his political position. Was he an aristocrat? Was he, in particular, as M. Couat believed, a pamphleteer in the pay of the aristocrats? Or was he a democrat? And if a democrat, how is the satirical—but extremely comical—characterization of Athenian Demus in the Knights, which his countrymen viewed with goodnatured amusement, to be interpreted? To these weighty and significant questions the reader may find an answer by studying the plays for himself.

JOHN WILLIAMS WHITE.

[This Introduction is reprinted from Dr. Loeb's translation of Aristophanes and the Political Parties at Athens by Maurice Croiset. It was originally arranged that the translation of Aristophanes for the Loeb Classical Library should be made by Professor John Williams White of Harvard University, but as he died before his work was completed it was thought that the printing of the above as an Introduction to the volumes which were to have been his work would be a fitting tribute to the memory of one who, while he was alive, took the deepest interest in the welfare of the Library.]

THE ACHARNIANS

The second section of the second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the second section section

INTRODUCTION

The Acharnians was produced at the Lenaean Dionysia in February 425 B.c., and like the Banqueters in 427 and the Babylonians in 426, it was in the name of Callistratus that it was brought out. The prize was awarded to Aristophanes; Cratinus with his Storm-Tossed ($\chi_{\epsilon\nu\mu\alpha}(\delta\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma\iota)$) was second, and Eupolis with his New Moons ($\chi_{\epsilon\nu\mu\gamma}(\delta\mu\epsilon\nu\sigma\iota)$) last. It is the oldest Greek comedy which has survived.

The general idea of the play is so simple that it needs no special Introduction. "An honest citizen, finding it impossible to get the State to conclude a peace with Sparta, makes a private peace on his own account; and thenceforward is represented as living in all the joys and comforts of Peace, whilst the rest of the City continues to suffer the straits and the miseries of War. simple plot is worked out and illustrated with an abundance of laughable and picturesque incidents." a Indeed Mr. Rogers considers that "if only one of his Comedies had survived to our day, I think that this is the one which would have given us the most comprehensive idea of the range of Aristophanic satire," and he adds: "If it has not the concentrated power of his later plays, yet no other Comedy exhibits the same variety of incident. With the

a Rogers, Introduction, p. xxvi.

prodigality of youth, the poet runs through the whole gamut of his likes and dislikes; his longing for Panhellenie unity, as in the great days of Marathon and Salamis; his efforts for right and justice, $\tau \delta \epsilon \delta \kappa a \delta \tau \delta \delta \delta \kappa a \omega \tau$, in Athenian public life; and again the special objects of his aversion, as contravening these aims—the demagogues, the Informers, the war-party, the sophists, the lowering of the old heroic tragedy by Euripides—are all brought before us in turn; the germs of almost all his later efforts are discoverable in this early production." a

The Chorus consists of old men from Acharnae, a town which had especially suffered from the invasion of Archidamus, and which was celebrated for the "manly and soldier-like qualities" of its inhabitants who "at the commencement of the Peloponnesian War furnished a contingent of no less than 3000

hoplites" (cf. l. 180 and note).

· Introduction, p. xxvi.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΠΟΛΙΣ

KHPYZ

ΑΜΦΙΘΕΟΣ

ΠΡΕΣΒΕΙΣ

ΨΕΥΔΑΡΤΑΒΑΣ

ΘΕΩΡΟΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΑΧΑΡΝΕΩΝ

ΙΥΝΗ Δικαιοπόλιδος

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ Δικαιοπόλιδος

ΚΗΦΙΣΟΦΩΝ θεράπων Εύριπίδου

 $\texttt{E}\Upsilon \texttt{PIIII}\Delta \texttt{H} \Sigma$

 $\Lambda\Lambda M\Lambda XO\Sigma$

ΜΕΓΑΡΕΥΣ

ΚΟΡΑ Α καί Β θυγατέρε του Μεγαρέως

ΣΥΚΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ

ΒΟΙΩΤΟΣ

ΝΙΚΑΡΧΟΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ Λαμάχου

 $\Gamma E \Omega P \Gamma O \Sigma$

ΠΑΡΑΝΥΜΦΟΣ

ΑΓΓΕΛΟΙ

AXAPNEΙΣ

ΔΙΚΑΙΟΠΟΛΙΣ. "Οσαδή δέδηγμαι την έμαυτοῦ καρδίαν, ήσθην δὲ βαιά πάνυ δὲ βαιά τέτταρα ά δ' ώδυνήθην, ψαμμοκοσιογάργαρα. φέρ' ίδω, τί δ' ήσθην άξιον χαιρηδόνος; έγῷδ' ἐφ' ῷ γε τὸ κέαρ εὐφράνθην ἰδών, τοις πέντε ταλάντοις οις Κλέων έξήμεσεν. ταῦθ' ὡς ἐγανώθην, καὶ φιλῶ τοὺς ἱππέας διὰ τοῦτο τοὔργον ἄξιον γὰρ Ἑλλάδι. άλλ' ώδυνήθην έτερον αξ τραγωδικόν, ότε δη 'κεχήνη προσδοκών τον Αισχύλον, ό δ' ἀνεῖπεν ' εἴσαγ', ὧ Θέογνι, τὸν χορόν. πως τοῦτ' ἔσεισέ μου, δοκεῖς, τὴν καρδίαν; άλλ' έτερον ήσθην, ήνίκ' έπὶ Μόσχω ποτέ Δεξίθεος εἰσῆλθ' ἀσόμενος Βοιώτιον. τητες δ' ἀπέθανον καὶ διεστράφην ιδών, 15 ότε δὴ παρέκυψε Χαῖρις ἐπὶ τὸν ὄρθιον. άλλ' οὐδεπώποτ' έξ ὅτου 'γὼ ρύπτομαι

ούτως έδήχθην ύπὸ κονίας τὰς ὀφρῦς

^b Received as a bribe from certain of the allies to get their tribute-assessment lowered. The Knights compelled him to disgorge.

^a In the background are three houses: the central one that of Dicaeopolis, the other two those of Euripides and Lamachus. In the foreground is a rough representation of the Pnyx where D. is awaiting the opening of the Assembly.

THE ACHARNIANS

DICAEOPOLIS.^a What heaps of things have bitten me to the heart!

A small few pleased me, very few, just four; But those that vexed were sand-dunehundredfold.

Let's see: what pleased me, worth my gladfulness?

I know a thing it cheered my heart to see; "Twas those five talents^b vomited up by Cleon. At that I brightened; and I love the Knights For that performance; 'twas of price to Hellas. Then I'd a tragic sorrow, when I looked With open mouth for Aeschylus, and lo, The Crier called, Bring on your play, Theognis.^c Judge what an icy shock that gave my heart! Next; pleased I was when Moschus left, and in Dexitheus came with his Boeotian song.^d But oh this year I nearly cracked my neck, When in slipped Chaeris for the Orthian Nome. But never yet since first I washed my face Was I so bitten—in my brows with soap,^e

6 A very dull, frigid poet, cf. T. 170 and note.

 \dot{v} \dot{v} \dot{v} κον. $\dot{\tau}$. \dot{o} , unexpectedly for \dot{v} $\dot{\pi}$ \dot{o} δύνης $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\eta}$ ν καρδίαν or

the like.

^d One of the famous lyrical nomes of Terpander; the Orthian was another; a spirit-stirring strain as of soldiers marching to victory. Chaeris was a Theban piper, who used to slink in to feasts uninvited.

ώς νῦν, ὁπότ' οὔσης κυρίας ἐκκλησίας ἐωθινῆς ἔρημος ἡ πνὺξ αὐτηί οἱ δ' ἐν ἀγορᾳ λαλοῦσι, κἄνω καὶ κάτω 20 τὸ σχοινίον φεύγουσι τὸ μεμιλτωμένον οὐδ' οἱ πρυτάνεις ήκουσιν, ἀλλ' ἀωρίαν ήκοντες, είτα δ' ωστιοῦνται πως δοκείς έλθόντες άλλήλοισι περί πρώτου ξύλου, 25 άθρόοι καταρρέοντες· εἰρήνη δ' ὅπως ἔσται προτιμῶσ' οὐδέν· ὧ πόλις, πόλις. έγω δ' ἀεὶ πρώτιστος εἰς ἐκκλησίαν , νοστών κάθημαι κἆτ' ἐπειδὰν ὧ μόνος, στένω, κέχηνα, σκορδινώμαι, πέρδομαι, 30 άπορῶ, γράφω, παρατίλλομαι, λογίζομαι, ἀποβλέπων ές τὸν ἀγρόν, εἰρήνης έρῶν, στυγών μέν ἄστυ, τον δ' έμον δημον ποθών, δς οὐδεπώποτ' εἶπεν, ἄνθρακας πρίω, οὐκ ὄξος, οὐκ ἔλαιον, οὐδ' ἤδει πρίω, 35 άλλ' αὐτὸς ἔφερε πάντα χώ πρίων ἀπῆν. νθν οθν άτεχνως ήκω παρεσκευασμένος βοαν, ύποκρούειν, λοιδορείν τους ρήτορας, έάν τις ἄλλο πλήν περί εἰρήνης λέγη. άλλ' οἱ πρυτάνεις γὰρ οὐτοιὶ μεσημβρινοί. οὐκ ἠγόρευον; τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν' οὐγὼ λεγον εἰς τὴν προεδρίαν πᾶς ἀνὴρ ὡστίζεται. πάριτ' είς τὸ πρόσθεν, KHPYE. πάριθ', ώς ἂν ἐντὸς ἦτε τοῦ καθάρματος. AMΦΙΘΕΟΣ. $\eta \delta \eta \tau \iota s \epsilon i \pi \epsilon$; τίς ἀγορεύειν βούλεται; KHP. 45 ΑΜ. έγώ.

 $[^]a$ Λ rope dripping with ruddle, used to sweep in loiterers from the $\Lambda \, \mathrm{gora}.$

THE ACHARNIANS, 19-46

As now, when here's the fixed Assembly Day, And morning come, and no one in the Pnyx. They're in the Agora chattering, up and down Scurrying to dodge the vermeil-tinctured cord.^a Why even the Prytanes are not here! They'll come

Long after time, elbowing each other, jostling For the front bench, streaming down all together You can't think how. But as for making Peace They do not care one jot. O City! City! But I am always first of all to come. And here I take my seat; then, all alone, I pass the time complaining, yawning, stretching, I fidget, write, twitch hairs out, do my sums, Gaze fondly country-wards, longing for Peace, Loathing the town, sick for my village-home, Which never cried, Come, buy my charcoal, or My vinegar, my oil, my anything; b But freely gave us all; no buy-word there. So here I'm waiting, thoroughly prepared To riot, wrangle, interrupt the speakers Whene'er they speak of anything but Peace. -But here they come, our noon-day Prytanes! Aye, there they go! I told you how 'twould be: Every one jostling for the foremost place.

Move up, within the consecrated line.

AMPHITHEUS. Speaking begun?

CR. Who will address the meeting?

· Entering in a violent hurry.

b These are all city cries. In l. 36 the pun in $\pi \rho l \omega \nu$ (lit. "saw" or "sawyer") is obscure: it may mean "that grating rasping word."

KHP. $\tau is \ \ddot{\omega} v;$

AM. 'A $\mu\phi$ i $\theta\epsilon$ os.

кнр. οὐκ ἄνθρωπος;

ού,
αλλ' ἀθάνατος. ὁ γὰρ 'Αμφίθεος Δήμητρος ἦν
καὶ Τριπτολέμου· τούτου δὲ Κελεὸς γίγνεται·
γαμεῖ δὲ Κελεὸς Φαιναρέτην τήθην ἐμήν,
ἐξ ἦς Λυκῖνος ἐγένετ'· ἐκ τούτου δ' ἐγὰ
αθάνατός εἰμ'· ἐμοὶ δ' ἐπέτρεψαν οἱ θεοὶ
σπονδὰς ποιεῖσθαι πρὸς Λακεδαιμονίους μόνω.
ἀλλ' ἀθάνατος ὤν, ὧνδρες, ἐφόδι' οὐκ ἔχω·
οὐ γὰρ διδόασιν οἱ πρυτάνεις.

κηρ. οἱ τοξόται. ΑΜ. ὦ Τριπτόλεμε καὶ Κελεέ, περιόψεσθέ με;

ΑΜ. ώ Ιριπτολεμε και Νελεέ, περιοψεσθε με; 55 ΔΙ. ὦνδρες πρυτάνεις, ἀδικεῖτε τὴν ἐκκλησίαν τὸν ἄνδρ' ἀπάγοντες, ὅστις ἡμῖν ἤθελε σπονδὰς ποιῆσαι καὶ κρεμάσαι τὰς ἀσπίδας.

кнр. κάθησο σίγα.

ΔΙ. μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ, ηρω μὴ περὶ εἰρήνης γε πρυτανεύσητέ μοι. 60

κΗΡ. οἱ πρέσβεις οἱ παρὰ βασιλέως.
 ΔΙ. ποίου βασιλέως; ἄχθομαι 'γὼ πρέσβεσι καὶ τοῖς ταῶσι τοῖς τ' ἀλαζονεύμασιν.

κηρ. σίγα.

Δ1. βαβαιάξ, ὧκβάτανα, τοῦ σχήματος.
ΠΡΕΣΒΥΣ. ἐπέμψαθ' ἡμᾶς ὡς βασιλέα τὸν μέγαν, 65
μισθὸν φέροντας δύο δραχμὰς τῆς ἡμέρας
ἐπ' Εὐθυμένους ἄρχοντος·

^a Scythian archers were the regular police at Athens. A. is ejected as not being an Athenian citizen when he begins to talk of "peace" and complain of the magistrates.

THE ACHARNIANS, 46-67

CR.	Who are you?
AM.	Amphitheus.
CR.	Not a man
AM.	No, an immortal. For the first Amphitheus
	Was of Demeter and Triptolemus
	The son: his son was Celeus; Celeus married
	Phaenarete, who bare my sire Lycinus.
	Hence I'm immortal; and the gods committed
	To me alone the making peace with Sparta.
	But, though immortal, I've no journey-money
	The Prytanes won't provide it.
CR.	Archers, there
AM.	O help me, Celeus! help, Triptolemus!
DI.	Ye wrong the Assembly, Prytanes, ye do
	wrong it,
	Haling away a man who only wants

To give us Peace, and hanging up of shields. St! Take your seat.

By Apollo, no, not I,
Unless ye prytanize about the Peace.

cr. O yes! The Ambassadors from the Great King! ^b

DI. What King! I'm sick to death of embassies, And all their peacocks and their impositions.

cr. Keep silence!

CR.

DI.

DI. Hey!!! Ecbatana, here's a show.

AMBASSADOR. Ye sent us, envoys to the Great King's

Court.

Receiving each two drachmas daily, when Euthymenes was Archon.

^b Enter, clad in gorgeous oriental apparel, the envoys sent to the Persian court eleven years previously in the archonship of Euthymenes 437-6 B.c.

ΔI .	οἴμοι τῶν δραχμῶν.	
ПΡ.	καὶ δῆτ' ἐτρυχόμεθα διὰ τῶν Καϋστρίων	
	πεδίων όδοιπλανοθντες έσκηνημένοι,	
	έφ' άρμαμαξῶν μαλθακῶς κατακείμενοι,	70
	άπολλύμενοι.	
ΔΙ.	σφόδρα γὰρ ἐσωζόμην ἐγὼ	4
Δ1.	παρὰ τὴν ἔπαλξιν ἐν φορυτῷ κατακείμενος;	

IIP.	ξενιζόμενοι δε προς βίαν επίνομεν	
	εξ ύαλίνων εκπωμάτων καὶ χρυσίδων	
	ἄκρατον οίνον ήδύν.	
ΔI .	a 22par aa 110,105,	75
	ἆρ' αἰσθάνει τὸν κατάγελων τῶν πρέσβεων;	
ПΡ.	οί βάρβαροι γὰρ ἄνδρας ἡγοῦνται μόνους	
	τοὺς πλεῖστα δυναμένους καταφαγεῖν καὶ πιεῖν.	
ΔI .	ήμεις δε λαικαστάς τε και καταπύγονας.	
	έτει τετάρτω δ' ές τὰ βασίλει' ἤλθομεν	80
	αλλ' είς απόπατον ζίχετο, στρατιαν λαβών,	
	κάχεζεν όκτω μηνας έπι χρυσων όρων.	
۸Τ.	πόσου δὲ τὸν πρωκτὸν χρόνου ξυνήγαγεν;	
пр	τῆ πανσελήνω κἆτ ἀπῆλθεν οἴκαδε.	
		85
	έκ κριβάνου βοῦς.	•
4.7		
ΔI.	καὶ τίς εἶδε πώποτε	
	βοθς κριβανίτας; τῶν ἀλαζονευμάτων.	
ПΡ.	καὶ ναὶ μὰ Δί' ὄρνιν τριπλάσιον Κλεωνύμου	
	παρέθηκεν ήμιν ὄνομα δ' ἦν αὐτῷ φέναξ.	
ΔI .	ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἐφενάκιζες σύ, δύο δραχμὰς φέρων.	90

^a He calls the Λeropolis by this special title (κραναδς= "rugged") because it suggests a contrast with the luxury of these envoys.

b For these mythical hills *cf.* Plaut. *Stich.* i. 1.26 "Persarum | Montes, qui esse Aurei perhibentur." ϵls $\alpha \pi \delta \pi$., "to the

THE ACHARNIANS, 67-90

DI.

O me, the drachmas!

And. And weary work we found it, sauntering on,
Supinely stretched in our luxurious litters
With awnings o'er us, through Caÿstrian
plains.

'Twas a bad time.

Aye, the good time was mine, Stretched in the litter on the ramparts here!

AMB. And oft they fêted us, and we perforce
Out of their gold and erystal cups must drink
The pure sweet wine.

O Cranaan^a eity, mark you
The insolent airs of these ambassadors?

AMB. For only those are there accounted MEN
Who drink the hardest, and who eat the most.

DI. As here the most debauched and dissolute.

AMB. In the fourth year we reached the Great

King's Court.

But he, with all his troops, had gone to sit
An eight-months' session on the Golden

Hills b! Pray, at what time did he conclude his session?

Pray, at what time did he conclude his session?
At the full moon; and so came home again.
Then he too fêted us, and set before us
Whole pot-baked oxen—

Of pot-baked oxen? Out upon your lies!

AMB. And an enormous bird, three times the size Of our Cleonymus c: its name was—Gull.

DI. That's why you gulled us out of all those drachmas!

latrines," is substituted παρά προσδοκίαν for είς πόλεμον or the like.

13

σ See Index: he was very fat and a rascal; in φ έναξ there is a play on φοίνιξ.

ΑΜ. καὶ νῦν ἄγοντες ἥκομεν Ψευδαρτάβαν, τὸν βασιλέως ὀφθαλμόν.

*ἐκκόψει*έ γε ΔΙ. κόραξ πατάξας τόν γε σὸν τοῦ πρέσβεως. κΗΡ. ὁ βασιλέως ὀφθαλμός.

ῶναξ Ἡράκλεις. ΔΙ. πρός τῶν θεῶν, ἄνθρωπε, ναύφρακτον βλέπεις; 95 ἦ περὶ ἄκραν κάμπτων νεώσοικον σκοπεῖς; ἄσκωμ' ἔχεις που περὶ τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν κάτω;

πρ. ἄγε δὴ σύ, βασιλεύς ἄττα σ' ἀπέπεμψεν

λέξοντ' 'Αθηναίοισιν, ὧ Ψευδαρτάβα.

ΨΕΥΔΑΡΤΑΒΑΣ. ἰαρταμὰν ἔξαρξ' ἀναπισσόναι σάτρα. 100 ΠΡ. Ευνήκαθ' δ λέγει:

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ. ΔI .

ΠΡ. πέμψειν βασιλέα φησίν ύμιν χρυσίον. λέγε δη συ μείζον και σαφώς το χρυσίον.

ΨΕΥ. οὐ λῆψι χρῦσο, χαυνόπρωκτ' Ἰαοναῦ.

ΔΙ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ώς σαφῶς.

τί δαὶ λέγει; 105 ПΡ.

Δι. ὅ τι; χαυνοπρώκτους τοὺς Ἰάονας λέγει, εί προσδοκώσι χρυσίον έκ τών βαρβάρων.

ΠΡ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἀχάνας ὅδε γε χρυσίου λέγει.

ποίας ἀχάνας; σὰ μὲν ἀλαζὼν εἶ μέγας. ἀλλ' ἄπιθ' ἐγὼ δὲ βασανιῶ τοῦτον μόνος. ἄγε δὴ σὰ φράσον ἐμοὶ σαφῶς, πρὸς τουτονί,

a "A fellow who will give you false measure," ἀρτάβη being a Persian measure.

b The Scholiast says: έξεισι τερατώδης τις γελοίως έσκευα-

σμένος, και όφθαλμον έχων ένα έπι παντός τοῦ προσώπου. ^c Because an eye was commonly painted on each side of a ship's bow.

d This jumble is generally supposed to mean I have just begun to repair what is rotten.

THE ACHARNIANS, 91-111

And now we bring you Pseudo-Artabas a AMB. The Great King's Eye.

DI. O how I wish some raven Would come and strike out yours, the

Ambassador's.

CRIER. O yes! the Great King's Eye!

O Heracles! DI.

By Heaven, my man, you wear a war-ship look c!

What! Do you round the point, and spy the

Is that an oar-pad underneath your eye?

Now tell the Athenians, Pseudo-Artabas, AMB. What the Great King commissioned you to sav.

PSEUDO-ARTABAS. Ijisti boutti furbiss upde rotti.d

Do you understand? AMB.

By Apollo, no not I. DI.

He says the King is going to send you gold. AMB. (To Pseudo.) Be more distinct and clear about the gold.

PSEUD. No getti goldi, nincompoop Iawny.

Wow, but that's clear enough! DI.

AMB. What does he say?

He says the Ionians must be nincompoops DI. If they're expecting any gold from Persia.

No, no : he spoke of golden income-coupons. AMB.

What income-coupons? You're a great big DI. liar!

You, get away; I'll test the man myself.

(To Pseudo.)

Now look at this (showing his fist): and answer Yes, or No!

άχάνη is apparently a large provision-basket.

ΐνα μή σε βάψω βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν	
βασιλεύς ὁ μέγας ἡμῖν ἀποπέμψει χρυσίο	ν;
(ἀνανεύει.)	
ἄλλως ἄρ' έξαπατώμεθ' ὑπὸ τῶν πρέσβεω	ν;
(ἐπινεύει.)	
Έλληνικόν γ' ἐπένευσαν ἄνδρες οὑτοιί,	118
κουκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ εἰσὶν ἐνθένδ' αὐτόθεν.	
καὶ τοῖν μὲν εὐνούχοιν τὸν ἕτερον τουτονὶ	
έγῶδ' ὅς ἐστι, Κλεισθένης ὁ Σιβυρτίου.	
ὧ θερμόβουλον πρωκτὸν έξυρημένε,	
τοιόνδε γ', ὧ πίθηκε, τὸν πώγων' ἔχων	120
εὐνοῦχος ἡμῖν ἦλθες ἐσκευασμένος;	
όδὶ δὲ τίς ποτ' ἐστίν; οὐ δήπου Στράτω	ν.
σίγα, κάθιζε.	
10 11 110 111 1 100 111 110	

κην. σίγα, κάθιζε. τον βασιλέως όφθαλμον ή βουλή καλεῖ εἰς το πρυτανεῖον.

Δ1. ταῦτα δῆτ' οὐκ ἀγχόνη; 125 κἄπειτ' ἐγὼ δῆτ' ἐνθαδὶ στρατεύομαι, τοὺς δὲ ξενίζειν οὐδέποτ' ἴσχει γ' ἡ θύρα. ἀλλ' ἐργάσομαί τι δεινὸν ἔργον καὶ μέγα. ἀλλ' ᾿Αμφίθεός μοι ποῦ ᾽στιν;

ΑΜ. ούτοσὶ πάρα.

Δ1. ἐμοὶ σὺ ταυτασὶ λαβὼν ὀκτὼ δραχμὰς 1: σπονδὰς ποίησαι πρὸς Λακεδαιμονίους μόνῳ καὶ τοῖσι παιδίοισι καὶ τῆ πλάτιδι ύμεῖς δὲ πρεσβεύεσθε καὶ κεχήνετε.

^a i.e. red, the colour of blood; cf. P. 1174.

^d Another beardless effeminate.

^b The two cumuchs in attendance on Pseudo-Artabas. ^c See Index. D. hurls against the effeminate youth two lines parodied, the first from Euripides, $\pi \rho \omega \kappa \tau \delta \nu$ being substituted for $\pi \rho \hat{\alpha} \gamma \sigma s$ or the like, the second from Archilochus, who for $\tau \delta \nu \pi \delta \gamma \omega \nu'$ has $\tau \dot{\eta} \nu \pi \nu \gamma \dot{\eta} \nu$.

THE ACHARNIANS, 112–133

Or else I'll dye you with a Sardian dye.^a
Does the Great King intend to send us gold?

(Pseudo-Artabas nods dissent.)

Then are our envoys here bamboozling us?
(He nods assent.)

These fellows b nod in pure Hellenic style; I do believe they come from hereabouts.

Aye, to be sure; why, one of these two eunuchs

Is Cleisthenes, Sibyrtius's son!

O thou young shaver of the hot-souled rump, With such a beard, thou monkey, dost thou come

Tricked out amongst us in a eunuch's guise? And who's this other chap? Not Straton, surely?

CRIER. St! Take your seat! O yes!

The Council ask the Great King's Eye to dinner

At the Town Hall.

Now is not that a throttler?

Here must I drudge at soldiering; while these rogues,

The Town-Hall door is never closed to them. Now then, I'll do a great and startling deed. Amphitheus! Where's Amphitheus?

AM. Here am I.

DI. Here be eight drachmas; take them; and with all

The Lacedaemonians make a private peace For me, my wife and children: none besides. (*To the Prytanes and citizens*) Stick to your embassies and befoolings, you.

 State guests, and other persons worthy of honour, were entertained in the Town Hall daily.

κηρ. προσίτω Θέωρος ὁ παρὰ Σιτάλκους. ΘΕΩΡΟΣ.

έτερος άλαζων ούτος είσκηρύττεται.

χρόνον μεν οὐκ ἂν ἢμεν ἐν Θράκῃ πολύν,

μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἄν, εἰ μισθόν γε μὴ 'φερες πολύν.

ει μη κατένιψε χιόνι την Θράκην όλην, καὶ τοὺς ποταμοὺς ἔπηξ' ὑπ' αὐτὸν τὸν χρόνον ότ' ἐνθαδὶ Θέογνις ἡγωνίζετο. τοῦτον μετά Σιτάλκους ἔπινον τὸν χρόνον· καὶ δῆτα φιλαθήναιος ἦν ὑπερφυῶς, ύμῶν τ' ἐραστὴς ἦν ἀληθής, ὥστε καὶ ἐν τοῖσι τοίχοις ἔγραφ', ᾿Αθηναῖοι καλοί. ὁ δ' υίός, ὃν ᾿Αθηναῖον ἐπεποιήμεθα, ήρα φαγείν άλλαντας έξ 'Απατουρίων, καὶ τὸν πατέρ' ἠντιβόλει βοηθεῖν τῆ πάτρα: δ δ' ὤμοσε σπένδων βοηθήσειν, ἔχων στρατιάν τοσαύτην ώστ' `Αθηναίους έρεῖν, όσον τὸ χρημα παρνόπων προσέρχεται.

κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, εἴ τι τούτων πείθομαι ών είπας ένταυθοί ού, πλήν των παρνόπων.

καὶ νῦν ὅπερ μαχιμώτατον Θρακῶν ἔθνος

ἔπεμψεν ύμιν.

τοῦτο μέντ' ήδη σαφές. ΔΙ. οί Θράκες ἴτε δεῦρ', οῦς Θέωρος ήγαγεν. KHP.

τουτὶ τί ἐστι τὸ κακόν;

Οδομάντων στρατός. ΘΕΩ.

b So frigid a poet that he was nicknamed Χιών; cf. 11;

T. 170.

^a King of the Odrysians in Thrace. Theorus had gone on an embassy to them.

^c In the first year of the war Athens entered into alliance with Sitalces and made his son Σάδοκος a citizen (Thuc. ii.

THE ACHARNIANS, 134-156

CRIER. O yes! Theorus from Sitalces ^a! Here!

DI. O here's another humbug introduced.

THE. We should not, sirs, have tarried long in

Thraee—

DI. But for the salary you kept on drawing.

THE. But for the storms, which covered Thrace with snow

And froze the rivers. "Twas about the season At which Theognis b was performing here.

I all that time was drinking with Sitalees;

A most prodigious Athens-lover he,

Yea such a true admirer, he would scribble On every wall My beautiful Athenians!

His son, our newly-made Athenian, longed

To taste his Apaturian sausages,

And bade his father help his fatherland.

And he, with deep libations, vowed to help us With such an host that every one would say Heavens! what a swarm of locusts comes this

way!

DI. Hang me, if I believe a single word
Of all that speech, except about the locusts.^d
THE. And here he sends you the most warlike tribe

Of all in Thrace.

Come, here's proof positive.

CRIER. The Thracians whom Theorus brought, come forward!

DI. What the plague's this?

THE. The Odomantian host.

27). The Apaturia was a family or clan festival, to which only those enrolled in a phratry $(\phi\rho\alpha\tau\rho l\alpha)$ could be admitted.

^a D. fears that they will eat up their allies no less than their foes.

A Thracian tribe on the Strymon.

ΔΙ. ποίων 'Οδομάντων; εἰπέ μοι, τουτὶ τί ἢν; τίς τῶν 'Οδομάντων τὸ πέος ἀποτεθρίακεν;

ΘΕΩ. τούτοις ἐάν τις δύο δραχμὰς μισθὸν διδῷ, καταπελτάσονται τὴν Βοιωτίαν ὅλην.

160

175

Δ1. τοισδὶ δύο δραχμὰς τοῖς ἀπεψωλημένοις; ὑποστένοι μέντἂν ὁ θρανίτης λεώς, ὁ σωσίπολις. οἴμοι τάλας, ἀπόλλυμαι, ὑπὸ τῶν ᾿Οδομάντων τὰ σκόροδα πορθούμενος. οὐ καταβαλεῖτε τὰ σκόροδ᾽;

ΘΕΩ. ἄ μόχθηρε σύ, 16 οὐ μὴ πρόσει τούτοισιν ἐσκοροδισμένοις;

Δ1. ταυτί περιείδεθ' οἱ πρυτάνεις πάσχοντά με έν τῆ πατρίδι καὶ ταῦθ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν βαρβάρων; ἀλλ' ἀπαγορεύω μὴ ποιεῖν ἐκκλησίαν τοῖς Θραξί περὶ μισθοῦ· λέγω δ' ὑμῖν ὅτι 170 διοσημία ἀστὶ καὶ ῥανὶς βέβληκέ με.

κην. τους Θράκας ἀπιέναι, παρείναι δ' εἰς ἔνην. οἱ γὰρ πρυτάνεις λύουσι τὴν ἐκκλησίαν.

Δι. οἴμοι τάλας, μυττωτὸν ὅσον ἀπώλεσα. ἀλλ' ἐκ Λακεδαίμονος γὰρ ᾿Αμφίθεος ὁδί. χαῖρ', ᾿Αμφίθεε.

AM. μήπω, πρὶν ἄν γε στῶ τρέχων· δεῖ γάρ με φεύγοντ' ἐκφυγεῖν 'Αχαρνέας.

ΔΙ. τί δ' ἔστιν;

AM. ἐγὼ μὲν δεῦρό σοι σπονδὰς φέρων ἔσπευδον οἱ δ' ὤσφροντο πρεσβῦταί τινες

^a The little round $\pi \epsilon \lambda \tau \eta$ (targe) was distinctly Thracian.
^b The ordinary pay of a rower was one drachma a day. The $\theta \rho a r \hat{\iota} \tau a \iota$ who sat on the highest bench and worked the longest oars would be picked men.

· Like cocks which were supposed to fight better when

primed with garlic; cf. K. 494.

THE ACHARNIANS, 157–179

The Odomantians, pho! Hallo, look here. DI. Are Odomantians all equipped like this? Give them two drachmas each a day, and these THE.

Will targeteer a Boeotia all to bits.

Two drachmas b for these scarecrows! Oh, DI. our tars,

Our noble tars, the safeguard of our state. Well may they groan at this. O! Murder! O! These Odomantian thieves have sacked my garlic.

Put down the garlic! drop it!

You rapscallion, THE. How dare you touch them, when they're

garlic-primed.c

O will you let them, Prytanes, use me thus, DI. Barbarians too, in this my fatherland? But stop! I warn you not to hold the Assembly

About the Thracians' pay. I tell you there's A portent d come; I felt a drop of rain!

CRIER. The Thracians are to go, and two days hence Come here again. The Assembly is dissolved.

O me, the salad I have lost this day! e DI. But here's Amphitheus, back from Laeedaemon.

Well met, Amphitheus!

Not till I've done running. AM. I needs must flee the Acharnians, clean away.

What mean you? DI.

AM.

I was bringing back in haste The treaties, when some veterans smelt them out.

d Lit. "A sign from Zeus." The loss of the garlic had ruined it.

	'Αχαρνικοί, στιπτοὶ γέροντες, πρίνινοι,	180
	ἀτεράμονες, Μαραθωνομάχαι, σφενδάμνινοι.	
	ἔπειτ' ἀνέκραγον πάντες, '' ὧ μιαρώτατε,	
	σπονδάς φέρεις, των άμπελίων τετμημένων;"	
	κάς τους τρίβωνας ξυνελέγοντο τῶν λίθων	
	έγω δ' ἔφευγον οι δ' έδίωκον κάβόων.	185
A T	οί δ' οὖν βοώντων· ἀλλὰ τὰς σπονδὰς φέρεις;	
ΔΙ.		
AM.	έγωγέ φημι, τρία γε ταυτὶ γεύματα.	
	αδται μέν είσι πεντέτεις. γεῦσαι λαβών.	
ΔΙ.	αίβοῖ.	
AM.	τί ἔστιν;	
ΔI.	οὐκ ἀρέσκουσίν μ', ὅτι	
	όζουσι πίττης καὶ παρασκευής νεών.	190
AM.	σὺ δ' ἀλλὰ τασδὶ τὰς δεκέτεις γεῦσαι λαβών.	
ΔΙ.	ὄζουσι χαὖται πρέσβεων ἐς τὰς πόλεις	
	οξύτατον, ώσπερ διατριβης των ξυμμάχων.	
AM.	άλλ' αύταιτ σπονδαί τριακοντούτιδες	
*****	κατὰ γῆν τε καὶ θάλατταν.	
A T	ῶ Διονύσια,	195
ΔI.		100
	αὖται μὲν ὄζουσ' ἀμβροσίας καὶ νέκταρος,	
	καὶ μὴ ἐπιτηρεῖν Σιτί' ἡμερῶν τριῶν,	
	κάν τῷ στόματι λέγουσι, Βαῖν' ὅπη θέλεις.	
	ταύτας δέχομαι και σπένδομαι κάκπίομαι,	
	χαίρειν κελεύων πολλά τοὺς 'Αχαρνέας '	200
	έγω δε πολέμου και κακων απαλλαγείς	

άξω τὰ κατ' άγροὺς εἰσιὼν Διονύσια.

a Acharnae is a short distance to the S. of Mt. Parnes. and its inhabitants mainly occupied themselves with the manufacture of charcoal from its forests of evergreen oak (πρίνος), maple (σφένδαμνος), and other trees. Archidamus in his first invasion of Attiea (431 B.c.) made it his headquarters when ravaging the district; cf. Thuc. ii. 19-23.

THE ACHARNIANS, 180-202

Acharnians, men of Marathon, hard in grain As their own oak and maple, a rough and tough; And all at once they cried, O villain, dare you Bring treaties when our vineyards are cut down? Then in their lappets up they gathered stones; I fled away: they followed roaring after. So let them roar. But have you got the treaties?

DI. So let them roar. But have you got the treaties?
 AM. O yes, I have. Three samples; here they are.
 These are the five-year treaties; take and tasteb
 them.

DI. Pheugh!

AM. What's the matter?

DI. I don't like the things, They smell of tar and naval preparations.

AM. Then taste the ten-year samples; here they are. DI. These smell of embassies to all the states,

DI. These smell of embassies to all the states, Urgent, as if the Allies are hanging back.

AM. Then here are treatics both by land and sea For thirty years.

These have a smell of nectar and ambrosia,
And never mind about the three days' rations,^c
And in your mouth they say, Go where you please.
These do I welcome, these I pour, and drain,
Nor care a hang about your old Acharnians.
But I, released from War and War's alarms,
Will hold, within, the Rural Dionysia.^d

b As if they were samples of wine for σπονδαί=not only "a treaty," but also "libations of wine"; hence the reference to the "smell of pitch" in 190 and "of vinegar" 193.

o Cf. P. 312.

^a Otherwise known as τὰ μικρά as opposed to τὰ μέγαλα, τὰ ἐν ἄστει, and celebrated all over Attica in December.

ΑΜ. ἐγὼ δὲ φευξοῦμαί γε τοὺς ᾿Αχαρνέας.

XOPOΣ. τῆδε πᾶς ἕπου, δίωκε, καὶ τὸν ἄνδρα πυνθάνου

τῶν όδοιπόρων ἀπάντων τῆ πόλει γὰρ ἄξιον 205 ξυλλαβεῖν τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον. ἀλλά μοι μηνύσατε.

εἴ τις οἶδ' ὅποι τέτραπται γῆς ὁ τὰς σπονδὰς $\phi \epsilon \rho \omega \nu$.

έκπέφευγ', οἴχεται φροῦδος. οἴμοι τάλας τῶν έτων των έμων. στρ. 210 οὐκ ἂν ἐπ' ἐμῆς γε νεότητος, ὅτ' ἐγὼ φέρων

ανθράκων φορτίον

ηκολούθουν Φαΰλλω τρέχων, ὧδε φαύλως ἂν δ 215 σπονδοφόρος οὖτος ὑπ' ἐμοῦ τότε διωκόμενος έξέφυγεν οὐδ' αν έλαφρως αν ἀπεπλίξατο.

νῦν δ' ἐπειδὴ στερρὸν ἤδη τοὐμὸν ἀντικνήμιον καὶ παλαιῶ Λακρατείδη τὸ σκέλος βαρύνεται, 220 οίχεται. διωκτέος δέ μη γαρ έγχάνη ποτέ μηδέ περ γέροντας όντας έκφυγων 'Αχαρνέας.

οστις, ὧ Ζεῦ πάτερ καὶ θεοί, τοῖσιν ἐχθροῖσιν έσπείσατο. $\vec{a}\nu\tau$. 225

 A celebrated Olympic victor; the adverb φαύλωs is a play on his name.

a Enter, running in pursuit of Amphitheus, twenty-four old Acharnians who constitute the Chorus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 203-225

AM. And I will flee those peppery old Acharnians. chorus.^a Here's the trail; pursue, pursue him;

follow, follow, every man;

Question whosoever meets you

whitherwards the fellow ran.

Much it boots the state to catch him!

(To the audience) O inform me, if ye know,

Where the man who bears the treaties

managed from my sight to go.

Fled and gone! Disappears!

O this weary weight of years!

O were I Now as spry

As in youthful days gone by,

When I stuck Like a man

To Phaÿllus ^b as he ran,

And achieved Second place In the race, Though a great Charcoal freight

I was bearing on my head,—

Not so light From my sight

Had this treaty-bearer fled, Norescaped With such ease From the chase.

Now because my joints have stiffened,

and my shins are young no more,

And the legs of Lacrateides

by old age are burdened sore,

He's escaped us! But we'll follow:

but he shall not boast that he

Got away from us Acharnians,

howsoever old we be.

Who has dared Father Zeus!

Gods of heaven! to make a truce,

οίσι παρ' έμοῦ πόλεμος έχθοδοπός αὔξεται τῶν ἐμῶν χωρίων. κούκ ἀνήσω πρίν ἃν σχοίνος αὐτοίσιν ἀντεμπαγῶ όξύς, όδυνηρός, * * * * ἐπίκωπος, ΐνα μήποτε πατωσιν έτι τὰς ἐμὰς ἀμπέλους. άλλὰ δεῖ ζητεῖν τὸν ἄνδρα καὶ βλέπειν

Βαλλήναδε

καὶ διώκειν γῆν πρὸ γῆς, ἔως ἂν εύρεθῆ ποτέ • 235 ώς ένω βάλλων έκεινον οὐκ αν έμπλήμην λίθοις.

ΔΙ. εὐφημεῖτε, εὐφημεῖτε.

xo. σίγα πας. ἡκούσατ', ἄνδρες, άρα τῆς εὐφημίας;

οὖτος αὐτός ἐστιν ὃν ζητοῦμεν. ἀλλὰ δεῦρο $\pi \hat{a}\varsigma$

έκποδών· θύσων γὰρ άνήρ, ώς ἔοικ', έξ-240 ϵ ρχεται.

 ΔI . $\epsilon \dot{v} \phi \eta \mu \epsilon \hat{i} \tau \epsilon$, $\epsilon \dot{v} \phi \eta \mu \epsilon \hat{i} \tau \epsilon$.

προΐτω 'ς τὸ πρόσθεν ολίγον ή κανηφόρος. ό Ξανθίας τὸν φαλλὸν ὀρθὸν στησάτω.

MHTHP. κατάθου τὸ κανοῦν, ὧ θύγατερ, ἵν' ἀπαρξώμεθα.

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ. ὧ μητερ, ἀνάδος δεῦρο τὴν ἐτνήρυσιν, 245 ίν' έτνος καταχέω τούλατηρος τουτουί.

^b There is a play on Pallene, or Pellene, a famous Attic

deme.

a σχοινος = Schoenus mucronatus, the Dagger-pointed Bulrush, common on all the coasts of the Mediterranean. The spike is supposed to run well up $(i\pi l\kappa\omega\pi os="up" to")$ the hilt") into the heels of the Lacedaemonians as they trample down the vines.

THE ACHARNIANS, 226-246

Who has pledged Faith with those Who are evermore my foes; War I make Upon whom For my ruined vineyard's sake; And I ne'er From the strife Will give o'er,

No, I ne'er Will forbear,

Till I pierce them in return,

Like a reed,^a Sharply barbed

Dagger-pointed, and they learn Not to tread Down my vines Any more. Now 'tis ours to seek the fellow,

and Pelténe-wards b to look,

And from land to land to chase him,

till we bring the rogue to book.

Never shall I tire of pelting,

pelting him to death with stones. DI. (Within) Keep ye all the holy silence!

CHOR. Hush! we've got him. Heard ye, comrades, "silence" called in solemn tones?

This is he, the man we're seeking.

Stand aside, and in a trice He, methinks, will stand before us,

eoming out to sacrifice!

DI. (Coming out) Keep ye all the holy silence! Now, basket-bearer, go you on in front, You, Xanthias, hold the phallus-pole erect. Set down the basket, girl: and we'll begin. DAUGHTER. O mother, hand me here the gravy-spoon, To ladle out the gravy o'er the cake.

Oic. celebrates the Rural Dionysia on a small scale with his daughter (who acts as κανηφόρος) and two slaves, while his wife represents the spectators.

27

Δ1. καὶ μὴν καλόν γ' ἔστ'. ὧ Διόνυσε δέσποτα, κεχαρισμένως σοι τήνδε τὴν πομπὴν ἐμὲ πέμψαντα καὶ θύσαντα μετὰ τῶν οἰκετῶν ἀγαγεῖν τυχηρῶς τὰ κατ' ἀγροὺς Διονύσια, 250 στρατιᾶς ἀπαλλαχθέντα· τὰς σπονδὰς δέ μοι καλῶς ξυνενεγκεῖν τὰς τριακοντούτιδας.

ΜΗ. ἄγ', ὧ θύγατερ, ὅπως τὸ κανοῦν καλὴ καλῶς οἴσεις, βλέπουσα θυμβροφάγον. ὡς μακάριος ὅστις σ' ὀπύσει, κἀκποιήσεται γαλᾶς 2 σοῦ μηδὲν ἤττους βδεῖν, ἐπειδὰν ὅρθρος ἢ. πρόβαινε, κἀν τὤχλῳ φυλάττεσθαι σφόδρα μή τις λαθών σου περιτράγη τὰ χρυσία.

Δ1. ὧ Ξανθία, σφῷν δ' ἐστἱν ὀρθὸς ἑκτέος
 ὁ φαλλὸς ἐξόπισθε τῆς κανηφόρου·
 260
 ἐγὼ δ' ἀκολουθῶν ἄσομαι τὸ φαλλικόν·
 σừ δ', ὧ γύναι, θεῶ μ' ἀπὸ τοῦ τέγους. πρόβα.

Φαλης, έταιρε Βακχίου, ξύγκωμε, νυκτοπεριπλάνητε, μοιχέ, παιδεραστά,
ἔκτω σ' ἔτει προσείπον ἐς
τὸν δημον ἐλθὼν ἄσμενος,
σπονδὰς ποιησάμενος ἐμαυτῷ, πραγμάτων τε καὶ μαχῶν
καὶ Λαμάχων ἀπαλλαγείς.

265

270

πολλῷ γάρ ἐσθ' ἥδιον, ὧ Φαλῆς, Φαλῆς, κλέπτουσαν εὑρόνθ' ὧρικὴν ὑληφόρον τὴν Στρυμοδώρου Θρῷτταν ἐκ

 ^a θυμβροφάγον: demure, δριμύ.—Photius.
 ^b She would wear her best ornaments; cf. L. 1189 εeq.

THE ACHARNIANS, 247–274

Tis well. Lord Dionysus, grant me now
To show the show and make the sacrifice
As thou would'st have me, I and all my house;
Then keep with joy the Rural Dionysia;
No more of soldiering now. And may this
Peace

Of thirty summers answer to my hopes.

Of daughter, bear the basket sweetly, sweet, With savory-eating a look. Happy the man, Whoe'er he is, who weds thee and begets Kittens as fair and saucy as thyself.

Move on! but heed lest any in the crowd Should nibble off, unseen, thy bits of gold.

O Xanthias, walk behind the basket-bearer,
Holding, you two, the phallus-pole erect.
And I'll bring up the rear, and sing the hymn:
Wife, watch me from the roof. Now then,
proceed.

(Singing) O Phales, comrade revel-roaming
Of Bacchus, wanderer of the gloaming,
Of wives and boys the naugthy lover,
Here in my home I gladly greet ye,
Six weary years of absence over;
For I have made a private treaty
And said good-bye to toils and fusses,
And fights, and fighting Lamachuses.

Far happier 'tis to me and sweeter, O Phales, Phales, some soft glade in, To woo the saucy, arch, deceiving, Young Thratta (Strymodore his maiden),

• Phales is the $\phi \alpha \lambda \lambda \delta s$ personified.

29

^d For Lamachus see Index; his very name suggests fighting.

τοῦ φελλέως, μέσην λαβόντ', ἄραντα, καταβαλόντα, καταγιγαρτίσ' ὧ Φαλῆς, Φαλῆς.

275

έὰν μεθ' ἡμῶν ξυμπίης, ἐκ κραιπάλης ἔωθεν εἰρήνης ῥοφήσεις τρύβλιον. ἡ δ' ἀσπὶς ἐν τῷ φεψάλῳ κρεμήσεται.

xo. οὖτος αὐτός ἐστιν, οὖτος. βάλλε βάλλε βάλλε βάλλε, παῖε πᾶς τὸν μιαρόν. οὐ βαλεῖς, οὐ βαλεῖς;

280

Δι. Ἡράκλεις, τουτὶ τί ἐστι; τὴν χύτραν συντρίψετε. [στρ.

xo. σè μèν οὖν καταλεύσομεν, ὧ μιαρὰ κεφαλή. 285

Δι. ἀντὶ ποίας αἰτίας, ὧχαρνέων γεραίτατοι;

Χο. τοῦτ' ἐρωτῷς; ἀναίσχυντος εἶ καὶ βδελυρός,
 ὧ προδότα τῆς πατρίδος, ὅστις ἡμῶν μόνος 290 σπεισάμενος εἶτα δύνασαι πρὸς ἔμ' ἀπο-βλέπειν.

ΔΙ. ἀντὶ δ' ὧν ἐσπεισάμην οὐκ ἴστε γ'· ἀλλ'

 \dot{a} κούσατ ϵ .

Χο. σοῦ γ' ἀκούσωμεν, ἀπολεῖ· κατά σε χώσομεν τοῖς λίθοις.295

Δι. μηδαμῶς, πρὶν ἄν γ' ἀκούσητ' ἀλλ' ἀνάσχεσθ', ὧγαθοί.

χο. οὐκ ἀνασχήσομαι· μηδὲ λέγε μοι σὺ λόγον·

^a Lit. "after the night's debauch."

THE ACHARNIANS, 274-299

As from my woodland fells I meet her Descending with my fagots laden, And eatch her up, and ill entreat her, And make her pay the fine for thieving.

O Phales, Phales, come and sup,
And in the morn, to brace you up,^a
Of Peace you'll quaff a jovial cup;
And mid the chimney sparks our useless shield

we'll hang.

CHOR. That's the man who made the treaty;
There he stands Full in view;
Pelt him, pelt him, pelt him, pelt him,
Pelt him you! Pelt him you!

DI. Heracles! what ails the fellows?

Hang it all, ye'll smash the pot!

CHOR. It is you we will smash with our

stones, you detestable head.

DI. O most worshipful Acharnians,

why? what reason have ye got?

CHOR. Dare you ask? Traitor base!

Dare you look me in the face?

You who make, You alone,

Private treaties of your own!

Shameless heart! Shameless hand!

Traitor to your fatherland!

DI. But ye know not why I did it:

hear me now the facts declare.

chor. Hear you? No! You're to die;

'Neath a stony cairn to lie!

DI. Not, O not until ve've heard me;

worthy sirs, forbear, forbear!

снов. No delay! Thee to slay

We'll immediately begin.

ώς μεμίσηκά σε Κλέωνος ἔτι μᾶλλον, ὃν ἐ- 300 γω τεμώ τοίσιν ίππεθσι καττύματα.

σοῦ δ' ἐγὼ λόγους λέγοντος οὐκ ἀκούσομαι μακρούς,

οστις ἐσπείσω Λάκωσιν, ἀλλὰ τιμωρήσομαι.

Δι. ὦγαθοί, τοὺς μὲν Λάκωνας ἐκποδὼν ἐάσατε, 305 τῶν δ' ἐμῶν σπονδῶν ἀκούσατ', εἰ καλῶς έσπεισάμην.

χο. πως δέ γ' αν καλως λέγοις αν, εἴπερ ἐσπείσω

γ' ἄπαξ

οໂσιν οὔτε βωμὸς οὔτε πίστις οὔθ' ὅρκος μένει;

οίδ' έγω καὶ τοὺς Λάκωνας, οίς ἄγαν έγκεί- $\mu \epsilon \theta a$.

οὐχ άπάντων ὄντας ἡμῖν αἰτίους τῶν πραγμάτων.

xo. οὐχ ἀπάντων, ὦ πανοῦργε; ταῦτα δὴ τολμᾶς λένειν

έμφανῶς ήδη πρὸς ἡμᾶς; εἶτ' ἐγὼ σοῦ φείσομαι:

Δι. οὐχ ἁπάντων, οὐχ ἁπάντων ἀλλ' ἐγὼ λέγων 681

πόλλ' αν ἀποφήναιμ' ἐκείνους ἔσθ' α κάδικουμένους.

Χο. τοῦτο τοὔπος δεινὸν ἤδη καὶ ταραξικάρδιον, 315 εὶ σὺ τολμήσεις ὑπὲρ τῶν πολεμίων ἡμῖν λέγειν.

ΔΙ. κἄν γε μὴ λέγω δίκαια, μηδὲ τῷ πλήθει δοκῶ.

^a For Cleon see Index; the Knights were his special enemies, and καττύματα refers to his trade as a tanner. 32

THE ACHARNIANS, 300-317

I D	3 3
or the people doub	ot display,
	to produc
	to plead.
	ir maeea,
this is quite a neart-perplexing,	ir indeed
	ea wrong.
at our hands have suffer	ed wrong
	ms strong
	one etvene
	or spare r
	or charc 3
	nons dare
	ely right.
	المائد ساء
	tn excite,
	.L
	nt hands!
no engagement sacre	ed stands,
	1.
those Laconians p	retermit;
Worthy fellows, for the moment	
I will surely pu	ınish you.
I will hear no long orations,	
with the false Lacor	nian crew,
But from you, who made a treaty	
	its to use.
	liose skin
No debate! Thee we hate	
	with the false Lacor I will hear no long orations,

ύπὲρ ἐπιξήνου 'θελήσω τὴν κεφαλὴν ἔχω**ν** λέγειν. χο. εἰπέ μοι, τί φειδόμεσθα τῶν λίθων, ὧ δημόται,

μη οὐ καταξαίνειν τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον ἐς φοινικίδα: 320

οδον αδ μέλας τις υμίν θυμάλωψ ἐπέζεσεν. οὐκ ἀκούσεσθ', οὐκ ἀκούσεσθ' ἐτεόν, ὧχαρνηίδαι:

οὐκ ἀκουσόμεσθα δῆτα.

δεινά τἄρα πείσομαι. ΔΙ.

xo. ἐξολοίμην, ἢν ἀκούσω.

μηδαμῶς, ὧχαρνικοί. xo. ὡς τεθνήξων ἴσθι νυνί. Δι.

δήξομἄρ' ύμᾶς έγώ. 325 άνταποκτενώ γὰρ ὑμῶν τῶν φίλων τοὺς φιλτάτους:

ώς ἔχω γ' ὑμῶν ὁμήρους,οὓς ἀποσφάξω λαβών. είπέ μοι, τί τοῦτ' ἀπειλεῖ τοὔπος, ἄνδρες

δημόται,

τοις 'Αχαρνικοισιν ήμιν; μων έχει του παιδίον τῶν παρόντων ἔνδον εἴρξας; ἢ 'πὶ τῷ θρασύνεται;

ΔΙ. βάλλετ', εί βούλεσθ'. έγω γαρ τουτονί δια-

εἴσομαι δ' ύμῶν τάχ' ὅστις ἀνθράκων τι κήδεται.

χο. ώς ἀπωλόμεσθ'. ὁ λάρκος δημότης ὅδ' ἔστ' έμός.

a Dic. goes into the house and returns three lines later carrying in one hand a hamper (λάρκος) full of charcoal and in the other a drawn sword. The Scholiast says that the ensuing scene is parodied from the Telephus of Euripides.

THE ACHARNIANS, 318-333

	On a chopping-block I'm willing,
	whilst I speak, my head to lay.
CHOR.	Why so slack, my fellow-burghers?
	Let us stone the naughty varlet,
	Let us scarify and shred him
	to an uniform of scarlet.
DI.	What a red and dangerous ember
	sparkled up within you then!
	Won't you hear me, won't you hear me,
	good Acharnians, worthy men?
CHOR.	Never, never, will we hear you.
DI.	That will cause me bitter woe.
chor.	If I do, perdition seize me!
DI.	O Acharnians, say not so.
CHOR.	Know that you must die this instant.
DI.	Then I'll make you suffer too.
	For my safety I've a hostage,
	one that's very dear to you.
	Now I'll bring him out and slay him;
	you shall see your darling's end.a
chor.	O Acharnian fellow-burghers,
	what can words like these portend
	To our noble band of brethren?
	Think you that the man can hold
	Any child of ours in durance?
	What can make him wax so bold?
DI.	Now then pelt me; here's the hostage!
	I will slay and will not spare.
	I shall speedily discover
	which of you for charcoal care.
CHOR.	Heaven preserve us! 'tis a scuttle,
	'tis my fellow-burgher true!
	•

ἀλλὰ μὴ δράσης ὁ μέλλεις. μηδαμῶς, ὧ μηδαμῶς.

Δ1. ως ἀποκτενῶ, κέκραχθ' ενώ γὰρ οὐκ ἀκούσομαι. [ἀντ. 335

χο. ἀπολεῖς ἄρ' ὁμήλικα τόνδε φιλανθρακέα;

ΔΙ. οὐδ' ἐμοῦ λέγοντος ὑμεῖς ἀρτίως ἡκούσατε.

Χο. ἀλλὰ νυνὶ λέγ', εἴ σοι δοκεῖ, τόν τε Λακε δαιμόνιον αὐτὸν ὅτι τῷ τρόπῳ σου 'στὶ φίλος ΄
 ὡς τόδε τὸ λαρκίδιον οὐ προδώσω ποτέ.
 340

Δ1. τοὺς λίθους νῦν μοι χαμᾶζε πρῶτον ἐξεράσατε.

xo. ούτοιί σοι χαμαί, καὶ σὰ κατάθου πάλιν τὸ ξίφος.

Δι. ἀλλ' ὅπως μὴ 'ν τοῖς τρίβωσιν ἐγκάθηνταί που λίθοι.

χο. ἐκσέσεισται χαμᾶζ'. οὐχ ὁρᾶς σειόμενον; ἀλλὰ μή μοι πρόφασιν, ἀλλὰ κατάθου τὸ βέλος.

ώς όδε γε σειστὸς ἄμα τῆ στροφῆ γίγνεται.

Δ1. ἐμέλλετ' ᾶρ' ἄπαντες ἀνασείειν βοήν,
 ὀλίγου τ' ἀπέθανον ἄνθρακες Παρνήσιοι,
 καὶ ταῦτα διὰ τὴν ἀτοπίαν τῶν δημοτῶν.
 ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους δὲ τῆς μαρίλης μοι συχνὴν 350
 ὁ λάρκος ἐνετίλησεν ὥσπερ σηπία.
 δεινὸν γὰρ οὕτως ὀμφακίαν πεφυκέναι
 τὸν θυμὸν ἀνδρῶν ὤστε βάλλειν καὶ βοᾶν

* i.e. provided you release the λάρκος.

a i.e. himself.

^e Dic. employs the peculiar word ἀνασείειν because the preceding speech of the Chorus is full of "shakes."
^a μαρίλη is the black dust of the charcoal.

THE ACHARNIANS, 334-353

	Never do the thing you mention:
	never do, O never do!
DI.	Cry aloud! I'm going to slay him;
	I shall neither hear nor heed.
CHOR.	You will slay then this charcoal-adorer, ^a
	its equal in years!
DI.	Aye, for when I craved a hearing
	you refused to hear me plead.
CHOR.	
	Whatsoever suits you say.
4	Say you love, Say you prize,
	Our detested enemies. ^b
	Ne'er will I Faithless prove
	To the scuttle which I love.
DI.	Well then first, the stones you gathered,
ы.	throw them out man the ground
arron	throw them out upon the ground.
CHOR.	Out they go! All my hoard!
	Prithee, lay aside the sword.
DI.	But I fear that in your lappets
	other missiles may be found.
CHOR.	5
	See my garment shaken wide!
	Don't evade Promise made.
	Lay, O lay the sword aside.
	Here's my robe Shaken out,
	As I twist and twirl about.
DI.	You would then, would you, shake c your
	cries aloft,
	And this Parnesian charcoal all but died,
	Slain by the madness of its fellow-burghers.
	And in its fright this scuttle, cuttle-wise,
	Voided its inky blackness d on my clothes.
	Alas that man should corny hearts as sour
•	Alas that men should carry hearts as sour
	As unripe grapes, to pelt and roar, nor hear

έθέλειν τ' ἀκοῦσαι μηδεν ἴσον ἴσω φέρον, ἐμοῦ θέλοντος ὑπερ ἐπιξήνου λέγειν ὑπερ Λακεδαιμονίων ἄπανθ' ὄσ' αν λέγω· καίτοι φιλῶ γε τὴν ἐμὴν ψυχὴν ἐγώ.

355

τί οὖν οὐ λέγεις, ἐπίξηνον ἐξενεγκὼν θύραζ', ὅ τι ποτ', ὡ σχέτλιε, τὸ μέγα τοῦτ' ἔχεις; πάνυ γὰρ ἐμέ γε πόθος ὅ τι φρονεῖς ἔχει. ἀλλ' ἦπερ αὐτὸς τὴν δίκην διωρίσω, θεὶς δεῦρο τοὐπίξηνον ἐγχείρει λέγειν.

[στρ 360

Δι. ίδου θεᾶσθε, το μεν επίξηνον τοδί,
δ δ' ἀνὴρ δ λέξων ούτοσὶ τυννουτοσί.
ἀμέλει μὰ τον Δί' οὐκ ενασπιδώσομαι,
λέξω δ' ὑπερ Λακεδαιμονίων ἄ μοι δοκεῖ.
καίτοι δέδοικα πολλά· τούς τε γὰρ τρόπους 370
τοὺς τῶν ἀγροίκων οἶδα χαίροντας σφόδρα
εάν τις αὐτοὺς εὐλογῆ καὶ τὴν πόλιν
ἀνὴρ ἀλαζὼν καὶ δίκαια κἄδικα·
κἀνταῦθα λανθάνουσ' ἀπεμπολώμενοι·
τῶν τ' αὖ γερόντων οἶδα τὰς ψυχὰς ὅτι
οὐδὲν βλέπουσιν ἄλλο πλὴν ψήφω δακεῖν·
αὐτός τ' εμαυτὸν ὑπὸ Κλέωνος ἄπαθον

365

^a A metaphor from wine mingled with an equal quantity of water.

έπίσταμαι διὰ τὴν πέρυσι κωμωδίαν.

^b i.e. I will come out into the open, not skulk behind a shield; cf. Hom. Il. 267 seq., where the archer Teucer keeps

dodging behind the shield of Ajax.

^e Dic. fears (1) the simple country folk who were deluded by the demagogues, (2) the old dicasts (for whom see the Wasps), and (3) Cleon. Aristophanes had apparently made fun of Cleon and certain officials in the Babylonians which

THE ACHARNIANS, 354-378

A tempered statement mingled half and half; a

Not though I'm willing o'er a choppingblock

To say my say for Laeedaemon's folk.

And yet I love, be sure, my own dear life.

CHOR. O why not bring the block

out of doors without delay,

And speak the mighty speech

which you think will win the day?

For really I've a longing

to hear what you will say!

So in the fashion you yourself prescribed, Place here the chopping-block and start

your speech.

DI. Well look and see, the chopping-block is here,

And I'm to speak, poor little friendless I.

Still never mind; I won't enshield myself,^b
I'll speak my mind for Lacedaemon's folk.

And yet I fear; ^c for well I know the moods
Of our good country people, how they love
To hear the City and themselves bepraised
By some intriguing humbug, right or wrong,
Nor ever dream they are being bought and
sold.

And well I know the minds of those old men Looking for nothing but a verdiet-bite. Aye and I know what I myself endured At Cleon's hands for last year's Comedy.

he had produced at the Great Dionysia the year before, and Cleon had denounced him for "defaming the State in the presence of strangers," cf. 503.

είσελκύσας γάρ μ' είς τὸ βουλευτήριον	
διέβαλλε καὶ ψευδη κατεγλώττιζέ μου	380
κάκυκλοβόρει κάπλυνεν, ώστ' ολίγου πάνυ	
άπωλόμην μολυνοπραγμονούμενος.	
νθν οθν με πρώτον πρίν λέγειν εάσατε	
ένσκευάσασθαί μ' οξον άθλιώτατον.	
·	

χο. τί ταῦτα στρέφει τεχνάζεις τε καὶ πορίζεις τριβάς; $[\dot{a}\nu\tau.385]$ λαβέ δ' έμοῦ γ' ένεκα παρ' Ίερωνύμου σκοτοδασυπυκνότριχά τιν' "Αϊδος κυνην. 390 είτ' έξάνοιγε μηχανάς τὰς Σισύφου, ώς σκηψιν άγων ούτος ούκ εἰσδέξεται.

ΔΙ. ὥρα 'στὶν ἄρα μοι καρτερὰν ψυχὴν λαβεῖν, καί μοι βαδιστέ' έστιν ώς Ευριπίδην. παί παί.

ΚΗΦΙΣΟΦΩΝ.

τίς οὖτος; ἔνδον ἔστ' Εὐριπίδης; ΔI . 395

κΗ. οὐκ ἔνδον, ἔνδον ἐστίν, εἰ γνώμην ἔχεις.

ΔΙ. πως ἔνδον, εἶτ' οὐκ ἔνδον;

δρθώς, ὧ γέρον. KH. ό νοῦς μεν έξω ξυλλέγων ἐπύλλια οὐκ ἔνδον, αὐτὸς δ' ἔνδον ἀναβάδην ποιεῖ τρανωδίαν.

ῶ τρισμακάρι' Εὐριπίδη. ΔΙ. δθ' δ δοῦλος ούτωσὶ σοφῶς ύποκρίνεται.

400

έκκάλεσον αὐτόν.

b Lit. "helmet of Hades," i.e. of invisibility; cf. Il. v.

40

^{*} Κυκλόβορος* ποταμός ἐν ᾿Αθήναις χείμαρρος, ἄγαν ἡχῶν. Schol.

THE ACHARNIANS, 379-402

How to the Council-house he haled me off, And slanged, and licd, and slandered, and betongued me. Roaring Cycloborus a-wise; till I well nigh

Was done to death, bemirvslushified. Now therefore suffer me, before I start, To dress me up the loathliest way I can.

O why keep putting off with that shilly-shally CHOR.

> Hieronymus may lend you, for anything I care, The shaggy "Cap of Darkness" b from his tangle-matted hair.

Then open all the wiles of Sisyphus, Since this encounter will not brook delay.

Now must my heart be strong, and I depart DI. To find Euripides. Boy! Ho there, boy! сернізорном. Who calls me?

Is Euripides within? DI.

Within and not within, d if you conceive me. CE.

Within and not within? DI.

Tis even so. CE. His mind, without, is culling flowers of song,

But he, within, is sitting up aloft

Writing a play.

O lucky, lucky poet, DI. Whose very servant says such clever things! But call him.

845. H. was a poet with a mop of unkempt hair which

almost hid his face; cf. L. 349.

Wanting some beggarly rags Dic. resorts to Euripides, who often dresses his characters in them; cf. 412; F. 842 ρακιοσυρραπτάδης.

^d A skit on E.'s style, e.q. Alc. 521 ἔστω τε κοὐκ ἔτ' ἔστω.

кн.	άλλ' άδύνατον.	
ΔΙ.	ἀλλ' ὅμως.	
	οὐ γὰρ ἂν ἀπέλθοιμ', ἀλλὰ κόψω τὴν θύραν,	
	Εὐριπίδη, Εὐριπίδιον,	
	ύπάκουσον, είπερ πώποτ' ἀνθρώπων τινί	405
		405
	Δικαιόπολις καλεί σε Χολλείδης, εγώ.	
	ιπιΔΗΣ. ἀλλ' οὐ σχολή.	
ΔΙ.	ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητ'.	
EΥ.	άλλ' ἀδύνατον.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ὅμως.	
EΥ.	άλλ' ἐκκυκλήσομαι· καταβαίνειν δ' οὐ σχολή.	
ΔΙ.	Εὐριπίδη,	
EΥ.	τί λέλακας;	
ΔΙ.	ἀναβάδην ποιεῖς,	410
	έξον καταβάδην οὐκ ἐτὸς χωλούς ποιεῖς.	
	ἀτὰρ τί τὰ ράκι' ἐκ τραγωδίας ἔχεις,	
	έσθητ' έλεεινήν; οὐκ έτὸς πτωχούς ποιείς.	
	άλλ' ἀντιβολῶ πρὸς τῶν γονάτων σ', Εὐριπίδη,	
	δός μοι ράκιόν τι τοῦ παλαιοῦ δράματος.	415
		410
	δεῖ γάρ με λέξαι τῷ χορῷ ῥῆσιν μακράν	
	αὕτη δὲ θάνατον, ἢν κακῶς λέξω, φέρει.	
EΥ.	τὰ ποῖα τρύχη; μῶν ἐν οἶς Οἰνεὺς όδὶ	
	ό δύσποτμος γεραιός ἢγωνίζετο;	
ΔΙ.	οὐκ Οἰνέως ἦν, ἀλλ' ἔτ' ἀθλιωτέρου.	420
TODA	The said and last the formers	

a The adjective marks his deme.

οὐ Φοίνικος, οὔ,

^c Because you bring them into being on such a dangerous

height.

ΔI.

b i.e. "show yourself by means of the eccyclema," a piece of machinery by which the wall of a house is turned as if on a pivot, disclosing the interior.

THE ACHARNIANS, 402-421

. 1
. 1
n.
re,
ke
,
em
C111
of
OI.
•
the
LIIG
ج ۵۰
je?
he.
10;
ient
337C

King of Calydon, deprived of his throne by his nephews.
According to this legend P. was accused by his father Amyntor of seducing his mistress and blinded by him.

	άλλ' ἔτερος ἦν Φοίνικος ἀθλιώτερος.	
EΥ.	ποίας ποθ' άνηρ λακίδας αἰτεῖται πέπλων;	
	άλλ' ή Φιλοκτήτου τὰ τοῦ πτωχοῦ λέγεις;	
ΔΙ.		425
	άλλ' ή τὰ δυσπινή θέλεις πεπλώματα	
	ἃ Βελλεροφόντης είχ' ὁ χωλὸς ούτοσί;	
ΔΙ.	οὐ Βελλεροφόντης άλλὰ κάκεῖνος μεν ήν	
	χωλός, προσαιτών, στωμύλος, δεινός λέγειν.	
EΥ.	οίδ' ἄνδρα, Μυσὸν Τήλεφον.	
ΔI .	ναί, Τήλεφον·	430
	τούτου δὸς ἀντιβολῶ σέ μοι τὰ σπάργανα.	
EΥ.	ῶ παῖ, δὸς αὐτῷ Τηλέφου ρακώματα.	
	κεῖται δ' ἄνωθεν τῶν Θυεστείων ῥακῶν,	
	μεταξύ τῶν Ἰνοῦς.	
KH.	ίδού, ταυτὶ λαβέ.	
ΔI.	ὧ Ζεῦ διόπτα καὶ κατόπτα πανταχῆ,	435
	ένσκευάσασθαί μ' οἷον ἀθλιώτατον.	
	Εὐριπίδη, ἐπειδήπερ ἐχαρίσω ταδί,	
	κἀκεῖνά μοι δὸς τἀκόλουθα τῶν ῥακῶν,	
	τὸ πιλίδιον περὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὸ Μύσιον.	
	δεῖ γάρ με δόξαι πτωχὸν εἶναι τήμερον,	440
	είναι μεν ὅσπερ εἰμί, φαίνεσθαι δε μή	
	τοὺς μὲν θεατὰς εἰδέναι μ' δς εἴμ' έγώ,	
	τοὺς δ' αὖ χορευτὰς ἢλιθίους παρεστάναι,	
	οπως αν αὐτούς ρηματίοις σκιμαλίσω.	
EΥ.	δώσω πυκνη γάρ λεπτά μηχανα φρενί.	445
ΔΙ.	εὐδαιμονοίης, Τηλέφω δ' άγω φρονω.	

This play was produced by Euripides in 431 B.c. b "lame," i.e., after being thrown from Pegasus.

It is not known how Thyestes and Ino came to wear rags.
 Il. 441 and 442 are said by the Scholiast to be taken from the Telephus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 422-446

Some other man still wretcheder than Phoenix. What shreds of raiment ean the fellow mean? EUR. Can it be those of beggarly Philoctetes a? One far, far, far, more beggarly than he. DI. Can it be then the loathly gaberdine EUR. Wherein the lame ^b Bellerophon was clad? DI. Bellerophon? no; vet mine too limped and begged, A terrible chap to talk. I know the man. EUR. The Mysian Telephus. Telephus it is! DI. Lend me, I pray, that hero's swaddlingclothes. Boy, fetch him out the rags of Telephus. EUR. They lie above the Thyesteian rags, 'Twixt those and Ino's. (To Di.) Take them; here they are. CE. (Holding up the tattered garment against the light) DI. Lord Zeus, whose eyes can pierce through everywhere, Let me be dressed the loathliest way I can. Euripides, you have freely given the rags, Now give, I pray you, what pertains to these, The Mysian cap to set upon my head. For I've to-day to act a beggar's part,^d To be myself, yet not to seem myself; The audience there will know me who I am, Whilst all the Chorus stand like idiots by, The while I fillip them with eunning words. Take it; you subtly plan ingenious schemes. EUR. To thee, good luck; to Telephus—what I DI. wish him!

[·] Or "little phraselets" such as E. was fond of.

εὖ γ' · οἷον ήδη ρηματίων ἐμπίπλαμαι. ἀτὰρ δέομαί γε πτωχικοῦ βακτηρίου.

EΥ.	τουτὶ λαβὼν ἄπελθε λαΐνων σταθμῶν.	
	ῶ θύμ', όρᾶς γὰρ ώς ἀπωθοῦμαι δόμων,	450
	πολλών δεόμενος σκευαρίων νῦν δη γενοῦ	
	γλίσχρος προσαιτών λιπαρών τ'. Εὐριπίδη,	
	δός μοι σπυρίδιον διακεκαυμένον λύχνω.	
EΥ.	τί δ', ὧ τάλας, σε τοῦδ' ἔχει πλέκους χρέος;	
ΔΙ.	χρέος μεν οὐδέν, βούλομαι δ' ὅμως λαβεῖν.	155
		400
	λυπηρὸς ἴσθ' ὢν κάποχώρησον δόμων.	
	φεῦ· εὐδαιμονοίης, ὤσπερ ἡ μήτηρ ποτέ.	
EY.	$\tilde{a}\pi\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon$ $\nu\hat{v}\nu$ μ oι.	
ΔI.	μάλλά μοι δὸς ἕν μόνον,	
	κοτυλίσκιον τὸ χείλος ἀποκεκρουσμένον.	
EΥ.	φθείρου λαβὼν τόδ' ισθι δ' ὀχληρὸς ὧν	
		460
ΔΙ.	οὔπω μὰ Δί' οἶσθ' οἷ' οὐτὸς ἐργάζει κακά.	
	άλλ', ὧ γλυκύτατ' Εὐριπίδη, τουτί μόνον,	
	δός μοι χυτρίδιον σπογγίω βεβυσμένον.	
FΥ	ἄνθρωπ', ἀφαιρήσει με την τραγωδίαν.	
LI.	ἄπελθε ταυτηνὶ λαβών.	
		465
ΔΙ.	ΙΛ.	400
	καίτοι τί δράσω; δεῖ γὰρ ένος, οὖ μὴ τυχών	
	ἀπόλωλ'. ἄκουσον, ὧ γλυκύτατ' Εὐριπίδη·	
	τουτὶ λαβὼν ἄπειμι κοὐ πρόσειμ' ἔτι·	
	είς τὸ σπυρίδιον ἰσχνά μοι φυλλεῖα δός.	
EΥ.	ἀπολεῖς μ'. ἰδού σοι. φροῦδά μοι τὰ δρά-	
	$\mu a au a$.	470

^b Probably for carrying scraps; *cf. sportula*. Telephus is said to have carried one "in a tragedy" (Diog. Laert. vi. 87).

a i.e., wearing the rags of T. he feels himself able to talk

46

like him.

THE ACHARNIANS, 347-470

Yah! why I'm full of cunning words already.^a But now, methinks, I need a beggar's staff.

Take this, and get thee from the marble halls.
O Soul, thou seest me from the mansion thrust,
Still wanting many a boon. Now in thy prayer
Be close and instant. Give, Euripides,

A little basket b with a hole burnt through it.

EUR. What need you, hapless one, of this poor wicker?

DI. No need perchance; but O I want it so.

EUR. Know that you're wearisome, and get you gone.

DI. Alas! Heaven bless you, as it blessed your mother.

EUR. Leave me in peace.

Just one thing more, but one,
A little tankard with a broken rim.

EUR. Here. Now be off. You trouble us; begone.

You know not yet what ill you do yourself.
Sweet, dear Euripides, but one thing more,
Give me a little pitcher, plugged with sponge.

EUR. Fellow, you're taking the whole tragedy. Here, take it and begone.

I'm going now.

And yet! there's one thing more, which if I
get not

I'm ruined. Sweetest, best Euripides, With this I'll go, and never come again; Give me some withered leaves to fill my basket.

EUR. You'll slay me! Here! My plays are disappearing.

• Said to be a seller of potherbs; cf. 478.

Διλ' οὐκέτ', ἀλλ' ἄπειμι. καὶ γάρ εἰμ' ἄγαν οχληρός, οὐ δοκῶν με κοιράνους στυγεῖν.
 οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ὡς ἀπόλωλ'. ἐπελαθόμην ἐν ῷπέρ ἐστι πάντα μοι τὰ πράγματα.
 Εὐριπίδιον, ὡ φιλτάτιον καὶ γλυκύτατον, 475 κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμην, εἴ τί σ' αἰτήσαιμ' ἔτι, πλὴν ἐν μόνον, τουτὶ μόνον, τουτὶ μόνον, σκάνδικά μοι δός, μητρόθεν δεδεγμένος.

ετ. άνὴρ ύβρίζει κλεῖε πηκτὰ δωμάτων.

Δ1. ὧ θύμ', ἄνευ σκάνδικος ἐμπορευτέα. 480 ἄρ' οἶσθ' ὅσον τὸν ἀγῶν' ἀγωνιεῖ τάχα, μέλλων ὑπὲρ Λακεδαιμονίων ἀνδρῶν λέγειν; πρόβαινέ νυν, ὧ θυμέ· γραμμὴ δ' αὑτηί. ἔστηκας; οὐκ εῖ καταπιὼν Εὐριπίδην; ἐπήνεσ'· ἄγε νυν, ὧ τάλαινα καρδία, 485 ἄπελθ' ἐκεῖσε, κἆτα τὴν κεφαλὴν ἐκεῖ παράσχες, εἰποῦσ' ἄττ' ἂν αὐτῆ σοι δοκῆ. τόλμησον, ἴθι, χώρησον, ἄγαμαι καρδίας.

490 Χο. τί δράσεις; τί φήσεις; ἀλλ' ἴσθι νυν ἀναίσχυντος ὢν σιδηροῦς τ' ἀνήρ, ὅστις παρασχών τῆ πόλει τὸν αὐχένα ἄπασι μέλλεις εἶς λέγειν τἀναντία. ἀνὴρ οὐ τρέμει τὸ πρᾶγμ'. εἶά νυν, 495

έπειδήπερ αὐτὸς αίρει, λέγε.

ΔΙ. μή μοι φθονήσητ', ἄνδρες οἱ θεώμενοι, εἰ πτωχὸς ὢν ἔπειτ' ἐν 'Αθηναίοις λέγειν

^e i.e., from which the racers started. Dic. being now well primed with Euripides feels he ought to go ahead.

<sup>a "Parodied from the Oeneus of Euripides": Schol.
b Here Euripides is wheeled in again, and Dic. advances to the block to make his speech.</sup>

THE ACHARNIANS, 471-497

DI. Enough! I go. Too troublesome by far Am I, not witting that the chieftains hate me!a Good Heavens! I'm ruined. I had clean forgotten

The thing whereon my whole success depends. My own Euripides, my best and sweetest, Perdition seize me if I ask aught else Save this one thing, this only, only this, Give me some chervil, borrowing from your mother.

EUR. The man insults us. Shut the palace up.b

DI. O Soul, without our chervil we must go.

Knowest thou the perilous strife thou hast to strive,

Speaking in favour of Laconian men?
On, on, my Soul! Here is the line. How?
What?

Swallow Euripides, and yet not budge?
Oh, good! Advance, O long-enduring heart,
Go thither, lay thine head upon the block,
And say whatever to thyself seems good.
Take courage! Forward! March! O well
done, heart!

CHOR. What will you say? What will you do?

Man, is it true

You are made up of iron and of shamelessness too?

You who will, one against us all, debate, Offering your neck a hostage to the State! Nought does he fear.

Since you will have it so, speak, we will hear

DI. Bear me no grudge, spectators, if, a beggar, I dare to speak before the Athenian people

μέλλω περί της πόλεως, τρυγωδίαν ποιών. τὸ γὰρ δίκαιον οίδε καὶ τρυγωδία. 500 ένω δε λέξω δεινά μέν, δίκαια δέ. ου γάρ με νῦν γε διαβαλεῖ Κλέων ὅτι ξένων παρόντων την πόλιν κακώς λέγω. αὐτοὶ γάρ ἐσμεν ούπὶ Ληναίω τ' ἀγών, κοὔπω ξένοι πάρεισιν οὔτε γὰρ φόροι 505 ηκουσιν ούτ' έκ των πόλεων οι ξύμμαχοι. άλλ' έσμεν αὐτοὶ νῦν γε περιεπτισμένοι: τους γάρ μετοίκους ἄχυρα τῶν ἀστῶν λέγω. έγω δε μισω μεν Λακεδαιμονίους σφόδρα, καὐτοῖς ὁ Ποσειδών, ούπὶ Ταινάρω θεός, 510 σείσας ἄπασιν ἐμβάλοι τὰς οἰκίας. κάμοὶ γάρ ἐστιν ἀμπέλια κεκομμένα. άτάρ, φίλοι γὰρ οἱ παρόντες ἐν λόνω.' τί ταθτα τους Λάκωνας αἰτιώμεθα; ήμων γὰρ ἄνδρες, οὐχὶ τὴν πόλιν λέγω, 515 μέμνησθε τοῦθ', ὅτι οὐχὶ τὴν πόλιν λέγω, άλλ' ἀνδράρια μοχθηρά, παρακεκομμένα, άτιμα καὶ παράσημα καὶ παράξενα, έσυκοφάντει Μεγαρέων τὰ χλανίσκια· κεί που σίκυον ίδοιεν η λαγώδιον 520 η χοιρίδιον η σκόροδον η χονδρούς άλας,

ταθτ' ήν Μεγαρικά κάπέπρατ' αθθημερόν.

 $[^]a$ The speech throughout is probably a parody of one in the Telephus, and for ll. 497, 498 the Scholiast quotes the original as—

μή μοι φθονήσητ', ἄνδρες Έλλήνων ἄκροι, εἰ πτωχὸς ὢν τέτληκ' ἐν ἐσθλοῖσιν λέγειν.

Only citizens and μέτοικοι were present at the "Lenaea."
 They are "clean-winnowed," only the grain being left, of which the ἀστοί are the flour and the μέτοικοι the bran.

THE ACHARNIANS, 499-522

About the city in a comic play.^a
For what is true even comedy can tell.
And I shall utter startling things but true.
Nor now can Cleon slander me because,
With strangers present, I defame the State.
'Tis the Lenaea, and we're all alone; ^b
No strangers yet have come; nor from the states
Have yet arrived the tribute and allies.
We're quite alone clean-winnowed; for I count
Our alien residents the civic bran.^c

The Lacedaemonians I detest entirely; And may Poseidon, Lord of Taenarum, Shake ^a all their houses down about their ears; For I, like you, have had my vines cut down. But after all—for none but friends are here—Why the Laconians do we blame for this? For men of ours, I do not say the State, Remember this, I do not say the State, Remember this, I do not say the State, But worthless fellows of a worthless stamp, Ill-coined, ill-minted, spurious little chaps, Kept on denouncing Megara's little coats. And if a cucumber or hare they saw, Or sucking-pig, or garlic, or lump-salt, ^a All were Megarian, and were sold off-hand. ^b

He emphasizes this because that was the exact charge;
 of. 503.

^d i.e. as 'Εννοσίγαιος, the Earth-Shaker. Sparta suffered from earthquakes; cf. Thuc. i. 128, 2; Paus. vii. 25. 1.

[&]quot; The έξωμίδες which formed the staple manufacture of Megara; of. Xen. Mem. ii. 7. 6": R.

g i.e. rock-salt.
h i.e. after being denounced as Megarian and confiscated;
cf. 542. The exclusion of the Megarians from the "market of Athens and Athenian harbours" was put forward by Sparta in 431 B.c. as one of the chief grounds for war; cf. Thuc. i. 139. 1.

525

530

535

540

545

καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ σμικρὰ κἀπιχώρια, πόρνην δε Σιμαίθαν ιόντες Μεγαράδε νεανίαι κλέπτουσι μεθυσοκότταβοι. κάθ' οι Μεγαρης δδύναις πεφυσιγγωμένοι αντεξέκλεψαν 'Ασπασίας πόρνα δύο: κάντεῦθεν άρχη τοῦ πολέμου κατερράγη Έλλησι πᾶσιν ἐκ τριῶν λαικαστριῶν. έντεθθεν όργη Περικλέης Ούλύμπιος ηστραπτ', έβρόντα, ξυνεκύκα την 'Ελλάδα, έτίθει νόμους ώσπερ σκόλια γεγραμμένους. ώς χρη Μεγαρέας μήτε γη μήτ' έν άγορα μήτ' ἐν θαλάττη μήτ' ἐν ἡπείρω μένειν. έντεῦθεν οἱ Μεγαρῆς, ὅτε δὴ ᾿πείνων βάδην, Λακεδαιμονίων έδέοντο τὸ ψήφισμ' ὅπως μεταστραφείη τὸ διὰ τὰς λαικαστρίας. οὐκ ἡθέλομεν δ' ἡμεῖς δεομένων πολλάκις. κάντεῦθεν ήδη πάταγος ἦν τῶν ἀσπίδων. έρει τις, οὐ χρην άλλὰ τί έχρην εἴπατε. φέρ', εὶ Λακεδαιμονίων τις ἐκπλεύσας σκάφει ἀπέδοτο φήνας κυνίδιον Σεριφίων, καθησθ' αν έν δόμοισιν; ή πολλοῦ γε δεῖ. καὶ κάρτα μέντἂν εὐθέως καθείλκετε τριακοσίας ναθς, ήν δ' αν ή πόλις πλέα θορύβου στρατιωτών, περί τριηράρχου βοής, μισθοῦ διδομένου, Παλλαδίων χρυσουμένων, στοᾶς στεναχούσης, σιτίων μετρουμένων, 52

AXAPNHE

THE ACHARNIANS, 523-548

Still these were trifles, and our country's way. But some young tipsy cottabus-players went And stole from Megara-town the fair Simaetha. Then the Megarians, garlicked with the smart, Stole, in return, two of Aspasia's a hussies. From these three Wantons o'er the Hellenic race Burst forth the first beginnings of the War. For then, in wrath, the Olympian Pericles Thundered and lightened, and confounded Hellas. Enacting laws which ran like drinking-songs,b That the Megarians presently depart From earth and sea, the mainland, and the mart. Then the Megarians, slowly famishing, Besought their Spartan friends to get the Law Of the three Wantons cancelled and withdrawn. And oft they asked us, but we yielded not. Then followed instantly the clash of shields. Ye'll say They should not; but what should they, then? Come now, had some Laconian, sailing out, Denounced and sold a small Seriphiane dog, Would you have sat unmoved? Far, far from that! Ye would have launched three hundred ships of war, And all the City had at once been full Of shouting troops, of fuss with trierarchs, Of paying wages, gilding Pallases,d Of rations measured, roaring colonnades,

^a The famous mistress of Pericles.

6 Seriphus is a very small island, one of the Cyclades, due east from Sparta. The smallest injury to the smallest

"island" would have roused Athens to fury.

d i.e. for figure-heads or the like.

b The σκόλιον it resembles was by Timocreon of Rhodes: ὅφελέν σ', ὡ τυφλὲ Πλοῦτε, | μήτε γἦ μήτ' ἐν θαλάσση | μήτ' ἐν ἠπείρω φανῆναι . . .

111111/23

ARISTOPHANES

άσκων, τροπωτήρων, κάδους ώνουμένων, σκορόδων, έλαῶν, κρομμύων έν δικτύοις, στεφάνων, τριχίδων, αὐλητρίδων, ὑπωπίων τὸ νεώριον δ' αὖ κωπέων πλατουμένων, τύλων ψοφούντων, θαλαμιών τροπουμένων, αὐλῶν, κελευστῶν, νιγλάρων, συριγμάτων. ταῦτ' οἶδ' ὅτι ἂν ἐδρᾶτε· τὸν δὲ Τήλεφον 555 ούκ οἰόμεσθα; νοῦς ἄρ' ἡμῖν οὐκ ἔνι.

HM. A. ἄλη θ ες, $\tilde{\omega}$ πίτριπτε καὶ μιαρώτατε; ταυτί σὺ τολμᾶς πτωχὸς ὢν ἡμᾶς λέγειν, καὶ συκοφάντης εἴ τις ἦν, ωνείδισας;

HM. B. νη τον Ποσειδώ, καὶ λέγει γ' ἄπερ λέγει δίκαια πάντα κουδέν αυτών ψεύδεται.

ΗΜ. Α. εἶτ' εἰ δίκαια, τοῦτον εἰπεῖν αὔτ' ἐχρῆν; άλλ' οὔ τι χαίρων ταῦτα τολμήσει λέγειν.

ΗΜ. Β. οὖτος σὺ ποῖ θεῖς; οὐ μενεῖς; ὡς εἰ θενεῖς τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον, αὐτὸς ἀρθήσει τάγα.

ΗΜ. Α. ὶὼ Λάμαχ', ὧ βλέπων ἀστραπάς, βοήθησον, ὧ γοργολόφα, φανείς, ιω Λάμαχ', ω φίλ', ω φυλέτα. εἴτε τις ἔστι ταξίαρχος, η στρατηγός, η τειχομάχας ἀνήρ, βοηθησάτω τις ἀνύσας. ἐγὼ γὰρ ἔχομαι μέσος.

570

565

550

[&]quot; καὶ ταῦτα ἐκ Τηλέφου: Schol. The speech ends, as it began, with a quotation, and its effect is to split the Chorus into two hostile sections.

THE ACHARNIANS, 549-571

Of wineskins, oarloops, bargaining for casks, Of nets of onions, olives, garlic-heads,

Of chaplets, pilchards, flute-girls, and black eyes.

And all the arsenal had rung with noise

Of oar-spars planed, pegs hammered, oarloops fitted,

Of boatswains' calls, and flutes, and trills, and whistles.

This had ye done; and shall not Telephus,^a Think we, do this? we've got no brains at all.

semichorus I. Ayc, say you so, you rascally villain you?

And this from you, a beggar? Dare you blame us

Because, perchance, we've got informers here? SEMICHORUS II. Aye, by Poseidon, every word he says Is true and right; he tells no lies at all.

s.c. 1. True or untrue, is he the man to say it?

I'llpay him out,though, for his insolent speech. s.c. 11. Whither away? I pray you stay. If him you

hurt, You'll find your own self hoisted up directly.^b

s.c. 1. Lamachus! Help! with thy glances of lightning;

Terrible-crested, appear in thy pride,

Come, O Lamachus, tribesman and friend to us:

Is there a stormer of cities beside?

Is there a captain? O come ye in haste,

Help me, O help! I am caught by the waist.

A scuffle takes place in the orchestra, in which the leader of the first semichorus is worsted.

ΛΑΜΑΧΟΣ. πόθεν βοῆς ἤκουσα πολεμιστηρίας; ποῖ χρὴ βοηθεῖν; ποῖ κυδοιμὸν ἐμβαλεῖν; τίς Γοργόν' ἐξήγειρεν ἐκ τοῦ σάγματος; ΔΙ. ὧ Λάμαχ' ἤρως, τῶν λόφων καὶ τῶν λόχων. 575

нм. A. ὧ Λάμαχ', οὐ γὰρ οῦτος ἄνθρωπος πάλαι ἄπασαν ἡμῶν τὴν πόλιν κακορροθεῖ;

ΛΑ. οὖτος σὰ τολμᾶς πτωχὸς ὢν λέγειν τάδε;

Δι. ὧ Λάμαχ' ήρως, ἀλλὰ συγγνώμην ἔχε, εἰ πτωχὸς ὢν εἶπόν τι κἀστωμυλάμην.

A. τί δ' εἶπας ἡμᾶς; οὐκ ἐρεῖς;

οὐκ οἶδά πω 580
 ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους γὰρ τῶν ὅπλων ἰλιγγιῶ.
 ἀλλ' ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἀπένεγκέ μου τὴν μορμόνα.

ΛΑ. ίδού.

ΔΙ. παράθες νυν ύπτίαν αὐτὴν ἐμοί.

ΛΑ. κεῖται.

ΔΙ. φέρε νυν ἀπὸ τοῦ κράνους μοι τὸ πτερόν.

ΛΑ. τουτὶ πτίλον σοι.

Δ1. της κεφαλης νύν μου λαβοῦ, 585 ἴν' ἐξεμέσω· βδελύττομαι γὰρ τοὺς λόφους.

590

ΛΑ. οδτος, τί δράσεις; τῷ πτίλω μέλλεις ἐμεῖν;

Δι. πτίλον γάρ έστιν; εἰπέ μοι, τίνος ποτὲ ὄρνιθός έστιν; ἆρα κομπολακύθου;

Α. οἴμ' ώς τεθνήξει.

ΔΙ. μηδαμῶς, ὧ Λάμαχε·
οὐ γὰρ κατ' ἰσχύν ἐστιν· εἰ δ' ἰσχυρὸς εἶ,
τί μ' οὐκ ἀπεψώλησας; εὔοπλος γὰρ εἶ.
ΛΑ. ταυτὶ λέγεις σὺ τὸν στρατηγὸν πτωχὸς ὧν;

^a Emblazoned on his shield.

b "L. superciliously calls the huge ostrich feather $\pi\tau i \lambda o\nu$, a term used of the soft and downy plumage of the breast": R. 56

THE ACHARNIANS, 572-593

LAMACI	ius. Whence came the cry of battle to my ears?
	Where shall I charge? where cast the battle- din?
	Who roused the sleeping Gorgon a from its
	case?
DI.	O Lamachus hero, O those crests and cohorts!
S.C. I.	O Lamachus, here has this fellow been
	With frothy words abusing all the State.
LAM.	You dare, you beggar, say such things as those?
D1.	O Lamachus hero, grant me pardon true
	If I, a beggar, spake or chattered aught.
LAM.	What said you? Hey?
DI.	I can't remember yet.
	I get so dizzy at the sight of arms.
	I pray you lay that terrible shield aside.
LAM.	There then.
DI.	Now set it upside down before me.
LAM.	Tis done.
DI.	Now give me from your crest that plume.
LAM.	Here; take the feather.
DI.	Now then, hold my head,
	And let me vomit. I so loathe those crests.
LAM.	What! use my feather, rogue, to make you
131.321	vomit?
DI.	A feather is it, Lamachus? Pray what bird
	Produced it? Is it a Great Boastard's plume?
LAM.	Death and Destruction!
D1.	No, no, Lamachus.
	That's not for strength like yours. If strong
	you are
	Why don't you circumcise me? You're well armed.
LAM.	What! you, a beggar, beard the general so?

άλλὰ τίς γὰρ εἶ;

595

Δι. ἐγὼ γάρ εἰμι πτωχός;

ΛА.

ΔΙ.	οστις; πολίτης χρηστός, οὐ σπουδαρχίδης,	595
	άλλ' έξ ὅτου περ ὁ πόλεμος, στρατωνίδης,	
	σὺ δ' έξ ὅτου περ ὁ πόλεμος, μισθαρχίδης.	
Λ Λ	έχειροτόνησαν γάρ με—	
ΔΙ.	κόκκυγές γε τρεῖς.	
	ταῦτ' οὖν ἐγὼ βδελυττόμενος ἐσπεισάμην,	
	όρῶν πολιοὺς μὲν ἄνδρας ἐν ταῖς τάξεσιν,	600
	νεανίας δ' οΐους σὺ διαδεδρακότας	
	τοὺς μὲν ἐπὶ Θράκης μισθοφοροῦντας τρεῖς	
	δραχμάς,	
	Τισαμενοφαινίππους, Πανουργιππαρχίδας	
	έτέρους δὲ παρὰ Χάρητι, τοὺς δ' ἐν Χαόσι	
	Γερητοθεοδώρους, Διομειαλαζόνας,	605
	τους δ' εν Καμαρίνη κάν Γελα κάν Καταγέλα.	
ΛА.	έχειροτονήθησαν γάρ.	
ΔΙ.	αἴτιον δὲ τί	
	ύμᾶς μὲν ἀεὶ μισθοφορεῖν άμηγέπη,	
	τωνδὶ δὲ μηδέν'; ἐτεόν, ὧ Μαριλάδη,	
	ήδη πεπρέσβευκας σύ πολιός ὢν ένη;	610
	ανένευσε καίτοι γ' έστι σώφρων κάργάτης.	010
	τί δαὶ Δράκυλλος κΕὐφορίδης ἢ Πρινίδης;	
	είδεν τις ύμῶν τἀκβάταν' ἢ τοὺς Χαόνας;	
	οὔ φασιν. ἀλλ' ὁ Κοισύρας καὶ Λάμαχος,	
	οξο ήπ' εράνου τε καὶ νοεών πρώην ποτέ.	615

^a Silly, empty-headed fellows; "gowks."

^b The personal allusions in these names are obscure.

The name is a mere pun on Γέλα.

⁴ One of the Chorus; so too with the names in 612. e ξνη: the Scholiasts did not understand this, but one renders it "long ago"; no one has explained it satisfactorily.

THE ACHARNIANS, 594-615

A beggar am I, Lamachus? DI.

What else? LAM.

An honest townsman, not an office-seekrian, DI. Since war began, an active-scrvice-seekrian, But you're, since war began, a full-payseekrian.

The people chose me-LAM.

Aye, three cuckoo-birds.a DI.

That's what I loathe; that's why I made my treaty,

When grey-haired veterans in the ranks I saw, And boys like you, paltry malingering boys, Off, some to Thrace—their daily pay three drachmas-

Phaenippuses, Hipparchidreprobatians, b And some with Chares, to Chaonia some, Geretotheodores, Diomirogues, and some To Camarina, Gela, and Grineela.c

The people chose them— LAM.

And how comes it, pray, DI. That you are always in receipt of pay, And these are NEVER? Come, Marilades.d You are old and grey e; when have you served

as envoy?

NEVER! Yet he's a steady, active man. Well then, Euphorides, Prinides, Dracyllus, Have you Echatana or Chaonia seen? NEVER! But Coesyra's son f and Lamachus, They have; to whom, for debts and calls unpaid,g

' i.e. any young nobleman. Coesyra belonged to the great family of the Alcmaeonidae; cf. C. 800.

 In Dem. 821. 14 ἐράνους λέλοιπε (" he has left his subscription unpaid") is used to describe a rascal; and see L. & S. s.v.

ωσπερ απόνιπτρον εκχέοντες έσπέρας, άπαντες εξίστω παρήνουν οι φίλοι. ΔΑ. ὧ δημοκρατία, ταῦτα δῆτ' ἀνασχετά;
 ΔΙ. οὐ δῆτ', ἐὰν μὴ μισθοφορῆ γε Λάμαχος.
 ΔΑ. ἀλλ' οὖν ἐγὼ μὲν πᾶσι Πελοποννησίοις 620 άεὶ πολεμήσω, καὶ ταράξω πανταχῆ, καὶ ναυσὶ καὶ πεζοῖσι, κατὰ τὸ καρτερόν. ΔΙ. έγω δε κηρύττω γε Πελοποννησίοις άπασι καὶ Μεγαρεῦσι καὶ Βοιωτίοις πωλείν ἀγοράζειν πρὸς ἐμέ, Λαμάχω δὲ μή. 625 χο. άνὴρ νικᾳ τοῖσι λόγοισιν, καὶ τὸν δῆμον μεταπείθει περὶ τῶν σπονδῶν. ἀλλ' ἀποδύντες τοῖς άναπαίστοις ἐπίωμεν. Έξ οὖ γε χοροῖσιν ἐφέστηκεν τρυγικοῖς δ διδάσκαλος ήμων, οὔπω παρέβη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον λέξων ώς δεξιός έστιν. διαβαλλόμενος δ' ύπὸ τῶν ἐχθρῶν ἐν 'Αθη-ναίοις ταχυβούλοις, ώς κωμωδεί την πόλιν ήμων καὶ τὸν δημον καθυβρίζει, άποκρίνεσθαι δείται νυνὶ πρὸς 'Αθηναίους μεταβούλους. φησίν δ' είναι πολλῶν ἀγαθῶν ἄξιος ὑμῖν **ὁ** ποιητής,

απατᾶσθαι.

παύσας ύμας ξενικοίσι λόγοις μη λίαν έξ-

^a The leader of the Chorus speaks as though the poet in person had "come forth" $(\pi \alpha \rho \ell \beta \eta)$ to deliver the Parabasis, 60

THE ACHARNIANS, 616-634

Their friends but now, like people throwing out

Their slops at eve, were crying "Stand away!"

LAM. O me! Democracy! can this be borne?

DI. No, not if Lamachus receive no pay.

LAM. But I with all the Peloponnesian folk
Will always fight, and vex them everyway,
By land, by sea, with all my might and main.
[Exit

DI. And I to all the Peloponnesian folk,
Megarians and Boeotians, give full leave

To trade with me; but not to Lamachus.

CHOR. The man has the best of the wordy debate, and the hearts of the people is winning

To his plea for the truce. Now doff we our robes, our own anapaestics beginning.

Since first to exhibit his plays he began, our chorus-instructor has never

Come forth a to confess in this public address how tactful he is and how clever.

But now that he knows he is slandered by foes before Athens so quick to assent,

Pretending he jeers our City and sneers at the people with evil intent,

He is ready and fain his cause to maintain

before Athens so quick to repent.

Let honour and praise be the guerdon, he says, of the poet whose satire has stayed you

From believing the orators' novel conceits

wherewith they cajoled and betrayed you; which is the first that has come down to us "a Parabasis complete in all its seven parts"; see note on W. 1009.

61

μηδ' ἥδεσθαι θωπευομένους μηδ' είναι χαυνοπολίτας. πρότερον δ' ὑμᾶς ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων οἱ πρέσβεις ἐξ-

πρώτον μεν ιοστεφάνους εκάλουν κάπειδη τοῦτό τίς

. απατῶντες

 $\epsilon \H{\pi}o\iota$

εὐθὺς διὰ τοὺς στεφάνους ἐπ' ἄκρων τῶν πυγιδίων
<i>ἐκάθησθε</i> .
εὶ δέ τις ὑμᾶς ὑποθωπεύσας λιπαρὰς καλέσειεν
Αυηνάς,
εὕρετο πᾶν ἃν διὰ τὰς λιπαράς, ἀφύων τιμὴν περι- άψας.
$\acute{a}\psi as$. 640
ταθτα ποιήσας πολλών ἀγαθών αἴτιος ὑμιν γε-
καὶ τοὺς δήμους ἐν ταῖς πόλεσιν δείξας, ὡς δημο-
Kpaioviat.
τοιγάρτοι νῦν ἐκ τῶν πόλεων τὸν φόρον ὑμῖν ἀπ-
ayories
ηξουσιν, ίδεῖν ἐπιθυμοῦντες τὸν ποιητὴν τὸν ἄρι-
0700,
οστις παρεκινδύνευσ' εἰπεῖν ἐν 'Αθηναίοις τὰ δί-
ουτω δ' αὐτοῦ περὶ τῆς τόλμης ἤδη πόρρω κλέος
ηκει,
ότε καὶ βασιλεύς, Λακεδαιμονίων τὴν πρεσβείαν
ρασανιζών,
ηρώτησεν πρῶτα μὲν αὐτοὺς πότεροι ταῖς ναυσὶ κρα-
$\tau o \nu o \iota \nu^{z}$
είτα δὲ τοῦτον τὸν ποιητὴν ποτέρους εἴποι κακὰ
norma
τούτους γὰρ ἔφη τοὺς ἀνθρώπους πολὺ βελτίους γε- γενῆσθαι 650
$\gamma \epsilon u \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta a \iota$ 650
62

THE ACHARNIANS, 635-650

Who bids you despise adulation and lies

nor be citizens Vacant and Vain.

For before, when an embassy came from the states

intriguing your favour to gain,

And ealled you the town of the violet crown,a

so grand and exalted ye grew,

That at once on your tiptails erect ye would sit,

those crowns were so pleasant to you.

And then, if they added the shiny, they got

whatever they asked for their praises,

Though apter, I ween, for an oily sardine

than for you and your City the phrase is.

By this he's a true benefactor to you,

and by showing with humour dramatic

The way that our wise democratic allies

are ruled by our State democratic.

And therefore their people will come oversea,

their tribute to bring to the City,

Consumed with desire to behold and admire

the poet so fearless and witty,

Who dared in the presence of Athens to speak

the thing that is rightful and true.

And truly the fame of his prowess, by this,

has been bruited the universe through,

When the Sovereign of Persia, desiring to test

what the end of our warfare will be,

Inquired of the Spartan ambassadors, first,

which nation is queen of the sea,

And next, which the wonderful Poet has got,

as its stern and unsparing adviser;

For those who are lashed by his satire, he said,

must surely be better and wiser,

The famous epithet applied to Athens by Pindar (Frag. 76), αἴ τε λιπαραὶ καὶ ἰοστέφανοι καὶ ἀοίδιμοι Ἑλλάδος ἔρεισμα, κλειναὶ 'Αθῶναι.

κάν τῷ πολέμῳ πολύ νικήσειν, τοῦτον ξύμβουλον ἔχοντας.

διὰ ταῦθ' ὑμᾶς Λακεδαιμόνιοι τὴν εἰρήνην προ-

καλοῦνται,

καὶ τὴν Αἴγιναν ἀπαιτοῦσιν καὶ τῆς νήσου μὲν έκείνης

οὐ φροντίζουσ', ἀλλ' ἵνα τοῦτον τὸν ποιητὴν ἀφ-

έλωνται.

ἀλλ' ύμεῖς τοι μή ποτ' ἀφῆθ'· ὡς κωμῳδήσει τὰ

φησὶν δ' ὑμᾶς πολλὰ διδάξειν ἀγάθ', ὥστ' εὐδαί- $\mu o \nu a s \in \hat{l} \nu a \iota$

οὐ θωπεύων, οὔθ' ὑποτείνων μισθούς, οὐδ' έξαπατύλλων,

οὐδὲ πανουργῶν, οὐδὲ κατάρδων, ἀλλὰ τὰ βέλτιστα διδάσκων.

> πρὸς ταῦτα Κλέων καὶ παλαμάσθω καὶ πῶν ἐπ' ἐμοὶ τεκταινέσθω. τὸ γὰρ εὖ μετ' ἐμοῦ καὶ τὸ δίκαιον ξύμμαχον ἔσται, κοὖ μή ποθ' ἁλῶ περί την πόλιν ῶν ὥσπερ ἐκεῖνος δειλός καὶ λακαταπύνων.

660

δεῦρο Μοῦσ' ἐλθὲ φλεγυρά, πυρὸς ἔχουσα μένος, ἔντονος, 'Αχαρνική.

οίον έξ ἀνθράκων πρινίνων φέψαλος ἀνήλατ', έρεθιζόμενος οὐρία ριπίδι, ήνίκ αν επανθρακίδες ωσι παρακείμεναι, 670

^a Aegina had become tributary to Athens about 455 B.C.; its autonomy was demanded by Sparta at the outset of the 64

THE ACHARNIANS, 651-670

And they'll in the war be the stronger by far, enjoying his eounsel and skill.

And therefore the Spartans approach you to-day with proffers of Peace and Goodwill,

Just asking indeed that Aegina a ye cede;

and nought do they care for the isle,

But you of the Poet who serves you so well

they fain would despoil and beguile. But be *you* on your guard nor surrender the bard;

for his Art shall be righteous and true. Rare blessings and great will he work for the State,

Rare blessings and great will he work for the State, rare happiness shower upon you;

Not fawning, or bribing, or striving to cheat with an empty unprincipled jest;

Not seeking your favour to curry or nurse, but teaching the things that are best.

> AND THEREFORE I say to the people to-day, Let Cleon the worst of his villainies try,

His anger I fear not, his threats I defy!
For Honour and Right beside me will fight,
And never shall I

In ought that relates to the city be found Such a craven as he, such a profligate hound.

O Muse, fiery-flashing, with temper of flame, energetic, Acharnian, come to my gaze, Like the wild spark that leaps from the evergreen oak, when its red-glowing charcoal is fanned to a blaze, And the small fish are lying all in order for the frying;

war, 431 B.C., but the Athenians at once expelled all the inhabitants and colonized it (Thuc. ii. 27). Aristophanes may have been of Aeginetan origin; see Rogers' Introd p. ix.

οί δὲ Θασίαν ἀνακυκῶσι λιπαράμπυκα, οί δὲ βάπτωσιν, οὕτω σοβαρὸν ἐλθὲ μέλος εὔτονον ἀγροικότονον,

675

ώς έμε λαβοῦσα τὸν δημότην.

οἱ γέροντες οἱ παλαιοὶ μεμφόμεσθα τῆ πόλει.
οὐ γὰρ ἀξίως ἐκείνων ὧν ἐναυμαχήσαμεν
γηροβοσκούμεσθ' ὑφ' ὑμῶν, ἀλλὰ δεινὰ πάσχομεν.
οἵτινες γέροντας ἄνδρας ἐμβαλόντες ἐς γραφὰς
ὑπὸ νεανίσκων ἐᾶτε καταγελᾶσθαι ῥητόρων, 680
οὐδὲν ὄντας, ἀλλὰ κωφοὺς καὶ παρεξηυλημένους,
οἷς Ποσειδῶν ἀσφάλειός ἐστιν ἡ βακτηρία·
τονθορύζοντες δὲ γήρα τῷ λίθῳ προσέσταμεν,
οὐχ ὁρῶντες οὐδὲν εἰ μὴ τῆς δίκης τὴν ἡλύγην.
ὁ δὲ νεανίας, ἐαυτῷ σπουδάσας ξυνηγορεῖν, 685
ἐς τάχος παίει ξυνάπτων στρογγύλοις τοῖς ῥήμασι·
κἆτ' ἀνελκύσας ἐρωτᾶ, σκανδάληθρ' ἱστὰς ἐπῶν,

^a Θασία, sc. ἄλμη, is a sort of pickle, and perhaps the Pindaric epithet $\lambda \iota \pi \alpha \rho \dot{\alpha} \mu \pi \nu \kappa a$ (" with shining frontlet") refers to the gleam of the fish as they are dipped in it.

άνδρα Τιθωνόν σπαράττων καὶ ταράττων καὶ κυκῶν.

· i.e. the fog in which it had become enveloped.

b The Scholiast explains as $=\tau\hat{\varphi}$ $\beta\hat{\eta}\mu\alpha\tau\iota$ (cf. P. 690), "the orator's stand"; but Rogers thinks there "would be in every dicastery a sort of stone altar on which the witnesses and others took their oaths."

THE ACHARNIANS, 671-688

And some are mixing Thasian, a richly dight, shiny-bright,

And some dip the small fish therein;

Come, fiery-flashing Maid, to thy fellow-burgher's aid,

With exactly such a song, so glowing and so strong,
To our old rustic melodies akin.

WE the veterans blame the City.

Is it meet and right that we,

Who of old, in manhood's vigour,

fought your battles on the sea,

Should in age be left untended,

yea exposed to shame and ill?

Is it right to let the youngsters

air their pert forensic skill,

Grappling us with writs and warrants,

holding up our age to scorn?

We who now have lost our music,

feeble nothings, dull, forlorn,

We whose only "Safe Poseidon"

is the staff we lean upon,

There we stand, decayed and muttering,

hard beside the Court-house Stone,^b

Nought discerning all around us

save the darkness of our case.º

Comes the youngster, who has compassed

for himself the accuser's place,

Slings his tight and nipping phrases,

tackling us with legal scraps,

Pulls us up and cross-examines,

setting little verbal traps,

Rends and rattles old Tithonus

till the man is dazed and blind:

ό δ' ὑπὸ γήρως μασταρύζει, κἆτ' ὀφλὼν ἀπέρχεται· εἶτα λύζει καὶ δακρύει, καὶ λέγει πρὸς τοὺς φίλους, 690 οῦ μ' ἐχρῆν σορὸν πρίασθαι, τοῦτ' ὀφλὼν ἀπέρχομαι.

ταῦτα πῶς εἰκότα, γέροντ' ἀπολέσαι, πολιὸν ἄνδρα, περὶ κλεψύδραν,

πολλὰ δὴ ξυμπονήσαντα, καὶ θερμὸν ἀπομορξάμενον ἀνδρικὸν ἱδρῶτα δὴ καὶ πολύν,

ἄνδρ' ἀγαθὸν ὄντα Μαραθῶνι περὶ τὴν πόλιν; εἶτα Μαραθῶνι μὲν ὅτ' ἢμεν, ἐδιώκομεν

νῦν δ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν πονηρῶν σφόδρα διωκόμεθα, κἆτα προσαλισκόμεθα.

πρὸς τάδε τί ἀντερεῖ Μαρψίας;

τῷ γὰρ εἰκὸς ἄνδρα κυφόν, ἡλίκον Θουκυδίδην ἐξολέσθαι συμπλακέντα τῆ Σκυθῶν ἐρημίᾳ, τῷδε τῷ Κηφισοδήμῳ, τῷ λάλῳ ξυνηγόρῳ; 705 ὥστ' ἐγὰ μὲν ἠλέησα κἀπεμορξάμην ἰδὰν ἄνδρα πρεσβύτην ὑπ' ἀνδρὸς τοξότου κυκώμενον, ὅς μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐκεῖνος ἡνίκ' ἦν Θουκυδίδης,

a Here in the sense of "prosecutors."

68

THE ACHARNIANS, 689-708

Till with toothless gums he mumbles,

then departs condemned and fined;

Sobbing, weeping, as he passes,

to his friends he murmurs low,

All I've saved to buy a coffin

now to pay the fine must go.

How can it be seemly a grey-headed man by the Water-clock's stream to decoy and to slay,

Who of old, young and bold, laboured hard for the State, who would wipe off his sweat and return to the fray?

At Marathon arrayed, to the battle-shock we ran, And our mettle we displayed, foot to foot, man to man,

And our name and our fame shall not die.

Aye in youth we were Pursuers on the Marathonian plain,

But in age Pursuers a vex us, and our best defence is vain.

To this what can Marpsias b reply?

OH, THUCYDIDES c to witness,

bowed with age, in sore distress,

Feebly struggling in the clutches

of that Scythian wilderness

Fluent glib Cephisodemus,—

Oh the sorrowful display!

I myself was moved with pity,

yea and wiped a tear away,

Grieved at heart the gallant veteran

by an archer mauled to view;

Him who, were he, by Demeter,

that Thucydides we knew,

οὐδ' ἂν αὐτὴν τὴν 'Αχαίαν ράδίως ἠνέσχετο, άλλα καπεπάλαισε μένν, αν ποώπου Ενάθλους

arma harenanaise per y ar nparor Houstons
$\delta \epsilon \kappa \alpha$, 710
κατεβόησε δ' ἃν κεκραγὼς τοξότας τρισ-
χιλίους,
περιετόξευσεν δ' αν αὐτοῦ τοῦ πατρὸς τοὺς
ξυγγενείς.
άλλ' ἐπειδὴ τοὺς γέροντας οὐκ ἐᾶθ' ὕπνου
$ au v \chi \epsilon \hat{\iota} v$,
ψηφίσασθε χωρὶς εἶναι τὰς γραφάς, ὅπως ἂν ἦ
- τῷ γέροντι μὲν γέρων καὶ νωδὸς ὁ ξυνήγορος, 71ξ
τοῖς νέοισι δ' εὐρύπρωκτος καὶ λάλος χώ
Κλεινίου.
κάξελαύνειν χρὴ τὸ λοιπόν, κᾶν φύγῃ τις,
ζημιοῦν
τὸν γέροντα τῷ γέροντι, τὸν νέον δὲ τῷ νέῳ.

ΔΙ. ὅροι μὲν ἀγορᾶς εἰσιν οίδε τῆς ἐμῆς. ένταθθ' άγοράζειν πᾶσι Πελοποννησίοις 720 έξεστι καὶ Μεγαρεῦσι καὶ Βοιωτίοις έφ' ὧτε πωλεῖν πρὸς ἐμέ, Λαμάχω δὲ μή. άγορανόμους δὲ τῆς άγορᾶς καθίσταμαι τρείς τους λαχόντας τούσδ' ιμάντας έκ $\Lambda \epsilon \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$. 725

ένταθθα μήτε συκοφάντης είσίτω

a i.e. Demeter. Plutarch and Hesychius derive the title Aχαία from ἄχη, sorrows, but though this is doubtful, "it may perhaps explain the epithet given in the translation": R. Evathlus was a pugnacious orator whose name suggests that he was "a good fighter."

Alcibiades. In this new scene what was the Pnyx somehow becomes the market-place of Dicaeopolis.

THE ACHARNIANS, 709-725

Would have stood no airs or nonsense

from the Goddess Travel-sore, a

Would have thrown, the mighty wrestler,

ten Evathluses b or more,

Shouted down three thousand arehers

with his accents of command,

Shot his own aeeuser's kinsmen

in their Seythian fatherland.

Nay, but if ye will not leave us

to our hardly earned repose,

Sort the writs, divide the actions,

separating these from those;

Who assails the old and toothless

should be old and toothless too;

For a youngster, wantons, gabblers,

Cleinias' son o the trick may do.

So for future fines and exiles,

fair and square the balance hold,

Let the youngster sue the youngster,

and the old man sue the old.

DI. These are the boundaries of my marketplace; ^d
And here may all the Peloponnesian folk,
Megarians and Bocotians, freely trade
Selling to me, but Lamaehus may not.
And these three thongs, of Leprous make, I

set
As market-clerks, elected by the lot.
Within these bounds may no informer come,

^e Officers who kept order in the market; cf. 824, 968. The allusion in $\epsilon \kappa \Lambda \epsilon \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$ is obscure. Some read $\lambda \epsilon \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$ (sc. $\beta \omega \hat{\omega} \nu$) and quote the Scholiast $\tau \hat{\alpha} \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \lambda \epsilon \pi \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$ $\delta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu \delta \epsilon \rho \omega \alpha \tau \hat{\omega} \nu \rho \hat{\omega}$.

μήτ' ἄλλος ὅστις Φασιανός ἐστ' ἀνήρ. ἐγὰ δὲ τὴν στήλην καθ' ἣν ἐσπεισάμην μέτειμ', ἵνα στήσω φανερὰν ἐν τἀγορῷ.

ΜΕΓΑΡΕΥΣ. ἀγορὰ 'ν 'Αθάναις χαῖρε, Μεγαρεῦσιν φίλα. έπόθουν τυ ναὶ τὸν Φίλιον ἔπερ ματέρα. ἀλλ', ὧ πονηρὰ κώριχ' ἀθλίου πατρός, 730ἄμβατε ποττὰν μάδδαν, αἴ χ' εὕρητέ πα. άκούετε δή, ποτέχετ' εμιν τὰν γαστέρα. πότερα πεπρασθαι χρήδδετ', η πεινην κακώς; κορΑ. πεπρᾶσθαι πεπρᾶσθαι. 735ΜΕ. ἐγώνγα καὐτός φαμι. τίς δ' οὕτως ἄνους δς ύμέ κα πρίαιτο, φανεράν ζαμίαν; άλλ' ἔστι γάρ μοι Μεγαρικά τις μαχανά. χοίρους γὰρ ὑμὲ σκευάσας φασῶ φέρειν. περίθεσθε τάσδε τὰς όπλὰς τῶν χοιρίων. 740 όπως δε δοξεῖτ' ήμεν εξ ἀγαθας ύός· ώς ναὶ τὸν Ερμαν, αἴπερ ίξεῖτ' οἴκαδις ἄπρατα, πειρασεῖσθε τᾶς λιμῶ κακῶς. άλλ' ἀμφίθεσθε καὶ ταδὶ τὰ ρυγχία, κήπειτεν ές τὸν σάκκον ὧδ' ἐσβαίνετε. 745 όπως δὲ γρυλιξεῖτε καὶ κοΐξετε χήσεῖτε φωνάν χοιρίων μυστηρικών. έγων δε καρυξώ Δικαιόπολιν όπα. Δικαιόπολι, ή λῆς πρίασθαι χοιρία; ΔΙ. τί ἀνὴρ Μεγαρικός:

^a Lit. "from the river Phasis" in Colchis, but here the word is taken as derived from ϕ dσις="an information," $cf. \phi$ aν $\hat{\omega}$ 827.

b Treaties were regularly inscribed on $\sigma \tau \hat{\eta} \lambda \alpha i$.

Exit Dicaeopolis and a half-starved Megarian enters, followed by two little girls whom he bids "mount" (cf. αμβατε) the stage from the side-scenes.

THE ACHARNIANS, 726-750

Or any other syeo-Phasian ^a man. But I'll go fetch the Treaty-Pillar ^b here, And set it up in some conspicuous place.^c

MEGARIAN. Guid day, Athanian market, Megara's luve!

By Frien'ly Zeus, I've miss't ye like my mither. But ye, puir bairnies o' a waefu' father, Speel up, ye'll aiblins fin' a barley-bannock. Now listen, bairns; atten' wi' a' yere—paineh; ^a

Whilk wad ye liefer, to be sellt or elemmed?

GIRLS. Liefer be sellt! Liefer be sellt!

An' sae say I mysel'! But wha sae doited
As to gie aught for you, a sicker skaith?
Aweel, I ken a pawkie Megara-trick,^e
I'se busk ye up, an' say I'm bringin' piggies.
Here, slip these wee bit clooties on yere nieves,
An' shaw yeresells a decent grumphie's weans.
For gin' I tak' ye hame unsellt, by Hairmes
Ye'll thole the warst extremities o' elemmin'.
Ne'est, pit thir lang pig-snowties owre yere
nebs.

An' stech yere bodies in this sackie. Sae. An' min' ye grunt an' grane an' g-r-r awa', An' mak' the skirls o' little Mystery piggies. Mysel' will ea' for Dieaeopolis.

Hae! Dicaeopolis!

Are ye for buyin' onie pigs the day?

DI. How now, Megarian?

d τον νοῦν was expected for τὴν γάστερα.

• The Megarians claimed to be the inventors of Comedy; cf. W. 57.

f Sucking-pigs sacrificed to Demeter before initiation;

73

cf. P. 374, 375.

ME.	άγοράσοντες ἵκομες.	750
ΔI .	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S}$ $\check{\epsilon}\chi\epsilon\tau\epsilon$;	
ME.	διαπεινᾶμες ἀεὶ ποττὸ πῦρ.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ήδύ τοι νη τον Δί', ην αὐλος παρη.	
	τί δ' ἄλλο πράττεθ' οἱ Μεγαρεῖς νῦν;	
ME.	o $\hat{t}a$ $\delta \hat{\eta}$.	
	ὄκα μὲν ἐγὼ τηνῶθεν ἐμπορευόμαν,	
	ἄνδρες πρόβουλοι τοῦτ' ἔπρασσον τῷ πόλει,	755
	όπως τάχιστα καὶ κάκιστ' ἀπολοίμεθα.	
ΔΙ.	αὐτίκ' ἄρ' ἀπαλλάξεσθε πραγμάτων.	
ME.	σά μάν;	
ΔI .	τί δ' ἄλλο Μεγαροῖ; πῶς ὁ σῖτος ὤνιος;	
ME.	παρ' άμὲ πολυτίματος ἇπερ τοὶ θεοί.	
ΔΙ.	άλας οὖν φέρεις;	
ME.	ούχ ύμὲς αὐτῶν ἄρχετε;	760
ΔΙ.	οὐδὲ σκόροδα;	
ME.	ποῖα σκόροδ'; ὑμὲς τῶν ἀεί,	
	ὄκκ' ἐσβάλητε, τὼς ἀρωραῖοι μύες,	
	πάσσακι τὰς ἄγλιθας ἐξορύσσετε.	
Δ1.	τί δαὶ φέρεις;	
ME.	χοίρους ἐγώνγα μυστικάς.	
ΔI .	καλῶς λέγεις ἐπίδειξον.	
ME.	άλλὰ μὰν καλαί.	765
	ἄντεινον, αὶ λῆς· ὡς παχεῖα καὶ καλά.	
ΔΙ.	τουτὶ τί ἦν το πρᾶγμα;	
ME.	χοῖρος ναὶ Δία.	
ΔI .	τί λέγεις σύ; ποδαπὴ χοιρος ήδε;	

^a Lit. "We have starving-bouts by the fire." But Dic. is supposed to hear $\delta\iota a\pi i\nu o\mu\nu\nu$, "have drinking-bouts." "In the translation the Megarian uses 'greeting' in the Scotch sense of weeping; the Λthenian understands it in the sense of exchanging greetings": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 750-768

MEG.

Come to niffer, guidman. How fare ye all? DI. A' greetin' by the fire. MEG. And very jolly too if there's a piper. DI. What do your people do besides? Sae sae. MEG. For when I cam' frae Megara toun the morn, Our Lairds o' Council were in gran' debate How we might quickliest perish, but an' ben. So ve'll lose all your troubles. DI. MEG. What for no? What else at Megara? What's the price of DT. wheat? Och! high eneugh: high as the Gudes, an' MEG. higher.b Got any salt? DI. Ye're maisters o' our saut. MEG. Or garlie? DI. Garlic, quotha! when yeresells, MEG. Makin' yere raids like onie swarm o' mice, Howkit up a' the rooties wi' a stak'. What have you got then? DI. Mystery piggies, I. MEG. That's good; let's see them. DI. Hae! They're bonnie piggies. MEG. Lift it, an't please you; 'tis sae sleek an' bonnie. What on earth's this? DI. A piggie that, by Zeus. MEG. A pig! What sort of pig? DI. b πολυτίματος=(1) "much-honoured," cf. 807; or (2)" high-

priced."

^c Their salt-works were at Nisaea; but the Athenians in 427 Btc. had seized Minoa, the island or promontory which commands it (Thuc. iii. 51).

ME.	Μεγαρικά.	
	η οὐ χοῖρός ἐσθ' ἄδ';	
ΔI .	οὐκ ἔμοιγε φαίνεται.	
ME.	οὐ δεινά; θᾶσθε τοῦδε τὰς ἀπιστίας:	770
	οὔ φατι τάνδε χοῖρον ἦμεν. ἀλλὰ μάν,	770
	αὶ λῆς, περίδου μοι περὶ θυμητιδᾶν άλῶν,	
	αὶ μή στιν οὖτος χοῖρος Ἑλλάνων νόμω.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ἔστιν ἀνθρώπου γε.	
ME.	ναὶ τὸν Διοκλέα,	
	έμά γα. τὺ δέ νιν εἴμεναι τίνος δοκεῖς;	775
	ἢ λῆς ἀκοῦσαι φθεγγομένας;	
ΔΙ.	νη τους θεους	
	έγωγε.	
ME.	φώνει δὴ τὺ ταχέως, χοιρίον.	
	οὐ χρῆσθα; σιγᾶς, ὧ κάκιστ' ἀπολουμένα;	
	πάλιν τυ ἀποισῶ ναὶ τὸν Ἑρμᾶν οἴκαδις.	
KO.	κοΐ, κοΐ.	780
ME.	αὕτα 'στὶ χοῖρος;	
ΔI .	νῦν γε χοῖρος φαίνεται.	
	ἀτὰρ ἐκτραφείς γε κύσθος ἔσται πέντ' ἐτῶν.	
ME.	σάφ' ἴσθὶ, ποττάν ματέρ' εἰκασθήσεται.	
ΔΙ.	ἀλλ' οὐδὲ θύσιμός ἐστιν αὐτηγί.	
ME.	σά μάν;	
	πῷ δ' οὐχὶ θύσιμός ἐστι;	
ΔΙ.	κέρκον οὐκ ἔχει.	785
ME.	νέα γάρ ἐστιν· ἀλλὰ δελφακουμένα	.00
	έξει μεγάλαν τε καὶ παχείαν κὴρυθράν.	
	-5 part in a control propert	

<sup>a "The next twenty-six lines are largely occupied with a play on the double meaning of χοῦρος, (1) a pig, and (2) τὸ γυναικεῖον αἰδοῖον, doubtless portrayed on the σάκκος": R.
b i.e. flavoured with thyme.</sup>

THE ACHARNIANS, 768-787

MEG. A Megara piggie. What! no a piggie that? a It doesn't seem so. DI. 'Tis awfu'! Och the disbelievin' carle! MEG. Uphaudin' she's na piggie! Will ve wad. My eantie frien', a pinch o' thymy b saut She's no a piggie in the Hellanian use ?? A human being's-DI. Weel, by Diocles. MEG. She's mine; wha's piggie did ye think she was? Mon? wad ye hear them skirlin'? DI. By the Powers, I would indeed. Now piggies, skirl awa'. MEG. Ye winna? winna skirl, ye graceless hizzies? By Hairmes then I'se tak' ye hame again. Wee! wee! wee! GIRLS. This no a piggie? MEG. Faith, it seems so now. DI. But 'twont remain so for five years I'm thinking. Trowth, tak' my word for't, she'll be like her MEG. mither. But she's no good for offerings. DI. What for no? MEG. What for nae guid for offerins? DI. She's no tail.d Aweel, the puir wee thing, she's owre young MEG. vet. But when she's auld, she'll have a gawcie tail.

i.e. in the Hellenic tongue.
 Therefore not "without blemish" and so unfit for sacrifice.

άλλ' αἰ τράφεν λῆς, ἄδε τοι χοῖρος καλά. Δι. ὡς ξυγγενης ὁ κύσθος αὐτης θατέρα. ΜΕ. ὁμοματρία γάρ ἐστι κηκ τωὐτῶ πατρός. αἰ δ' ἂν παχυνθῆ κἀναχνοιανθῆ τριχί, κάλλιστος ἔσται χοῖρος 'Αφροδίτα θύειν	790
Δ1. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ χοῖρος τἀφροδίτη θύεται.	•
Με. οὐ χοῖρος ᾿Αφροδίτᾳ; μόνᾳ γα δαιμόνα	อบ.
καὶ γίγνεταί γα τᾶνδε τᾶν χοίρων τὸ κρ ἄδιστον ἂν τὸν ὀδελὸν ἀμπεπαρμένον.	οής 795
ΔΙ. ήδη δ' ἄνευ τῆς μητρὸς ἐσθίοιεν ἄν;	
ΜΕ. ναὶ τὸν Ποτειδᾶ, κἂν ἄνευ γα τῶ πατρο	óς.
Δ1. τί δ' ἐσθίει μάλιστα;	
me. πάνθ' ἄ κα διδή	ῦς .
αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη.	
αὐτὸς δ' ἐρώτη. Δι. χοῖρε χοῖρε.	
	800
Δι. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους;	
Δι. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ	
ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας;	
ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ,	
Δ1. τρώγοις ἃν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν;	
ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ,	
Δ1. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; κο. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε.	•
Δ1. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; κο. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; κο. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ. Δ1. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων	805
ΔΙ. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ ΔΙ. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ. ΔΙ. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἆρα τρώξονται; βαβ	
Δ1. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἀρα τρώξονται; βαβ οἶον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὢ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλει ποδαπὰ τὰ χοιρί'; ὡς Τραγασαῖα φαίνο	805 βαί, ις. εται.
Δ1. τρώγοις ἂν ἐρεβίνθους; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαί; Φιβάλεως ἰσχάδας; ΚΟ. Α. κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. τί δαὶ σύ; τρώγοις ἄν; ΚΟ. Β. κοΐ, κοΐ Δ1. ώς ὀξὺ πρὸς τὰς ἰσχάδας κεκράγατε. ἐνεγκάτω τις ἔνδοθεν τῶν ἰσχάδων τοῖς χοιριδίοισιν. ἆρα τρώξονται; βαβ οῖον ῥοθιάζουσ', ὧ πολυτίμηθ' Ἡράκλει	

b Τραγασαΐα with a play on τραγεΐν, to eat; Tragassae was

78

^a Phibalis was a low-lying district of Megara bordering on Attica.

THE ACHARNIANS, 788-810

But wad ye rear them, here's a bonnie piggie!
Why she's the staring image of the other.
They're o' ane father an' ane mither, baith.
But bide a wee, an' when she's fat an' curlie

But bide a wee, an' when she's fat an' curlic She'll be an offerin' gran' for Aphrodite.

pi. A pig's no sacrifiee for Aphrodite.

What, no for Her! Mon, for hirsel' the lane.
Why there's nae flesh sae tastie as the flesh
O' thae sma piggies, roastit on a spit.

DI. But can they feed without their mother yet?

MEG. Poteidan, yes! withouten father too.

DI. What will they eat most freely?

MEG. Aught ye gie them. But spier yoursel'.

ы. Hey, piggy, piggy!

FIRST GIRL. Wee!

Do you like pease, you piggy?

FIRST GIRL. Wee, wee, wee! or. What, and Phibalean a figs as well?

or. What, and Phibalean wings as well f

FIRST GIRL. Wee, wee! DI. What, and you other piggy?

SECOND GIRL. Wee, wee, wee!

DI. Eh, but ye're squealing bravely for the figs.
Bring out some figs here, one of you within,
For these small piggies. Will they eat them?
Yah!

Worshipful Heracles! how they are gobbling

Whence come the pigs? They seem to me Aetallian.^b

Meg. Na, na; they haena eaten a' thae figs. See here; here's ane I piekit up mysel'.

a small town near Troy, "'Eat-all-ians' in the translation is intended to recall *Aetolians*": R.

ΜΕ. τὸ μὲν ἄτερον τούτων, σκορόδων τροπαλλίδος,
 τὸ δ' ἄτερον, αἰ λῆς, χοίνικος μόνας άλῶν.
 ΔΙ. ἀνήσομαί σοι περίμεν αὐτοῦ.

ΔΙ. νη τὸν Δί' ἀστείω γε τὼ βοσκήματε. πόσου πρίωμαί σοι τὰ χοιρίδια; λέγε.

	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ME.	ταῦτα δή.	815
	Έρμᾶ μπολαῖε, τὰν γυναῖκα τὰν ἐμὰν	
	ούτω μ' ἀποδόσθαι τάν τ' ἐμαυτῶ ματέρα.	
ΣΥΚ	ΟΦΑΝΤΗΣ. ὧνθρωπε, ποδαπός;	
ME.	χοιροπώλας Μεγαρικός.	
ΣΥ.	τὰ χοιρίδια τοίνυν ἐγὼ φανῶ ταδὶ	
	πολέμια καὶ σέ.	
ME.	τοῦτ' ἐκεῖν', ἵκει πάλιν	820
	όθενπερ ἀρχὰ τῶν κακῶν ἁμῖν ἔφυ.	020
ΣΥ.	κλάων Μεγαριείς. οὐκ ἀφήσεις τὸν σάκον;	
ME.		
	ύπο τοῦ; τίς ὁ φαίνων σ' ἐστίν; 'Αγορανόμοι,	
	τους συκοφάντας οὐ θύραζ' εξείρξετε;	825
	τιὴ μαθών φαίνεις ἄνευ θρυαλλίδος;	040
ΣΥ.	οὐ γὰρ φανῶ τοὺς πολεμίους;	
ΔΙ.	κλάων γε σύ,	
41.		
NAT'	εὶ μὴ ἐτέρωσε συκοφαντήσεις τρέχων.	
ME.	οξον τὸ κακὸν ἐν ταῖς 'Αθάναις τοῦτ' ἔνι.	000
ΔΙ.	θάρρει, Μεγαρίκ' άλλ' ής τὰ χοιρίδι' ἀπέδου	830
	τιμης, λαβέ ταυτὶ τὰ σκόροδα καὶ τοὺς ἄλας,	
	καὶ χαῖρε πόλλ'.	
ME.	άλλ' άμὶν οὐκ ἐπιχώριον.	
ΔI.	πολυπραγμοσύνη νυν ές κεφαλήν τρέποιτ'	
	έμοί.	
ME.	/ I	
	παίειν ἐφ' άλὶ τὰν μᾶδδαν, αἴ κά τις διδῷ.	835

THE ACHARNIANS, 811-835

Upon my word, they are jolly little beasts. DI. What shall I give you for the pair? let's hear.

Gie me for anc a tie o' garlic, will ye, MEG. An' for the tither half a peck o' saut.

I'll buy them: stay you here awhile. DI.

MEG. Aye, aye. Traffickin' Hairmes, wad that I could swap Baith wife an' mither on sic terms as thae.

INFORMER. Man! who are you?

Ane Megara piggie-seller. MEG.

Then I'll denounce your goods and you yourself INF. As enemies!

Hech, here it comes again, MEG. The vera primal source of a' our wae.

You'll Megarize to your cost. Let go the sack. INF.

Dicaeopolis! Dicaeopolis! Here's a chiel MEG. Denouncin' me.

(Re-entering) Where is he? Market-clerks, DI. Why don't you keep these sycophants away? What! show him up without a lantern-wick? a

Not show our enemies up? INF.

You had better not. DI. Get out, and do your showing other-where.

The pest thae birkies are in Athans toun! MEG.

Well never mind, Megarian, take the things. DI. Garlic and salt, for which you sold the pigs. Fare well!

That's na our way in Megara toun.^b MEG. Then on my head the officious wish return! DI.

O piggies, try withouten father now MEG.

To eat wi' saut vere bannock, an' ye git ane.

^a There is a play on the double meaning of $\phi \alpha l \nu \omega$, (1) "give light," (2) "lay an information." b *i.e.* we always "fare ill."

xo.	εὐδαιμονεῖ γ' ἄνθρωπος. οὐκ ἤκουσας οἶ προ-	
	βαίνει τὸ πρᾶγμα τοῦ βουλεύματος; καρπώσεται	
	γὰρ ἁνὴρ	
	έν τάγορᾶ καθήμενος· κὰν εἰσίῃ τις Κτησίας,	
	ἢ συκοφάντης ἄλλος, οἰ- μώζων καθεδεῖται·	840
	οὐδ' ἄλλος ἀνθρώπων ὑποψωνῶν σε πημανεῖ τι	
	οὐδ' ἐξομόρξεται Πρέπις τὴν εὐρυπρωκτίαν σοι, οὐδ' ἀστιεῖ Κλεωνύμω:	
		845
	δικῶν ἀναπλήσει·	
	οὐδ' ἐντυχὼν ἐν τἀγορᾳ πρόσεισί σοι βαδίζων	
	Κρατίνος ἀποκεκαρμένος μοιχὸν μιᾳ μαχαίρα, ὁ περιπόνηρος ᾿Αρτέμων,	850
	ό ταχὺς ἄγαν τὴν μουσικήν, ὄζων κακὸν τῶν μασχαλῶν	
	πατρὸς Τραγασαίου·	
	οὐδ' αὖθις αὖ σε σκώψεται Παύσων δ	
	παμπόνηρος, Λυσίστρατός τ' ἐν τἀγορᾶ, Χολαργέων ὅνειδος,	855
a _K (1	εταπυνών : Schol. b See Index.	

* καταπυγών: Schol, * See Index. * Not the great Cr., but some young dandy, whose hair was "trimmed adulterer-wise" with a razor (μά μ. as opposed to "double-bladed scissors); see R. But L. & S. (s.v. μοιχός) explain κείρεσθαι μοίχον μ. μ. as a punishment for adultery.

d Artemon was an engineer employed by Pericles in sieges. Being lame, he had to be carried to the works in a litter, and so was nicknamed δ $\pi\epsilon\rho\mu\phi\delta\rho\eta\tau\sigma$ s, which $\pi\epsilon\rho\mu\pi\delta\nu\eta\rho\sigma$ s recalls. But the phrase $\Pi\epsilon\rho\mu\phi\delta\rho\eta\tau\sigma$ s 'Αρτέμων was also a proverbial saying derived from an earlier Artemon, satirized by Anacreon

THE ACHARNIANS, 836-855

A happy lot the man has got:

his scheme devised with wondrous art

Proceeds and prospers as you see;

and now he'll sit in his private Mart

The fruit of his bold design to reap. And O if a Ctesias come this way, Or other informers vex us, they Will soon for their trespass weep.

No sneak shall grieve you buying first the fish you wanted to possess,

No Prepis a on your dainty robes

wipe off his utter loathsomeness. You'll no Cleonymus jostle there; But all unsoiled through the Mart you'll go, And no Hyperbolus b work you woe With writs enough and to spare.

Never within these bounds shall walk the little fop we all despise,

The young Cratinus c neatly shorn

with single razor wanton-wise,

That Artemon-engineer of ill,^d

Whose father sprang from an old he-goat, And father and son, as ye all may note,

Are rank with its fragrance still.

No Pauson, seurvy knave, shall here insult you in the market-place, No vile Lysistratus, to all

Cholargian folk a dire disgrace,

as a rascal (πόνηρος) who, having become wealthy, was noted for his luxury and never moved except on a litter; see Plut. Pericles, ch. 27.

For Τραγασαίου see 808; here the name is only introduced

to suggest τράγος " a he-goat."

' A starveling painter and caricaturist.

ό περιαλουργός τοῖς κακοῖς, ριγῶν τε καὶ πεινῶν ἀεὶ πλεῖν ἢ τριάκονθ' ἡμέρας τοῦ μηνὸς ἑκάστου.

ΒΟΙΩΤΟΣ. ἴττω Ἡρακλῆς, ἔκαμόν γατὰν τύλαν κακῶς. 860 κατάθου τὰ τὰν γλάχων ἀτρέμας, Ἰσμήνιχε ὑμὲς δ', ὅσοι Θείβαθεν αὐληταὶ πάρα, τοῖς ὀστίνοις φυσεῖτε τὸν πρωκτὸν κυνός.

Δι. παῦ' ἐς κόρακας. οἱ σφῆκές οὐκ ἀπὸ τῶν θυρῶν:

πόθεν προσέπτανθ' οι κακῶς ἀπολούμενοι ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν μοι Χαιριδεις βομβαύλιοι;

865

Βοι. νεὶ τὸν Ἰολαον, ἐπιχαρίττως γ', ὧ ξένε
Θείβαθε γὰρ φυσᾶντες ἐξόπισθέ μου
τἄνθεια τᾶς γλάχωνος ἀπέκιξαν χαμαί.
ἀλλ' εἴ τι βούλει, πρίασο, τῶν ἐγὼ φέρω,
870
τῶν ὀρταλίχων, ἢ τῶν τετραπτερυλλίδων.

Δι. ὧ χαῖρε, κολλικοφάγε Βοιωτίδιον. τί φέρεις;

ΒΟΙ. ὄσ' ἐστὶν ἀγαθὰ Βοιωτοῖς άπλῶς,
 ὀρίγανον, γλαχώ, ψιάθως, θρυαλλίδας,
 νάσσας, κολοιώς, ἀτταγᾶς, φαλαρίδας,
 875
 τροχίλως, κολύμβως.

Δ1. ώσπερεὶ χειμών ἄρα ὀρνιθίας εἰς τὴν ἀγορὰν ἐλήλυθας.

^a ὀστίνοις, sc. αὐλοῖς, the pipes being made of bone. Many suppose τὸν π . κυνός to describe the tune they are to strike up, but R. thinks that they play a sort of bagpipes made of dog-skin, so that π . κυνός may be taken literally.

^b See Index, s.v. Chaeris.

^{*} ὀρταλίχων = ἀλεκτρυόνων in the Boeotian dialect: Schol.

THE ACHARNIANS, 856-877

That deep-dyed sinner, that low buffoon, Who always shivers and hungers sore Full thirty days, or it may be more, In every course of the moon.

BOEOTIAN. Hech sirs, my shouther's sair, wat Heracles!

Ismeny lad, pit doon thae pennyroyal

Wi' tentie care. Pipers wha cam' frae

Thaibes

Blaw oop the auld tyke's hurdies wi' the banes.^a

DI. Hang you! shut up! Off from my doors, you wasps!

Whence flew these curst Chaeridian b bumble-

drones

Here, to my door? Get to the ravens! Hence!

BOE. An' recht ye are, by Iolaus, stranger.

They've blawn behint me a' the wa' frae Thaibes,

An' danged the blossom aff my pennyroyal. But buy, an't please you, onie thing I've got, Some o' thae cleckin's or thae four-winged gear.

DI. O welcome, dear Boeotian muffin-eater,

What have you there?

Mats, dittany, pennyroyal, lantern-wicks,
An' dooks, an' kaes, an' francolins, an' coots,
Plivers an' divers.

DI. Eh? Why then, methinks, You've brought fowl weather to my market-place.

d τετραπτερυλλίδων is a surprise for τετραπόδων.

BOI.	καὶ μὰν φέρω χᾶνας, λαγώς, ἀλώπεκας,	
	σκάλοπας, ἐχίνως, αἰελούρως, πικτίδας,	
•	2 10 2 10 2 17 10	880
ΔI.	ῶ τερπνότατον σὺ τέμαχος ἀνθρώποις φέρων,	
	δός μοι προσειπεῖν, εἰ φέρεις, τὰς ἐγχέλεις.	
BOI.	πρέσβειρα πεντήκοντα Κωπάδων κορᾶν,	
	ἔκβαθι τῶδε, κἦπιχάριτται τῷ ξένῳ.	
ΔΙ.	ῶ φιλτάτη σὺ καὶ πάλαι ποθουμένη,	88
	ήλθες ποθεινή μὲν τρυγωδικοῖς χοροῖς,	
	φίλη δε Μορύχω. δμῶες, εξενέγκατε	
	τὴν ἐσχάραν μοι δεῦρο καὶ τὴν ριπίδα.	
	σκέψασθε, παίδες, την ἀρίστην ἔγχελυν,	
	ηκουσαν έκτω μόλις έτει ποθουμένην	890
	προσείπατ' αὐτήν, ὧ τέκν' ἄνθρακας δ' έγὼ	
	ύμιν παρέξω τησδε της ξένης χάριν.	
	άλλ' ἔκφερ' αὐτήν· μηδὲ γὰρ θανών ποτε	
	σοῦ χωρὶς εἴην ἐντετευτλανωμένης.	
BOI.	<i>ἐμοὶ δὲ τιμὰ τᾶσδε πᾶ γενήσεται</i> ;	89
ΔΙ.	άγορας τέλος ταύτην γέ που δώσεις έμοί·	
	άλλ' εἴ τι πωλεῖς τῶνδε τῶν ἄλλων, λέγε.	
BOI.	ιώγα ταῦτα πάντα.	
ΔΙ.	φέρε, πόσου λέγεις;	
	η φορτί' ἔτερ' ἐντεῦθεν ἐκεῖσ' ἄξεις;	
BOI.	$i\grave{\omega}$	
	ὄ τι γ' ἔστ' ἐν 'Αθάναις, ἐν Βοιωτοῖσιν δὲ μή.	900

^a A parody of Aesch. Fr. 174 δέσποινα πεντήκοντα Νηρήδων

κορῶν.

b " He is thinking of the ἐπωίκια, the triumphal banquet to which the Chorus would presently be invited by the Choregus ": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 878-900

BOE.

Ave, an' I'm bringin' maukins, geese, an' tods. Easels an' weasels, urchins, moles, an' eats, An' otters too, an' eels frae Loch Copaïs. O man, to men their daintiest morsel bringing, DI. Let me salute the eels, if eels you bring. Primest o' Loch Copaïs' fifty dochters a BOE. Come oot o' that; an' mak' the stranger welcome. O loved, and lost, and longed for, thou art DI. come, A presence grateful to the Comic choirs,^b And dear to Morychus. Bring me out at once. O kitchen-knaves, the brasier and the fan. Behold, my lads, this best of all the eels, Six years a truant, d searce returning now. O children, welcome her; to you I'll give A chargoal fire for this sweet stranger's sake. Out with her! Never may I lose again, Not even in death, my darling dressed in beet.e Whaur sall I get the siller for the feesh? BOE. This you shall give me as a market-toll. DI. But tell me, are these other things for sale? Ave are they, a' that goods. BOE. And at what price? DI. Or would you swap for something else? I'se swap BOE. For gear we haena, but ye Attics hae.

^c A famous epicure; cf. W. 506, P. 1008.

a i.e. since the beginning of the war. A parody of the conclusion of Admetus's address to his wife who is giving her life for his, Eur. Alc. 367 μηδέ γὰρ θανών ποτε | σοῦ χωρὶς είην, τῆς μόνης πιστῆς έμοί.

ΔΙ.	ἀφύας ἄρ' ἄξεις πριάμενος Φαληρικάς	
	η κέραμον.	
BOI.	ἀφύας ἢ κέραμον; ἀλλ' ἔντ' ἐκεῖ·	
	άλλ' ὅ τι παρ' άμιν μή 'στι, τᾶδε δ' αὖ πολύ.	
ΔΙ.		
	ώσπερ κέραμον ενδησάμενος.	
BOI.	νεὶ τὼ Σιώ,	905
	λάβοιμι μέντἂν κέρδος ἀγαγὼν καὶ πολύ,	
	ξπερ πίθακον ἀλιτρίας πολλᾶς πλέων.	
ΔΙ.	καὶ μὴν όδὶ Νίκαρχος ἔρχεται φανῶν.	
BOI.	μικκός γα μᾶκος οὖτος.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ' ἄπαν κακόν.	
NIK	ΑΡΧΟΣ. ταυτὶ τίνος τὰ φορτί' ἐστί;	
BOI.	$ au \hat{\omega} \delta^{'}$ $\epsilon \mu \hat{a}$	910
	Θείβαθεν, ἴττω Δεύς.	•••
NI.	έγω τοίνυν όδὶ	
	φαίνω πολέμια ταῦτα.	
BOI.	τί δαὶ κακὸν παθών	
	όρναπετίοισι πόλεμον ήρω καὶ μάχαν;	
NI.	καὶ σέ γε φανῶ πρὸς τοῖσδε.	
воі.	τί ἀδικειμένος;	
NI.	έγω φράσω σοι των περιεστώτων χάριν.	915
	έκ τῶν πολεμίων γ' εἰσάγεις θρυαλλίδας.	
ΔΙ.	ἔπειτα φαίνεις δητα διὰ θρυαλλίδος;	
	αύτη γὰρ ἐμπρήσειεν ἂν τὸ νεώριον.	
	νεώριον θρυαλλίς; οἴμοι, τίνι τρόπω;	
	ένθεις αν ές τίφην ανήρ Βοιώτιος	920
	άψας αν είσπεμψειεν ες το νεώριον	

 $^{^{}a}$ Lit. "anchovies"; the Phaleric ones were noted, $\emph{cf.}$ B. 76.

THE ACHARNIANS, 901-921

Well then, what say you to Phaleric sprats,^a DI. Or earthenware? Sprats! ware! we've thae at hame. BOE. Gie us some gear we lack, an' ye've a rowth o'. I'll tell you what; pack an informer up, DI. Like ware for exportation. Mon! that's guid. BOE. By the Twa Gudes, b an' unco gain I'se mak'. Takin' a monkey fu' o' plaguy tricks. And here's Nicarchus coming to denounce DI. you! He's sma' in bouk. BOE. But every inch is bad. DI. NICARCHUS. Whose is this merchandise? 'Tis a' mine here. BOE. Frae Thaibes, wat Zeus, I bure it. Then I here NIC. Denounce it all as enemies! Hout awa! BOE. Do ye mak' war an' enmity wi' the burdies? Them and you too. NIC. What hae I dune ye wrang? BOE. That will I say for the bystanders' sake.^d NIC. A lantern-wick you are bringing from the foe. Show him up, would you, for a lantern-wick? DI. Aye, for that lantern-wick will fire the docks. NIC. A lantern-wick the docks! O dear, and how? DI. If a Boeotian stuck it in a beetle, NIC. And sent it, lighted, down a watercourse &

^b The two gods (τὼ θεώ) of a Boeotian are Zethus and Amphion. ^c Some unknown sycophant. ^d τῶν περ. χάριν: apparently a favourite phrase with the orators.

" A water-channel by which the superfluous water was carried down from the city into the sea at the Peiraeus ": R.

δι' ὑδρορρόας, βορέαν ἐπιτηρήσας μέγαν. κεἴπερ λάβοιτο τῶν νεῶν τὸ πῦρ ἄπαξ, σελαγοῖντ' ἂν αἴφνης.

ΔΙ. ، ἀ κάκιστ' ἀπολούμενε, σελαγοῖντ' ἂν ὑπὸ τίφης τε καὶ θρυαλλίδος; 925

ΝΙ. μαρτύρομαι.

Δ1. ΄ ξυλλάμβαν' αὐτοῦ τὸ στόμα· δός μοι φορυτόν, ἵν' αὐτὸν ἐνδήσας φέρω, ὥσπερ κέραμον, ἵνα μὴ καταγῆ φορούμενος.

χο. ἔνδησον, ὧ βέλτιστε, τῷ [στρ. ξένῳ καλῶς τὴν ἐμπολὴν 930 οὕτως ὅπως ἄν μὴ φέρων κατάξη.

Δ1. ἐμοὶ μελήσει ταῦτ', ἐπεί
 τοι καὶ ψοφεῖ λάλον τι καὶ
 πυρορραγὲς
 κἄλλως θεοῖσιν ἐχθρόν.

Χο. τί χρήσεταί ποτ' αὐτῷ;Δι. πάγχρηστον ἄγγος ἔσται,

935

κρατήρ κακῶν, τριπτήρ δικῶν, φαίνειν ὑπευθύνους λυχνοῦχος, καὶ κύλιξ τὰ πράγματ' ἐγκυκᾶσθαι.

χο. πῶς δ' ἂν πεποιθοίη τις ἀγ- [ἀντ. 940 γείω τοιούτω χρώμενος

^a Dic. lays hands on Nicarchus who calls the world to witness the assault.

b $\delta_{i\kappa}\hat{\omega}\nu$, unexpectedly for $\epsilon\lambda\alpha\hat{\omega}\nu$. $\tau\rho_i\pi\tau\dot{\eta}\rho$ is the vat into which the oil pressed from olives ran: the Informer squeezes "oil" from lawsuits.

THE ACHARNIANS, 922-941

Straight to the docks, watching when Boreas blew

His stiffest breeze, then if the ships caught fire,

They'd blaze up in an instant.

DI. Blaze, you rascal! What, with a beetle and a lantern-wick?

NIC. Bear witness! a

DI. Stop his mouth, and bring me litter.
I'll pack him up, like earthenware, for carriage,
So they mayn't crack him on their journey
home.

CHOR. Tie up, O best of men, with care
The honest stranger's piece of ware,
For fear they break it,
As homeward on their backs they take it.

DI. To that, be sure, I'll have regard;
Indeed it creaks as though 'twere charred,
By cracks molested,
And altogether God-detested.

CHOR. How shall he deal with it?

For every use 'tis fit,

A cup of ills, a lawsuit ^b can, For audits an informing pan, ^c A poisoned chalice Full filled with every kind of malice

CHOR. But who can safely use, I pray,
A thing like this from day to day

 $^{\circ}$ Lit. "a lampstand to show up (cf. 826 n.) those who had to give in their accounts."

κατ' οἰκίαν τοσόνδ' ἀεὶ ψοφοῦντι;

ἰσχυρόν ἐστιν, ὧγάθ', ὧστ' ΔI . οὐκ ἂν καταγείη ποτ', εἴπερ έκ ποδών κατωκάρα κρέμαιτο.

945

ήδη καλώς έχει σοι. XO. μέλλω γέ τοι θερίδδειν. BOL.

άλλ', ὧ ξένων βέλτιστε, συν-XO. θέριζε, καὶ πρόσβαλλ' ὅπου βούλει φέρων πρός πάντα συκοφάντην.

950

ΔΙ. μόλις γ' ἐνέδησα τὸν κακῶς ἀπολούμενον. αἴρου λαβὼν τὸν κέραμον, ὧ Βοιώτιε. Βοι. ὑπόκυπτε τὰν τύλαν ἰών, Ἰσμήνιχε.

ΔΙ. χώπως κατοίσεις αὐτὸν εὐλαβούμενος. πάντως μὲν οἴσεις οὐδὲν ὑγιές, ἀλλ' ὅμως• καν τοῦτο κερδάνης άγων τὸ φορτίον, εὐδαιμονήσεις συκοφαντῶν γ' οὕνεκα.

955

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ. Δικαιόπολι.

τίς ἔστι; τί με βωστρεῖς; ΔI .

OEP. ἐκέλευε Λάμαχός σε ταύτης τῆς δραχμῆς 960

είς τοὺς Χόας αὐτῷ μεταδοῦναι τῶν κιχλῶν, τριῶν δραχμῶν δ' ἐκέλευε Κωπᾶδ' ἔγχελυν.

^a He had been warned off the markets, 722.

^b The second day of the Anthesteria, which R. would 92

THE ACHARNIANS, 942-962

In household matters, A thing that always creaks and clatters?

He's strong, my worthy friend, and tough:
 He will not break for usage rough,
 Not though you shove him
 Head foremost down, his heels above him.

CHOR. (To Boeotian) You've got a lovely pack. BOE. A bonnie hairst I'se mak'.

CHOR. Aye, best of friends, your harvest make,
And whereso'er it please you take
This artful, knowing
And best equipped informer going.

Twas a tough business, but I've packed the seamp.Lift up and take your piece of ware, Bocotian.

Gae, pit your shouther underneath, Ismeny.

DI. And pray be careful as you take him home. You've got a rotten bale of goods, but still! And if you make a harvest out of him, You'll be in luck's way, as regards informers.

SERVANT. Dicaeopolis!

BOE.

DI. Well? why are you shouting? SERV. Why?

Lamachus a bids you, towards the Pitcherfeast,^b
Give him some thrushes for this drachma here

Give him some thrushes for this drachma here, And for three drachmas one Copaïc eel.

identify with the Lenaea, at which this play was presented. Those who attended the feast seem to have brought their own provisions.

93

Δ1. ὁ ποῖος οὖτος Λάμαχος τὴν ἔγχελυν; ΘΕΡ. ὁ δεινός, ὁ ταλαύρινος, ὃς τὴν Γοργόνα πάλλει, κραδαίνων τρεῖς κατασκίους λόφους. 965

Δ1. οὐκ ἂν μὰ Δί', εἰ δοίη γέ μοι τὴν ἀσπίδα· ἀλλ' ἐπὶ ταρίχει τοὺς λόφους κραδαινέτω· ἢν δ' ἀπολιγαίνη, τοὺς ἀγορανόμους καλῶ. ἐγὰ δ' ἐμαυτῷ τόδε λαβὰν τὸ φορτίον εἴσειμ' ὑπαὶ πτερύγων κιχλᾶν καὶ κοψίχων. 970

κίδες ὦ, είδες, ὧ
 πᾶσα πόλι, τὸν φρόνιμον ἄνδρα, τὸν ὑπέρσοφον,
 οἱ ἔχει σπεισάμενος ἐμπορικὰ χρήματα διεμπολᾶν,

ῶν τὰ μὲν ἐν οἰκία χρήσιμα, τὰ δ' αὖ πρέπει χλιαρὰ κατεσθίειν.

αὐτόματα πάντ' ἀγαθὰ τῷδέ γε πορίζεται.

οὐδέποτ' ἐγὼ Πόλεμον οἴκαδ' ὑποδέξομαι, οὐδὲ παρ' ἐμοί ποτε τὸν 'Αρμόδιον ἄσεται ξυγκατακλινείς, ὅτι παροίνιος ἀνὴρ ἔφυ, 980 ὅστις ἐπὶ πάντ' ἀγάθ' ἔχοντας ἐπικωμάσας, εἰργάσατο πάντα κακὰ κἀνέτρεπε κάξέχει, κὰμάχετο, καὶ προσέτι πολλὰ προκαλουμένου,

975

^d For this drinking-song cf. 1093 n.

A soldier's fare, cf. 1101.

<sup>b i.e. the thongs described 724.
"Between the marketing scenes and the banqueting scenes A, interposes an idyllic description of War and Peace": R.</sup>

THE ACHARNIANS, 963-983

DI. Who is this Lamachus that wants the eel ₹ serv. The dread, the tough, the terrible, who wields The Gorgon targe, and shakes three shadowy plumes.

DI. An eel for HIM? Not though his targe he gave me!

Let him go shake his plumes at his salt fish.^a If he demur, I'll call the Market elerks.^b Now for myself I'll earry all these things Indoors, to the tune o' merles an' mavises wings.

CHOR. Have ye seen him, all ye people,

seen the man of matchless art, Seen him, by his private treaty,

traffic gain from every mart,

Goods from every neighbour;

Some required for household uses;

some 'twere pleasant warm to eat;

All the wealth of all the cities

lavished here before his feet, Free from toil and labour.

War I'll never welcome in

to share my hospitality,

Never shall the fellow sing

Harmodius d in my eompany,

Always in his eups he acts

so rudely and offensively.

Tipsily he burst upon

our happy quiet family,

Breaking this, upsetting that,

and brawling most pugnaciously.

Yea when we entreated him

with hospitable courtesy,

95

πίνε, κατάκεισο, λαβέ τήνδε φιλοτησίαν, τὰς χάρακας ἦπτε πολύ μᾶλλον ἔτι τῷ πυρί, έξέχει θ' ήμων βία τον οίνον έκ των άμπέλων.

985

ſάντ. είδες ώς έπτέρωταί τ' ἐπὶ τὸ δεῖπνον ἄμα καὶ μεγάλα δή φρονεῖ τοῦ βίου δ' ἐξέβαλε δεῖγμα τάδε τὰ πτερὰ πρὸ τῶν θυρών.

> ῶ Κύπριδι τῆ καλῆ καὶ Χάρισι ταῖς φίλαις ξύντροφε Διαλλαγή.

ώς καλὸν ἔχουσα τὸ πρόσωπον ἄρ' ἐλάνθανες.

990

πως αν εμε και σε τις "Ερως ξυναγάγοι λαβών, ωσπερ δ γεγραμμένος, έχων στέφανον ανθέμων; η πάνυ γερόντιον ἴσως νενόμικάς με σύ; άλλά σε λαβών τρία δοκῶ γ' ἂν ἔτι προσβαλεῖν. πρώτα μεν αν αμπελίδος ὄρχον ελάσαι μακρόν, είτα παρά τόνδε νέα μοσχίδια συκίδων, καὶ τὸ τρίτον ἡμερίδος ὄρχον, ὁ γέρων ὁδί, καὶ περὶ τὸ χωρίον ἐλάδας ἄπαν ἐν κύκλω,

a The κύλιξ φιλοτησία (cf. L. 203) was exactly our "lovingcup."

i.e. vine-props. Though he is old he thinks that, if she marries him, he can "still throw into the bargain three things" which he then describes.

d ήμερις seems to have been grown on lofty trellis-work, and originally on the walls of the dwelling-house; see R. 96

THE ACHARNIANS, 985-998

Sit you down, and drink a cup,

a Cup of Love and Harmony,a

All the more he burnt the poles b

we wanted for our husbandry,

Aye and spilt perforce the liquor

treasured up within our vines.

Proudly he prepares to banquet.

Did ye mark him, all elate,

As a sample of his living

cast these plumes before his gate?

Grand his ostentation!

O of Cypris foster-sister,

and of every heavenly Grace,

Never knew I till this moment

all the glory of thy face,

RECONCILIATION!

O that Love would you and me

unite in endless harmony,

Love as he is pictured with

the wreath of roses smilingly.

Maybe you regard me as

a fragment of antiquity:

Ah, but if I get you, dear,

I'll show my triple husbandry.c

First a row of vinelets will I

plant prolonged and orderly,

Next the little fig-tree shoots

beside them, growing lustily,

Thirdly the domestic vine; a

although I am so elderly.

Round them all shall olives grow,

to form a pleasant boundary.

ώστ' ἀλείφεσθαί σ' ἀπ' αὐτῶν κὰμὲ ταῖς νουμηνίαις.

κΗΡ. ἀκούετε λεώ· κατὰ τὰ πάτρια τοὺς χόας 1000 πίνειν ύπὸ τῆς σάλπιγγος ος δ' αν έκπίη πρώτιστος, ἀσκὸν Κτησιφῶντος λήψεται. ΔΙ. ὧ παίδες, ὧ γυναίκες, οὐκ ἡκούσατε; τί δρατε; τοῦ κήρυκος οὐκ ἀκούετε; αναβράττετ', έξοπτατε, τρέπετ', αφέλκετε 1005 τὰ λαγῶα ταχέως, τοὺς στεφάνους ἀνείρετε. φέρε τους όβελίσκους, ίν' αναπείρω τας κί- $\chi \lambda as.$ ζηλώ σε της εὐβουλίας, XO. μαλλον δέ της εὐωχίας, ἄνθρωπε, της παρούσης. 1010 τί δητ', ἐπειδὰν τὰς κίχλας ὀπτωμένας ἴδητε; οξμαί σε καὶ τοῦτ' εὖ λέγειν. XO. τὸ πῦρ ὑποσκάλευε. ΔΙ. ήκουσας ώς μαγειρικώς xo. 1015 κομψώς τε καὶ δειπνητικώς αύτῷ διακονεῖται; ΓΕΩΡ**Γ**ΟΣ, οἴμοι τάλας. ῶ Ἡράκλεις, τίς οὐτοσί; ΔΙ.

^a Enter Crier, while the eccyclema exposes to view the interior of D.'s house.

κατά σεαυτόν νυν τρέπου.

b i.e. not an ordinary ἀσκὸς οἴνον, but a huge one made out of the skin of Ctesiphon who was παχὺς καὶ προγάστωρ: Schol.

άνηρ κακοδαίμων.

^e "The unwonted savour of the roasting and stewing meat has quite subdued the hearts of the old Λcharnians": R.

98

ΔΙ.

THE ACHARNIANS, 999-1019

Thence will you and I anoint us, darling, when the New Moon shines.

CRIER.a O yes! O yes!

Come, drain your pitchers to the trumpet's sound,

In our old fashion. Whose drains *his* first, Shall have, for prize, a skin of—Ctesiphon.^b

DI. Lads! Lassies! heard ye not the words he said?

What are ye at? Do ye not hear the Crier? Quick! stew and roast, and turn the roasting flesh.

Unspit the haremeat, weave the coronals, Bring the spits here, and I'll impale the thrushes.

снов. I envy much your happy plan,^c
I envy more, you lucky man,
The joys you're now possessing.

DI. What, when around the spits you see the thrushes roasting gloriously?

CHOR. And that's a saying I admire.

Boy, poke me up the charcoal fire.

CHOR. O listen with what eookly art

And gracious care, so trim and smart,

His own repast he's dressing.

DI. O Heracles, who's there?

FAR. An ill-starred man.

DI. Then keep it to yourself.

^d Enter Dercetes an Athenian farmer. His farm was at Phyle just on the Attic side of a pass between Boeotia and Attica.

99

ΓE.	ὦ φίλτατε, σπονδαὶ γάρ εἰσι σοὶ μόνω,	1020
	μέτρησον εἰρήνης τί μοι, κἂν πέντ' ἔτη.	
ΔI .	$\tau i \delta$ $\epsilon \pi a \theta \epsilon s$;	
ΓE.	<i>έπετρίβην ἀπολέσας τὼ βόε</i> .	
ΔI .	$\pi \delta \theta \epsilon \nu$;	
re.	ἀπὸ Φυλῆς ἔλαβον οἱ Βοιώτιοι.	
ΔI .	ῶ τρισκακόδαιμον, εἶτα λευκὸν ἀμπέχει;	
ΓE.	καὶ ταῦτα μέντοι νὴ Δί' ὥπερ μ' ἐτρεφέτην	1025
	έν πᾶσι βολίτοις.	
ΔI .	εἶτα ιυνὶ τοῦ δέει;	
ΓE.	ἀπόλωλα τώφθαλμὼ δακρύων τὼ βόε.	
	άλλ' εἴ τι κήδει Δερκέτου Φυλασίου,	
	ύπάλειψον εἰρήνη με τώφθαλμὼ ταχύ.	
ΔΙ.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρ', οὐ δημοσιεύων τυγχάνω.	1030
ΓE.	ἴθ' ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἤν πως κομίσωμαι τὼ βόε.	
ΔΙ.	οὐκ ἔστιν, ἀλλὰ κλᾶε πρὸς τοῦ Πιττάλου.	
ΓE.	σὺ δ' ἀλλά μοι σταλαγμὸν εἰρήνης ἕνα	
	είς τὸν καλαμίσκον ἐνστάλαξον τουτονί.	
ΔI .	οὐδ' ἂν στριβιλικίγξ· ἀλλ' ἀπιὼν οἴμωζέ ποι.	1035
ΓE.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων τοῖν γεωργοῖν βοιδίοιν.	
W.O.	άνὴρ ἐνεύρηκέν τι ταῖς	
xo.	σπονδαΐσιν ήδύ, κούκ ἔοι-	
	κεν οὐδενὶ μεταδώσειν.	
ΔΙ.	κατάχει σὺ τῆς χορδῆς τὸ μέλι· τὰς σηπίας στάθευε·	1041
***		1041
	ήκουσας ὀρθιασμάτων; ἐπτᾶτε τὰννέλεια.	
AI.	οπτατε ταννελεία.	

Probably one of the state doctors.

a έν πᾶσι βολίτοις (lit. in the midst of every kind of cow dung) is substituted for the expected εν πᾶσιν ἀγαθοῖς.

^b For δημοσιεύειν thus used cf. Plato, Gorg. 514 D.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1020-1043

Peace.

FAR.

CHOR.

DI.

O—for you only hold the truces, dear—

Measure me out though but five years of

What ails you? DI. Ruined! Lost my oxen twain. FAR. Where from ? DI. From Phyle. The Boeotians stole them. FAR. And yet you are clad in white, you ill-starred DI. loon! They twain maintained me in the very lap FAR. Of affluent muckery.a Well, what want you now? DI. FAR. Lost my two eyes, weeping my oxen twain. Come, if you eare for Dercetes of Phyle, Rub some Peace-ointment, do, on my two eyes. Why, bless the fool, I'm not a public surgeon.^b DI. Do now; I'll maybe find my oxen twain. FAR. No, go and weep at Pittalus's c door. DI. Do, just one single drop. Just drop me here FAR. Into this quill one little drop of Peace. No, not one twitterlet; take your tears else-DI. where. Alas! Alas! my darling yoke of oxen. FAR. He loves the Treaty's pleasant taste; CHOR. He will not be, methinks, in haste To let another share it. Pour on the tripe the honey, you! DI. And you, the cuttle richly stew!

How trumpet-like his orders sound.

Be sure the bits of eel are browned.

Χο. ἀποκτενεῖς λιμῷ με καὶ
 τοὺς γείτονας κνίση τε καὶ
 φωνῆ τοιαῦτα λάσκων.

1045

1050

1060

1065

ΔΙ. ὀπτᾶτε ταυτὶ καὶ καλῶς ξανθίζετε. ΠΑΡΑΝΥΜΦΟΣ. Δικαιόπολι.

ΔΙ. τίς ούτοσί; τίς ούτοσί;

ΠΑ. ἔπεμψέ τίς σοι νυμφίος ταυτὶ κρέα ἐκ τῶν γάμων.

ΔΙ. καλῶς γε ποιῶν, ὅστις ἦν.

ΠΑ. ἐκέλευε δ' ἐγχέαι σε, τῶν κρεῶν χάριν, ἴνα μὴ στρατεύοιτ', ἀλλὰ βινοίη μένων, ἐς τὸν ἀλάβαστον κύαθον εἰρήνης ἕνα.

Δ1. ἀπόφερ' ἀπόφερε τὰ κρέα καὶ μή μοι δίδου, ώς οὐκ ἂν ἐγχέαιμι μυρίων δραχμῶν. 1055 ἀλλ' αὐτηὶ τίς ἐστίν;

πΑ. ἡ νυμφεύτρια
 δεῖται παρὰ τῆς νύμφης τί σοι λέξαι μόνω.

ΔΙ. φέρε δή, τί σὺ λέγεις; ὡς γελοιον, ὡ θεοί, τὸ δέημα τῆς νύμφης, ὁ δεῖταί μου σφόδρα, ὅπως ἂν οἰκουρῆ τὸ πέος τοῦ νυμφίου. φέρε δεῦρο τὰς σπονδάς, ἵν' αὐτῆ δῶ μόνη. ὁτιὴ γυνή 'στι τοῦ πολέμου τ' οὐκ ἀξία. ὕπεχ' ὧδε δεῦρο τοὐξάλειπτρον, ὡ γύναι. οῖσθ' ὡς ποιεῖτε τοῦτο; τῆ νύμφη φράσον, ὅταν στρατιώτας καταλέγωσι, τουτωὶ νύκτωρ ἀλειφέτω τὸ πέος τοῦ νυμφίου. ἀπόφερε τὰς σπονδάς. φέρε τὴν οἰνήρυσιν, ἵν' οἶνον ἐγχέω λαβὼν ἐς τοὺς χόας.

^a παράνυμφος or πάροχος.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1044-1068

CHOR. The words you speak, your savoury rites, Keep sharpening so our appetites That we can hardly bear it.

DI. Now roast these other things and brown them nicely.

GROOMSMAN.^a O Ďicaeopolis!

Who's there? who's there?

GR. A bridegroom sends you from his weddingbanquet

These bits of meat.

DI. Well done, whoe'er he is.

GR. And in return he bids you pour him out, To keep him safely with his bride at home, Into this ointment-pot one dram of Peace.

DI. Take, take your meat away; I can't abide it. Not for ten thousand drachmas would I give him

One drop of Peace. Hey, who comes here?

The bridesmaid

Bringing a private message from the bride.

DI. Well, what have you to say? What wants the bride?

Affects to listen.
O heaven, the laughable request she makes
To keep her bridegroom safely by her side.
I'll do it; bring the truces; she's a woman,
Unfit to bear the burdens of the war.
Now, hold the myrrh-box underneath, my girl.

Know you the way to use it? Tell the bride, When they're enrolling soldiers for the war, To rub the bridegroom every night with this. Now take the truces back, and bring the ladle. I'll fill the winecups for the Pitcher-feast.

χο. καὶ μὴν όδί τις τὰς ὀφρῦς ἀνεσπακώς

ωσπερ τι δεινον άγγελων επείγεται. 1070 κηρ. ἰὼ πόνοι τε καὶ μάχαι καὶ Λάμαχοι. ΛΑ. τίς ἀμφὶ χαλκοφάλαρα δώματα κτυπεῖ; ΚΗΡ. ιέναι σ' έκέλευον οί στρατηγοί τήμερον ταχέως λαβόντα τοὺς λόχους καὶ τοὺς λόφους κάπειτα τηρείν νιφόμενον τὰς εἰσβολάς. 1075 ύπο τους Χόας γαρ και Χύτρους αὐτοῖσί τις ήγγειλε ληστάς έμβαλεῖν Βοιωτίους.

ΛΑ. ὶὼ στρατηγοὶ πλείονες ἢ βελτίονες. οὐ δεινὰ μὴ 'ξεῖναί με μηδ' έορτάσαι;

ΔΙ. ὶὼ στράτευμα πολεμολαμαχαϊκόν.

1080 ΛΑ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, καταγελᾶς ἤδη σύ μου;

ΔΙ. βούλει μάχεσθαι Γηρυόνη τετραπτίλω;

AA. alaî.

οΐαν ὁ κῆρυξ ἀγγελίαν ἤγγειλέ μοι. ΔΙ. αἰαῖ, τίνα δ' αὖ μοι προστρέχει τις ἀγγελῶν;

ΑΓΓΕΛΟΣ. Δικαιόπολι.

τί ἔστιν: ΔΙ.

έπὶ δεῖπνον ταχὺ ACC. βάδιζε, τὴν κίστην λαβών καὶ τὸν χόα. ό τοῦ Διονύσου γάρ σ' ίερεὺς μεταπέμπεται. άλλ' έγκόνει δειπνείν κατακωλύεις πάλαι. τὰ δ' ἄλλα πάντ' ἐστὶν παρεσκευασμένα,

1085

b The vessel in which he earried his provisions; cf. Hom. Od. vi. 76. "Those who invited to a feast," says the

104

^a The meaning is: "Do you wish to fight with such a Geryon as I am, one who would encounter Hercules?" τετραπτίλω is substituted for the expected τρικεφάλω, and Die, must have tricked himself with four plumes to outdothe "three erests" (1109) of Lamachus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1069-1089

chor. But here runs one with eyebrows puckered up.

Methinks he comes a messenger of woe.

CRIER. O toils, and fights, and fighting Lamachuses!

LAM. Who clangs around my bronze-accoutred halls?

CRIER. The generals bid you take your crests and cohorts,

And hurry off this instant; to keep watch Amongst the mountain passes in the snow. For news has come that at this Pitcher-feast Boeotian bandits mean to raid our lands.

Shame that I may not even enjoy the feast.

DI. O expedition battle-Lamachaean!

DI. O dear, what you! Do you insult me too?
What would you fight with Geryon, the four-winged?

LAM. O woe!

O what a message has this Crier brought me!

Oho! what message will this runner bring me?

MESSENGER. Dicaeopolis!

DI. Well?

Mess. Come at once to supper,

And bring your pitcher, and your supperehest.^b

The priest of Baechus sends to fetch you thither.

And do be quick: you keep the supper waiting.

For all things else are ready and prepared,

Scholiast, "furnished garlands, perfumes, sweetmeats, etc., and the guests brought provisions $(\epsilon\psi\eta\mu\alpha\tau\alpha)$."

105

κλίναι, τράπεζαι, προσκεφάλαια, στρώματα, 1090 στέφανοι, μύρον, τραγήμαθ', αι πόρναι πάρα, ἄμυλοι, πλακοῦντες, σησαμοῦντες, ἴτρια, ὀρχηστρίδες, τὰ φίλταθ' 'Αρμοδίου, καλαί. άλλ' ώς τάχιστα σπεῦδε.

κακοδαίμων έγώ. ΛA .

καὶ γὰρ σὰ μεγάλην ἐπεγράφου τὴν Γοργόνα. 1095 ΔΙ. σύγκλειε, καὶ δεῖπνόν τις ένσκευαζέτω.

παῖ παῖ, φέρ' ἔξω δεῦρο τὸν γύλιον ἐμοί. ΛA .

παῖ παῖ, φέρ' ἔξω δεῦρο τὴν κίστην ἐμοί. ΔΙ.

άλας θυμίτας οἶσε, παῖ, καὶ κρόμμυα. ΛА.

έμοὶ δὲ τεμάχη· κρομμύοις γὰρ ἄχθομαι. ΔΙ. 1100

θρίον ταρίχους οἶσε δεῦρο, παῖ, σαπροῦ. κἀμοὶ σὰ δημοῦ θρίον ἐπτήσω δ' ἐκεῖ. ἔνεγκε δεῦρο τὼ πτερὼ τὼ 'κ τοῦ κράνους. ΔΙ.

ΛА.

 ΔI .

έμοὶ δὲ τὰς φάττας γε φέρε καὶ τὰς κίχλας. καλόν γε καὶ λευκὸν τὸ τῆς στρουθοῦ πτερόν. 1105 ΛΑ.

καλόν γε καὶ ξανθὸν τὸ τῆς φάττης κρέας. ΔΙ.

ῶνθρωπε, παῦσαι καταγελῶν μου τῶν ὅπλων. ΛА. ωνθρωπε, βούλει μη βλέπειν είς τὰς κίχλας; ΔΙ.

τὸ λοφεῖον έξένεγκε τῶν τριῶν λόφων. ΛΑ.

κάμοι λεκάνιον των λαγώων δὸς κρεών. ΔΙ.

άλλ' ή τριχόβρωτες τους λόφους μου κατ-ΛА. έφαγον; ἀλλ' ἢ πρὸ δείπνου τὴν μίμαρκυν κατέδομαι;

1115

ῶνθρωπε, βούλει μὴ προσαγορεύειν ἐμέ; οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐγὰ χὰ παῖς ἐρίζομεν πάλαι. βούλει περιδόσθαι, κάπιτρέψαι Λαμάχω,

^a The Scolium began Φίλταθ' Αρμόδι', οδ τί πω τέθνηκας, but Λ ., "reading $\phi i \lambda \tau a \theta$ " as the neuter plural and combining 'Αρμόδι' οὐ into 'Αρμοδίου contrives to hint at the irregularities of this popular favourite": R.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1090-1115

The couches, tables, sofa-cushions, rugs, Wreaths, sweetmeats, myrrh, the harlotry are there.

Whole-meal cakes, cheese-cakes, sesame-, honey-cakes,

And dancing-girls, *Harmodius' dearest* ones.^a So pray make haste.

DI. Aye the great Gorgon 'twas you chose for patron.

Now close the house, and pack the supper up.

Boy, bring me out my soldier's knapsack here.

Boy, bring me out my supper-basket here.

LAM. Boy, bring me onions, with some thymy salt.

DI. For me, fish-fillets: onions I detest.

Boy, bring me here a leaf of rotten fish.

A tit-bit leaf for me; I'll toast it there.

Now bring me here my helmet's double plume.

And bring me here my thrushes and ring-

nd bring me here my thrushes and ring doves.

LAM. How nice and white this ostrich-plume to view.

DI. How nice and brown this pigeon's flesh to eat.

Man, don't keep jeering at my armour so.

DI. Man, don't keep peering at my thrushes so.

LAM. Bring me the casket with the three crests in it.

Bring me the basket with the hare's flesh in it.

LAM. Surely the moths my crest have eaten up.

DI. Sure this hare-soup I'll eat before I sup. Fellow, I'll thank you not to talk to ME.

DI. Nay, but the boy and I, we can't agree.

Come will you b bet, and Lamachus decide,

b He addresses the "boy."

	πότερον άκρίδες ἥδιόν ἐστιν, ἣ κίχλαι;	
ΛA .	οἴμ' ώς ὑβρίζεις.	
ΔI .	τὰς ἀκρίδας κρίνει πολύ.	
ΛA .	παῖ παῖ, καθελών μοι τὸ δόρυ δεῦρ' ἔξω φέρε.	
ΔI .	παι παι, συ δ' ἀφελών δεῦρο τὴν χορδὴν φέρε.	
ΛA .	φέρε, τοῦ δόρατος ἀφελκύσωμαι τοὔλυτρον.	1120
	έχ', ἀντέχου, παῖ.	
ΔI .	καὶ σύ, παῖ, τοῦδ' ἀντέχου.	
ΛА.	τοὺς κιλλίβαντας οἶσε, παῖ, τῆς ἀσπίδος.	
ΔI.	καὶ τῆς ἐμῆς τοὺς κριβανίτας ἔκφερε.	
ΛA .		1125
ΔI.	κάμοὶ πλακοῦντος τυρόνωτον δὸς κύκλον.	
ΛA .	ταῦτ' οὐ κατάγελώς ἐστιν ἀνθρώποις πλατύς;	
Δ1.	ταῦτ' οὐ πλακοῦς δῆτ' ἐστὶν ἀνθρώποις γλυ-	
	κύς;	
ΛA .	κατάχει σύ, παῖ, τοὔλαιον. ἐν τῷ χαλκίῳ	
	ένορῶ γέροντα δειλίας φευξούμενον.	
ΔI .	κατάχει σὺ τὸ μέλι. κάνθάδ' ἔνδηλος γέρων Ι	1130
	κλάειν κελεύων Λάμαχον τον Γοργάσου.	
ΛА.	φέρε δεῦρο, παῖ, θώρακα πολεμιστήριον.	
ΔI.	ἔξαιρε, παῖ, θώρακα κἀμοὶ τὸν χόα.	
ΛA .	έν τῷδε πρὸς τοὺς πολεμίους θωρήξομαι.	
ΔI.	. , 1 - 1 13 1	135
ΛА.	τὰ στρώματ', ὧ παῖ, δησον ἐκ τῆς ἀσπίδος.	
ΔI .	τὸ δεῖπνον, ὧ παῖ, δῆσον ἐκ τῆς κιστίδος.	
ΛA .	έγω δ' έμαυτω τον γύλιον οἴσω λαβών.	
ΔI .	έγω δὲ θοἰμάτιον λαβων ἐξέρχομαι.	
ΛA .	τὴν ἀσπίδ' αἴρου, καὶ βάδιζ', ὧ παῖ, λαβών. Ι	140
	νίφει. βαβαιάξ· χειμέρια τὰ πράγματα.	
a T	o which I when at war will be reduced	

^a To which L. when at war will be reduced. ^b τὸν Γοργάσον, "son of Gorgasus" is merely another reference to his Gorgon shield.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1116-1141

Locusts a or thrushes, which the daintier are? Insolent knave! LAM. (To the boy) Locusts, he says, by far. DI. Boy, boy, take down the spear, and bring it LAM. here. Boy, take the sweetbread off and bring it here. DI. Hold firmly to the spear whilst I pull off LAM. The case. And you, hold firmly to the spit. DI. the framework to support my LAM. Boy, bring shield. Boy, bring the bakemeats to support my DI. frame. Bring here the grim-backed circle of the LAM. shield. And here the cheese-backed circle of the cake. DI. Is not this—mockery, plain for men to see? LAM. Is not this—cheese-cake, sweet for men to eat? DI. Pour on the oil, boy. Gazing on my shield, LAM. I see an old man tried for cowardliness. Pour on the honey. Gazing on my cake, DI. I see an old man mocking Lamachus.b Bring me a casque, to arm the outer man. LAM. Bring me a cask to warm the inner man. DI. With this I'll arm myself against the foe. LAM. With this I'll warm myself against the feast. DI. Boy, lash the blankets up against the shield. LAM. DI. Boy, lash the supper up against the chest. Myself will bear my knapsack for myself. LAM. Myself will wear my wraps, and haste away. DI. Take up the shield, my boy, and bring it on. LAM. Snowing! good lack, a wintry prospect mine.

θωρήσσεσθαι means either (1) "put on a breast-plate,"
 or (2) "get drunk."

Δι. αἴρου τὸ δεῖπνον συμποτικὰ τὰ πράγματα.

Χο. ἴτε δὴ χαίροντες ἐπὶ στρατιάν.
ώς ἀνομοίαν ἔρχεσθον ὁδόν
τῷ μὲν πίνειν στεφανωσαμένῳ,
σοὶ δὲ ρίγῶν καὶ προφυλάττειν,
τῷ δὲ καθεύδειν
μετὰ παιδίσκης ὡραιοτάτης,
ἀνατριβομένῳ τε τὸ δεῖνα.

1145

'Αντίμαχον τὸν Ψακάδος, ξυγγραφέα, τῶν μελέων ποιητήν, [στρ. 1150 ώς μὲν ἀπλῷ λόγῳ κακῶς ἐξολέσειεν ὁ Ζεύς. ὅς γ' ἐμὲ τὸν τλήμονα Λήναια χορηγῶν ἀπεκλεισε δείπνων. ὅν ἔτ' ἐπίδοιμι τευθίδος δεόμενον, ἡ δ' ἀπτημένη σίζουσα πάραλος, ἐπὶ τραπέζη κειμένη, ὀκέλλοι· κἆτα μέλλοντος λαβεῖν αὐτοῦ κύων

^a Exeunt Dic. and Lam., one to war the other to a banquet.

They return 1189.

b In 1149 $\tau \delta \delta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu a = \tau \delta a \delta \delta \hat{\imath} \hat{\imath} \nu s$: Sehol.

άρπάσασα φεύγοι.

Otherwise unknown. He is called ὁ Ψακάδος "because always spitting": Schol. The "shutting out" of Aristophanes may have been when he produced the Δαιταλεῖς two

years before.

^a A well-known dainty. Here it is supposed to come in on its table (IV. 1216, "bring in the tables") and to "come ashore" or "land" just close to Antimachus. $\pi \delta \rho a \lambda \sigma$ is explained by the Schol. either as "beside the salt " or " by the sea-shore." R. says it simply="marine," and that "the cuttle gliding along on its table is likened to " the famous state trireme Paralus.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1142-1161

DI. Take up the chest; a suppery prospect mine.

Off to your duties, my heroes bold.^a
Different truly the paths ye tread;
One to drink with wreaths on his head;
One to watch, and shiver with cold,
Lonely, the while his antagonist passes
The sweetest of hours with the sweetest
of lasses.^b

Pray we that Zeus calmly reduce

to destruction emphatic and utter That meanest of poets and meanest of men,

Antimachus, offspring of Sputter;

The Choregus who sent me away

without any supper at all

At the feast of Lenaea; I pray,

two Woes that Choregus befall.

May be hanker for a dish

of the subtle cuttle-fish d:

May be see the cuttle sailing

through its brine and through its oil,

On its little table lying,

hot and hissing from the frying,

Till it anchor close beside him,

when alas! and woe betide him!

As he reaches forth his hand

for the meal the Gods provide him, May a dog snatch and carry off the spoil, off the spoil,

May a dog snatch and earry off the spoil.

τοῦτο μὲν αὐτῷ κακὸν ἔν· κἆθ' ἔτερον νυκτερινὸν γένοιτο. [ἀντ. ἢπιαλῶν γὰρ οἴκαδ' ἐξ ἱππασίας βαδίζων, 1165 εἶτα κατάξειέ τις αὐτοῦ μεθύων τὴν κεφαλὴν 'Ορέστης

1170

μαινόμενος · δ δὲ λίθον λαβεῖν βουλόμενος, ἐν σκότῳ λάβοι

τῆ χειρὶ πέλεθον ἀρτίως κεχεσμένον•
ἐπάξειεν δ' ἔχων
τὸν μάρμαρον, κἄπειθ' ἁμαρτὼν βάλοι Κρατῖνον.

ΘΕΡ. ὧ δμῶες οἷ κατ' οἶκόν ἐστε Λαμάχου, ὕδωρ ὕδωρ ἐν χυτριδίω θερμαίνετε· 1175 δθόνια, κηρωτὴν παρασκευάζετε, ἔρι' οἰσυπηρά, λαμπάδιον περὶ τὸ σφυρόν. ἀνὴρ τέτρωται χάρακι διαπηδῶν τάφρον, καὶ τὸ σφυρὸν παλίνορρον ἐξεκόκκισε, καὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς κατέαγε περὶ λίθον πεσών, 1180 καὶ Γοργόν' ἐξήγειρεν ἐκ τῆς ἀσπίδος. πτίλον δὲ τὸ μέγα κομπολακύθου πεσὸν

^a A foot-pad; cf. B. 712, 1491.

⁶ See 849.

^b In 1172 μάρμαρος, "a stone of bright spar," is a Homeric word (II. xii. 380; Od. ix. 499) purposely substituted for τέλεθος.

^a Apparently the Gorgon on his shield is detachable. 112

THE ACHARNIANS, 1162-1182

Duly the first Woe is rehearsed;

attend whilst the other I'm telling.

It is night, and our gentleman, after a ride,

is returning on foot to his dwelling;

With ague he's sorely bested,

and he's feeling uncommonly ill,

When suddenly down on his head

comes Orestes's a elub with a will.

'Tis Orestes, hero mad,

'tis the drunkard and the pad.

Then stooping in the darkness

let him grope about the place,

If his hand ean find a brickbat

at Orestes to be flung;

But instead of any briekbat

may he grasp a podge of dung,

And rushing on with this, b Orestes may he miss,

And hit young Cratinus ^c in the face, in the face,

And hit young Cratinus in the face.

ATTENDANT. Varlets who dwell in Lamachus's halls,

Heat water, knaves, heat water in a pot. Make ready lint, and salves, and greasy wool,

And ankle-bandages. Your lord is hurt,

Pierced by a stake whilst leaping o'er a trench. Then, twisting round, he wrenched his ankle

out,

And, falling, cracked his skull upon a stone; And shocked the sleeping Gorgon from his shield. d

Then the Great Boastard's plume being cast away

113

πρὸς ταῖς πέτραισι, δεινὸν ἐξηύδα μέλος: '' ὧ κλεινὸν ὄμμα, νῦν πανύστατόν σ' ἰδὼν λείπω φάος τοὐράνιον οὐκέτ' εἴμ' ἐγώ.'' 1185 τοσαθτα λέξας είς ύδρορρόαν πεσών ανίσταταί τε καὶ ξυναντά δραπέταις, ληστάς έλαύνων καὶ κατασπέρχων δορί. όδι δε καὐτός άλλ' ἄνοιγε την θύραν. ΛΑ. ἀτταταῖ, ἀτταταῖ. $\sigma \tau \rho$. 1190 στυγερά τάδε γε κρυερά πάθεα τάλας έγώ. διόλλυμαι δορός ύπο πολεμίου τυπείς. έκεῖνο δ' οὖν αἰακτὸν ἂν γένοιτο, 1195 Δικαιόπολις εί μ' ίδοι τετρωμένον, κατ' έγχάνοι ταις έμαις τύχαισιν. Δι. ἀτταταῖ, ἀτταταῖ. Γάντ. τῶν τιτθίων, ὡς σκληρὰ καὶ κυδώνια. φιλήσατόν με μαλθακώς, ώ χρυσίω, 1200 τὸ περιπεταστὸν κἀπιμανδαλωτόν. τὸν γὰρ χόα πρῶτος ἐκπέπωκα.

ΛΑ. ὧ συμφορὰ τάλαινα τῶν ἐμῶν κακῶν.
 ἰὼ ἰὼ τραυμάτων ἐπωδύνων.

1205

1210

ι. ἰή, ἰή, χαῖρε Λαμαχίππιον.

ΛΑ. στυγερός έγώ.

Δι. μογερός έγώ.

ΛΑ. τί με σὺ κυνεῖς;

ΔΙ. τί με σὺ δάκνεις;

ΛΑ. τάλας έγω της ξυμβολης βαρείας.

Δι. τοις Χουσί γάρ τίς ξυμβολάς σ' ἔπραττεν;

ΛΑ. ἰὼ ἰὼ Παιὰν ἰὼ Παιάν.

Δι. άλλ' οὐχὶ τήμερον Παιώνια.

^a Re-enter L. wounded, supported by attendants, and Dic. jovial between two courtesans.

THE ACHARNIANS, 1183-1213

Prone on the rocks, a dolorous cry he raised, O glorious Eye, with this my last fond look
The heavenly light I leave; my day is done.
He spake, and straightway falls into a ditch:
Jumps up again: confronts the runaways,
And prods the fleeing bandits with his spear.
But here he enters. Open wide the door.

LAM.^a O lack-a-day! O lack-a-day!
I'm hacked, I'm killed, by hostile lanees!
But worse than wound or lance 'twill grieve me
If Dicaeopolis perceive me
And mock, and mock at my mischances.

O lucky day! O lucky day!
What mortal ever can be richer,
Than he who feels, my golden misses,
Your softest, closest, loveliest kisses.^b
'Twas I, 'twas I, first drained the pitcher.

O me, my woful dolorous lot!
O me, the gruesome wounds I've got!
My darling Lamachippus, is it not?

LAM. O doleful chance!

DI. O cursed spite!

LAM. Why give me a kiss?

Why give me a bite?

LAM. O me the heavy, heavy charge c they tried.

DI. Who makes a charge this happy Pitcher-tide?

LAM. O Paean, Healer! heal me, Paean, pray.

Tis not the Healer's festival to-day.

b In 1199 their breasts are compared to "quinces," μῆλα κυδώνια; and 1201 describes δύο είδη φιλημάτων ἐρωτικῶν: Schol.

° Cf. 1000-2. In 1210 ξυμβολή is "a hostile encounter"; in 1211 the "contribution" made by a guest to a common

entertainment.

ΛА.	λάβεσθέ μου, λάβεσθε τοῦ σκέλους παπαῖ,	1215
ΔΙ.	προσλάβεσθ', ὧ φίλοι. ἐμοῦ δέ γε σφὼ τοῦ πέους ἄμφω μέσου	1210
ΛА.	προσλάβεσθ', ὧ φίλαι. ἰλιγγιῶ κάρα λίθῳ πεπληγμένος,	
	καὶ σκοτοδινιῶ.	1220
_	κάγὼ καθεύδειν βούλομαι καὶ στύομαι καὶ σκοτοβινιῶ.	1220
ΛΑ	θύραζέ μ' έξενέγκατ' ές τοῦ Πιττάλου	
ΔΙ.	παιωνίαισι χερσίν. ώς τοὺς κριτάς με φέρετε ποῦ ἀστιν ὁ	
	βασιλεύς; ἀπόδοτέ μοι τὸν ἀσκόν.	1225
ΛΑ.	λόγχη τις ἐμπέπηγέ μοι	
ΔΙ.	δι' ὀστέων ὀδυρτά. ὁρᾶτε τουτονὶ κενόν.	
	τήνελλα καλλίνικος.	
xo.	τήνελλα δῆτ', εἴπερ καλεῖς γ', ὧ πρέσβυ, καλλίνικος.	
ΔΙ.	καὶ πρός γ' ἄκρατον ἐγχέας	
xo.	ἄμυστιν ἐξέλαψα. τήνελλά νυν, ὧ γεννάδα	-
	χώρει λαβὼν τὸν ἀσκόν.	1230
Δ1.	ἔπεσθέ νυν ἄδοντες ὧ τήνελλα καλλίνικος.	
xo.	άλλ' έψόμεσθα σὴν χάριν	
	τήνελλα καλλίνικον ἄ- δοντες σὲ καὶ τὸν ἀσκόν.	

a i.e. of the Pitcher-feast who are to award him the $\dot{a}\sigma\kappa\dot{o}s$ of $\nu\sigma\nu$ as the best drinker. But Λ . is also appealing to

THE ACHARNIANS, 1214-1234

LAM. O lift me gently round the hips, My comrades true!

O kiss me warmly on the lips, My darlings, do!

LAM. My brain is dizzy with the blow Of hostile stone.

DI. Mine's dizzy too: to bed I'll go,
And not alone.

LAM. O take me in your healing hands, and bring To Pittalus this battered frame of mine.

DI. O take me to the judges.^a Where's the King That rules the feast? hand me my skin of wine.

LAM. A lance has struck me through the bone So piteously! so piteously! (He is helped off the stage.)

DI. I've drained the pitcher all alone;

Sing ho! Sing ho! for Victory.

CHOR. Sing ho! Sing ho! for Victory then, If so you bid, if so you bid.

DI. I filled it with neat wine, my men, And quaffed it at a gulp, I did.

CHOR. Sing ho! brave heart, the wineskin take, And onward go, and onward go.

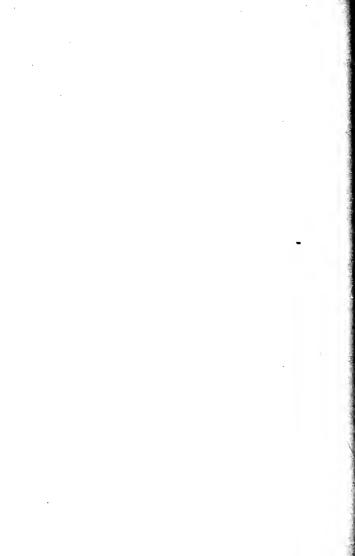
DI. And ye must follow in my wake,

And sing for Victory ho! sing ho!

CHOR. O yes, we'll follow for your sake

Your wineskin and yourself, I trow. Sing ho! for Victory won, sing ho!

the πέντε κριταί of the theatrical contest to give the prize to him. $\beta a \sigma \iota \lambda \epsilon \dot{\nu} s$ is the ἄρχων β , who presided at the Lenaea. $b \tau \dot{\eta} \nu \epsilon \lambda \lambda \lambda \alpha \kappa$: the opening of a Song of Victory by Archilochus; cf. B. 1764.



THE KNIGHTS

INTRODUCTION

This play was exhibited at the Lenaean festival, in February 424 B.C., and obtained the prize, Cratinus being second with the *Satyrs*, and Aristomenes third with the *Woodcarriers*.

It was an attack on Cleon, then at the height of his power; for a few months before he had by a lucky and extraordinary chain of events gained an

unequalled pre-eminence.

Cleon, a leather-seller, son of Cleaenetus, was a most persuasive orator, full of resource, but corrupt and rapacious beyond others; he amassed a huge fortune in his political life. His ignoble character is clear from the speech which Thucydides puts in his mouth, advocating the massacre of the people of Mitylene (iii. 36, iv. 21). He had long been a bitter assailant of Pericles; and when Pericles died, Cleon took his place as popular leader. But his success was due to the affair of Pylus.

Demosthenes, the Athenian general, had seized and fortified Pylus, a hill on the west of the Peloponnese, overlooking an important harbour which lay between the mainland and the island of Sphaeteria. He intended to settle here the Messenian exiles who had settled at Naupaetus, for this nation was the inveterate foe of Sparta. There his party was

THE KNIGHTS

attacked by the Spartans, who disembarked a large force upon the island opposite. The Athenian fleet eame to the rescue, and blockaded this force in Sphaeteria. The danger of their troops led the Spartans to sue for peace, which might then have

been had upon honourable terms.

But Cleon, who was no statesman, demanded such terms as were really out of the Spartans' power to grant; and when they did not reject even those, but proposed a conference, he procured that they should be rebuffed with contumely. He expected that the troops in Sphaeteria would now surrender; but time went on, winter approached, and yet they held out. Suddenly an accidental fire cleared the island of its wood, and Demosthenes seeing his

opportunity, prepared to attack.

At Athens, disquieting rumours were rife; and Cleon accused the generals of cowardiee; whereupon eries arose, asking why he did not go himself; and Nieias, who was present, offered to resign his post as Strategus in favour of Cleon. Thus driven into a corner, Cleon deelared he would finish the business in twenty days; and taking a few hundred men with him, set sail for Sphaeteria. When he arrived, he left Demosthenes to do all the work, to earry out, in fact, the scheme which he had already in hand; and when the general and his troops had won a complete victory, he returned with them and the prisoners to Athens, having himself done nothing whatever except to return within twenty days. This was in 425 B.C., and the Knights was exhibited at the Lenaea of the following year.

The "Knights" who compose the Chorus stand for the 1000 young men who constituted the

Athenian cavalry and, being drawn from the wealthier and more educated classes, are the natural enemies of demagogues. Demus is a respectable old householder who represents the sovereign people of Athens.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΗΑ

 $\Delta HMO\Sigma$

ΠΑΦΛΑΓΩΝ

ΝΙΚΙΑΣ

} οἰκέτα

ΔΗΜΟΣΘΕΝΉΣ.

ΑΛΛΑΝΤΟΠΩΛΗΣ ΧΟΡΟΣ ΙΗΠΕΩΝ

ΙΠΠΕΙΣ

ΔΗΜΟΣΘΕΝΗΣ. Ἰατταταιὰξ τῶν κακῶν, ἰατταταῖ. κακῶς Παφλαγόνα τὸν νεώνητον κακὸν αὐταῖσι βουλαῖς ἀπολέσειαν οἱ θεοί. έξ οδ γάρ εἰσήρρησεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν, πληγάς ἀεὶ προστρίβεται τοῖς οἰκέταις.

ΝΙΚΙΑΣ. κάκιστα δηθ' οὖτός γε πρῶτος Παφλαγόνων αὐταῖς διαβολαῖς.

ῶ κακόδαιμον, πῶς ἔχεις; ΔH .

κακῶς καθάπερ σύ. NI.

δεῦρό νυν πρόσελθ', ἵνα ΔH .

ξυναυλίαν κλαύσωμεν Οὐλύμπου νόμον. ΔH. καὶ NI. $\mu\dot{v}$ $\mu\hat{v}$, $\mu\dot{v}$ $\mu\hat{v}$, $\mu\dot{v}$ $\mu\hat{v}$, $\mu\dot{v}$ $\mu\hat{v}$, $\mu\dot{v}$ $\mu\hat{v}$, μὸ μῦ. 10

ΔΗ. τί κινυρόμεθ' ἄλλως; οὐκ ἐχρῆν ζητεῖν τινα σωτηρίαν νῷν, ἀλλὰ μὴ κλάειν ἔτι; ΝΙ. τίς οὖν γένοιτ' ἄν; λέγε σύ.

σύ μεν οὖν μοι λέγε, ΔH . ΐνα μη μάχωμαι.

a In the foreground is a loose arrangement of stones, which will, later on, be taken to represent the Pnyx. Behind are three houses; the central one, with a harvest-wreath over the door, is the abode of Demus; whilst the others serve for Paphlagon, who is Cleon, and the Sausage-seller. Out of the house of Demus run two slaves, howling; their masks represent the two famous Athenian generals, Nicias and Demosthenes.

THE KNIGHTS

DEMOSTHENES.^a O! O! This Paphlagon,^b with all his wiles,

This newly-purchased pest, I wish the Gods Would "utterly abolish and destroy"! For since he entered, by ill-luck, our house, He's always getting all the household flogged.

NICIAS. I wish they would, this chief of Paphlagons, Him and his lies!

Ha! how feel you, poor fellow?

NIC. Bad, like yourself.

Then come, and let us wail A stave of old Olympus, both together.

вотн. (Sobbing) Mumu! Mumu! Mumu! Mumu!

Pah! What's the good of whimpering?
Better far

To dry our tears, and seek some way of safety.

NIC. Which way? You, tell me.

DE. Rather, tell me you,
Or else we'll fight.

^b Παφλαγών, a servile name describing the slave's country; but also = "a blusterer," from $\pi \alpha \phi \lambda \dot{\alpha} \zeta \omega$, cf. 919.

^c $\pi \rho \dot{\omega} \tau \sigma s$: "first," i.e. "worst." διαβολή and διαβάλλω are

σρώτος: "first," i.e. "worst." διαβολή and διαβάλλω are used regularly of C.'s "slanderous accusations"; ef. Thuc. ii. 27. 4.

 $\frac{d}{dt}$ A famous legendary flute-player; here, however, spoken

of as a poet.

NI.

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿νὼ μὲν οὔ:

	άλλ' εἰπὲ θαρρῶν, εἶτα κάγὼ σοὶ φράσω.
ΔΗ.	πως αν σύ μοι λέξειας άμε χρη λέγειν;
NI.	
	εἴποιμ' ἂν αὐτὸ δῆτα κομψευριπικῶς;
ΔН.	μή μοί γε, μή μοι, μη διασκανδικίσης
	άλλ' εύρε τιν' ἀπόκινον ἀπὸ τοῦ δεσπότου.
NI.	λέγε δη "μόλωμεν" ξυνεχες ώδι ξυλλαβών.
ΔН.	καὶ δὴ λέγω· μόλωμεν.
NI.	εξόπιαθε νῦν
••••	'' αὐτὸ '' φαθὶ τοῦ '' μόλωμεν.''
ΔН.	αὐτό.
NI.	πάνυ καλώς.
MI.	
	ωσπερ δεφόμενος νῦν ἀτρέμα πρῶτον λέγε
	τὸ '΄μόλωμεν,'' εἶτα δ' '΄ αὐτό,'' κατεπάγων
	πυκνόν.
ΔH.	μόλωμεν αὐτὸ μόλωμεν αὐτομολῶμεν.
NI.	$ \eta u $
	οὐχ ἡδύ;
ΔH.	νὴ Δία, πλήν γε περὶ τῷ δέρματι
	δέδοικα τουτονὶ τὸν οἰωνόν.
NI.	τί δαί;
ΔН.	ότιὴ τὸ δέρμα δεφομένων ἀπέρχεται.
NI.	κράτιστα τοίνυν των παρόντων έστὶ νῷν,
	θεων ιόντε προσπεσείν του πρός βρέτας.
ΔН.	ποιον βρετετέτας ¹ ; έτεον ήγει γαρ θεούς;
NI.	V
Rose	Most Mss. βρέταs: VM βρεττέταs: Schol. βρετέτταs: ers βρετετέταs, suggested also by Neil.
	- Suggested also by Iven
a]	From Eur. Hipp. 345, where Phaedra urges the nurse
to pi	it in words what she shrank from saying herself.
۰.	An allusion to E.'s mother selling potherbs; $cf. A. 478$.

THE KNIGHTS, 14-33

NIC.	By Apollo, no not I.
	You say it first, and then I'll say it after.
DE.	O that thou said'st the thing that I would say.a
NIC.	I've not the pluck. I wish I could suggest
	Some plan in smart Euripidean style.
DE.	Don't do it! Don't! Pray don't be-chervil b
	me
	But find some caper-cutting trick c from
	master.
NIC.	Will you say <i>sert</i> , like that, speaking it crisply?
DE.	Of course I'll say it, sert.
NIC.	Now, after sert
	Say de.
DE.	De.
NIC.	Yes, that's very nicely said.
	Now, first say sert, and then say de, beginning
	Slowly at first, but quickening as you go.
DE.	Aye; sert-de, sert-de, sert, de-sert.
NIC.	There 'tis!
	Do you not like it?
DE.	Like it, yes; but—
NIC.	What?
DE.	There's an uncanny sound about desert.
NIC.	Uncanny? How?
DE.	They flog deserters so.
NIC.	O then 'twere better that we both should go,
	And fall before the statues of the Gods.
DE.	Stat-at-ues d is it? What, do you really think
	That there are Gods?
NIC.	I know it.
6 2-1	

^e ἀπόκινος: "a form of vulgar dance," Schol. The word also suggests "moving off." ^d The pious Nicias had in two tragic lines (cf. Aesch. P.V. 224; S.a.T. 92, 93) suggested a resort to prayer, but his teeth chattered as he pronounced βρέταs, and D. mocks him.

ΔΗ. ποίω χρώμενος τεκμηρίω; ΝΙ. ότιὴ θεοῖσιν ἐχθρός εἰμ'. οὐκ εἰκότως; ΔΗ. εὖ προσβιβάζεις μ'. ἀλλ' ἐτέρα ποι σκεπτέον. 35

βούλει το πραγμα τοις θεαταίσιν φράσω;

40

45

50

55

ΝΙ. οὐ χεῖρον ἐν δ' αὐτοὺς παραιτησώμεθα,
 ἐπίδηλον ἡμῖν τοῖς προσώποισιν ποιεῖν,
 ἢν τοῖς ἔπεσι χαίρωσι καὶ τοῖς πράγμασι.

ΔΗ. λέγοιμ' αν ήδη. νων γάρ εστι δεσπότης άγροικος όργήν, κυαμοτρώξ, ακράχολος, Δημος Πυκνίτης, δύσκολον γερόντιον, υπόκωφον. οὖτος τῆ προτέρα νουμηνία επρίατο δοῦλον, βυρσοδεψην, Παφλαγόνα, πανουργότατον καὶ διαβολώτατόν τινα. οὖτος καταγνοὺς τοῦ γέροντος τοὺς τρόπους, ὁ βυρσοπαφλαγών, ὑποπεσὼν τὸν δεσπότην ἤκαλλ', εθώπευ', εκολάκευ', εξηπάτα κοσκυλματίοις ἄκροισι, τοιαυτὶ λέγων' ὧ Δημε, λοῦσαι πρῶτον εκδικάσας μίαν, ενθου, ρόφησον, εντραγ', εχε τριώβολον. βούλει παραθῶ σοι δόρπον; εἶτ' ἀναρπάσας ὅ τι ἄν τις ἡμῶν σκευάση, τῷ δεσπότη Παφλαγὼν κεχάρισται τοῦτο. καὶ πρώην γ' εἰροῦ

μᾶζαν μεμαχότος ἐν Πύλῳ Λακωνικήν, πανουργότατά πως περιδραμὼν ὑφαρπάσας αὐτὸς παρέθηκε τὴν ὑπ' ἐμοῦ μεμαγμένην. ἡμᾶς δ' ἀπελαύνει, κοὐκ ἐᾶ τὸν δεσπότην

α ότι εί μὴ ήσαν θεοί, οὐκ ἂν ήμην θεοῖς έχθρός. Schol.

^d Instead of "with little coaxing speeches" or the like.

^b Instead of his deme or place of residence, he is described as living in the Pnyx where public assemblies were held.

Beans were used for voting purposes.

THE KNIGHTS, 33-58

NIC.

I'm such a wretched God-detested chap.a

Well urged indeed; but seek some other way.

Would you I told the story to the audience?

NIC.

Not a bad plan; but let us ask them first

To show us plainly by their looks and cheer

If they take pleasure in our words and acts.

I'll tell them now. We two have got a master, Demus of Pnyx-borough, b such a sour old man, Quick-tempered, country-minded, bean-consuming, c

A trifle hard of hearing. Last new moon He bought a slave, a tanner, Paphlagon, The greatest rogue and liar in the world. This tanning-Paphlagon, he soon finds out Master's weak points; and cringing down before him

Flatters, and fawns, and wheedles, and cajoles, With little apish leather-snippings,^d thus; O Demus,^e try one case, get the three-obol, Then take your bath, gorge, guzzle, eat your fill. Would you I set your supper? Then he'll scize A dish some other servant has prepared, And serve it up for master; and quite lately I'd baked f a rich Laconian cake at Pylus, When in runs Paphlagon, and bags my cake, And serves it up to Demus as his own. But us he drives away, and none but he

/ μᾶζαν μεμαχύτος (from μάσσω, knead) is a play on μάχην μεμαχημένου. Cleon is accused of filching from Demo-

sthenes the victory which he had all but gained.

DE.

^{*} Here Demus deserts the Assembly for his other favourite haunt, the $\delta\iota\kappa\alpha\sigma\tau\dot{\eta}\rho\iota\sigma\nu$. There were 6000 dicasts and their fee was three obols a day (see W. Introd.). Here Demus is to get a full day's pay for trying a single suit.

ἄλλον θεραπεύειν, ἀλλὰ βυρσίνην ἔχων δειπνοῦντος ἐστὼς ἀποσοβεῖ τοὺς ῥήτορας. ἄδει δὲ χρησμούς ὁ δὲ γέρων σιβυλλιᾳ. ὁ δὸ αὐτὸν ὡς ὁρᾳ μεμακκοηκότα, τέχνην πεποίηται. τοὺς γὰρ ἔνδον ἄντικρυς ψευδῆ διαβάλλει· κᾳτα μαστιγούμεθα ἡμεῖς Παφλαγὼν δὲ περιθέων τοὺς οἰκέτας αἰτεῖ, ταράττει, δωροδοκεῖ, λέγων τάδε· ὁρᾶτε τὸν "Υλαν δι' ἐμὲ μαστιγούμενον; εἰ μή μ' ἀναπείσετ', ἀποθανεῖσθε τήμερον. ἡμεῖς δὲ δίδομεν· εἰ δὲ μή, πατούμενοι ὑπὸ τοῦ γέροντος ὀκταπλάσια χέζομεν. νῦν οὖν ἀνύσαντε φροντίσωμεν, ὡγαθέ, ποίαν δδὸν νὼ τρεπτέον καὶ πρὸς τίνα.

60

65

70

ΝΙ. κράτιστ' ἐκείνην τὴν "μόλωμεν," ὧγαθέ.

ΔΗ. ἀλλ' οὐχ οἷόν τε τὸν Παφλαγόν' οὐδὲν λαθεῖν'
 ἐφορᾳ γὰρ αὐτὸς πάντ'. ἔχει γὰρ τὸ σκέλος 75
 τὸ μὲν ἐν Πύλῳ, τὸ δ' ἔτερον ἐν τἠκκλησίᾳ.
 τοσόνδε δ' αὐτοῦ βῆμα διαβεβηκότος
 ὁ πρωκτός ἐστιν αὐτόχρημ' ἐν Χαόσι,
 τὼ χεῖρ' ἐν Αἰτωλοῖς, ὁ δὲ νοῦς ἐν Κλωπιδῶν.

ΝΙ. κράτιστον οὖν νῷν ἀποθανεῖν. ἀλλὰ σκόπει, 80 ὅπως ἂν ἀποθάνωμεν ἀνδρικώτατα.

130

^a For the vogue of oracles at this time cf. Thuc. ii. 8. 2; ii. 28. 3.

^b The Χάονες are selected because the name suggests χαίνειν (ώς εὐρύπρωκτον αὐτὸν διαβάλλει: Schol.) just as $\Lambda l \tau \omega \lambda o l s$ suggests $\alpha l \tau \epsilon l \nu$ "to beg."

^c Lit. "Thief-deme"; there was an actual deme Κρωπίδαι.

THE KNIGHTS, 59-81

Must wait on master; there he stands through dinner

With leathern flap, and flicks away the

speakers.

And he chants oracles, a till the dazed old man Goes Sibyl-mad; then, when he sees him mooning,

He plies his trade. He slanders those within With downright lies; so then we're flogged, poor wretehes,

And Paphlagon runs round, extorting, beg-

ging,

Upsetting everyone; and Mark, says he, There's Hylas flogged; that's all my doing; hetter

Make friends with me, or you'll be trounced to-day.

So then we bribe him off; or if we don't, We're sure to eatch it thrice as bad from master.

Now let's excepitate at once, good fellow, Which way to turn our footsteps, and to whom. There's nothing better than my *sert*, good fellow.

fellow.

But nought

NIC.

NIC.

But nought we do is hid from Paphlagon.
His eyes are everywhere; he straddles out,
One foot in Pylus, in the Assembly one.
So vast his stride, that at the self-same
moment

His seat is in Chaonia,^b and his hands Are set on Begging, and his mind on Theft.^c Well then, we had better die; but just eonsider

How we can die the manliest sort of death.

ό Θεμιστοκλέους γὰρ θάνατος αίρετώτερος. μὰ Δί' ἀλλ' ἄκρατον οἶνον ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος. 85 ἴσως γὰρ ἂν χρηστόν τι βουλευσαίμεθα. ἰδού γ' ἄκρατον. περὶ ποτοῦ γοῦν ἐστί σοι; πῶς δ' ἂν μεθύων χρηστόν τι βουλεύσαιτ'

ΔΗ. πῶς δῆτα πῶς γένοιτ' ἂν ἀνδρικώτατα; ΝΙ. βέλτιστον ἡμῖν αἶμα ταύρειον πιεῖν.

ΔΗ. ἄληθες, οὖτος; κρουνοχυτρολήραιον εἶ.

ἀνήρ;

	οἶνον σὺ τολμᾶς είς ἐπίνοιαν λοιδορεῖν;	90
	οἴνου γὰρ εΰροις ἄν τι πρακτικώτερον;	
	όρᾶς; ὅταν πίνωσιν ἄνθρωποι, τότε	
	πλουτοῦσι, διαπράττουσι, νικῶσιν δίκας,	
	εὐδαιμονοῦσιν, ώφελοῦσι τοὺς φίλους.	
	άλλ' εξένεγκε μοι ταχέως οἴνου χόα,	95
	τὸν νοῦν ἴν' ἄρδω καὶ λέγω τι δεξιόν.	-
	""	
	οἴμοι, τί ποθ' ἡμᾶς ἐργάσει τῷ σῷ ποτῷ;	
ΔH .	ἀγάθ' ἀλλ' ἔνεγκ' ἐγὼ δὲ κατακλινήσομαι.	
	ην γὰρ μεθυσθῶ, πάντα ταυτὶ καταπάσω	- 1
	poortion from the first from the fir	100
NI.	ώς εὐτυχῶς ὅτι οὐκ ἐλήφθην ἔνδοθεν	
	κλέπτων τὸν οἶνον.	
ΔH .	εἰπέ μοι, Παφλαγὼν τί δρậ·	
NI.	<i>ἐπίπαστα λείξας δημιόπραθ' ὁ βάσκανος</i>	
	ρέγκει μεθύων έν ταισι βύρσαις υπτιος.	
ΛН	ΐθι νυν, ἄκρατον ἐγκάναξόν μοι πολύν	105
ш	σπονδήν.	
277	λαβὲ δὴ καὶ σπεῖσον ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος:	
NI.	παρε ση και σπεισον αγασσο σαιμονος	
a]	He is said to have so poisoned himself when unable to	
fulfil	his promises to the Persian king : cf. Plut. Them. 31.	
sales	Lit. "having licked up cakes made out of confiscation, sprinkled with honey." • i.e. as a libation.	
132	, -1	. 1

THE KNIGHTS, 82-106

which is it?

Fortune !

thought.

DE.

NIC.

DE.

NIC.

The manliest sort of death? Let's see:

Had we not better drink the blood of bulls?

From that we'll maybe get some happy

Pure wine indeed! Is this a tippling matter?

How can one get, when drunk, a happy

'Twere fine to die Themistocles's death.^a Blood? no: pure wine, to the toast of Happy

thought? Aye, say you so, you water-fountain-twaddler? DE. And dare you rail at wine's inventiveness? I tell you nothing has such go as wine. Why, look you now; 'tis when men drink, they thrive, Grow wealthy, speed their business, win their suits, Make themselves happy, benefit their friends. Go, fetch me out a stoup of wine, and let me Moisten my wits, and utter something bright. O me, what good will all your tippling do? NIC. Much; bring it out; I'll lay me down awhile; DE. For when I'm drunk, I'll everything bespatter With little scraps of schemes, and plots, and plans. I've got the wine; nobody saw me take it. NIC. Wasn't that luck? What's Paphlagon about? DE. Snoring on his back amidst his hides, NIC. The juggler; gorged with confiscation pasties.^b Come, tinkle out a bumper of pure wine, DE. To pour. Here, take; and pour to Happy Fortune. NIC.

133

	έλχ' έλκε τὴν τοῦ δαίμονος τοῦ Πραμνίου.	
ΔН.	ῶ δαῖμον ἀγαθέ, σὸν τὸ βούλευμ', οὐκ ἐμόν.	
NI.	εἴπ', ἀντιβολῶ, τί ἔστι;	
ΔH .	τοὺς χρησμοὺς ταχὺ	
	κλέψας ἔνεγκε τοῦ Παφλαγόνος ἔνδοθεν,	110
	έως καθεύδει.	11(
NI.	ταῦτ'. ἀτὰρ τοῦ δαίμονος	
141.	δέδοιχ' ὅπως μὴ τεύξομαι κακοδαίμονος.	
A TT	φέρε νυν εγω 'μαυτώ προσαγάγω τον χόα,	
ΔН.		
	τὸν νοῦν ἵν' ἄρδω καὶ λέγω τι δεξιόν.	
NI.	ώς μεγάλ' ο Παφλαγών πέρδεται καὶ ρέγκεται,	118
	ωστ' έλαθον αὐτὸν τὸν ίερὸν χρησμὸν λαβών,	
	ὄνπερ μάλιστ' ἐφύλαττεν.	
ΔН.	ῶ σοφώτατε,	
	$\phi \epsilon \rho$ αὐτόν, $\ddot{\nu}$ ἀναγν $\hat{\omega}$ σὺ δ' ἔγχεον $\pi \iota \epsilon \hat{\nu}$	
	ανύσας τι. φέρ' ἴδω τί ἄρ' ἔνεστιν αὐτόθι.	
	ῶ λόγια. δός μοι δὸς τὸ ποτήριον ταχύ.	120
NI.	ίδού· τί φησ' ὁ χρησμός;	
ΔΗ.	έτέραν ἔγχεον.	
NI.	έν τοις λογίοις ένεστιν " έτέραν έγχεον";	
ΔH .	ῶ Βάκι.	
NI.	τί ἔστι;	
ΔH .	δὸς τὸ ποτήριον ταχύ.	
NI.	πολλῷ γ' ὁ Βάκις ἐχρῆτο τῷ ποτηρίῳ.	
ΔH .	ῶ μιαρὲ Παφλαγών, ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἔφυλάττου	
	πάλαι,	12
NI.	τὸν περὶ σεαυτοῦ χρησμὸν ὀρρωδῶν. τιή;	
	ένταῦθ' ἔνεστιν αὐτὸς ὡς ἀπόλλυται.	
ΔH .	ertado erectir actos as anomoras.	

^a He bids drink to "Good Luck" in good liquor. The fame of "Pramnian wine" is Homeric (*II.* xi. 639; *Od.* iv. 235), but little else is known about it; see R.

THE KNIGHTS, 107-127

Quaff, quaff the loving-cup of Pramnian a Fortune. O Happy Fortune, thine's the thought, not DE. mine! Pray you, what is it? NIC. Steal from Paphlagon, DE. While yet he sleeps, those oracles of his, And bring them out. I will; and yet I'm fearful NIC. That I may meet with most unhappy Fortune. Come now, I'll draw the pitcher to myself, DE. Moisten my wits, and utter something bright. Paphlagon's snoring so! He never saw me. NIC. I've got the sacred oracle which he keeps So snugly. O you clever fellow you, DE. I'll read it; hand it over; you the while Fill me the cup. Let's see: what have we here? O! Prophecies! Give me the cup directly. Here! What do they say? NIC. Fill me another cup. DE. Fill me another? Is that really there? NIC. O Bakis b! DE. Well? NIC. Give me the cup directly. DE. Bakis seems mighty partial to the cup. NIC. O villainous Paphlagon, this it was you feared, DE.

about yourself!

This oracle about yourself!

NIC.

DE.

What is it?

Herein is written how himself shall perish.

b A Boeotian seer; cf. 1003 and Index.

NI.	καὶ πῶς;	
ΔН.	ος διας δια και διας διας διας διας διας διας διας δι	
	ώς πρώτα μέν στυππειοπώλης γίγνεται,	
	δς πρώτος έξει της πόλεως τὰ πράγματα.	130
NI.	εἷς ούτοσὶ πώλης. τί τοὐντεῦθεν; λέγε.	
ΔH .	μετὰ τοῦτον αὖθις προβατοπώλης, δεύτερος.	
	δύο τώδε πώλα. καὶ τί τόνδε χρὴ παθεῖν;	
ΔH .	κρατείν, έως έτερος άνηρ βδελυρώτερος	
	αὐτοῦ γένοιτο: μετὰ δὲ ταῦτ' ἀπόλλυται.	135
	ἐπιγίγνεται γὰρ βυρσοπώλης ὁ Παφλαγών,	
	άρπαξ, κεκράκτης, Κυκλοβόρου φωνην έχων.	
NI.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	ύπὸ βυρσοπώλου;	
ΔH .	$ u\dot{\eta} \Delta \iota'$.	
NI.	οἴμοι δείλαιος.	
	πόθεν οὖν ἂν ἔτι γένοιτο πώλης εἶς μόνος;	140
ΔH .	ἔτ' ἐστὶν εἶς, ὑπερφυᾶ τέχνην ἔχων.	
NI.	εἴπ', ἀντιβολῶ, τίς ἐστιν; εἴπω;	
ΔН.		
NI.	νὴ Δία. ἀλλαντοπώλης ἔσθ' ὁ τοῦτον ἐξελῶν.	
ΔН.	αλλαντοπώλης; ὧ Πόσειδον τῆς τέχνης.	
NI.	φέρε ποῦ τὸν ἄνδρα τοῦτον εξευρήσομεν;	145
ΔН.	φερε που τον ανομά τουτον εξευρησομένς ζητώμεν αὐτόν.	140
NI.	άλλ' όδὶ προσέρχεται	
141.	ωσπερ κατὰ θεῖον εἰς ἀγοράν.	
ΔН.	ῶ μακάριε	
	άλλαντοπώλα, δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ φίλτατε,	

Lysicles; married Aspasia after the death of Pericles;

 $[^]a$ A demagogue; called Euerates by the Scholiast; cf. 254.

THE KNIGHTS, 128-148

NIC.	How shall he?
DE.	How? The oracle says straight out,
	That first of all there comes an oakum-seller a
	Who first shall manage all the State's affairs.
NIC.	One something-seller; well, what follows,
	pray?
DE.	Next after him there comes a sheep-seller.
NIC.	Two something-sellers; what's this seller's
	fortune?
DE.	He'll hold the reins, till some more villainous
	rogue
	Arise than he; and thereupon he'll perish.
	Then follows Paphlagon, our leather-seller,
	Thief, brawler, roaring as Cycloborus c roars.
NIC.	The leather-seller, then, shall overthrow
	The sheep-seller?
DE.	He shall.
NIC.	O wretehed me,
	Is there no other something-seller left?
DE.	There is yet one; a wondrous trade he has.
NIC.	What, I beseech you?
DE.	Shall I tell you?
NIC.	Aye.
DE.	A sausage-seller ousts the leather-seller.
NIC.	A sausage-seller! Goodness, what a trade!
	Wherever shall we find one?
DE.	That's the question.
NIC.	Why here comes one, 'tis providential surely,
	Bound for the agora.
DE.	Hi, come hither! here!
	You dearest man, you blessed sausage-seller!

ἀνάβαινε σωτήρ τῆ πόλει καὶ νῷν φανείς.

$A\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$	ΑΝΤΟΠΩΛΗΣ. Τι ΕΘΤί; Τι με καλείτε;	
ΔH .	$\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$ ' $\check{\epsilon} \lambda \theta$ ', $\check{v} \alpha \pi \check{v} \theta \eta$	150
	ώς εὐτυχής εἶ καὶ μεγάλως εὐδαιμονεῖς.	
NI.	ἴθι δή, κάθελ' αὐτοῦ τοὐλεόν, καὶ τοῦ θεοῦ	
	τὸν χρησμὸν ἀναδίδαξον αὐτὸν ὡς ἔχει:	
	έγω δ' ιων προσκέψομαι τον Παφλαγόνα.	
ΔH.	ἄγε δὴ σὺ κατάθου πρῶτα τὰ σκεύη χαμαί·	155
	ἔπειτα τὴν γῆν πρόσκυσον καὶ τοὺς θεούς.	
A Λ .	ίδού· τί ἔστιν;	
ΔH .	ὦ μακάρι', ὧ πλούσιε,	
	ῶ νῦν μὲν οὐδείς, αὔριον δ' ὑπέρμεγας·	
	ὦ τῶν ᾿Αθηνῶν ταγὲ τῶν εὐδαιμόνων.	
A Λ .	τί μ', ὧγάθ', οὐ πλύνειν ἐᾶς τὰς κοιλίας	160
	πωλεῖν τε τοὺς ἀλλᾶντας, ἀλλὰ καταγελᾶς;	
ΔH .	ὦ μῶρε, ποίας κοιλίας; δευρὶ βλέπε.	
	τὰς στίχας ὁρᾶς τὰς τῶνδε τῶν λαῶν;	
A Λ .	$\delta ho \hat{\omega}.$	
ΔH .	τούτων άπάντων αὐτὸς ἀρχέλας ἔσει,	
	καὶ τῆς ἀγορᾶς καὶ τῶν λιμένων καὶ τῆς	
	πυκνός.	165
	βουλήν πατήσεις καὶ στρατηγούς κλαστάσεις,	
	δήσεις, φυλάξεις, έν Πρυτανείω λαικάσεις.	
A Λ .	έγώ;	
ΔH.	σὺ μέντοι· κοὐδέπω γε πάνθ' δρậς.	
	άλλ' ἐπανάβηθι κἀπὶ τοὐλεον τοδὶ	
	καὶ κάτιδε τὰς νήσους ἁπάσας ἐν κύκλω.	170
$A\Lambda$.	$καθορ\hat{\omega}.$	

τί δαί; τἀμπόρια καὶ τὰς δλκάδας;

138

 ΔH .

^a For ἀνάβαινε, which summons the second actor on to b Exit Nicias. the stage, see R. · λαικάσεις is a surprise instead of δειπνήσεις, the right

THE KNIGHTS, 149–171 Arise, a a Saviour to the State and us.

SAUSAGE-SELLER. Eh! What are you shouting at?

And hear your wonderful amazing luck.

DE.

Come here this instant,

NIC.	Make him put down his dresser; tell him all
	The news about that oracle we've got.
	I'll keep an eye on Paphlagon the while.
DE.	Come, put you down those cookery imple-
	ments,
	Then make your reverence to the Gods and earth,—
s.s.	There! what's the row?
DE.	O happy man, and rich,
	Nothing to-day, to-morrow everything!
	O mighty ruler of Imperial Athens!
S.S.	Good fellow, let me wash the guts, and sell
	My sausages. What need to flout me so?
DE.	You fool! the guts indeed! Now look you
	here.
	You see those people on the tiers?
s.s.	I do.
DE.	You shall be over-lord of all those people,
	The Agora, and the Harbours, and the Pnyx.
	You'll trim the Generals, trample down the
	Council,
	Fetter, imprison, make the Hall your brothel.c
s.s.	What, I?
DE.	Yes, you yourself! And that's not all.
	For mount you up upon the dresser here
	And view the islands all around.
s.s.	I see.
DE.	And all the marts and merchant-ships?

to dine in the Prytaneum being a well-known reward of

139

public service; cf. 766.

πῶς οὖν οὐ μεγάλως εὐδαιμονεῖς;

εἰπέ μοι, καὶ πῶς ἐγὼ

175

έτι νῦν τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν παράβαλλ' εἰς Καρίαν τὸν δεξιόν, τὸν δ' ἔτερον εἰς Καρχηδόνα.

ΑΛ. εὐδαιμονήσω γ', εἰ διαστραφήσομαι.

ΔΗ. οὔκ, ἀλλὰ διὰ σοῦ ταῦτα πάντα πέρναται. γίγνει γάρ, ὡς ὁ χρησμὸς οὐτοσὶ λέγει,

AA. $\epsilon \gamma \omega \gamma \epsilon$.

άνηρ μέγιστος.

ΔΗ.

АΛ.

	άλλαντοπώλης ὢν ἀνὴρ γενήσομαι;	
ΔH .	δι' αὐτὸ γάρ τοι τοῦτο καὶ γίγνει μέγας,	180
	ότιὴ πονηρὸς κάξ άγορᾶς εἶ καὶ θρασύς.	
ΑΛ.	οὐκ ἀξιῶ 'γὼ 'μαυτὸν ἰσχύειν μέγα.	
	ο μοι, τί ποτ' ἔσθ' ὅτι σαυτὸν οὐ φὴς ἄξιον;	
	ξυνειδέναι τί μοι δοκεῖς σαυτῷ καλόν.	
	μῶν ἐκ καλῶν εἶ κἀγαθῶν;	
ΑΛ.	μὰ τοὺς θεούς,	185
	εὶ μὴ κ πονηρῶν γ'.	
ΔН.	• / • /	
	όσον πέπονθας άγαθὸν εἰς τὰ πράγματα.	
ΑΛ.	άλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδὲ μουσικὴν ἐπίσταμαι,	
	πλην γραμμάτων, καὶ ταῦτα μέντοι κακὰ κακῶς.	
ΔH .	τουτὶ μόνον σ' ἔβλαψεν, ὅτι καὶ κακὰ κακῶς.	190
	ή δημαγωγία γὰρ οὐ πρὸς μουσικοῦ	
	έτ' ἐστὶν ἀνδρὸς οὐδὲ χρηστοῦ τοὺς τρόπους,	
	άλλ' εἰς ἀμαθῆ καὶ βδελυρόν. ἀλλὰ μὴ παρῆς	
	α σοι διδόασ' εν τοις λογίοισιν οι θεοί.	
ΑΛ.		
140		

THE KNIGHTS, 172-195

And aren't you then a lucky man?

And that's not all. Just cast your eyes askew, The right to Caria, and the left to Carthage. A marvellous lucky man, to twist my neck ^a!

Nay, but all these shall be your—perquisites.^b

Humbug! How can I,

141

You shall become, this oracle declares,

A sausage-selling chap, become a Man? c Why, that's the very thing will make you

Your roguery, impudence, and agora-training. I am not worthy of great power, methinks.

O me, not worthy! what's the matter now?

You've got, I fear, some good upon your

A Man most mighty!

conscience.

Spring you from cantleman ?

great,

I see.

S.S.

DE.

S.S.

DE.

S.S.

DE.

S.S.

DE.

oping you nom gondenion.
By the powers, not I.
From downright blackguards.
Lucky, lucky man,
O what a start you've got for public life.
But I know nothing, friend, beyond my letters,
And even of them but little, and that badly.
The mischief is that you know anything.
To be a Demus-leader is not now
For lettered men, nor yet for honest men,
But for the base and ignorant. Don't let slip
The bright occasion which the Gods provide
you.
How goes the oracle?
r "get a squint"; cf. B. 677. ξρναται: δέον εἰπεῖν διοικεῖται. Schol. "Are sold" d of "are administered through your agency." f. 1255.

ΔН.	εὖ νὴ τοὺς θεοὺς	195
	καὶ ποικίλως πως καὶ σοφῶς ἢνιγμένος.	
	' Αλλ' δπόταν μάρψη βυρσαίετος άγκυλοχείλης	
	γαμφηλήσι δράκοντα κοάλεμον αίματοπώτην,	
	δὴ τότε Παφλαγόνων μὲν ἀπόλλυται ἡ σκοροδ-	
	άλμη,	
	κοιλιοπώλησιν δὲ θεὸς μέγα κῦδος ὀπάζει,	200
	αἴ κεν μὴ πωλεῖν ἀλλᾶντας μᾶλλον ἕλωνται.	
ΑΛ.	πως οὖν πρὸς ἐμὲ ταῦτ' ἐστίν; ἀναδίδασκέ με.	
ΔH .	βυρσαίετος μεν ο Παφλαγών έσθ' ούτοσί.	
ΑΛ.	τί δ' ἀγκυλοχείλης ἐστίν;	
ΔH .	αὐτό που λέγει,	
	ὅτι ἀγκύλαις ταῖς χερσὶν ἀρπάζων φέρει.	205
ΑΛ.	ό δράκων δὲ πρὸς τί;	
ΔH .	τοῦτο περιφανέστατον.	
	ό δράκων γάρ ἐστι μακρὸν ὅ τ' ἀλλᾶς αὖ	
	μακρόν:	
	είθ' αίματοπώτης έσθ' ὅ τ' ἀλλᾶς χώ δράκων.	
	τὸν οὖν δράκοντά φησι τὸν βυρσαίετον	
	ήδη κρατήσειν, αἴ κε μὴ θαλφθῆ λόγοις.	210
ΑΛ.	τὰ μὲν λόγι' αἰκάλλει με θαυμάζω δ' ὅπως	
	τὸν δημον οξός τ' ἐπιτροπεύειν εἴμ' ἐγώ.	
ΔH .	φαυλότατον ἔργον· ταῦθ' ἄπερ ποιεῖς ποίει·	
	τάραττε καὶ χόρδευ' όμοῦ τὰ πράγματα	
	ἄπαντα, καὶ τὸν δῆμον ἀεὶ προσποιοῦ	215
	ύπογλυκαίνων ρηματίοις μαγειρικοίς.	
	τὰ δ' ἄλλα σοι πρόσεστι δημαγωγικά,	

^a The oracles are written in the recognized oracular style.

THE KNIGHTS, 195-217

Wrapped up in cunning enigmatic words.

NAY, BUT IF ONCE THE EAGLE, a

THE BLACK-TANNED MANDIBLE-CURVER,

SEIZE WITH HIS BEAK THE SERPENT,

the dullard, the drinker of life-blood, Then shall the sharp sour brine $^{\it b}$

OF THE PAPHLAGON-TRIBE BE EXTINGUISHED,

THEN TO THE ENTRAIL-SELLERS

 $\qquad \qquad \text{shall God great glory and honour } \\ \text{Render, unless they elect}$

TO CONTINUE THE SALE OF THE SAUSAGE.

s.s. But what in the world has this to do with me? The black-tanned Eagle, that means Paphlagon.

s.s. And what the mandibles?

That's self-evident.
His fingers, crooked to carry off their prey.

s.s. What does the Serpent mean?

That's plainer still.

A serpent's long; a sausage too is long.
Serpents drink blood, and sausages drink blood.
The Serpent then, it says, shall overcome
The black-tanned Eagle, if it's not talked over.

s.s. I like the lines: but how can I, I wonder, Contrive to manage Demus's affairs.

DE. Why nothing's easier. Do what now you do:
Mince, hash, and mash up everything together.
Win over Demus c with the savoury sauce
Of little cookery phrases. You've already
Whatever else a Demagogue requires.

βυρσαίετος is formed on the analogy of χρυσαίετος "the golden eagle."

^b Used in tanning.

The Greek has a play on δημος, "people," and δημός, "fat."

φωνή μιαρά, γέγονας κακῶς, ἀγόραιος εἶ· ἔχεις ἄπαντα πρὸς πολιτείαν ἃ δεῖ· χρησμοί τε συμβαίνουσι καὶ τὸ Πυθικόν. ἀλλὰ στεφανοῦ, καὶ σπένδε τῷ Κοαλέμῳ· χὤπως ἀμυνεῖ τὸν ἄνδρα.

220

225

230

240

ΑΛ. καὶ τίς ξύμμαχος γενήσεταί μοι; καὶ γὰρ οἴ τε πλούσιοι δεδίασιν αὐτὸν ὅ τε πένης βδύλλει λεώς.

ΔΗ. ἀλλ' εἰσὶν ἱππεῖς ἄνδρες ἀγαθοὶ χίλιοι μισοῦντες αὐτόν, οἱ βοηθήσουσί σοι, καὶ τῶν πολιτῶν οἱ καλοί τε κἀγαθοί, καὶ τῶν θεατῶν ὅστις ἐστὶ δεξιός, κἀγὰ μετ' αὐτῶν· χὰ θεὸς ξυλλήψεται. καὶ μὴ δέδιθ'· οὐ γάρ ἐστιν ἐξηκασμένος. ὑπὸ τοῦ δέους γὰρ αὐτὸν οὐδεὶς ἤθελε τῶν σκευοποιῶν εἰκάσαι. πάντως γε μὴν γνωσθήσεται· τὸ γὰρ θέατρον δεξιόν.

ΝΙ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ὁ Παφλαγὼν ἐξέρχεται.
ΠΑΦΛΑΓΩΝ. οὔ τοι μὰ τοὺς δώδεκα θεοὺς χαιρήσετον, 235 ότιὴ 'πὶ τῷ δήμῳ ξυνόμνυτον πάλαι.
τουτὶ τί δρậ τὸ Χαλκιδικὸν ποτήριον;
οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ Χαλκιδέας ἀφίστατον.
ἀπολεῖσθον, ἀποθανεῖσθον, ὧ μιαρωτάτω.

ΔΗ. οὖτος, τί φεύγεις; οὐ μενεῖς; ὧ γεννάδα ἀλλαντοπῶλα, μὴ προδῷς τὰ πράγματα.

^a The Athenian cavalry numbered 1000, each of the tentribes contributing 100.

b This actor, unlike the representatives of Nicias and Demosthenes, wore no portrait mask, whatever the reason was.
c Enter Nicias.
Enter Paphlagon.

THE KNIGHTS, 218-241

A brutal voice, low birth, an agora training; Why you've got all one wants for public life. The Pythian shrine and oracles concur. Crown, crown your head; pour wine to mighty—Dulness;

Prepare to fight the man.

s.s. But what ally
Will stand beside me, for the wealthy men
Tremble before him, and the poor folk blench.

DE. A thousand Knights, all honest men and true, Detest the scoundrel, and will help the cause; And whosoe'er is noblest in the State, And whosoe'er is brightest in the tiers, And I myself. And God will lend his aid. And fear him not; he is not pictured really; be For all the mask-providers feared to mould His actual likeness; but our audience here Are shrewd and bright; they'll recognize the man.

NIC. Mercy upon us! here comes Paphlagon.^d PAPHLAGON. By the Twelve Gods,^e you two shall pay for this,

Always conspiring, plotting ill to Demus! What's this Chalcidian goblet doing here? Hah! ye're inciting Chalcis! to revolt. Villains and traitors! ye shall die the death. (To S.S.) Hi! where are you off to? Stop! For goodness' sake,

Don't fail us now, most doughty Sausageseller!

^e The Twelve Gods are Zeus, Poseidon, Apollo, Ares, Hephaestus, and Hermes; Hera, Athene, Artemis, Aphrodite, Demeter, and Hestia.

The reference to the Chalcidians is doubtless to

Chalcidice in Thrace": R.

145

DE.

ανδρες ίππεις, παραγένεσθε νύν δ καιρός. δ Σίμων,

& Παναίτι', οὐκ ἐλᾶτε πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν κέρας; ανδρες έγγύς άλλ' αμύνου, καπαναστρέφου πάλιν. ό κονιορτός δήλος αὐτῶν ὡς όμοῦ προσκειμένων. άλλ' άμύνου καὶ δίωκε καὶ τροπήν αὐτοῦ ποιοῦ.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. παῖε παῖε τὸν πανοῦργον καὶ ταραξιππόστρατον καὶ τελώνην καὶ φάραγγα καὶ Χάρυβδιν άρπαγῆς, καὶ πανοθργον καὶ πανοθργον πολλάκις γὰρ αὖτ' $\epsilon \rho \hat{\omega}$.

καὶ γὰρ οὖτος ἦν πανοῦργος πολλάκις τῆς ἡμέρας. άλλὰ παῖε καὶ δίωκε καὶ τάραττε καὶ κύκα καὶ βδελύττου, καὶ γὰρ ἡμεῖς, κἀπικείμενος βόα. εὐλαβοῦ δὲ μὴ κφύγη σε καὶ γὰρ οἶδε τὰς όδούς, ασπερ Εὐκράτης ἔφευγεν εὐθὺ τῶν κυρηβίων.

ῶ γέροντες ἡλιασταί, φράτορες τριωβόλου, οΰς έγω βόσκω κεκραγώς καὶ δίκαια κἄδικα, παραβοη $\theta \in \hat{\theta}$, ώς $\hat{v}\pi$ ἀνδρών τύπτομαι ξυνωμοτών.

xo. ἐν δίκη γ', ἐπεὶ τὰ κοινὰ πρὶν λαχεῖν κατεσθίεις,

^a The Knights enter the orchestra.

c Ταράξιππος seems to have been a title of Poseidon Hippios (Pausanias, vi. 20).

d The allusion is unknown, but the person Eucrates was a dealer in oakum, bran, and such things.

^e The Heliasts were 6000 citizens, chosen by lot yearly from all citizens over 30. From these dicasts were chosen for each ease. Three obols were the day's pay.

b The two Hipparehoi who commanded the two divisions of the Knights.

THE KNIGHTS, 242-258

Hasten up, my gallant horsemen,^a

now's the time your foe to fight.

Now then Simon, now Panaetius,^b

charge with fury on the right.

Here they're coming! Worthy fellow,

wheel about, commence the fray;

Lo, the dust of many horsemen

rushing on in close array!

Turn upon him, fight him, smite him,

scout him, rout him, every way.

HORUS. Smite the rascal, smite him, smite him,

troubler of our Knightly train,c

Foul extortioner, Charybdis,

bottomless abyss of gain.

Smite the raseal; smite the raseal;

many times the word I'll say,

For he proved himself a rascal

many, many times a day.

Therefore smite him, chase him, pound him,

rend and rattle and confound him!

Show your loathing, show as we do;

press with angry shouts around him.

Take you heed, or he'll evade you;

watch him closely, for the man

Knows how Eucrates d escaped us,

fleeing to his stores of bran.

APH. O my Heliastice veterans,

of the great Triobol clan,

Whom through right and wrong I nourish,

bawling, shouting all I can,

Help me, by conspiring traitors

shamefully abused and beaten.

HOR. Rightly, for the public commons

you before your turn have eaten,

κἀποσυκάζεις πιέζων τοὺς ὑπευθύνους, σκοπῶν ὅστις αὐτῶν ἀμός ἐστιν ἢ πέπων ἢ μὴ πέπων κάν τιν' αὐτῶν γνῷς ἀπράγμον' ὄντα καὶ κεχηνότα, καταγαγὼν ἐκ Χερρονήσου, διαβαλών, ἀγκυρίσας, εἶτ' ἀποστρέψας τὸν ὧμον, αὐτὸν ἐνεκολήβασας καὶ σκοπεῖς γε τῶν πολιτῶν ὅστις ἐστὶν ἀμνοκῶν, πλούσιος καὶ μὴ πονηρὸς καὶ τρέμων τὰ πράγματα.

ΠΑ. ξυνεπίκεισθ' ύμεῖς; ἐγὼ δ', ὧνδρες, δι' ύμᾶς τύπτομαι,

ὅτι λέγειν γνώμην ἔμελλον ὡς δίκαιον ἐν πόλει ἱστάναι μνημεῖον ὑμῶν ἐστιν ἀνδρείας χάριν. xo. ὡς δ' ἀλαζών, ὡς δὲ μάσθλης εἶδες οἶ ὑπέρχεται

ώσπερεὶ γέροντας ήμᾶς, κἀκκοβαλικεύεται; ἀλλ' ἐὰν ταύτη παρέλθη, ταυτηὶ πεπλήξεται ἢν δ' ὑπεκκλίνη γε δευρί, πρὸς σκέλος κυρηβάσει. ΠΑ. ὧ πόλις καὶ δῆμ', ὑφ' οἴων θηρίων γαστρίζομαι. ΧΟ. καὶ κέκραγας, ὧσπερ ἀεὶ τὴν πόλιν καταστρέφει;

x0. και κέκραγας, ωσπερ αει την πολιν καταστρεφει; AΛ. ἀλλ' ἐγώ σε τῆ βοῆ ταύτη γε πρῶτα τρέψομαι.

b A play upon διαλαβών, "grasping," and διαβαλών, "calumniating." So 491, διαβολάs for διαλαβάς.

^a The word is meant to recall συκοφάντηs, sycophantes, the informer or blackmailer. This introduces the image of the fig $(\sigma \hat{v} \kappa o \nu)$, which is mixed later with terms of the wrestling-school. All public officials had their accounts scrutinized, or audited, at the end of their year of office.

The "hook" is a wrestling term.

^d He tries to escape, head down (a stage direction, according to the Scholiast).

THE KNIGHTS, 259-275

And you squeeze a the audit-passers, pinching them like figs, to try Which is ripe, and which is ripening, which is very crude and dry. Find you one of easy temper, mouth agape, and vacant look, Back from Chersonese you bring him, grasp him firmly, b fix your hook, c Twist his shoulder back and, glibly, gulp the victim down at once. And you search amongst the townsmen for some lambkin-witted dunce, Wealthy, void of tricks and malice, shuddering at disputes and fuss. You assail me too, my masters? 'tis for you they beat me thus; Tis because I thought of moving that 'twere proper here to make Some memorial of your worships for your noble valour's sake. Hear him trying to cajole us! O the supple-bending sneak, Playing off his tricks upon us, as on dotards old and weak. Nay, but there my arm shall smite him if to pass you there he seek; If he dodge in this direction, here against my leg he butts.d Athens! Demus! see the monsters, see them punch me in the guts. Shouting, are you? you who always by your shouts subvert the town. But in this I'll first surpass him; thus I shout the fellow down.

PAPH.

CHOR.

PAPH.

CHOR.

S.S.

xo. ἀλλ' ἐὰν μέντοι γε νικᾶς τῆ βοῆ, τήνελλος εἶ· ην δ' ἀναιδεία παρέλθης, ημέτερος ὁ πυραμοῦς.

τουτονὶ τὸν ἄνδρ' (γω 'νδείκνυμι, καὶ φήμ' έξάγειν ταίσι Πελοποννησ ων τριήρεσι ζωμεύματα.

ναὶ μὰ Δία κάγως ε τοῦτον, ὅτι κενῆ τῆ κοιλία εἰσδραμὼν εἰς τὸ πρυτανεῖον, εἶτα πάλιν ἐκθεῖ πλέα.

νη Δί', έξάγων γε ταπόρρηθ', αμ' άρτον καὶ κρέας καὶ τέμαχος, οδ Περικλέης οδκ ήξιώθη πώποτε.

ἀποθανεῖσθον αὐτίκα μάλα. ΠA.

 $A\Lambda$. τριπλάσιον κεκράξομαί σου.

καταβοήσομαι βοών σε. ПА.

 $A\Lambda$.

κατακεκράξομαί σε κράζων. διαβαλῶ σ', ἐὰν στρατηγῆς. ПΑ.

κυνοκοπήσω σου τὸ νῶτον. $A\Lambda$.

περιελώ σ' άλαζονείαις. ΠA.

ύποτεμοθμαι τούς πόδας σου. ΑΛ.

βλέψον είς μ' ἀσκαρδάμυκτος. ПΑ.

έν άγορα κάγω τέθραμμαι. ΑΛ.

па. διαφορήσω σ', εί τι γρύξεις.

κοπροφορήσω σ', εὶ λαλήσεις. ΑΛ.

όμολογῶ κλέπτειν σὰ δ' οὐχί. ПА.

νη τὸν Ερμην τὸν ἀγοραῖον, $A\Lambda$.

1 τούς πόδας, Rogers: τὰς ὁδούς MSS.

for the man who kept awake all night. b A play upon ζωμεύματα, "sauces," and ὑποζώματα, "cables for

under-girding a ship." Cf. the account of St. Paul's shipwreck,

Acts xxvii. 17.

^a A Greek proverb. A cake was the prize at drinking parties

⁶ To be a guest at the public dinner in the Prytaneum was a recognized honour. This was awarded to Cleon after his success at Sphacteria. At that time Cleon had bitterly attacked Nicias and Demosthenes.

THE KNIGHTS, 276-297

CHOR. If in bawling you defeat him,
sing we ho! for Victory's sake.
If in shamelessness you beat him,
then indeed we take the eake.

PAPH. I denounce this smuggling fellow;
contraband of war he takes
For the Peloponnesian galleys,
frapping them with—girdle-cakes.

Light of the state of the same and the same and the same and the same are the same and the same are the

s.s. I denounce this juggling fellow;

at the Hall, from day to day,

In he runs with empty belly,

with a full one hies away.c

CHOR. Fish, and flesh, and bread exporting,

and a hundred things like these,

Contraband of peace, which never

were allowed to Pericles.

PAPH. Death awaits you at once, you two.
s.s. Thrice as loud can I squall as you.

PAPH. Now will I bawl you down by bawling.
s.s. Now will I squall you down by squalling.
PAPH. Lead our armies, and I'll backbite you.

s.s. I'll with dog-whips slash you and smite you.

PAPH. I'll outwit you by fraud and lying. s.s. I'll your pettitoes chop for frying. Now unblinking regard me, you.

S.S. I was bred in the agora too.
Say but g-r-r, and to strips I'll tear you.
Speak one word, and as dung I'll bear you.

PAPH. I confess that I steal. Do you? s.s. Agora Hermes d! yes, I do.

 $^{^{}d}$ An image of Hermes, as patron of commerce and of tricks, stood in the market-place.

κάπιορκώ γε βλεπόντων. άλλότρια τοίνυν σοφίζει, ПА. καί σε φαίνω τοῖς πρυτάνεσιν. άδεκατεύτους των θεων ίεράς ἔχοντα κοιλίας.

ῶ μιαρέ, καὶ βδελυρέ, καὶ κατακεστρ. α XO. κρᾶκτα, τοῦ σοῦ θράσους πασα μέν γη πλέα, πᾶσα δ' ἐκκλησία, καὶ τέλη, καὶ γραφαί, καὶ δικαστήρι', ὦ βορβοροτάραξι, καὶ την πόλιν απασαν ήμῶν ἀνατετυρβακώς.

όστις ήμων τὰς 'Αθήνας ἐκκεκώφωκας βοῶν, κάπὸ τῶν πετρῶν ἄνωθεν τοὺς φόρους θυννοσκοπῶν.

ΠΑ. οἶδ' ἐνὼ τὸ πρᾶνμα τοῦθ' ὅθεν πάλαι καττύεται.

ΑΛ. εί δὲ μὴ σύ γ' οἶσθα κάττυμ', οὐδ' ἐγὼ χορδεύματα, οστις ύποτέμνων έπώλεις δέρμα μοχθηροῦ βοὸς τοῖς ἀγροίκοισιν πανούργως, ὥστε φαίνεσθαι παχύ, καὶ πρὶν ἡμέραν φορῆσαι, μεῖζον ἦν δυοῖν δοχμαῖν. νη Δία κάμε τοῦτ' ἔδρασε ταὐτόν, ὥστε καὶ γέλων

a i.e. "you are poaching on my preserves": R.
 b Lit. "I denounce you to the Prytanes," who are sitting

among the spectators; cf. 278.

c κοιλίας, "guts," for οὐσίας, "estates": Schol. Estates of certain offenders were confiscated, and a tithe paid to Athena. Tithes of their profits were also consecrated by private persons 152

THE KNIGHTS, 298-319

If I'm seen, I'm a perjurer too.

Somebody else's tricks you're vaunting; "

Now to the Prytanes off I'll run, b

Tell them you've got some holy pig-guts.

Tell them you've paid no tithe thereon.c

CHOR. O villain, O shameless of heart,
O Bawler and Brawler self-seeking,
The land, the Assembly, the Tolls,
are all with thine impudence reeking,
And the Courts, and the actions at law:

they are full unto loathing and hate!

Thou stirrest the mud to its depths,

perturbing the whole of the State. Ruffian, who hast deafened Athens

with thine everlasting din,

Watching from the rocks the tribute, tunny-fashion, shoaling in.^d.

PAPH. Well I know the very quarter

where they cobbled up the plot.

s.s. You're a knowing hand at cobbling,

else in mincing meat I'm not;

You who cheated all the rustics

with a flabby bullock-hide,

Cutting it aslant to make it

look like leather firm and dried; 6

In a day, the shoes you sold them

wobbled half a foot too wide.

NIC. That's the very trick the rascal

played the other day on me,

in gratitude. Instances are recorded of butcher, baker, tanner, potter, fuller, and washerman. (*Greek Votive Offerings*, p. 59.)

⁴ An allusion to the watchers set to look out for shoals of

tunny, who announce their advent with stentorian voice.

The slanting cut makes the leather seem thicker than it is.

πάμπολυν τοῖς δημόταισι καὶ φίλοις παρασχεθεῖν· 3 πρὶν γὰρ εἶναι Περγασῆσιν, ἔνεον ἐν ταῖς ἐμβάσιν.

Χο. άρα δῆτ' οὐκ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς ἐδήλους ἀναί- [στρ. β δειαν, ἤπερ μόνη προστατεῖ ῥητόρων; 3 ἢ σὰ πιστεύων ἀμέλγεις τῶν ξένων τοὺς καρπίμους, πρῶτος ὤν· ὁ δ' Ἡπποδάμου λείβεται θεώμενος. ἀλλ' ἐφάνη γὰρ ἀνὴρ ἔτερος πολὰ σοῦ μιαρώτερος, ὤστε με χαίρειν, ὅς σε παύσει καὶ πάρεισι, δῆλός ἐστιν, αὐτόθεν, πανουργία τε καὶ θράσει καὶ κοβαλικεύμασιν. ἀλλ' ὧ τραφεὶς ὅθενπέρ εἰσιν ἄνδρες οἵπερ εἰσί, νῦν δεῖξον ὡς οὐδὲν λέγει τὸ σωφρόνως τραφῆναι.

ΑΛ. καὶ μὴν ἀκούσαθ' οἶός ἐστιν ούτοσὶ πολίτης.

πΑ. οὐκ αὖ μ' ἐάσεις;

ΑΛ. μὰ Δί', ἐπεὶ κἀγὼ πονηρός εἰμι.

χο. ἐὰν δὲ μὴ ταύτη γ' ὑπείκη, λέγ' ὅτι κάκ πονηρῶν.

πΑ. οὐκ αὖ μ' ἐάσεις:

AA. $\mu \grave{a} \Delta \acute{\iota} a$.

πΑ. ναὶ μὰ Δία.

ΑΛ. μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ, ἀλλ' αὐτὸ περὶ τοῦ πρότερος εἰπεῖν πρῶτα διαμαγοῦμαι.

^a An Attic Deme.

b Archeptolemus, 794 below. He tried to end the war, but was foiled by Cleon. Being involved with the Four Hundred, he was afterwards condemned to death.

THE KNIGHTS, 320-339

And my friends and fellow burghers laughed with undissembled glee, I was swimming in my slippers

ere I got to Pergasac.a

So then thou hast e'en from the first

that shameless bravado displayed

Which alone is the Orators' Patron.

And foremost of all by its aid

Thou the wealthy strangers milkest,

draining off their rich supplies;

And the son of Hippodamus b

watches thee with streaming eyes.

Ah, but another has dawned on us now, Viler and fouler and coarser than thou. Viler and fouler and coarser by far.

One who'll beat thee and defeat thee

(therefore jubilant we are),

Beat thee in jackanapes tricks and rascality, Beat thee in impudence, cheek, and brutality.

O trained where Men are trained who best deserve that appellation.

Now show us of how little worth

is liberal education.

The sort of citizen he is, I'll first expose to view. S.S.

Give me precedence. PAPH.

No, by Zeus, for I'm a blackguard too. S.S.

CHOR. And if to that he yield not, add " as all my fathers were."

Give me precedence. PAPII.

No, by Zeus. S.S.

O yes, by Zeus.

PAPII. s.s.

I'll fight you on that very point; you never shall be first.

πΑ. οἴμοι, διαρραγήσομαι.

 $A\Lambda$. καὶ μὴν ἐγὼ οὐ π αρήσω.

χο. πάρες πάρες πρός τῶν θεῶν αὐτῷ διαρραγῆναι.

ΠΑ. τῷ καὶ πεποιθώς ἀξιοῖς ἐμοῦ λέγειν ἔναντα;

ΑΛ. ότιὴ λέγειν οδός τε κάγὼ καὶ καρυκοποιείν.

ΠΑ. ἰδοὺ λέγειν. καλώς γ' ἂν οὖν σὺ πρᾶγμα προσπεσόν σοι

ώμοσπάρακτον παραλαβών μεταχειρίσαιο χρηστώς. 34 άλλ' οἷσθ' ὅ μοι πεπονθέναι δοκεῖς; ὅπερ τὸ πλῆθος. εἴ που δικίδιον εἶπας εὖ κατὰ ξένου μετοίκου, τὴν νύκτα θρυλῶν καὶ λαλῶν ἐν ταῖς ὁδοῖς σεαυτῷ, ὕδωρ τε πίνων, κἀπιδεικνὺς τοὺς φίλους τ' ἀνιῶν, ὤου δυνατὸς εἶναι λέγειν. ὧ μῶρε τῆς ἀνοίας. 350

ΑΛ. τί δαὶ σὺ πίνων τὴν πόλιν πεποίηκας, ὥστε νυνὶ ὑπὸ σοῦ μονωτάτου κατεγλωττισμένην σιωπᾶν;

ΠΑ. ἐμοὶ γὰρ ἀντέθηκας ἀνθρώπων τω'; ὅστις εὐθὺς
 θύννεια θερμὰ καταφαγών, κἦτ' ἐπιπιὼν ἀκράτου
 οἴνου χόα κασαλβάσω τοὺς ἐν Πύλῳ στρατηγούς.

ΑΛ. έγω δέ γ' ήνυστρον βοός καὶ κοιλίαν ύείαν

^a The speaker intends this to repeat the words of 338, but the chorus misunderstand him to refer to "I shall burst."

^b In later days, it was a gibe against the orator Demosthenes that he was a water-drinker; and something of the sort may be meant here.

THE KNIGHTS, 340-356

PAPH.	O, I shall burst.
s.s.	You never shall. a
CHOR.	O let him, let him burst.
PAPH.	How dare you try in speech to vie
	with me? On what rely you?
s.s.	Why I can speak first-rate, and eke
	with piquant sauce supply you.
PAPH.	O speak you can! and you're the man,
	I warrant, who is able
	A mangled mess full well to dress,
	and serve it up to table.
	I know your case, the common case;
	against some alien folk
	You had some petty suit to plead,
	and fairly well you spoke.
	For oft you'd conned the speech by night,
	and in the streets discussed it,
	And, quaffing water, b shown it off,
	and all your friends disgusted.
	Now you're an orator, you think.
	O fool, the senseless thought!
s.s.	Pray what's the draught which you have quaffed
	that Athens you have brought
	Tongue-wheedled by yourself alone
	to sit so mute and still?
PAPH.	
	I'll eat my tunny grill,
	And quaff thereon a stoup of wine
	which water shall not touch,
	And then with scurrilous abuse
	the Pylian generals smutch.
s.s.	I'll eat the paunch of cow and swine,
	and quaff thereon their stew,

καταβροχθίσας, κἆτ' ἐπιπιὼν τὸν ζωμὸν ἀναπό-

νιπτος λαρυγγιῶ τοὺς ῥήτορας καὶ Νικίαν ταράξω. τὰ μὲν ἄλλα μ' ἤρεσας λέγων εν δ' οὐ προσίεταί με τῶν πραγμάτων, ότιὴ μόνος τὸν ζωμὸν ἐκροφήσεις. 360 άλλ' οὐ λάβρακας καταφαγών Μιλησίους κλονήσεις. ПΑ. άλλα σχελίδας έδηδοκως ωνήσομαι μέταλλα. $A\Lambda$. ΠΑ. έγω δ' έπεισπηδών γε την βουλην βία κυκήσω. έγω δε κινήσω γε σου τον πρωκτον αντί φύσκης. $A\Lambda$. έγω δέ γ' έξέλξω σε της πυγης θύραζε κύβδα. 36 ΠA. νή τὸν Ποσειδώ κάμέ τἄρ', ἤνπερ γε τοῦτον έλκης. XO. οξόν σε δήσω 'ν τῷ ξύλω. ПА. διώξομαί σε δειλίας. AA. ή βύρσα σου θρανεύσεται. ΠA. δερώ σε θύλακον κλοπης. $A\Lambda$. 370 διαπατταλευθήσει χαμαί. IIA.

ΑΛ. περικόμματ' ἔκ σου σκευάσω,
 ΠΑ. τὰς βλεφαρίδας σου παρατιλῶ.
 ΑΛ. τὸν πρηγορεῶνά σοὐκτεμῶ.

ΔΗ. καὶ νὴ Δι' ἐμβαλόντες αὐτῷ πάτταλον μαγειρικῶς
ἐς τὸ στόμ', εἶτα δ' ἔνδοθεν
τὴν γλῶτταν ἐξείραντες αὐτοῦ σκεψόμεσθ' εὖ κἀνδρικῶς

κεχηνότος τὸν πρωκτόν, εἰ χαλαζậ. 375

^a "The Milesian basse was a prime favourite with Hellenic epienres": R. Somehow Cleon had got money out of the Milesians, cf. 932.

^b The reference is unknown.

The terms in the following passage are drawn from the speakers' trades.

THE KNIGHTS, 357-381

And rising from the board with hands which water never knew I'll throttle all the orators, and flutter Nicias too. With all beside I'm satisfied, CHOR. but one thing likes me not, You speak as if you ate alone whatever stew you've got. You'll not consume your basse and then PAPH. Miletus bring to grief.a But mines I'll purchase b when I've first S.S. devoured my ribs of beef. I'll leap the Council-chamber in, PAPH. and put them all to rout. I'll treat you like a sausage-skin, S.S. and twirl your breech about. I'll hoist you by your crupper up, PAPH. and thrust you through the gate, sir. If him you thrust, me too you must; CHOR. you must as sure as fate, sir. Your feet in the stocks I'll fix full tight. PAPH. And you for your cowardice I'll indict. S.S. Outstretched on my board your hide I'll pin.c PAPH. "Pickpocket's purse" I'll make your skin. Your limbs on the tanhouse floor I'll stake. PAPH. Your flesh into force-meat balls I'll bake. S.S. I'll twitch the lashes off both your eyes. PAPH. I'll cut your gizzard out, poulterer-wise. S.S. Prop open his mouth with all your strength: DE. Insert the extender from jaw to jaw; Pull out his tongue to its utmost length, And, butcher-fashion, inspect his maw, And whilst his gape is so broad and fine, See if he's not The symptoms got Which show that he's nought but a measly swine.

Χο. ἦν ἄρα πυρός γ' ἔτερα θερμότερα, [ἀντικαὶ λόγοι τῶν λόγων
ἐν πόλει τῶν ἀναιδῶν ἀναιδέστεροι·
καὶ τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἦν ἄρ' οὐ
φαῦλον ὧδ' [οὐδαμῶς].¹
ἀλλ' ἔπιθι καὶ στρόβει,
μηδὲν ὀλίγον ποίει·
νῦν γὰρ ἔχεται μέσος.
ὡς ἐὰν νυνὶ μαλάξης αὐτὸν ἐν τῆ προσβολῆ,
δειλὸν εὐρήσεις· ἐγὼ γὰρ τοὺς τρόπους ἐπ-

ίσταμαι.

ΑΛ. ἀλλ' ὅμως οὖτος τοιοῦτος ὢν ἄπαντα τὸν βίον, κἦτ' ἀνὴρ ἔδοξεν εἶναι, τἀλλότριον ἀμῶν θέρος. νῦν δὲ τοὺς στάχυς ἐκείνους, οὖς ἐκεῦθεν ἤγαγεν, ἐν ξύλῳ δήσας ἀφαύει κἀποδόσθαι βούλεται.

ΠΑ. οὐ δέδοιχ' ὑμᾶς, ἔως ἂν ζῆ τὸ βουλευτήριον 395
καὶ τὸ τοῦ Δήμου πρόσωπον μακκοῦ καθήμενον.

Χο. ὡς δὲ πρὸς πᾶν ἀναιδεύεται κοὐ μεθίστησι τοῦ χρώματος τοῦ παρεστηκότος.
 εἴ σε μὴ μισῶ, γενοίμην ἐν Κρατίνου κώδιον, 400
 καὶ διδασκοίμην προσάδειν Μορσίμου τραγωδίαν.

1 οὐδαμῶς inserted by Rogers to complete the metre.

b Cratinus was a good bottle-man, and his sheepskin might be expected to fare ill. He was a competitor in this

contest with Aristophanes.

 $^{^{\}alpha}$ "Cleon had done what he declared that the generals ϵl ANΔPEΣ $\epsilon l \epsilon \nu$ would do, viz.: sail to Pylus and bring back the Spartans as captives, Thuc. iv. 27. He had reaped the harvest which Demosthenes had sown": R.

THE KNIGHTS, 382-401

There are things, then, hotter than fire; CHOR. there are speeches more shameless still Than the shameless speeches of those who rule the City at will. No trifling task is before you; upon him and twist and garotte him. Do nought that is little or mean; for round the waist you have got him. If in this assault you knead him limp and supple to your hand, You will find the man a craven; I his habits understand. Truly for an arrant coward S.S. he has all his life been known; Yet a Man he seemed but lately, reaping where he had not sown.a Now the ears of corn he brought us, he aspires to parch and dry, Shuts them up in wood and fetters, hopes to sell them by and by PAPH. You and your allies I fear not, while the Council lives, and while Demus moons upon the benches with his own unmeaning smile. O see how he brazens it out! CHOR. The colour remains as before In his shameless impudent face. And O, if I hate you not sore, Let me be a filthy sheepskin, that whereon Cratinus lay,^b Or let Morsimus c instruct me

> ^c Morsimus was a worthless tragedian. 161

M

VOL. I

as the Chorus to his Play.

ῶ περὶ πάντ' ἐπὶ πᾶσί τε πράγμασι
δωροδόκοισιν ἐπ' ἄνθεσιν ἴζων,
εἴθε φαύλως, ὥσπερ εὖρες, ἐκβάλοις τὴν ἔνθεσιν.
ἄσαιμι γὰρ τότ' ἂν μόνον
πῖνε πῖν' ἐπὶ συμφοραῖς
τὸν Ἰουλίου τ' ἂν οἴομαι, γέροντα πυροπίπην,
ἡσθέντ' ἰηπαιωνίσαι καὶ Βακχέβακχον ἄσαι.

ΠΑ. οὔ τοί μ' ὑπερβαλεῖσθ' ἀναιδεία μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ,
 ἢ μή ποτ' ἀγοραίου Διὸς σπλάγχνοισι παραγενοίμην.

γενοίμην.

ΑΛ. ἔγωγε νὴ τοὺς κονδύλους, οὓς πολλὰ δὴ 'πὶ πολλοῖς ἢνεσχόμην ἐκ παιδίου, μαχαιρίδων τε πληγάς, ὑπερβαλεῖσθαί σ' οἴομαι τούτοισιν, ἢ μάτην γ' ἂν ἀπομαγδαλιὰς σιτούμενος τοσοῦτος ἐκτραφείην.

ΠΑ. ἀπομαγδαλιὰς ὥσπερ κύων; ὧ παμπόνηρε, πῶς οὖν 41
 κυνὸς βορὰν σιτούμενος μάχει σὰ κυνοκεφάλλω;

ΑΛ. καὶ νὴ Δί' ἄλλα γ' ἐστί μου κόβαλα παιδὸς ὅντος. ἐξηπάτων γὰρ τοὺς μαγείρους ἃν λέγων τοιαυτί· σκέψασθε, παίδες· οὐχ ὁρᾶθ'; ὥρα νέα, χελιδών. οἱ δ' ἔβλεπον, κάγὼ 'ν τοσούτῳ τῶν κρεῶν ἔκλεπτον.

^a A ditty of Simonides.

^c A statue of Zeus under this title stood in the Agora, and

another in the Pnyx.

See Baumeister, Denkmäler, fig. 2126, p. 1985.

b πυροπίπης, "one who keeps a loving eye on the bread" (cf. the Homeric παρθενοπίπης), was a nickname given by Cratinus to this old pantler at the Prytaneum.

^d Pieces of dough used to clean the fingers, and then thrown to the dogs.

THE KNIGHTS, 402-420

Thou in all places, and thou at all hours, Flitting and sitting in bri-berry flowers, Sucking and sipping the gold they contain, Mayest thou lightly, as 'twas swallowed, cast thy mouthful up again.

cast thy mouthful up again.

Then will I ever the roundelay sing

Drink for the luck which the Destinies bring,^a

And old Iulius's son, the pantler Prytanean,^b

For joy will "Baeche-Bachus" shout,

and chant his Io-Pacan.

PAPH. Think you in shamelessness to win?

No, by Poseidon, no!

Or may I evermore the feasts

of Agora Zeus c forgo.

s.s. Now by the knuckles which in youth

would discipline my head,

And those hard-handled butchers' knives

they often used instead,

I think in shamelessness I'll win;

else vainly in the slums

Have I to such a bulk been reared

on finger-cleaning crumbs.^d

PAPH. On finger-pellets like a dog?

And reared on these, you seek

To fight a dog-faced fierce baboon!

I marvel at your cheek.

s.s. And lots of other monkey-tricks

I practised as a boy.

O how I used to chouse the cooks

by shricking out *Ahoy!*

Look lads, a swallow! spring is here.

Look up, look up, I pray.e

So up they looked whilst I purloined

a piece of meat away.

- xo. ὧ δεξιώτατον κρέας, σοφῶς γε προὖνοήσω·ὥσπερ ἀκαλήφας ἐσθίων πρὸ χελιδόνων ἔκλεπτες.
- ΑΛ. καὶ ταῦτα δρῶν ἐλάνθανόν γ'· εἰ δ' οὖν ἴδοι τις αὐτῶν,
 - ἀποκρυπτόμενος εἰς τὰ κοχώνα τοὺς θεοὺς ἀπώμνυν
 - ωστ' είπ' ἀνὴρ τῶν ρητόρων ἰδών με τοῦτο δρῶντα· εοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ παῖς ὅδ' οὐ τὸν δῆμον ἐπιτροπεύσει.
- χο. $\epsilon \tilde{v}$ γε ξυνέβαλεν α \tilde{v} τ' ἀτὰρ δηλόν γ' ἀφ' ο \tilde{v} ξυνέγνω·
 - ότιὴ ἐπιώρκεις θ' ἡρπακὼς καὶ κρέας ὁ πρωκτὸς ϵ ἶχ $\epsilon \nu$.
- ΠΑ. ἐγώ σε παύσω τοῦ θράσους, οἶμαι δὲ μᾶλλον ἄμφω. ἔξειμι γάρ σοι λαμπρὸς ἤδη καὶ μέγας καθιείς, όμοῦ ταράττων τήν τε γῆν καὶ τὴν θάλατταν εἰκῆ.
- ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ συστείλας γε τοὺς ἀλλᾶντας εἶτ' ἀφήσω κατὰ κῦμ' ἐμαυτὸν οὔριον, κλάειν σε μακρὰ κελεύσας.
- ΔΗ. κἄγωγ', ἐάν τι παραχαλᾳ, τὴν ἀντλίαν φυλάξω.
- πα. οὔ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα καταπροίξει τάλαντα πολλὰ κλέψας ᾿Λθηναίων.
- Χο. ἄθρει, καὶ τοῦ ποδὸς παρίει·ώς οὖτος ἤδη Καικίας καὶ Συκοφαντίας πνεῖ.

^α Καικίας, the name of "the north-east wind, one of the most violent winds in the Mediterranean," was proverbially explained as "bringing evils" (ξλκων κακά), and Aristophanes coins Συκοφαντίας on its analogy.

THE KNIGHTS, 421-437

CHOR.	
	and stole away your meat
	Before the vernal swallow came,
	as folk their nettles eat.
s.s.	And no one caught me out, or else,
	if any saw me pot it,
	I clapped the meat between my thighs
	and vowed I hadn't got it;
	Whereat an orator observed,
	who watched me at my tricks,
	Some day this boy will make his mark
	as leader in the Pnyx.
CHOR.	His inference was just; but still
•	'tis plain from whence he drew it;
	He saw you filch the meat away,
	and swear you didn't do it.
PAPH.	I'll stop your insolence, my man;
	your friend's and yours together.
	I'll swoop upon you like a gale
	of fresh and stormy weather,
	And all the land and all the sea
	in wild confusion throw.
• •	But I will furl my sausages,
S.S.	and down the tide will go
	With prosperous seas, and favouring breeze,
	at you my fingers snapping.
DE.	And if your bark a leak should spring,
	the water I'll be tapping.
PAPH.	Full many a talent have you filched,
	and dearly shall you pay,
	You public-treasury thief!
CHOR.	Look out, and slack the sheet away,
	I hear a loud Nor'-Easter there
	or Sycophanter ^a blow.
	. 0

ПΑ.	σὲ δ' ἐκ Ποτιδαίας ἔχοντ' εὖ οἶδα δέκα τάλαντα.	
$A\Lambda$.	τί δητα; βούλει τῶν ταλάντων εν λαβών σιωπαν;	
XO.	άνηρ αν ήδέως λάβοι. τους τερθρίους παρίει.	4
$A\Lambda$.	΄΄ τὸ πνεῦμ' ἔλαττον γίγνεται.	
па.	[δωροδοκίας] φεύξει γραφάς	
	έκατονταλάντους τέτταρας.	
ΑΛ.	σὺ δ' ἀστρατείας εἴκοσιν,	
7171.	κλοπῆς δὲ πλεῖν ἢ χιλίας.	
TT A	έκ τῶν ἀλιτηρίων σέ φη-	4
па.	μι γεγονέναι τῶν τῆς θεοῦ.	4
A Λ .	τὸν πάππον εἶναί φημί σου	
	τῶν δορυφόρων—	
ПΑ.	ποίων; φράσον.	
$A\Lambda$.	τῶν Βυρσίνης τῆς Ἱππίου.	
ПА.	κόβαλος εἶ.	
ΑΛ.	πανοῦργος εξ.	4
XO.	παῖ' ἀνδρικῶς.	_
па.	ιού ιού,	
iin.		
	τύπτουσί μ', οί ξυνωμόται.	
XO,	παῖ' αὐτὸν ἀνδρικώτατα, καὶ	
	γάστριζε καὶ τοῖς ἐντέροις	
	καὶ τοῖς κόλοις,	4
	χὤπως κολᾶ τὸν ἄνδρα.	
	,,	

ῶ γεννικώτατον κρέας ψυχήν τ' ἄριστε πάντων, καὶ τῆ πόλει σωτήρ φανεὶς ήμιν τε τοις πολίταις,

¹ Inserted by Rogers.

a Potidaea had surrendered on terms some five years before this, Thue, ii, 70. No doubt Cleon had attacked the generals.
 b The great family of the Alemaconidae was put under a curse for the murder of Cylon's friends in sanctuary, about 200 years before, Thue, i, 126. The charge was revived against Cleisthenes, and later against Pericles, possibly also against Alcibiades. Here

THE KNIGHTS, 438-458

PAPH. From Potidaea you received ten talents, that I know.a Will you take one, and hold your tongue? s.s. He'd take it like a shot. CHOR. Let out the vard-arm ropes a bit. The gale has milder got. s.s. The stormy blast is falling fast. You'll have, for bribery and deceit, PAPII. Four hundred-talent writs to meet. And you, for cowardliness a score, S.S. For theft a thousand writs and more. From that old sacrilegious race b PAPH. I'll say that your descent you trace. Your father's father marched, I'll swear, S.S. As body-guard to-Whom? Declare! PAPH. To Hippias's Byrsine. S.S. You jackanapes! PAPH. You gallows-tree! S.S. Strike like a man! CHOR. O help me! Oh! PAPH. These plotting traitors hurt me so. Strike, strike him, well and manfully, CHOR. And with those entrails beat him, And strings of sausage-meat, and try Meet punishment to mete him. O noblest flesh in all the world, O spirit best and dearest, To City and to citizens a Saviour thou appearest.

it is used as a comic threat against the Sausage-seller, the last man to belong to such a family.

• The wife of Hippias the tyrant was Myrsine; for which, to suit the tanner's trade, Aristophanes substitutes $B\nu\rho\sigma\ell\nu\eta$ "a leather strap."

ώς εὖ τὸν ἄνδρα ποικίλως θ' ὑπῆλθες ἐν λόγοισιν. πῶς ἄν σ' ἐπαινέσαιμεν οὕτως ὥσπερ ἡδόμεσθα; 460 ταυτὶ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρά μ' οὐκ ἐλάνθανεν τεκταινόμενα τὰ πράγματ', ἀλλ' ἠπιστάμην γομφούμεν' αὐτὰ πάντα καὶ κολλώμενα. οἴμοι, σὺ δ' οὐδὲν ἐξ άμαξουργοῦ λέγεις; ΑΛ. οὔκουν μ' ἐν Ἄργει γ' οἶα πράττει λανθάνει. 465
 πρόφασιν μὲν ᾿Αργείους φίλους ἡμῖν ποιεῖ ιδία δ' ἐκεῖ Λακεδαιμονίοις ξυγγίγνεται. καὶ ταῦτ' ἐφ' οἶσίν ἐστι συμφυσώμενα έγωδ' επί γαρ τοις δεδεμένοις χαλκεύεται. χο. εὐ γ' εὐ γε, χάλκευ' ἀντί τῶν κολλωμένων. 470 καὶ ξυγκροτοῦσιν ἄνδρες αὔτ' ἐκεῖθεν αὖ, καὶ ταῦτά μ' οὔτ' ἀργύριον οὔτε χρυσίον διδοὺς ἀναπείσεις, οὖτε προσπέμπων φίλους, ὅπως ἐγὼ ταῦτ' οὐκ ᾿Αθηναίοις φράσω. έγω μεν οὖν αὐτίκα μάλ' εἰς βουλὴν ἰων 475 ύμων άπάντων τὰς ξυνωμοσίας ἐρώ, καὶ τὰς ξυνόδους τὰς νυκτερινὰς ἐν τῆ πόλει, καὶ πάνθ' ἃ Μήδοις καὶ βασιλεῖ ξυνόμνυτε, καὶ τάκ Βοιωτών ταῦτα συντυρούμενα. 480

ΑΛ. πῶς οὖν ὁ τυρὸς ἐν Βοιωτοῖς ἄνιος;

πΑ. ἐγώ σε νὴ τὸν Ἡρακλέα παραστορῶ.

Χο. ἄγε δὴ σὺ τίνα νοῦν ἢ τίνα γνώμην ἔχεις;νυνὶ διδάξεις, εἴπερ ἀπεκρύψω τότε

b The process for treason was impeachment before the

Conneil, είσαγγελία.

^a A thirty years' truce between Sparta and Argos was running out; both Sparta and Athens were now bidding for the Argive support.

Demosthenes was intriguing with Bocotian cities to establish democracy there, Thuc. iv. 76. Cheese was an important product of Bocotia.

THE KNIGHTS, 459-483

How well and with what varied skill thou foil'st him in debate! O would that I could praise you so, as our delight is great. Now, by Demeter, it escaped me not PAPH. That these same plots were framing; well I knew How they were pegged, and fixed, and glued together. O, me! CHOR. (To S.S.) Can't you say something from the eartwright's trade? These Argos doings have escaped me not. He goes, he says, to make a friend of Argos, a But 'tis with Sparta he's colloquing there. Ave and I know the anvil whereupon His plan is forged: 'tis welded on the eaptives. Good! good! return him welding for his glue. CHOR. And men from thence are hammering at it too. And not by bribes of silver or of gold Or sending friends, will you persuade me not To tell the Athenians how you are going on. I'll go this instant to the Council-board, PAPH. And all your vile conspiracies denounce, And all your nightly gatherings in the town, And how you plotted with the Medes and King, And all your cheese-pressed doings in Bocotia.c Pray, how's cheese selling in Boeotia now? I'll stretch you flat, by Heracles I will. [Exit PAPH. Now then, what mean you? what are you CHOR.

S.S.

S.S.

S.S.

going to do?

Now shall you show us if in very truth

ARISTOPHANES εἰς τὰ κονώνα τὸ κοέας ώς αὐτὸς λένεις.

θεύσει γὰρ ἄξας εἰς τὸ βουλευτήριον,	485
ώς οὖτος εἰσπεσὼν ἐκεῖσε διαβαλεῖ	
ήμᾶς ἄπαντας καὶ κραγὸν κεκράξεται.	
άλλ' εἷμι· πρῶτον δ', ώς ἔχω, τὰς κοιλίας	

490

500

505

ΑΛ. άλλ΄ εἰμι· πρώτον δ΄, ώς έχω, τας κοιλίας καὶ τὰς μαχαίρας ἐνθαδὶ καταθήσομαι.

ΔΗ. ἔχε νυν, ἄλειψον τὸν τράχηλον τουτωί, ἵν' ἐξολισθάνειν δύνη τὰς διαβολάς.

ΑΛ. ἀλλ' εὖ λέγεις καὶ παιδοτριβικῶς ταυταγί.

ΔΗ. ἔχε νυν, ἐπέγκαψον λαβὼν ταδί.

AA. $\tau i \, \delta a i;$

ΔΗ. ῗν' ἄμεινον, ὧ τᾶν, ἐσκοροδισμένος μάχη. καὶ σπεῦδε ταχέως.

ΑΛ. ταῦτα δρῶ.

ΔΗ. μέμνησό νυν 495 δάκνειν, διαβάλλειν, τοὺς λόφους κατεσθίειν, χὥπως τὰ κάλλαι' ἀποφαγὼν ἥξεις πάλιν.

Χο. ἀλλ' ἴθι χαίρων, καὶ πράξειας κατὰ νοῦν τὸν ἐμόν, καὶ σε φυλάττοι Ζεὺς ἀγοραῖος· καὶ νικήσας αὖθις ἐκεῦθεν πάλιν ὡς ἡμῶς ἔλθοις στεφάνοις κατάπαστος. ὑμεῖς δ' ἡμῦν πρόσχετε τὸν νοῦν τοῖς τ' ἀναπαίστοις, ὧ παντοίας ἤδη Μούσης
πειραθέντες καθ' ἑαυτούς.

^a The Scholiast says that he gives him lard; but perhaps it is a draught of wine, 493. The garlie was to prime him like a fighting cock.

THE KNIGHTS, 484-506

You stole the meat and hid it as you said. So to the Council-house you'll run, for he Will burst in thither, and against us all Utter his lies and bawl a mighty bawl.

s.s. Well, I will go; but first I'll lay me down Here, as I am, these guts and butchers'-knives.

DE. Heretake this ointment and anoint your neck, a So can you slip more easily through his lies. b

s.s. Well now, that's good and trainer-like advice.

DE. And next, take this and swallow it.

S.S. What for?
Why if you are garlie-primed you'll fight

DE. Why, if you are garlie-primed, you'll fight much better.

And now begone.

DE.

s.s. I'm off.

And don't forget To peck, to lie, to gobble down his combs, And bite his wattles off. That done, return.

CHOR. Good-bye and good speed: may your daring succeed,

And Zeus of the Agora help you in need.^c May you conquer in fight, and return to our sight

A Victor triumphant with garlands bedight. But Y = a to our anapaests listen the while,

And give us the heed that is due,

Ye wits, who the Muse of each pattern and style

Yourselves have attempted to woo.

διαβολάς for διαλαβάς. So 496.

 498-99 come from Sophocles, according to the Scholiast.
 Herc the Chorus turns directly to the audience, and the Parabasis proper, 507-46, follows.

εὶ μέν τις ἀνὴρ τῶν ἀρχαίων κωμῳδοδιδάσκαλος ἡμᾶς
ἠνάγκαζεν λέξοντας ἔπη πρὸς τὸ θέατρον παραβῆναι,
οὐκ ἂν φαύλως ἔτυχεν τούτου·νῦν δ' ἄξιός ἐσθ' ὁ ποιητής,
ὅτι τοὺς αὐτοὺς ἡμῖν μισεῖ, τολμῷ τε λέγειν τὰ δίκαια, δι
καὶ γενναίως πρὸς τὸν Τυφῶ χωρεῖ καὶ τὴν ἐριώλην.
ἃ δὲ θαυμάζειν ὑμῶν φησιν πολλοὺς αὐτῷ προσιόντας,
καὶ βασανίζειν, ὡς οὐχὶ πάλαι χορὸν αἰτοίη καθ' ἐαυτόν,
ἡμᾶς ὑμῖν ἐκέλευε φράσαι περὶ τούτου. φησὶ γὰρ ἀνὴρ
οὐχ ὑπ' ἀνοίας τοῦτο πεπονθὼς διατρίβειν, ἀλλὰ νομίζων 5
κωμῳδοδιδασκαλίαν εἶναι χαλεπώτατον ἔργον ἀπάντων·
πολλῶν γὰρ δὴ πειρασάντων αὐτὴν ὀλίγοις χαρίσασθαι·
ὑμᾶς τε πάλαι διαγιγνώσκων ἐπετείους τὴν φύσιν ὅντας,
καὶ τοὺς προτέρους τῶν ποιητῶν ἄμα τῷ γήρᾳ προ-
διδόντας·

τοῦτο μὲν εἰδὼς ἄπαθε Μάγνης ἄμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις,

b Magnes, an early writer of comedy. The lines that follow allude to his plays, Βαρβιτισταί, The Lute-players, "Ορνιθες, The Birds, Ανδοί, The Lydians, Ψῆνες, The Gall-flies, Βάτραχοι, The Frogs. The green dye, "frog-green," was smeared by actors upon their faces before the use of masks came in. Schol.

^a A. had hitherto exhibited his plays in the name of Callistratus. The poet had to send in his play to the Archon, and "ask for a chorus"; if it was granted, the Archon chose a Choregus, who had to pay all expenses except the cost of the three actors provided by the state. These three divided the chief parts between them.

THE KNIGHTS, 507-520

If one of the old-fashioned Comedy-bards
had our services sought to impress,
And make us before the spectators appear,
to deliver the public address,
He would not have easily gained us; but now,
with pleasure we grant the request
Of a poet who ventures the truth to declare,
and detests what we also detest,
And against the Tornado and Whirlwind, alone,
with noble devotion advances.
But as for the question that puzzles you most,
so that many inquire how it chances
That he never a Chorus had asked for himself,
or attempted in person to vie, a
On this we're commissioned his views to explain,
and this is the Poet's reply;
That 'twas not from folly he lingered so long,
but discerning by shrewd observation
That Comedy-Chorus-instruction is quite
the most difficult thing in creation.
For out of the many who courted the Muse
she has granted her favours to few,
While e'en as the plants that abide but a year,
so shifting and changeful are you;
And the Poets who flourished before him, he saw,
ye were wont in their age to betray.
Observing the treatment which Magnes b received
when his hair was besprinkled with grey.

δς πλείστα χορών τών ἀντιπάλων νίκης ἔστησε τροπαία

πάσας δ' ύμιν φωνὰς ίεὶς καὶ ψάλλων καὶ πτερυγίζων καὶ λυδίζων καὶ ψηνίζων καὶ βαπτόμενος βατραχείοις οὐκ ἐξήρκεσεν, ἀλλὰ τελευτῶν ἐπὶ γήρως, οὐ γὰρ ἐφ' ήβης,

εξεβλήθη πρεσβύτης ὤν, ὅτι τοῦ σκώπτειν ἀπελείφθῆ· το εἶτα Κρατίνου μεμνημένος, δς πολλῷ ρεύσας ποτ' ἐπαίνω διὰ τῶν ἀφελῶν πεδίων ἔρρει, καὶ τῆς στάσεως παρασύρων

έφόρει τὰς δρῦς καὶ τὰς πλατάνους καὶ τοὺς ἐχθροὺς προθελύμνους

άσαι δ' οὐκ ἦν ἐν ξυμποσίω πλήν, Δωροῦ συκοπέδιλε, καί, Τέκτονες εὐπαλάμων ὕμνων οὕτως ἤνθησεν ἐκεῖνος. 5 νυνὶ δ' ὑμεῖς αὐτὸν ὁρῶντες παραληροῦντ' οὐκ ἐλεεῖτε, ἐκπιπτουσῶν τῶν ἠλέκτρων, καὶ τοῦ τόνου οὐκ ἔτ' ἐνόντος,

τῶν θ' ἀρμονιῶν διαχασκουσῶν ἀλλὰ γέρων ὧν περιέρρει,

ωσπερ Κοννᾶς, στέφανον μεν έχων αὖον, δίψη δ' ἀπολωλώς,

^a Cratinus, another writer of comedies, now in his old age a toper and despised. He won the second place in this contest with The Satyrs. Next year he was again second to Λ , with the $X \epsilon \iota \mu \alpha \zeta \delta \mu \epsilon \nu o$, The Storm-tossed; and the year following he was first with $I \nu \tau \nu \eta$, The Flagon, Λ . being third with The Clouds.

b Songs of Cratinus from the Eunidae, a play full of parodies. 174

THE KNIGHTS, 521-534

Than whom there was none more trophies had won in the fields of dramatic display.

All voices he uttered, all forms he assumed,

the Lydian, the fig-piercing Fly, The Harp with its strings, the Bird with its wings,

the Frog with its yellow-green dye.

Yet all was too little; he failed in the end,

when the freshness of youth was gone by,

And at last in his age he was hissed from the stage

when lost was his talent for jeering.

Then he thought of Cratinus a who flowed through the plains 'mid a tumult of plaudits and cheering;

And sweeping on all that obstructed his course,

with a swirl from their stations he tore them.

Oaks, rivals, and planes; and away on his flood

uprooted and prostrate he bore them.

And never a song at a banquet was sung

but Doro fig-sandaled and true,b

Or Framers of terse and artistical verse,b

such a popular poet he grew.

Yet now that he drivels and dotes in the streets,

and Time of his ambers has reft him,

And his framework is gaping asunder with age,

and his strings and his music have left him,

No pity ye show; no assistance bestow;

but allow him to wander about

Like Connas, with coronal withered and sere,

and ready to perish with drought;

"St. Bribitt with shoes of blackmail," recalls hymns to some

goddess χρυσοπέδιλος, "with golden sandals."

^e The Scholiast says Connas was "a flute-player and drunkard who used to go from feast to feast garlanded, and after winning many victories at Olympia, fell into poverty." The line embodies a proverb, Δελφὸς ἀνήρ, στέφανον μὲν ἔχων, δίψει δ' ἀπολωλώς. used of persons sacrificing while themselves in want.

δν χρ $\hat{\eta}$ ν διὰ τὰς προτέρας νίκας πίνειν ἐν τῷ Πρυτανεί ψ ,

καὶ μὴ ληρεῖν, ἀλλὰ θεᾶσθαι λιπαρὸν παρὰ τῷ Διονύσῳ. οἴας δὲ Κράτης ὀργὰς ὑμῶν ἠνέσχετο καὶ στυφελιγμούς: ὅς ἀπὸ σμικρᾶς δαπάνης ὑμᾶς ἀριστίζων ἀπέπεμπεν, ἀπὸ κραμβοτάτου στόματος μάττων ἀστειοτάτας ἐπινοίας:

χοὖτος μέντοι μόνος ἀντήρκει, τότε μὲν πίπτων, τότε δ' οὐχί.

ταῦτ' ὀρρωδῶν διέτριβεν ἀεί, καὶ πρὸς τούτοισιν ἔφασκεν

έρέτην χρήναι πρώτα γενέσθαι, πρὶν πηδαλίοις ἐπιχειρεῖν,

κἆτ ἐντεῦθεν πρωρατεῦσαι καὶ τοὺς ἀνέμους διαθρῆσαι, κἆτα κυβερνᾶν αὐτὸν έαυτῷ. τούτων οὖν οὕνεκα πάντων, ὅτι σωφρονικῶς κοὐκ ἀνοήτως ἐσπηδήσας ἐφλυάρει, ὅαῖρεσθ' αὐτῷ πολὺ τὸ ῥόθιον, παραπέμψατ' ἐφ' ἔνδεκα κώπαις

θόρυβον χρηστὸν ληναΐτην, ιν ὁ ποιητὴς ἀπίη χαίρων, κατὰ νοῦν πράξας, φαιδρὸς λάμποντι μετώπω.

^a A variation on the $\delta \epsilon \iota \pi \nu \epsilon \hat{\nu} \epsilon \nu \tau \hat{\nu}$ Πρυτανεί ω . "to dine in the Prytaneum," the reward for distinguished public service.

^b His statue being placed in the theatre during the plays.
^c Crates, like Magnes, was dead at this time. His subjects foreshadowed the New Comedy of manners.

176

THE KNIGHTS, 535-550

Who ought for his former achievements to DRINK a in the Hall, nor be laid on the shelf, But to sit in the Theatre shining and bright,

beside Dionysus himself.

And then he remembered the stormy rebuffs

which Crates c endured in his day,

Who a little repast at a little expense

would provide you, then send you away;

Who the daintiest little devices would cook

from the driest of mouths for you all;

Yet he, and he only held out to the end,

now standing, now getting a fall.

So in fear of these dangers he lingered; besides,

a sailor, he thought, should abide

And tug at the oar for a season, before

he attempted the vessel to guide;

And next should be stationed awhile at the prow,

the winds and the weather to sean;

And then be the Pilot, himself for himself.

So seeing our Poet began

In a mood so discreet, nor with vulgar eonceit

rushed headlong before you at first,

Loud surges of praise to his honour upraise;

salute him, all hands, with a burst a

Of hearty triumphant Lenaean applause, That the bard may depart, all radiant and bright To the top of his forehead with joy and delight, Having gained, by your favour, his eause.

^a "With eleven oars a side": a phrase not understood. The explanations given are mere guesses.

ἴππι' ἄναξ Πόσειδον, ὧ χαλκοκρότων ἵππων κτύπος καὶ χρεμετισμός άνδάνει, καὶ κυανέμβολοι θοαὶ μισθοφόροι τριήρεις, 555 μειρακίων θ' ἄμιλλα λαμπρυνομένων έν ἄρμασιν καὶ βαρυδαιμονούντων, $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$ ' $\tilde{\epsilon} \lambda \theta$ ' $\tilde{\epsilon}_S$ $\chi o \rho \acute{o} \nu$, $\tilde{\omega}$ $\chi \rho v \sigma o \tau \rho \acute{a} \iota \nu$ ', $\tilde{\omega}$ δελφίνων μεδέων, Σουνιάρατε. 560 ῶ Γεραίστιε παῖ Κρόνου, · Φορμίωνί τε φίλτατ', έκ $\tau \hat{\omega} \nu \ \mathring{a} \lambda \lambda \omega \nu \ \tau \epsilon \ \theta \epsilon \hat{\omega} \nu \ A\theta \eta$ ναίοις πρός τὸ παρεστός.

εὐλογῆσαι βουλόμεσθα τοὺς πατέρας ἡμῶν, ὅτι 565 ἄνδρες ἦσαν τῆσδε τῆς γῆς ἄξιοι καὶ τοῦ πέπλου, οἵτινες πεζαῖς μάχαισιν ἔν τε ναυφράκτω στρατῷ πανταχοῦ νικῶντες ἀεὶ τήνδ' ἐκόσμησαν πόλιν· οὐ γὰρ οὐδεὶς πώποτ' αὐτῶν τοὺς ἐναντίους ἰδῶν ἤρίθμησεν, ἀλλ' ὁ θυμὸς εὐθὺς ἦν ἀμυνίας·

^a Geraestus, S.W. of Euboea, where was a temple of P.;

Sminm, S. of Attica.

 $^{\mathfrak o}$ An embroidered robe, raised like a sail upon the mast

^b Phormio, the Athenian naval commander, distinguished for courage, honesty, and patriotism, and a popular hero. See Thuc. ii. 68-69 on a late victory of his. He seems to have been dead at this time.

THE KNIGHTS, 551-570

Dread Poseidon, the Horseman's King,
Thou who lovest the brazen clash,
Clash and neighing of warlike steeds;
Pleased to watch where the trireme speeds
Purple-beaked, to the oar's long swing,
Winning glory (and pay); but chief
Where bright youths in their chariots flash
Racing (coming perchance to grief);
Cronus's son.

Throned on Geraestus and Sunium ^a bold, Swaying thy dolphins with trident of gold, Come, O come, at the call of us; Dearest to Phormio ^b thou, Yea and dearest to all of us, Dearest to all of us now.

Let us praise our mighty fathers, men who ne'er would quake or quail, Worthy of their native country,

worthy of Athene's veil ^c; Men who with our fleets and armies

everywhere the victory won,

And adorned our ancient city

by achievements nobly done.

Never stayed they then to reckon

what the numbers of the foe,

At the instant that they saw him,

all their thought was At him god!

of a ship, which was carried through the city at the great Panathenaea, and dedicated to Athena Polias on the Acropolis. The Knights took part in the procession, and are so represented on the Parthenon frieze. See 1180, B. 827.

4 The word, which happens also to be a proper name, is

used as an epithet according to its verbal meaning.

εὶ δέ που πέσοιεν ἐς τὸν ὧμον ἐν μάχῃ τινί,
τοῦτ' ἀπεψήσαντ' ἄν, εἶτ' ἠρνοῦντο μὴ πεπτωκέναι,
ἀλλὰ διεπάλαιον αὖθις. καὶ στρατηγὸς οὐδ' ἄν εἶς
τῶν πρὸ τοῦ σίτησιν ἤτησ' ἐρόμενος Κλεαίνετον·
νῦν δ' ἐὰν μὴ προεδρίαν φέρωσι καὶ τὰ σιτία,
575
οὐ μαχεῖσθαί φασιν. ἡμεῖς δ' ἀξιοῦμεν τῆ πόλει
προῖκα γενναίως ἀμύνειν καὶ θεοῖς ἐγχωρίοις.
καὶ πρὸς οὐκ αἰτοῦμεν οὐδέν, πλὴν τοσουτονὶ μόνον·
ἤν ποτ' εἰρήνη γένηται καὶ πόνων παυσώμεθα,
μὴ φθονεῖθ' ἡμῖν κομῶσι μηδ' ἀπεστλεγγισμένοις. 580

ῶ πολιοῦχε Παλλάς, ῶ
τῆς ἱερωτάτης ἀπασῶν, πολέμω τε καὶ ποιηταῖς δυνάμει θ' ὑπερφερούσης μεδέουσα χώρας,
δεῦρ' ἀφικοῦ λαβοῦσα τὴν
ἐν στρατιαῖς τε καὶ μάχαις
ἡμετέραν ξυνεργὸν
, ἣ χορικῶν ἐστιν ἑταίρα,

Νίκην, ή χορικῶν ἐστιν ἐταίρα, τοῖς τ' ἐχθροῖσι μεθ' ἡμῶν στασιάζει.

590

^a Cleaenetus, father of Cleon. Our fathers did not apply to his father.

^b The Knights were their hair long: see 1121. To do so was regarded as aristocratic, or as Spartan, and disliked. After gymnastics, a scraper or $\sigma\tau\lambda\epsilon\gamma\gamma$ is was used to scrape off the oil.

THE KNIGHTS, 571-590

If they e'er in desperate struggling

on their shoulder chanced to fall,

Quick they wiped away the dust-mark,

swore they ne'er were thrown at all,

Closed again in deadly grapple.

None of all our generals brave

Then had stooped a public banquet

from Čleaenetus a to crave.

Now unless ye grant them banquets,

grant precedence as their right,

They will fight no more, they tell you.

Our ambition is to fight

Freely for our Gods and country,

as our fathers fought before,

No reward or pay receiving;

asking this and nothing more,

When returning Peace shall set us

free from all our warlike toil,

Grudge us not our flowing ringlets,b

grudge us not our baths and oil.

Holy Pallas, our guardian Queen,
Ruling over the holiest land,
Land poetic, renowned, and strong,
First in battle and first in song,
Land whose equal never was seen,
Come to prosper our Choral band!
Bring thou with thee the Maiden bright,
Her who greets us in every fight,
Victory 6!

She in the choir-competition abides with us, Always against our antagonists sides with us.

 $^{^{\}mathfrak o}$ The statue of Athene by Pheidias bore Victory in her hand.

νῦν οὖν δεῦρο φάνηθι· δεῖ γὰρ τοῖς ἀνδράσι τοῖσδε πάση τέχνη πορίσαι σε νίκην είπερ ποτέ καὶ νῦν.

ά ξύνισμεν τοίσιν ἵπποις, βουλόμεσθ' ἐπαινέσαι. 595 ἄξιοι δ' εἴσ' εὐλογεῖσθαι· πολλά γὰρ δὴ πράγματα ξυνδιήνεγκαν μεθ' ήμῶν, εἰσβολάς τε καὶ μάχας. άλλὰ τὰν τῆ γῆ μὲν αὐτῶν οὐκ ἄγαν θαυμάζομεν, ώς ὅτ' εἰς τὰς ἱππαγωγούς εἰσεπήδων ἀνδρικῶς, πριάμενοι κώθωνας, οί δὲ καὶ σκόροδα καὶ κρόμμυα · 600

είτα τὰς κώπας λαβόντες ὥσπερ ἡμεῖς οἱ βροτοὶ έμβαλόντες ἀνεβρύαξαν, ἱππαπαῖ, τίς ἐμβαλεῖ; ληπτέον μᾶλλον. τί δρωμεν; οὐκ ἐλậς, ὧ σαμφόρα; έξεπήδων τ' ές Κόρινθον είτα δ' οἱ νεώτατοι ταις όπλαις ἄρυττον εὐνὰς και μετήσαν στρώματα 605 ήσθιον δέ τοὺς παγούρους ἀντὶ ποίας Μηδικης, εί τις έξέρποι θύραζε, κάκ βυθοῦ θηρώμενοι. ωστ' έφη Θέωρος είπειν καρκίνον Κορίνθιον.

^a A reference to the campaign of Nicias against Corinth in the year before: Thue, iv. 42-45.

b $i\pi\pi\alpha\pi\alpha\hat{\imath}$, for the sailors' $\dot{\rho}\nu\pi\pi\alpha\pi\alpha\hat{\imath}$ (W. 909, F. 1073).

Lit, "lucerne."

d Unknown; the Schol, says a poet.

THE KNIGHTS, 591-608

Come, great Goddess, appear to us, Now, if ever, we pray, Bring thou victory dear to us, Crown thine Horsemen to-day.

What we witnessed with our horses

we desire to eulogize.a

Worthy they of praise and honour!

many a deed of high emprize,

Many a raid and battle-onset

they with us have jointly shared.

Yet their feats ashore surprise not,

with their feats afloat compared,

When they bought them cans and garlic,

bought them strings of onions too,

Leapt at once aboard the transports,

all with manful hearts and true,

Took their seats upon the benches,

dipped their oar-blades in the sea,

Pulled like any human beings,

neighing out their Hippapae b

Pull my hearties, pull your strongest,

don't be shirking, Sigma-brand,

Then they leapt ashore at Corinth,

and the youngest of the band

Hollowed with their hoofs their couches

or for bedding searched about.

And they fed on crabs, for clover,c

if they met one crawling out,

Or detected any lurking

in the Ocean's deepest bed,

Till at length a crab of Corinth,

so Theorus d tells us, said:

δεινά γ', ὧ Πόσειδον, εἰ μήτ' ἐν βυθῷ δυνήσομαι, μήτε γῆ μήτ' ἐν θαλάττη, διαφυγεῖν τοὺς ἱππέας. 610

Χο. ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν καὶ νεανικώτατε,
 ὅσην ἀπὼν παρέσχες ἡμῖν φροντίδα·
 καὶ νῦν ἐπειδὴ σῶς ἐλήλυθας πάλιν,
 ἄγγειλον ἡμῖν πῶς τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἠγωνίσω.

ΑΛ. τί δ' ἄλλο γ' εἰ μὴ Νικόβουλος ἐγενόμην;

615

στρ

620

625

630

χο. νῦν ἄρ' ἄξιόν γε πᾶσίν ἐστιν ἐπολολύξαι.
 ῶ καλὰ λέγων, πολὺ δ' ἀμείνον' ἔτι τῶν λόγων
ἐργασάμεν', εἴθ' ἐπέλθοις ἄπαντά μοι σαφῶς·
ὡς ἐγώ μοι δοκῶ
κἂν μακρὰν ὁδὸν διελθεῖν
ὥστ' ἀκοῦσαι. πρὸς τάδ', ὧ βέλτιστε, θαρρήσας λέγ', ὡς ἄπαντες ἡδόμεσθά σοι.

ΑΛ. καὶ μὴν ἀκοῦσαί γ' ἄξιον τῶν πραγμάτων.
εὐθὺς γὰρ αὐτοῦ κατόπιν ἐνθένδ' ἱέμην
ὁ δ' ἄρ' ἔνδον ἐλασίβροντ' ἀναρρηγνὺς ἔπη
τερατευόμενος ἤρειδε κατὰ τῶν ἱππέων,
κρημνοὺς ἐρείδων καὶ ξυνωμότας λέγων
πιθανώταθ' ἡ βουλὴ δ' ἄπασ' ἀκροωμένη
ἐγένεθ' ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ψευδατραφάξυος πλέα,

a i.e. "I am literally Nicobulus," which was an Athenian

 $^{^{}b}$ This passage parodies the style of a tragic messenger's speech.

THE KNIGHTS, 609-630

Hard it is, my Lord Poseidon,

if the Knights we cannot flee Even in the depths of Ocean, anywhere by land or sea.

[Enter the Sausage-Seller

CHOR. Dearest of men, my lustiest, trusticst friend, Good lack! how anxious has your absence made us!

But now that safe and sound you are come again,

Say what has happened, and how went the fight.

s.s. How else but thus? The Council-victor I.a

CHOR. Now may we, joyous, raise the song of sacred praise.

Fair the words you speak, but fairer Are the deeds you do.

Far I'd go, This I know,
But to hear them through.

Now then tell us all the story, All that, where you went, befell;

Fearless be, Sure that we All delight in all you tell.

s.s.^b Aye and 'tis worth the hearing. When behind him

I reached the Council-chamber, there was he Crashing and dashing, hurling at the Knights Strange wonder-working thunder-driving words,

Calling them all, with all-persuading force, Conspirators! And all the Council, hearing, Grew full of lying orach oat his talk,

 $^{^{\}rm o}$ Orach grows at a great pace; the hearers' minds are as quickly filled with Cleon's lies.

κάβλεψε ναπυ, καὶ τὰ μέτωπ' ἀνέσπασεν. κάγων' ὅτε δὴ 'γνων ἐνδεχομένην τοὺς λόγους καὶ τοῖς φενακισμοῖσιν έξαπατωμένην, άγε δή Σκίταλοι καὶ Φένακες, ήν δ' έγώ, Βερέσχεθοί τε καὶ Κόβαλοι καὶ Μόθων, 635 άγορά τ', ἐν ἡ παῖς ὢν ἐπαιδεύθην ἐγώ, νῦν μοι θράσος καὶ γλῶτταν εὔπορον δότε φωνήν τ' ἀναιδη. ταθτα φροντίζοντί μοι έκ δεξιας απέπαρδε καταπύγων ανήρ. κάγὼ προσέκυσα· κἆτα τῷ πρωκτῷ θενὼν 640 την κιγκλίδ' έξήραξα, κάναχανών μέγα ἀνέκραγον : ὧ βουλή, λόγους ἀγαθοὺς φέρων εὐαγγελίσασθαι πρώτον ύμιν βούλομαι. έξ οῦ γὰρ ἡμῖν ὁ πόλεμος κατερράγη, οὐπώποτ' ἀφύας είδον ἀξιωτέρας. 645 οί δ' εὐθέως τὰ πρόσωπα διεγαλήνισαν. εἷτ' ἐστεφάνουν μ' εὐαγγέλια· κάγω 'φρασα αὐτοῖς ἀπόρρητον ποιησάμενος, ταχύ, ΐνα τὰς ἀφύας ὢνοῖντο πολλὰς τοὐβολοῦ, τῶν δημιουργῶν συλλαβεῖν τὰ τρύβλια. 650 οί δ' ἀνεκρότησαν καὶ πρὸς ἔμ' ἐκεχήνεσαν. ό δ' ύπονοήσας, ό Παφλαγών, είδώς θ' ἄμα οίς ήδεθ' ή βουλή μάλιστα ρήμασιν, γνώμην έλεξεν άνδρες, ήδη μοι δοκεί έπὶ συμφοραίς ἀγαθαίσιν εἰσηγγελμέναις 655 εὐαγγέλια θύειν έκατὸν βοῦς τῆ θεῷ. έπένευσεν είς έκεινον ή βουλή πάλιν. κάγωγ' ὅτε δη 'γνων τοῖς βολίτοις ήττημένος, 186

THE KNIGHTS, 631-658

Wore mustard looks, and puckered up their brows. So when I saw them taking in his words, Gulled by his knavish tricks, Ye Gods, said I, Ye Gods of knavery, Skitals, and Phenaces,a And ye Beresceths, Cobals, Mothon, and Thou Agora, whence my youthful training came, Now give me boldness and a ready tongue And shameless voice! And as I pondered thus, I heard a loud explosion on my right,^b And made my reverence; then I dashed apart The railing-wicket, opened wide my mouth, And cried aloud, O Council, I have got Some lovely news which first I bring to you. For never, never, since the War broke out, Have I seen pilchards cheaper than to-day. They calmed their brows and grew serene at once, And erowned me for my news; and I suggested, Bidding them keep it secret, that forthwith, To buy these pilehards, many for a penny, Twere best to seize the cups in all the shops. They clapped their hands, and turned agape to me. But Paphlagon perceived, and well aware What kind of measures please the Council best, Proposed a resolution; Sirs, quoth he, I move that for these happy tidings brought, One hundred beeves be offered to Athene. The Council instantly inclined to him. So, overpowered with cow-dung, in a triee

^b A sneeze on the right was lucky, and was greeted by a

reverence.

^a Goblin names; nothing is known of $\Sigma \kappa$. or $\text{Βε}\rho$., but $\Phi \epsilon \nu \alpha \kappa \epsilon s$ means spirits of treachery, $K \delta \beta \alpha \lambda \sigma \epsilon$, of vulgar impudence, $M \delta \theta \omega \nu \epsilon s$, of drunkenness and bestiality: cf. the English goblins, Flibbertigibbet, Fillpotts, Obidicut, Hobbididence.

660

670

675

680

διηκοσίησι βουσίν ύπερηκόντισα. τῆ δ' ᾿Αγροτέρα κατὰ χιλιῶν παρήνεσα κάθ' είλκον αὐτὸν οἱ πρυτάνεις χοὶ τοξόται. 665 οί δ' εθορύβουν περί των ἀφύων έστηκότες. ό δ' ηντιβόλει γ' αὐτοὺς ὀλίγον μεῖναι χρόνον, ϊν' ἄτθ' ὁ κῆρυξ ούκ Λακεδαίμονος λέγει πύθησθ' · ἀφῖκται γὰρ περὶ σπονδῶν, λέγων. οί δ' εξ ένος στόματος άπαντες ανέκραγον νυνὶ περὶ σπονδών; ἐπειδή γ', ὧ μέλε, ήσθοντο τὰς ἀφύας παρ' ἡμῖν ἀξίας; οὐ δεόμεθα σπονδῶν ὁ πόλεμος ἐρπέτω. έκεκράγεσάν τε τοὺς πρυτάνεις ἀφιέναι· είθ' ὑπερεπήδων τοὺς δρυφάκτους πανταχη. έγω δὲ τὰ κορίανν' ἐπριάμην ὑποδραμῶν ἄπαντα τά τε γήτει' ὅσ' ἦν ἐν τἀγορῷ· ἔπειτα ταῖς ἀφύαις ἐδίδουν ἡδύσματα άποροθσιν αὐτοῖς προῖκα, κάχαριζόμην. οί δ' ύπερεπήνουν ύπερεπύππαζόν τέ με απαντες ουτως ωστε την βουλήν όλην οβολοῦ κοριάννοις ἀναλαβών ἐλήλυθα.

χο. πάντα τοι πέπραγας οία χρή τὸν εὐτυχοῦντα [ἀντ εὖρε δ' ὁ πανοῦργος ἔτερον πολύ πανουργίαις μείζοσι κεκασμένον. 685

^a There was a temple of Athena Huntress on the Ilissus, where 500 goats were sacrificed yearly in memory of Marathon.

THE KNIGHTS, 659-685

I overshot him with two hundred beeves.

And vow, said I, to slay to-morrow morn,
If pilchards sell one hundred for an obol,
A thousand she-goats to our huntress Queen.^a
Back came their heads, expectantly, to me.
He, dazed at this, went babbling idly on;
So then the Prytanes and the Archers ^b seized him.

And they stood up, and raved about the pilchards:

And he kept begging them to wait awhile
And hear the tale the Spartan envoy brings;
He has just arrived about a peace, shricked he.
But all the Council with one voice exclaimed,
What! NOW about a peace? No doubt, my
man.

Now they've heard pilchards are so cheap at Athens!

We want no truces; let the War go on!
With that, Dismiss us, Prytanes! shouted
they;

And overleaped the railings everywhere.
And I slipped out, and purchased all the leeks
And all the coriander in the market;
And as they stood perplexed, I gave them all
Of my free bounty garnish for their fish.
And they so praised and purred about me, that
With just one obol's worth of coriander
I've all the Council won, and here I am.

CHOR. What rising men should do

Has all been done by you He, the rascal, now has met a Bigger rascal still,

^b Scythian archers were the Athenian police.

καὶ δόλοισι ποικίλοις,

	δήμασίν θ' α <i>ὶμύλοις</i> .	
	ἀλλ' ὅπως ἀγωνιεῖ φρόν-	
	τιζε τἀπίλοιπ' ἄριστα·	
	συμμάχους δ' ήμᾶς ἔχων εὔ-	
	3 /	690
ΑΛ.	καὶ μὴν ὁ Παφλαγών ούτοσὶ προσέρχεται,	
	ώθῶν κολόκυμα καὶ ταράττων καὶ κυκῶν,	
	ώς δη καταπιόμενός με. μορμώ τοῦ θράσους.	
ПА.	εὶ μή σ' ἀπολέσαιμ', εἴ τι τῶν αὐτῶν ἐμοὶ	
	ψευδῶν ἐνείη, διαπέσοιμι πανταχῆ.	695
$A\Lambda$.	ήσθην ἀπειλαῖς, ἐγέλασα ψολοκομπίαις,	
	ἀπεπυδάρισα μόθωνα, περιεκόκκυσα.	
пА.	οὔ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ', ἐὰν μή σ' ἐκφάγω	
	έκ τῆσδε τῆς γῆς, οὐδέποτε βιώσομαι.	
A Λ .	ην μη 'κφάγης, έγω δέ γ', ην μη σ' έκπίω,	700
	κἆτ' ἐκροφήσας αὐτὸς ἐπιδιαρραγῶ.	
	ἀπολῶ σε νὴ τὴν προεδρίαν τὴν ἐκ Πύλου.	
A Λ .	ίδου προεδρίαν οΐον ὄψομαί σ' έγω	
	έκ τῆς προεδρίας ἔσχατον θεώμενον.	
ПА.	έν τῷ ξύλῳ δήσω σε νη τὸν οὐρανόν.	705
A Λ .	ως ὀξύθυμος. φέρε τί σοι δω καταφαγείν;	
	ἐπὶ τῷ φάγοις ἥδιστ' ἄν; ἔπὶ βαλλαντί ω ;	
	έξαρπάσομαί σου τοῖς ὄνυξι τἄντερα.	
	ἀπονυχιῶ σου τὰν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία.	
	έλξω σε πρὸς τὸν δῆμον, ἵνα δῷς μοι δίκην.	710
A Λ .	κάγὼ δέ σ' ἕλξω καὶ διαβαλῶ πλείονα.	

πΑ. ἀλλ', ὧ πόνηρε, σοὶ μὲν οὐδὲν πείθεται:

 $[^]a$ i.e. "to swallow me up," a sense which $\kappa\alpha\tau\alpha\pi l\nu\omega$ commonly bears.

 $[^]b$ $\pi \rho o \epsilon \delta \rho i \alpha$, a front seat in the theatre, was often awarded as an honour for public service.

THE KNIGHTS, 686-712

Full of guile Plot and wile,
Full of knavish skill.
Mind you carry through the conflict
In the same undaunted guise.
Well you know Long ago
We're your faithful true allies.

s.s. See here comes Paphlagon, driving on before him

A long ground-swell, all fuss and fury, thinking To drink me up.^a Boh! for your impudent bluster.

PAPH. O if I've any of my old lies left, And don't destroy you, may I fall to bits!

s.s. I like your threats; I'm wonderfully tickled
To hear you fume; I skip and cuckoo around
you.

PAPH. O by Demeter, if I eat you not Out of the land, I'll never live at all.

S.S. You won't? Nor I, unless I drink you up, And swill you up, and burst myself withal. PAPH. I'll crush you, by my Pylus-won precedence.

s.s. Precedence, is it? I'm in hopes to see you In the last tier, instead of here in front.

PAPH. By Heaven, I'll clap you in the public stocks.
s.s. How fierce it's growing! what would it like
to eat?

What is its favourite dainty? Money-bags? PAPII. I'll tear your guts out with my nails, I will.

S.S. I'll seratch your Town Hall dinners out, I will. PAPH. I'll hale you off to Demus; then you'll eatch it. s.s. Nay, I'll hale you, and then out-slander you.

рари. Alack, poor chap, he pays no heed to you,

The Attic idiom is ἐσθίειν ὄψον ἐπὶ σίτω, etc., the last being the main fare.

	έγὼ δ' ἐκείνου καταγελῶ γ' ὅσον θέλω.	
АΛ.	ώς σφόδρα σὺ τὸν δῆμον σεαυτοῦ νενόμικας.	
ПΑ.	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	715
ΑΛ.	κἆθ' ὤσπερ αἱ τίτθαι γε σιτίζεις κακῶς.	
	μασώμενος γάρ τῷ μὲν ολίγον ἐντίθεις,	
	αὐτὸς δ' ἐκείνου τριπλάσιον κατέσπακας.	
ПА.	καὶ νὴ Δί' ὑπό γε δεξιότητος της ἐμης	
	δύναμαι ποιείν τον δήμον εὐρὺν καὶ στενόν.	720
ΑΛ.	χώ πρωκτός, ούμος τουτογί σοφίζεται.	
	οὐκ, ὧγάθ', ἐν βουλῆ με δόξεις καθυβρίσαι.	
1171.	ιωμεν είς τον δημον.	
A A	οὐδὲν κωλύει	
$A\Lambda$.		
TT 4	ίδού, βάδιζε, μηδὲν ήμᾶς ἰσχέτω.	
	$\tilde{\omega} \Delta \hat{\eta} \mu \epsilon$, $\delta \epsilon \hat{v} \rho$ $\tilde{\epsilon} \xi \epsilon \lambda \theta \epsilon$.	
$A\Lambda$.	$\nu\dot{\eta}~\Delta i$, $\dot{\omega}~\pi \acute{a} au \epsilon ho$,	725
	$\xi \in \lambda \theta \in \delta \hat{\eta} \tau'$	
ПΑ.	ι Δημίδιον, ὧ φίλτατον,	
	έξελθ', ϊν' είδης οία περιυβρίζομαι.	
Δ HM	οΣ. τίνες οί βοῶντες; οὐκ ἄπιτ' ἀπὸ τῆς	
	$\theta \dot{\nu} ho as;$	
	τὴν εἰρεσιώνην μου κατεσπαράξατε.	
	τίς, ὧ Παφλαγών, ἀδικεῖ σε;	
ПΑ.	διὰ σὲ τύπτομαι	7 30
	ύπὸ τουτουὶ καὶ τῶν νεανίσκων.	
ΔΗΜ		
па.	ότιὴ φιλῶ σ', ὧ Δῆμ', ἐραστής τ' εἰμὶ σός	
ΔΗΜ	οΣ. σύ δ' εἶ τίς ἐτεόν;	
ΑΛ.	ότιὴ φιλῶ σ', ὧ Δῆμ', ἐραστής τ' ἐἰμὶ σός οΣ. σὺ δ' εἶ τίς ἐτεόν; ἀντεραστὴς τουτουί, ἐρῶν πάλαι σου, βουλόμενός τέ α' εὖ ποιεῖν.	
	έρων πάλαι σου, βουλόμενός τέ σ' εὖ ποιεῖν,	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

As nurses do for their children.
 An olive-branch decked out with wool and various 192

THE KNIGHTS, 713-734

But I can fool him to my heart's content. How sure you seem that Demus is your own! S.S. Because I know the titbits he prefers. PAPH. And feed him badly as the nurses do. S.S. You chew, and pop a morsel in his mouth,^a But thrice as much you swallow down yourself. And I'm so dexterous-handed, I can make PAPH. Demus expand, and then contract again. I can do that with many things, I trow. S.S. 'Twon't be like bearding me in the Council PAPH. now! No, come along to Demus. Ave, why not? S.S. I'm ready; march; let nothing stop us now. O Demus, come out here. PAPH. O yes, by Zeus, S.S. Come out, my father. Dearest darling Demus, PAPH. Come out, and hear how they're ill-treating me! DEMUS. What's all this shouting? go away, you fellows. You've smashed my harvest-garland b all to bits! Who wrongs you, Paphlagon? He, and these young men, PAPII. Keep beating me because of you. Why so? DEMUS. Because I love you and adore you, Demus. PAPH. DEMUS. (To S.S.) And who are you? A rival for your love. SS. Long have I loved, and sought to do you good,

harvest fruits, carried in the harvest procession and then

193

hung over the house door; W. 399.

VOL. I

ἄλλοι τε πολλοὶ καὶ καλοί τε κάγαθοί.
ἀλλ' οὐχ οἷοί τ' ἐσμὲν διὰ τουτονί. σὰ γὰρ
ὅμοιος εἶ τοῖς παισὶ τοῖς ἐρωμένοις
τοὺς μὲν καλούς τε κάγαθοὺς οὐ προσδέχει,
σαυτὸν δὲ λυχνοπώλαισι καὶ νευρορράφοις
καὶ σκυτοτόμοις καὶ βυρσοπώλαισιν δίδως.

ΠΑ. εὖ γὰρ ποιῶ τὸν δῆμον.

 $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon' \nu \nu \nu$, $\tau i' \delta \rho \hat{\omega} \nu$;

ΠΑ. ὅ τι; τὸν στρατηγὸν ὑποδραμών, τοὺς ἐκ Πύλου, πλεύσας ἐκεῖσε, τοὺς Λάκωνας ἤγαγον.

 ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ περιπατῶν γ' ἀπ' ἐργαστηρίου ἕψοντος ἐτέρου τὴν χύτραν ὑφειλόμην.
 ΓΑ. καὶ μὴν ποιήσας αὐτίκα μάλ' ἐκκλησίαν,

Γ. καὶ μὴν ποιήσας αὐτίκα μάλ΄ έκκλησίαν, ἄ Δῆμ', ἵν' εἰδῆς ὁπότερος νῷν ἐστί σοι εὐνούστερος, διάκρινον, ἵνα τοῦτον φιλῆς.

ΑΛ. ναὶ ναὶ διάκρινον δῆτα, πλὴν μὴ 'ν τῆ πυκνί.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐκ ἂν καθιζοίμην ἐν ἄλλω χωρίω.

άλλ' εἰς τὸ πρόσθε χρὴ παριέν ἐς τὴν πύκνα.

ΑΛ. οἴμιοι κακοδαίμων, ὡς ἀπόλωλ'. ὁ γὰρ γέρων
οἴκοι μὲν ἀνδρῶν ἐστι δεξιώτατος,

οικοι μεν ανορων εστι σεξιωτάτος, ὅταν δ' ἐπὶ ταυτησὶ καθῆται τῆς πέτρας, κέχηνεν ὤσπερ ἐμποδίζων ἰσχάδας.

Χο. νῦν δή σε πάντα δεῖ κάλων ἐξιέναι σεαυτοῦ, καὶ λῆμα θούριον φορεῖν καὶ λόγους ἀφύκτους, ὅτοισι τόνδ' ὑπερβαλεῖ. ποικίλος γὰρ ἀνὴρ ſο

^a An allusion to Hyperbolus: 1315, C. 1065.

and the orators take their places.

 $[^]b$ πάριτ' ἐς τὸ πρόσθε was the formula of the Crier to summon citizens within the space purified for the sitting.

^o The meaning is differently explained, but remains uncertain: stringing figs, playing at bob-fig, or treading figs into cases.

^d Demus now takes his seat as the audience in the mimic Pnyx,

THE KNIGHTS, 735-758

With many another honest gentleman, But Paphlagon won't let us. You yourself, Excuse me sir, are like the boys with lovers. The honest gentlemen you won't accept, Yet give yourself to lantern-selling chaps,^a To sinew-stitchers, cobblers, aye and tanners.

PAPH. Because I am good to Demus.

s.s. Tell me how.

PAPH. "Twas I slipped in before the general there And sailed to Pylus, and brought back the Spartans.

s.s. And I walked round, and from the workshop

stole

A mess of pottage, cooked by someone else.

Come, make a full Assembly out of hand,
O Demus, do; then find which loves you best,
And so decide, and give that man your love.

s.s. O Demus, do. Not in the Pnyx however.

DEMUS. Aye, in the Pnyx, not elsewhere will I sit. So forward all, move forward to the Pnyx.^b

s.s. O luckless me, I'm ruined! The old fellow Is, when at home, the brightest man alive; But once he sits upon his rock, he moons With open mouth, as one who gapes for figs.

chor.d Now loosen every hawser,

now speed your bark along,

And mind your soul is eager,

and mind your words are strong,

No subterfuge admitting;

the man has many a trick

[•] More accurately, loosen the ropes that hold up or reef the sail; a long rope is still used to loop up the corner of the sail in the Levant.

κάκ των άμηχάνων πόρους εθμήχανος πορίζειν. πρὸς ταῦθ' ὅπως ἔξει πολὺς και λαμπρὸς ἐς τὸν ἄνδρα. άλλὰ φυλάττου, καὶ πρὶν ἐκεῖνον προσκεῖσθαί σοι, πρότερον σὺ τους δελφίνας μετεωρίζου και την άκατον παραβάλλου. τῆ μὲν δεσποίνη 'Αθηναίη, τῆ τῆς πόλεως μεδεούση, εὔχομαι, εἰ μὲν περὶ τὸν δῆμον τὸν 'Αθηναίων γεγένημαι

βέλτιστος άνηρ μετὰ Λυσικλέα καὶ Κύνναν καὶ

Σαλαβακχώ,

ωσπερ νυνὶ μήδεν δράσας δειπνείν εν τῷ Πρυτανείῳ. εἰ δέ σε μισῶ καὶ μὴ περὶ σοῦ μάχομαι μόνος ἀντιβεβηκώς,

ἀπολοίμην καὶ διαπρισθείην κατατμηθείην

λέπαδνα.

ΑΛ. κἄγωγ', $\mathring{\omega}$ $\Delta \hat{\eta} \mu$ ', $\epsilon \mathring{\iota}$ $\mu \acute{\eta}$ σε φιλ $\hat{\omega}$ καὶ $\mu \grave{\eta}$ στέργω, κατατμηθείς

έψοίμην έν περικομματίοις κεί μὴ τούτοισι $\pi \epsilon \pi o i \theta a s$,

έπὶ ταυτησὶ κατακνησθείην ἐν μυττωτῷ μετὰ τυροῦ, καὶ τῆ κρεάγρα τῶν ὀρχιπέδων έλκοίμην ἐς

Κεραμεικόν. καὶ πῶς ἀν ἐμοῦ μᾶλλόν σε φιλῶν, ὧ Δῆμε, γένοιτο

πολίτης:

δς πρῶτα μέν, ἡνίκ' ἐβούλευόν σοι, χρήματα πλεῖστ ἀπέδειξα

a Masses of lead or iron in the shape of fish, hung from the yards and dropped upon the enemy ship: Thuc. vii. 41. 2.

^b See note on 132. Instead of "the best since Pericles and Themistocles," he names a demagogue and two courtesans.

THE KNIGHTS, 759-774

PAPH.

S.S.

PAPH.

From hopeless things, in hopeless times, a hopeful course to pick. Upon him with a whirlwind's force, impetuous, fresh and quick. But keep on his movements a watch; and be sure that before he can deal you a blow, You hoist to the mast your dolphins, a and cast your vessel alongside the foe. To the Lady who over the city presides, to our mistress Athene, I pray If beyond all the rest I am stoutest and best, in the service of Demus to-day, Except Salabaccho, and Cynna the bold, and Lysicles b—then in the Hall May I dine as of late at the cost of the State for doing just nothing at all. But O if I hate you, nor stride to the van to protect you from woes and mishaps, Then slay me, and flay me, and saw me to bits, to be cut into martingale straps. And I, if I love you not, Demus, am game to be slaughtered by chopping and mincing, And boiled in a sausage-meat pie; and if THAT is, you think, not entirely convincing, Let me here, if you please, with a morsel of cheese, upon this to a salad be grated, Or to far Cerameicus be dragged through the streets with my flesh-hook, and there be cremated. O Demus, how can there be ever a man who loves you as dearly as I? When on me you relied your finances to guide, your Treasury never was dry,

• The breast-bands fastening the yoke.

έν τῷ κοινῷ, τοὺς μὲν στρεβλῶν, τοὺς δ' ἄγχων, τούς δὲ μεταιτῶν,

οὐ φροντίζων τῶν ἰδιωτῶν οὐδενός, εἰ σοὶ χαριοίμην. ΑΛ. τοῦτο μέν, ὧ Δῆμ', οὐδὲν σεμνόν· κάγὼ γὰρ τοῦτό

σε δράσω. άρπάζων γὰρ τοὺς ἄρτους σοι τοὺς ἀλλοτρίους

παραθήσω.

ώς δ' οὐχὶ φιλεῖ σ' οὐδ' ἔστ' εὔνους, τοῦτ' αὐτό σε πρῶτα διδάξω, ἀλλ' ἢ διὰ τοῦτ' αὔθ' ότιή σου τῆς ἀνθρακιᾶς 78

σὲ γάρ, δς Μήδοισι διεξιφίσω περὶ τῆς χώρας Μαραθώνι,

καὶ νικήσας ήμιν μεγάλως έγγλωττοτυπείν παρέδωκας.

έπὶ ταῖσι πέτραις οὐ φροντίζει σκληρῶς σε καθήμενον ούτως,

οὐχ ὤσπερ ἐγὼ ραψάμενός σοι τουτὶ φέρω. ἀλλ' έπαναίρου,

κἆτα καθίζου μαλακῶς, ἵνα μὴ τρίβης τὴν ἐν $\sum a \lambda a \mu \hat{\imath} \nu \iota$.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄνθρώπε, τίς εἶ; μῶν ἔγγονος εἶ τῶν 'Αρμοδίου τις ἐκείνων:

τοῦτό γέ τοί σου τοὔργον ἀληθῶς γενναῖον καὶ

φιλόδημον.

ΠΑ. ώς ἀπὸ μικρῶν εὔνους αὐτῷ θωπευμ**ατίων γεγέ**νησαι.

ΑΛ. καὶ σὺ γὰρ αὐτὸν πολὺ μικροτέροις τούτων δελεάσμασιν είλες.

a Literally, " to mint phrases about." b The Pnyx.

⁶ This passage satirizes the doles and indulgences by which Cleon courted favour.

THE KNIGHTS, 775-789

I was begging of these, whilst those I would squeeze and rack to extort what was due, And nought did I care how a townsman might fare, so long as I satisfied you.

s.s. Why, Demus, there's nothing to boast of in that; to do it I'm perfectly able.

I've only to steal from my comrade a meal,

and serve it up hot on your table.

And as for his loving and wishing you well,

it isn't for you that he cares,

Excepting indeed for the gain that he gets,

and the snug little fire that he shares.

Why you, who at Marathon fought with the Medes,

for Athens and Hellas contending,

And won the great battle, and left us a theme

for our songs and our speeches unending,a

He cares not a bit that so roughly you sit

on the rocks, nor has dreamed of providing

Those seats with the thing I have stitched you and bring.

Just lift yourself up and subside in

This ease-giving cushion for fear you should gall

what at Salamis sat by the oar.c

DEMUS. Who are You? Iopine you are sprung from the line of Harmodius ^a famous of yore;

So noble and Demus-relieving e an act

I never have witnessed before!

199

PAPH. O me, by what paltry attentions and gifts

you contrive to attract and delude him!

s.s. 'Twas by baits that are smaller and poorer than mine, you rascal, you hooked and subdued him.

⁴ Harmodius and Aristogeiton, the traditional founders of Athenian freedom.

 ϵ εὔνους $\tau \hat{\varphi}$ δήμ ω is the regular phrase for a loyal citizen, used

in honorific inscriptions.

ΠΑ. καὶ μὴν εἴ πού τις ἀνὴρ ἐφάνη τῷ δήμῳ μᾶλλον ἀμύνων η μᾶλλον ἐμοῦ σε φιλῶν, ἐθέλω περὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς περιδόσθαι.

ΑΛ. καὶ πῶς σὰ φιλεῖς, ὃς τοῦτον ὁρῶν οἰκοῦντ' ἐν ταῖς πιθάκναισι

καὶ γυπαρίοις καὶ πυργιδίοις ἔτος ὅγδοον οὐκ ἐλεαίρεις,

άλλὰ καθείρξας αὐτὸν βλίττεις· ᾿Αρχεπτολέμου δὲ φέροντος

τὴν εἰρήνην εξεσκέδασας, τὰς πρεσβείας τ' ἀπελαύνεις

έκ τῆς πόλεως ραθαπυγίζων, αι τὰς σπονδὰς προκαλοῦνται.

ΠΑ. ἵνα γ' 'Ελλήνων ἄρξη πάντων. ἔστι γὰρ ἐν τοῖς λογίοισιν

ώς τοῦτον δεῖ ποτ' ἐν ᾿Αρκαδίᾳ πεντωβόλου ἡλιάσασθαι.

ην ἀναμείνη· πάντως δ' αὐτὸν θρέψω 'γω καὶ θεραπεύσω,

έξευρίσκων εὖ καὶ μιαρῶς ὁπόθεν τὸ τριώβολον ἕξει. 80 Δ. οὐχ ἵνα γ' ἄρχη μὰ Δί' 'Αρκαδίας προνοούμενος,

άλλ' ἵνα μᾶλλον

σὺ μὲν ἁρπάζης καὶ δωροδοκης παρὰ τῶν πόλεων·
ὁ δὲ δημος

^b An allusion to the crowding of refugees into Athens in the

Peloponnesian War; Thuc. ii. 52.

^a The war began in 431 s.c., according to our historians; but the Athenian ideas as to the date were vague. See A. 266, 890, P. 990.

⁶ See 327: Spartan proposals for peace were rejected, when the Spartan troops were first shut up in Sphacteria, Thuc. iv. 21-22. We know nothing of A. in this debate, but his name makes a pun, "Delawarr offers peace."

THE KNIGHTS, 790-802

PAPH. Was there ever a man since the City began who for Demus has done such a lot, Or fought for his welfare so stoutly as I? I will wager my head there is not. s.s. You love him right well who permit him to dwell eight a years in the clefts of the City, In the nests of the vulture, in turrets and casks,^b nor ever assist him or pity, But keep him in durance to rifle his hive; and that is the reason, no doubt, Why the peace which, unsought, Archeptolemus of brought, you were quiek from the city to seout And as for the embassies eoming to treat, you spanked them and chivied them out. PAPH. That over all Hellas our Demus may rule; for do not the oracles say, He will surely his verdiets in Arcady give, receiving five obols a day,d If he grow not aweary of fighting? Meanwhile, it is I who will nourish and pet him, And always the daily triobol he earns, unjustly or justly I'll get him. s.s. No not that o'er Arcady Demus may rule, but rather that you might essay To harry and plunder the cities at will,

^d Five obols was a common daily wage for labour. Cleon's glorious aim is to add two obols to the three obols of the dicasts' pay, and so make work unnecessary.

201

while Demus is looking away,

ύπὸ τοῦ πολέμου καὶ τῆς ὁμίχλης ἃ πανουργεῖς μὴ καθορά σου,

άλλ' ὑπ' ἀνάγκης ἄμα καὶ χρείας καὶ μισθοῦ πρός

σε κεχήνη.

σε κεχήνη. εἰ δέ ποτ εἰς ἀγρὸν οὖτος ἀπελθὼν εἰρηναῖος 80 $^{\circ}$ διατρίψη,

καὶ χῖδρα φαγὼν ἀναθαρρήση καὶ στεμφύλῳ εἰς

λόνον ἔλθη,

γνώσεται οἴων ἀγαθῶν αὐτὸν τῆ μισθοφορῷ παρεκόπτου,

παρεκοπτου, εἶθ' ἥξει σοι δριμὺς ἄγροικος, κατὰ σοῦ τὴν ψῆφον

ίχνεύων.

å συ γιγνώσκων τόνδ' έξαπατᾶς, καὶ ονειροπολεῖς $\pi\epsilon\rho$ i σαυτοῦ.

περι σαυτου. ΠΑ. οὔκουν δεινὸν ταυτί σε λέγειν δῆτ' ἔστ' ἐμὲ καὶ 8 διαβάλλειν

πρὸς ᾿Αθηναίους καὶ τὸν δῆμον, πεποιηκότα πλείονα χρηστὰ

νὴ τἢν Δ ήμητρα Θ εμιστοκλέους πολλ $\hat{\omega}$ περὶ τὴν

πόλιν ήδη;

ΑΛ. ὧ πόλις "Αργους, κλύεθ' οἷα λέγει. σὺ Θεμιστοκλει ἀντιφερίζεις;

δς έποίησεν την πόλιν ήμων μεστήν, εύρων έπιχειλη, καὶ πρὸς τούτοις ἀριστώση τὸν Πειραιᾶ προσέμαξεν, 8

^a This is just what Thucydides says, v. 16.

b The Greek means "countryman," but R. thinks άγρευτης

should be read.

d This phrase is from Euripides' Telephus, and κλύεθ' οία λέγει

from Medea 168.

^c Themistocles caused the Peiraeus to be founded, the walls of harbour and city to be built, and the fleet to be made great. No doubt the Long Walls were part of the plan; and T. is given credit for them in 815.

THE KNIGHTS, 803-815

And the war with the haze and the dust that you raise is obscuring your actions from view,^a And Demus, constrained by his wants and his pay, is a gaping dependent on you. But if once to the country in peace he returns, away from all fighting and fusses, And strengthens his system with furmety there, and a confect of olive discusses, He will know to your cost what a deal he has lost, while the pay you allowed him he drew, And then, like a hunter, b irate he will come on the trail of a vote against you. You know it; and Demus you swindle with dreams, crammed full of yourself and your praises. PAPH. It is really distressing to hear you presume to arraign with such scurrilous phrases Before the Athenians and Demus a man who more for the city has done Than e'er by Demeter Themistocles ¢ did who glory undying has won. s.s. O city of Argos! d yourself would you match with mighty Themistocles, him Who made of our city a bumper indeed, though he found her scarce filled to the brim,e Who, while she was lunching, Peiraeus threw in, as a dainty additional dish.f

203

Long Walls. Scholiast.

^{*} χείλος, the rim of a vessel, was of some depth; $\epsilon \pi \iota \chi \epsilon \iota \lambda \dot{\eta} s$, marks that the liquid touched the lower edges of the rim, $\dot{\nu} \pi \epsilon \rho \chi \epsilon \iota \lambda \dot{\eta} s$, that the cup is quite full (not running over).

The added it into one with the city ": a reference to the

άφελών τ' οὐδὲν τῶν ἀρχαίων ἰχθῦς καινοὺς παρέθηκε.

σὺ δ' ᾿Αθηναίους ἐζήτησας μικροπολίτας ἀποφῆναι διατειχίζων καὶ χρησμωδῶν, ὁ Θεμιστοκλεῖ ἀντιφερίζων.

κάκεινος μεν φεύγει την γην, σὺ δ' ᾿Αχιλλείων ἀπομάττει.

ΠΑ. οὔκουν ταυτὶ δεινὸν ἀκούειν, ὧ Δῆμ', ἐστίν μ' ὑπὸ τούτου,

ότιή σε φιλώ;

ΔΗΜΟΣ. παῦ παῦ', οὖτος, καὶ μὴ σκέρβολλε πονηρά.

πολλοῦ δὲ πολύν με χρόνον καὶ νῦν ἐλελήθεις ἐγκρυφιάζων.

82

ΑΛ. μιαρώτατος, ὧ Δημακίδιον, καὶ πλεῖστα πανοῦργα δεδρακώς,

όπόταν χασμᾶ, καὶ τοὺς καυλοὺς τῶν εὐθυνῶν ἐκκαυλίζων καταβροχθίζει, κἀμφοῖν χειροῖν μυστιλᾶται τῶν δημοσίων.

πΑ. οὐ χαιρήσεις, ἀλλά σε κλέπτονθ' αἰρήσω 'γὼ τρεῖς μυριάδας.

τί θαλαττοκοπεῖς καὶ πλατυγίζεις,
 μιαρώτατος ὢν περὶ τὸν δῆμον
 τὸν ᾿Λθηναίων; καί σ᾽ ἐπιδείξω
 νὴ τὴν Δήμητρ᾽, ἢ μὴ ζώην,

^a Some unknown building project of Cleon's. See W. 41. 204

THE KNIGHTS, 816-833

Who secured her the old, while providing untold and novel assortments of fish;

Whilst you, with your walls of partition forsooth,^a and the oracle-chants which you hatch,

Would dwarf and belittle the city again,

who yourself with Themistocles match!

And he was an exile, but you upon crumbs

Achilléan b your fingers are cleaning.

PAPH. Now is it not monstrous that I must endure

accusations so coarse and unmeaning,

And all for the love that I bear you?

Too long have your light-fingered tricks with my bread my notice escaped until now.

s.s. He's the vilest of miscreants, Demus, and works
more mischief than any, I vow.
While you're gaping about, he is picking from out
Of the juiciest audit the juiciest sprout,
And devours it with zest; while deep in the chest

And devours it with zest; while deep in the chest Of the public exchequer both hands are addressed To ladling out cash for himself, I protest.

PAPH. All this you'll deplore when it comes to the fore That of drachmas you stole thirty thousand or more. s.s. Why make such a dash with your oar-blades, and

thrash

The waves into foam with your impotent splash? 'Tis but fury and sound; and you'll shortly be found

The worst of the toadies who Demus surround. And proof I will give, or I ask not to live,

° ἄρτος ἐγκρυφίας was bread baked in the ashes, perhaps of an

inferior kind.

b Bread made from the finest barley; "the peerless Achilles" of barley, such as was served at the Prytaneium.

- Χο. ὧ πᾶσιν ἀνθρώποις φανεὶς μέγιστον ἀφέλημα, [ἀν ζηλῶ σε τῆς εὐγλωττίας. εἰ γὰρ ὧδ' ἐποίσεις, μέγιστος 'Ελλήνων ἔσει, καὶ μόνος καθέξεις τἀν τῆ πόλει, τῶν ξυμμάχων τ' ἄρξεις ἔχων τρίαιναν, ἡ πολλὰ χρήματ' ἐργάσει σείων τε καὶ ταράττων. 8 καὶ μὴ μεθῆς τὸν ἄνδρ', ἐπειδή σοι λαβὴν δέδωκεν κατεργάσει γὰρ ρᾳδίως, πλευρὰς ἔχων τοιαύτας.
- πΑ. οὐκ, ὧγαθοί, ταῦτ' ἐστί πω ταύτη μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ.
 ἐμοὶ γάρ ἐστ' εἰργασμένον τοιοῦτον ἔργον ὥστε ἀπαξάπαντας τοὺς ἐμοὺς ἐχθροὺς ἐπιστομίζειν, 8
 ἔως ἂν ἢ τῶν ἀσπίδων τῶν ἐκ Πύλου τι λοιπόν.
- ΑΛ. ἐπίσχες ἐν ταῖς ἀσπίσιν· λαβὴν γὰρ ἐνδέδωκας.
 οὐ γάρ σ' ἐχρῆν, εἴπερ φιλεῖς τὸν δῆμον, ἐκ προνοίας ταύτας ἐᾶν αὐτοῖσι τοῖς πόρπαξιν ἀνατεθῆναι.
 ἀλλ' ἐστὶ τοῦτ', ὧ Δῆμε, μηχάνημ', ἵν', ἢν σὰ βούλῃ 8 τὸν ἄνδρα κολάσαι τουτονί, σοὶ τοῦτο μὴ 'γγένηται.

^a Allusion unknown. After the M. revolt of 428, Cleon carried a motion to kill all the male population, afterwards partly rescinded: Thuc. iii, 50.

^b A metaphor from wrestling.

The shields of the Spartan prisoners from Sphacteria were hung up in the Painted Colonnade.

THE KNIGHTS, 834-851

That a bribe by the Mitylenaeans was sent, a Forty minas and more; to your pockets it went.

O sent to all the nation

a blessing and a boon!

O wondrous flow of language!

Fight thus, and you'll be soon

The greatest man in Hellas,

and all the State command,

And rule our faithful true allies,

a trident in your hand, Wherewith you'll gather stores of wealth,

by shaking all the land.

And if he lend you once a hold,

then never let him go;

With ribs like these you ought with ease

to subjugate the foe.

PAPH. O matters have not come to that,

my very worthy friends!

I've done a deed, a noble deed,

a deed which so transeends

All other deeds, that all my foes

of speech are quite bereft,

While any shred of any shield,

from Pylus brought, is left.

Halt at those Pylian shields of yours!

a lovely hold you're lending.b

For if you really Demus love,

s.s.

what meant you by suspending

Those shields with all their handles on,

for action ready strapped?

O Demus, there's a dark design

within those handles wrapped,

And if to punish him you seek,

those shields will bar the way.

όρᾶς γὰρ αὐτῷ στῖφος οἶόν ἐστι βυρσοπωλῶν νεανιῶν· τούτους δὲ περιοικοῦσι μελιτοπῶλαι καὶ τυροπῶλαι· τοῦτο δ' εἰς ἕν ἐστι συγκεκυφός. ὥστ' εἰ σὰ βριμήσαιο καὶ βλέψειας ὀστρακίνδα, νύκτωρ κατασπάσαντες ἂν τὰς ἀσπίδας θέοντες τὰς εἰσβολὰς τῶν ἀλφίτων ἂν καταλάβοιεν ἡμῶν.

- ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴμοι τάλας· ἔχουσι γὰρ πόρπακας; ὧ πόνηρε, ὅσον με παρεκόπτου χρόνον τοιαῦτα κρουσιδημῶν.
- ΠΑ. ὧ δαιμόνιε, μὴ τοῦ λέγοντος ἴσθι, μηδ' οἰηθῆς 8 ἐμοῦ ποθ' εὐρήσειν φίλον βελτίον'· ὅστις εἶς ὧν ἔπαυσα τοὺς ξυνωμότας, καί μ' οὐ λέληθεν οὐδὲν ἐν τῆ πόλει ξυνιστάμενον, ἀλλ' εὐθέως κέκραγα.
- ΑΛ. ὅπερ γὰρ οἱ τὰς ἐγχέλεις θηρώμενοι πέπονθας. ὅταν μὲν ἡ λίμνη καταστῆ, λαμβάνουσιν οὐδέν· 8 ἐὰν δ' ἄνω τε καὶ κάτω τὸν βόρβορον κυκῶσιν, αἱροῦσι· καὶ σὰ λαμβάνεις, ἢν τὴν πόλιν ταράττης. ἕν δ' εἰπέ μοι τοσουτονί· σκύτη τοσαῦτα πωλῶν,

^a An allusion to the practice of "ostracizing" or banishing a too powerful citizen, in which the voting was carried out by inscribing the name on a potsherd. Aristophanes, however, by way of jest calls it $\delta\sigma\tau\rho\alpha\kappa l\nu\delta\alpha$, a game.

δ εἰσβολαί would naturally refer to such "passes" as those between Bocotia and Attica. Here, however, "no very definite locality is indicated, but the general meaning would point to the gates through which the imported barley would enter Athens from the Peiraeus": R.

THE KNIGHTS, 852-868

You see the throng of tanner-lads he always keeps in pay, And round them dwell the folk who sell their honey and their cheeses; And these are all combined in one, to do whate'er he pleases. And if the oyster-shelling game you seem inclined to play,a They'll come by night with all their might and snatch those shields away, And then with ease will run and seize the passes of—your wheat.b DEMUS. Oh, are the handles really there? You rascal, what deceit Have you so long been practising that Demus you may cheat? Pray don't be every speaker's gull, nor dream you'll ever get A better friend than I, who all conspiracies upset. Alone I crushed them all, and now, if any plots are brewing Within the town, I scent them down, and raise a grand hallooing. O ay, you're like the fisher-folk, the men who hunt for eels. Who when the mere is still and clear catch nothing for their creels, But when they rout the mud about and stir it up and down, Tis then they do; and so do you, when you perturb the town. But answer me this single thing:

you sell a lot of leather,

PAPH.

S.S.

έδωκας ήδη τουτωὶ κάττυμα παρὰ σεαυτοῦ ταῖς ἐμβάσιν, φάσκων φιλεῖν;

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐ δῆτα μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω.

ΑΛ. ἔγνωκας οὖν δῆτ' αὐτὸν οἷός ἐστιν; ἀλλ' ἐγώ σοι ζεῦγος πριάμενος ἐμβάδων τουτὶ φορεῖν δίδωμι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. κρίνω σ' ὅσων ἐγῷδα περὶ τὸν δῆμον ἄνδρ' ἄριστον εὐνούστατόν τε τῆ πόλει καὶ τοῖσι δακτύλοισιν.

πΑ. οὐ δεινὸν οὖν δῆτ' ἐμβάδας τοσουτονὶ δύνασθαι,
 ἐμοῦ δὲ μὴ μνείαν ἔχειν ὅσων πέπονθας; ὅστις
 ἔπαυσα τοὺς βινουμένους, τὸν Γρύττον ἐξαλείψας.

ΑΛ. οὔκουν σε δῆτα ταῦτα δεινόν ἐστι πρωκτοτηρεῖν, παῦσαίτετοὺς βινουμένους; κοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ἐκείνους οὐχὶ φθονῶν ἔπαυσας, ἴνα μὴ ῥήτορες γένοιντο. τονδὶ δ' ὁρῶν ἄνευ χιτῶνος ὄντα τηλικοῦτον, οὐπώποτ' ἀμφιμασχάλου τὸν Δῆμον ἢξίωσας, χειμῶνος ὄντος ἀλλ' ἐγώ σοι τουτονὶ δίδωμι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. τοιουτονὶ Θεμιστοκλής οὐπώποτ' ἐπενόησεν. καίτοι σοφὸν κἀκεῖν' ὁ Πειραιεύς ἔμοιγε μέντοι

b He wore the τρίβων or doubled χλαΐνα, like the poorer people.

"The Lenaean festival came in winter.

^a Unknown, but said by the Scholiast to be notorious for immorality. Conviction under a $\gamma \rho \alpha \phi \dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\epsilon} \tau \alpha \iota \rho \dot{\eta} \sigma \epsilon \omega s$ entailed loss of eitizenship, and hence made it unlawful for the man to speak in the assembly.

^d The χιτών with one arm-hole (ἐτερομάσχαλος) was used by hand-workers, that with two arm-holes was the mark of a free man (Pollux, vii. 47).

THE KNIGHTS, 869-885

You say you're passionately fond

of Demus,—tell me whether You've given a clout to patch his shoes. No never, I declare. DEMUS. You see the sort of man he is! S.S. but I, I've bought a pair Of good stout shoes, and here they are, I give them you to wear. DEMUS. O worthy, patriotic gift! I really don't suppose There ever lived a man so kind to Demus and his toes. 'Tis shameful that a pair of shoes PAPH. should have the power and might To put the favours I've conferred entirely out of sight, I who struck Gryttus a from the lists, and stopped the boy-loves quite. 'Tis shameful, I with truth retort, S.S. that you should love to pry Into such vile degrading crimes as that you name. And why? Because you fear 'twill make the boys for public speaking fit. But Demus, at his age, you see without a tunie sit,^b In winter c too; and nought from you his poverty relieves, But here's a tunic I have brought, well-lined, with double sleeves.d DEMUS. O, why Themistocles himself ne'er thought of such a vest! Peiraeus was a clever thing, but vet, I do protest,

οὐ μεῖζον εἶναι φαίνετ' ἐξεύρημα τοῦ χιτῶνος.

ΠΑ. οἴμοι τάλας, οἴοις πιθηκισμοῖς με περιελαύνεις.

ΑΛ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ὅπερ πίνων ἀνὴρ πέπονθ', ὅταν χεσείῃ, τοῖσιν τρόποις τοῖς σοῖσιν ὥσπερ βλαυτίοισι χρῶμαι.

πΑ. ἀλλ' οὐχ ὑπερβαλεῖ με θωπείαις ενώ γὰρ αὐτὸν 8 προσαμφιῶ τοδί· σὰ δ' οἴμωζ', ὧ πόνηρ'.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ιαιβοί.

οὐκ ἐς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ, βύρσης κάκιστον ὅζων;
ΑΛ. καὶ τοῦτό γ' ἐπίτηδές σε περιήμπισχ', ἵνα σ' ἀποπνίξη:

καὶ πρότερον ἐπεβούλευσέ σοι. τὸν καυλὸν οἶσθ'

τοῦ σιλφίου τὸν ἄξιον γενόμενον;

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οΐδα μέντοι.

ΑΛ. ἐπίτηδες οὖτος αὐτὸν ἔσπευδ' ἄξιον γενέσθαι, ἵν' ἐσθίοιτ' ἀνούμενοι, κἄπειτ' ἐν 'Ηλιαία βδέοντες ἀλλήλους ἀποκτείνειαν οἱ δικασταί.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ καὶ πρὸς ἐμὲ τοῦτ' εἶπ' ἀνὴρ Κόπρειος.

ΑΛ. οὐ γὰρ τόθ' ὑμεῖς βδεόμενοι δήπου 'γένεσθε πυρροί; 9 ΔΗΜΟΣ. καὶ νὴ Δί' ἦν γε τοῦτο Πυρράνδρου τὸ μηχάνημα. ΠΑ. οῖοισί μ', ὧ πανοῦργε, βωμολοχεύμασιν ταράττεις.

^a There was an Attic deme Κόπρος, adj. Κόπρειος. βδέοντες, "breaking wind." $\pi \nu \rho \rho o i$, $sc. \tau \delta \nu \pi \rho \omega \kappa \tau \delta \nu$. The name Pyrrhander echoes this. Who he was, is unknown; some think Cleon is meant, and that his actor was decked up as a slave with red hair. 212

THE KNIGHTS, 886-902

	That on the whole, between the two,
	I like the tunic best.
PAPH. (To S.S.) Pah! would you circumvent me thus,
`	with such an apish jest?
s.s.	Nay as one guest, at supper-time,
	will take another's shoes,
	When dire occasion calls him out,
	so I your methods use.
PAPH.	Fawn on: you won't outdo me there.
	I'll wrap him round about
	With this of mine. Now go and whine, you rascal.
DEMUS.	Pheugh! get out!
(To P.'s	wrapper) Go to the crows, you brute, with that
	disgusting smell of leather.
s.s.	He did it for the purpose, Sir;
	to choke you altogether.
	He tried to do it once before:
	don't you remember when
	A stalk of silphium sold so cheap?
DEMUS.	Remember? yes: what then?
s.s.	Why that was his contrivance too:
	he managed there should be a
	Supply for all to buy and eat; and in the Heliaea
	The dicasts one and all were seized with violent diarrhoea.
D. D. S.	
DEMUS.	O ay, a Coprolitish ^a man described the sad affair.
0.0	And worse and worse you grew,
s.s.	till yellow-tailed you were.
DEMILIO	It must have been Pyrrhander's trick,
DEMUS.	the fool with yellow hair.
PAPH	(To S.S.) With what tomfooleries, you rogue,
	you harass and torment me.
	journal de la contraction de l

ΑΛ. ή γὰρ θεός μ' ἐκέλευσε νικῆσαί σ' ἀλαζονείαις. ΠΑ. ἀλλ' οὐχὶ νικήσεις. ἐγὼ γάρ φημί σοι παρέξειν, ῶ Δημε, μηδέν δρώντι μισθοῦ τρύβλιον ροφησαι. 90 ΑΛ. έγω δε κυλίχνιόν γε σοι καὶ φάρμακον δίδωμι τάν τοισιν άντικνημίοις έλκύδρια περιαλείφειν. ΠΑ. ἐγὼ δὲ τὰς πολιάς γέ σοὐκλέγων νέον ποιήσω. ΑΛ. ιδού, δέχου κέρκον λαγώ τώφθαλμιδίω περιψήν. ΠΑ. ἀπομυξάμενος ὧ Δη̂μέ μου πρὸς τὴν κεφαλὴν ἀποψῶ. 9] ΑΛ. ἐμοῦ μὲν οὖν, ἐμοῦ μὲν οὖν. έγώ σε ποιήσω τριηρ-ΠA. αρχείν, αναλίσκοντα των σαυτοῦ, παλαιὰν ναῦν ἔχοντ, είς ην αναλών οὐκ ἐφέξεις οὐδὲ ναυπηγούμενος. διαμηχανήσομαί θ' ὅπως αν ίστίον σαπρον λάβης. άνηρ παφλάζει, παθε παθ', XO. ύπερζέων · ύφελκτέον τῶν δαδίων, ἀπαρυστέον τε των ἀπειλων ταυτηί. δώσεις έμοὶ καλήν δίκην, ПΑ. *ὶπούμενος ταῖς εἰσφοραῖς*. έγω γαρ είς τους πλουσίους σπεύσω σ' όπως αν έγγραφης.

b The diminutives imply: "Here is a nice little pot of medicine

to cure your poor sores."

The state provided the hulk, the tricrarch had to fit it out for sea.
^d ταυτηί: " with this ladle," holding one out.

^a The "pay-soup" refers to the dicastic triobol (cf. 50) which he is to get for doing nothing.

^e The $\epsilon l \sigma \phi \rho \rho \dot{\rho}$ was a levy on property, the first class being assessed for the levy at twelve times a year's income, the second at ten times, the third at seven times.

THE KNIGHTS, 903-926

s.s.	Yes, 'tis with humbug I'm to win;
DADIY	for that the Goddess sent me
PAPH.	You shall not win! O Demus dear,
	be idle all the day
	And I'll provide you free, to swill,
	a foaming bowl of—pay.
s.s.	And I'll this gallipot provide,
	and healing cream within it;
	Whereby the sores upon your shins
	you'll doctor in a minute
PAPH.	I'll pick these grey hairs neatly out,
	and make you young and fair
s.s.	See here; this hare-scut take to wipe
	your darling eyes with care
PAPH.	Vouchsafe to blow your nose, and clean
	your fingers on my hair
s.s.	No, no; on mine, on mine!
PAPH.	A trierarch's office you shall fill,
	And by my influence I'll prevail
	That you shall get, to test your skill,
	A battered hull with tattered sail.
	Your outlay and your building too
	On such a ship will never end;
	No end of work you'll have to do,
****	No end of eash you'll have to spend.
CHOR	
	Good Heavens, he's boiling over; stay!
	Some sticks beneath him draw away,
	Bale out a ladleful of threats. ^d
PAPH.	Rare punishment for this you'll taste;
	I'll make the taxes e weigh you down;
	Amongst the wealthiest of the town
•	I'll manage that your name is placed.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

$A\Lambda_{\bullet}$	έγω δ' ἀπειλήσω μὲν οὐ-	
	δέν, εὔχομαι δέ σοι ταδί·	
	τὸ μὲν τάγηνον τευθίδων	
	έφεστάναι σίζον, σε δε	930
	γνώμην ἐρεῖν μέλλοντα περὶ	
	Μιλησίων καὶ κερδανεῖν	
	τάλαντον, ἢν κατεργάση,	
	σπεύδειν ὅπως τῶν τευθίδων	
		935
	εμπλημένος φυαίης ετ ευς έκκλησίαν έλθών· έπει-	
	τα πρὶν φαγεῖν, ἀνὴρ μεθή-	
	κοι, καὶ σὺ τὸ τάλαντον λαβεῖν	
	βουλόμενος ἐ-	
	σθίων ἐπαποπνιγείης.	940
xo.	εὖ γε νὴ τὸν Δία καὶ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω καὶ τὴν	
	$\Delta \acute{\eta} \mu \eta au ho a.$	•
Δ HM	10Σ. κάμοὶ δοκεῖ καὶ τἄλλα γ' εἶναι καταφανῶς	
	άγαθὸς πολίτης, οίος οὐδείς πω χρόνου	
	ανηρ γεγένηται τοῖσι πολλοῖς τοὖβολοῦ.	945
	σὺ δ', ὧ Παφλαγών, φάσκων φιλεῖν μ' ἐσκο-	
	ρόδισας.	
	καὶ νῦν ἀπόδος τὸν δακτύλιον, ώς οὐκ ἔτι	
	έμοι ταμιεύσεις.	
па.	2/ 02 1/ 02 1/	
IIA.	εί μή μ' εάσεις επιτροπεύειν, ετερος αὖ	
		050
	έμοῦ πανουργότερός τις ἀναφανήσεται.	950
ΔHN	MOΣ. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως ὁ δακτύλιός ἐσθ' ούτοσὶ	
	ούμός τὸ γοῦν σημεῖον ἕτερον φαίνεται,	
	$\vec{a}\lambda\lambda^{\prime}$ \vec{n} \vec{n} $\kappa a\theta\alpha\alpha\hat{\alpha}$.	

THE KNIGHTS, 927-953

I will not use a single threat;
I only most devoutly wish
That on your brazier may be set
A hissing pan of cuttle-fish;
And you the Assembly must address
About Miletus,—'tis a job
Which, if it meets entire success,
Will put a talent in your fob,—a
And O that ere your feast begin,
The Assembly waits your friend may cry,
And you, afire the fee to win
And very loth to lose the fry,
May strive in greedy haste to swallow
The cuttles and be CHOKED thereby.

CHOR. Good! Good! by Zeus, Demeter, and Apollo.^b DEMUS. Aye, and in all respects he seems to me

A worthy citizen. When lived a man So good to the Many (the Many for a penny)? You, Paphlagon, pretending that you loved me,

Primed me with garlic. Give me back my ring;

You shall no more be steward.

PAPH. Take the ring;

And be you sure, if I'm no more your guardian, You'll get, instead, a greater rogue than I.

DEMUS. Bless me, this can't be mine, this signet-ring.

It's not the same device, it seems to me;

Or can't I see?

^a The tribute of Miletus was raised in 424 B.c. from five talents to ten; Cleon may have been bribed to oppose this.

^b This line is in prose; it is the solemn formula used in the heliastic oath (Pollux, viii. 122, so Demosth. *Callipp*. p. 1238).

217

ΑΛ.	ϕ έρ' ἴδω, τί σοι σημεῖον ἦν;	
ΔΗΜ	οΣ. δημοῦ βοείου θρῖον ἐξωπτημένον.	
	οὐ τοῦτ' ἔνεστιν.	
ΔΗΜ	1 10 - 2111 /	955
Α Λ.	λάρος κεχηνώς έπὶ πέτρας δημηγορών.	
	οΣ. αἰβοῖ τάλας.	
A Λ .	τί ἔστιν;	
ΔΗΜ	οΣ. ἀπόφερ' ἐκποδών.	
	οὐ τὸν ἐμὸν εἶχεν, ἀλλὰ τὸν Κλεωνύμου.	
	παρ' ἐμοῦ δὲ τουτονὶ λαβών ταμίευέ μοι.	
ПΑ.	μη δητά πώ γ', ὧ δέσποτ', ἀντιβολῶ σ' ἐγώ,	960
	πρίν ἄν γε τῶν χρησμῶν ἀκούσης τῶν ἐμῶν.	
A Λ .	καὶ τῶν ἐμῶν νυν.	
ПΑ.	ἀλλ' ἐὰν τούτῳ πίθη,	
	μολγὸν γενέσθαι δεῖ σε.	
AΛ.	κἄν γε τουτωί,	
	ψωλὸν γενέσθαι δεῖ σε μέχρι τοῦ μυρρίνου.	
ПΑ.		965
	χώρας άπάσης ἐστεφανωμένον ῥόδοις.	
AΛ.	ούμοι δέ γ' αὖ λέγουσιν ώς άλουργίδα	
	έχων κατάπαστον καὶ στεφάνην ἐφ' ἄρματος	
	χρυσοῦ διώξεις Σμικύθην καὶ κύριον.	
ПΑ.	καὶ μὴν ἔνεγκ' αὐτοὺς ἰών, ἵν' ούτοσὶ	970
	αὐτῶν ἀκούση.	
A Λ .	πάνυ γε. καὶ σύ νυν φ έρε.	

The βημα or speaker's platform.
A noted glutton; ef. 1290-9, and see Index.

^a Λ play on δημος, "people," and δημός, "fat."

^d μ ολγός, "a black-jack," the slang equivalent of $d\sigma\kappa$ ός, "a wineskin." An oracle had promised that Athens should always keep above water like a skin bottle (Plutarch, Theseus, 24).

THE KNIGHTS, 953-971

S.S.

PAPH.

What's the device on yours?

DEMUS. A leaf of beef-fat stuffing, roasted well.a No, that's not here. What then? DEMUS. A cormorant S.S. With open mouth haranguing on a rock.^b DEMUS. Pheugh! What's the matter? S.S. Throw the thing away. DEMUS. He's got Cleonymus's c ring, not mine. Take this from me, and you be steward now. O not yet, master, I beseech, not yet; PAPH. Wait till you've heard my oracles, I pray. And mine as well. S.S. And if to his you listen, PAPH. You'll be a liquor-skin.d And if to his, s.s. You'll find yourself severely circumcised. Nay mine foretell that over all the land PAPH. Thyself shalt rule, with roses garlanded. And mine that crowned, in spangled purple S.S. robe. Thou in thy golden chariot shalt pursue And sue the lady Smicythe and her lord.f

s.s. Certainly; and you fetch yours.

May hear them.

Well, go and fetch them hither, so that he

¹ A surprise, playing upon the double meaning of διώκω. Demus shall go hunting in oriental state, but his sport, to suit Athenian taste, shall be to "pursue," that is to "prosecute," a certain effeminate citizen (τ ον Σμικνθην κωμφδεῖ ὡς κίναιδον· κύριον δὲ λέγει τὸν ἄνδρα: Schol.).

πΑ. ἰδού.

ΑΛ. ἰδοὺ νὴ τὸν Δί' οὐδὲν κωλύει.

xo.

ηδιστον φάος ημέρας έσται τοίσι παρούσι πασιν καὶ τοῖς ἀφικνουμένοις, ην Κλέων ἀπόληται.
καίτοι πρεσβυτέρων τινῶν οἴων ἀργαλεωτάτων ἐν τῷ Δείγματι τῶν δικῶν ηκουσ' ἀντιλεγόντων, ώς εἰ μη 'γένεθ' οὖτος ἐν τῆ πόλει μέγας, οὐκ αν ἤστην σκεύη δύο χρησίμω, δοῦδυξ οὐδὲ τορύνη.

98

98

99

99

ἀλλὰ καὶ τόδ' ἔγωγε θαυμάζω τῆς ὑομουσίας
αὐτοῦ· φασὶ γὰρ αὐτὸν οἱ
παῖδες οἱ ξυνεφοίτων
τὴν Δωριστὶ μόνην ἂν άρμόττεσθαι θαμὰ τὴν λύραν,
ἄλλην δ' οὐκ ἐθέλειν μαθεῖν·
κῷτα τὸν κιθαριστὴν
ὀργισθέντ' ἀπάγειν κελεύειν, ὡς ἁρμονίαν ὁ παῖς
οὖτος οὐ δύναται μαθεῖν
ἢν μὴ Δωροδοκιστί.

πα. ἰδού, θέασαι, κοὺχ ἄπαντας ἐκφέρω. αλ. οἴμ' ως χεσείω, κοὺχ ἄπαντας ἐκφέρω.

^a The opening lines are taken from Euripides. 220

THE KNIGHTS, 972-998

PAPH. Here goes.

s.s. Here goes, by Zeus. There's nought to stop us.

CHOR.

O bright and joyous day,
O day most sweet to all
Both near and far away,
The day of Cleon's fall.
Yet in our Action-mart b
I overheard by chance
Some ancient sires and tart
This counter-plea advance,
That but for him the State
Two things had ne'er possessed:
A STIRRER-up of hate,
A PESTLE of unrest.

His swine-bred music we With wondering hearts admire; At school, his mates agree, He always tuned his lyre In Dorian style to play. His master wrathful grew; He sent the boy away, And this conclusion drew, This boy from all his friends Donations seeks to wile, His art begins and ends In Dono-do-rian style.

PAPH. Look at them, see! and there are more behind. s.s. O what a weight! and there are more behind.

• The Dorian mode was a solemn and manly music; it is

chosen here as leading up to the pun in Δωροδοκιστί.

^b The Deigma was the Exchange at the Peiraeus, "Sample Mart." Lawsuits are the staple product of Athens.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ταυτὶ τί ἐστι;

πΑ. λόγια.

 Δ HMO Σ .

πάντ';

10

10

πΑ. ἐθαύμασας;

καὶ νὴ Δί' ἔτι γέ μοὔστι κιβωτὸς πλέα.

ΑΛ. ἐμοὶ δ΄ ὑπερῷον καὶ ξυνοικία δύο.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. φέρ' ἴδω, τίνος γάρ εἰσιν οἱ χρησμοί ποτε; ΠΑ. οὑμοὶ μέν εἰσι Βάκιδος.

ΔHMOΣ. οἱ δὲ σοὶ τίνος:

ΑΛ. Γλάνιδος, άδελφοῦ τοῦ Βάκιδος γεραιτέρου.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. εἰσὶν δὲ περὶ τοῦ;

περὶ σοῦ, περὶ ἐμοῦ, περὶ ἀπάντων πραγμάτων. ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἱ σοὶ δὲ περὶ τοῦ;

ΑΛ. περὶ 'Αθηνῶν, περὶ φακῆς, περὶ Λακεδαιμονίων, περὶ σκόμβρων νέων, περὶ τῶν μετρούντων τἄλφιτ' ἐν ἀγορῷ κακῶς, περὶ σοῦ, περὶ ἐμοῦ. τὸ πέος οὐτοσὶ δάκοι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄγε νυν ὅπως αὐτοὺς ἀναγνώσεσθέ μοι, καὶ τὸν περὶ ἐμου ᾿κεῖνον ῷπερ ἥδομαι, ώς ἐν νεφέλαισιν αἰετὸς γενήσομαι.

ΠΑ. ἄκουε δή νυν καὶ πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν ἐμοί. Φράζευ, Ἐρεχθείδη, λογίων ὅδόν, ἥν σοι ᾿Απόλλων 10 ἴαχεν ἐξ ἀδύτοιο διὰ τριπόδων ἐριτίμων. σώζεσθαί σ᾽ ἐκέλευσ᾽ ἱερὸν κύνα καρχαρόδοντα,

^a An invented person.

Εὔδαιμον πτολίεθρον 'Αθηναίης άγελείης πολλά ίδόν, καὶ πολλά παθόν, καὶ πολλά μογῆσ**αν** αlετὸς ἐν νεφέλησι γενήσεαι ἤματα πάντα.

b Refers to an oracle that foretells this for Athens. See B. 978.

THE KNIGHTS, 999-1017

DEMUS. What ARE they?

PAPH. Oracles!

DEMUS. All?

PAPH. You seem surprised;

By Zeus, I've got a chestful more at home.

s.s. And I a garret and two cellars full.

DEMUS. Come, let me see. Whose oracles are these?

PAPH. Mine are by Bakis.

DEMUS. $(T_0 S.S.)$ And by whom are yours?

s.s. Mine are by Glanis, Bakis's elder brother.

DEMUS. What do they treat of?

PAPH. Mine? Of Athens, Pylus,

Of you, of me, of every blessed thing.

DEMUS. (To S.S.) And you; of what treat yours?
S.S.

Of Lacedaemon, mackerel freshly caught,
Of swindling barley-measurers in the mart

Of swindling barley-measurers in the mart, Of you, of me. That nincompoop be hanged.

DEMUS. Well read them out; and prithee don't forget
The one I love to hear about myself.

That I'm to soar, an Eagle, in the clouds.

PAPH. Now then give ear, and hearken to my words.

HEED THOU WELL, ERECHTHEIDES,

THE ORACLE'S DRIFT, WHICH APOLLO

Out of his secret shrine

THROUGH PRICELESS TRIPODS DELIVERED.

KEEP THOU SAFELY THE DOG,

THY JAG-TOOTHED HOLY PROTECTOR.C

O thou fortunate town

Of Athene, the Bringer of spoil,

Much shalt thou see, and much

Shalt thou suffer, and much shalt thou toil, Then in the clouds thou shalt soar, as an Eagle, for ever and ever.

 $^{\circ}$ Probably Cleon used to call himself the Watch-dog of the state. See P. 754, W. 1031.

223

δς πρό σέθεν χάσκων καὶ ὑπὲρ σοῦ δεινὰ κεκραγὼς σοὶ μισθὸν ποριεῖ, κἂν μὴ δρῷ ταῦτ', ἀπολεῖται. πολλοὶ γὰρ μίσει σφε κατακρώζουσι κολοιοί. 10: ΔΗΜΟΣ. ταυτὶ μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἐγὼ οὐκ οἶδ' ὅ τι λέγει.

10

10

τί γάρ ἐστ' Ἐρεχθεῖ καὶ κολοιοῖς καὶ κυνί;

ΠΑ. ἐγὼ μέν εἰμ' ὁ κύων· πρὸ σοῦ γὰρ ἀπύω· σοὶ δ' εἶπε σώζεσθαί μ' ὁ Φοῖβος τὸν κύνα.

ΑΛ. οὐ τοῦτό φησ' ὁ χρησμός, ἀλλ' ὁ κύων ὁδί,
 ὥσπερ θύρας σοῦ, τῶν λογίων παρεσθίει.
 ἐμοὶ γάρ ἐστ' ὀρθῶς περὶ τούτου τοῦ κυνός.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. λέγε νυν· έγὼ δὲ πρῶτα λήψομαι λίθον, ἴνα μή μ' ὁ χρησμὸς ὁ περὶ τοῦ κυνὸς δάκη.

ΑΛ. Φράζευ, Ἐρεχθείδη, κύνα Κέρβερον ἀνδραποδιστήν,

δς κέρκω σαίνων σ', δπόταν δειπνής, ἐπιτηρῶν, ἐξέδεταί σου τοὕψον, ὅταν σύ που ἄλλοσε χάσκης ἐσφοιτῶν τ' ἐς τοὐπτάνιον λήσει σε κυνηδὸν νύκτωρ τὰς λοπάδας καὶ τὰς νήσους διαλείχων. ΔΗΜΟΣ. νὴ τὸν Ποσειδῶ πολύ γ' ἄμεινον, ὧ Γλάνι. ΠΑ. ὧ τᾶν, ἄκουσον, εἶτα διάκρινον τότε.

"Εστι γυνή, τέξει δὲ λέονθ' ἱεραῖς ἐν 'Αθήναις, δς περὶ τοῦ δήμου πολλοῖς κώνωψι μαχεῖται, ὥστε περὶ σκύμνοισι βεβηκώς· τὸν σὰ ψυλάξαι,

224

a i.e. the islands of the Aegean which practically constituted the Athenian Empire.
b The words τέξει δὲ λέοντα are from an oracle quoted Herod, v. 92.

THE KNIGHTŠ, 1018-1039

YAPPING BEFORE THY FEET,

AND TERRIBLY ROARING TO GUARD THEE,

HE THY PAY WILL PROVIDE:

IF HE FAIL TO PROVIDE IT, HE'LL PERISH;

YEA, FOR MANY THE DAWS

THAT ARE HATING AND CAWING AGAINST HIM.

DEMUS. This, by Demeter, beats me altogether.

What does Erechtheus want with daws and dog?

PAPH. I am the dog: I bark aloud for you.

And Phoebus bids you guard the dog; that's me.

s.s. It says not that; but this confounded dog
Has gnawn the oracle, as he gnaws the door.
I've the right reading here about the dog.

DEMUS. Let's hear; but first I'll pick me up a stone Lest this dog-oracle take to gnawing me.

s.s. Heed thou well, Erechtheides,

THE KIDNAPPING CERBERUS BAN-DOG;

WAGGING HIS TAIL HE STANDS,

AND FAWNING UPON THEE AT DINNER,

WAITING THY SLICE TO DEVOUR

WHEN AUGHT DISTRACT THINE ATTENTION.

Soon as the night comes round

HE STEALS UNSEEN TO THE KITCHEN

Dog-wise; then will his tongue

CLEAN OUT THE PLATES AND THE—ISLANDS.a

DEMUS. Aye, by Poseidon, Glanis, that's far better. PAPH. Nay, listen first, my friend, and then decide.

WOMAN SHE IS, BUT A LION

SHE'LL BEAR b US IN ATHENS THE HOLY;

ONE WHO FOR DEMUS WILL FIGHT

WITH AN ARMY OF STINGING MOSQUITOES,

FIGHT, AS IF SHIELDING HIS WHELPS:

WHOM SEE THOU GUARD WITH DEVOTION

τείχος ποιήσας ξύλινον πύργους τε σιδηροῦς. ταῦτ' οἶσθ' ὅ τι λέγει; ΔΗΜΟΣ. μὰ τὸν 'Απόλλω 'γὼ μὲν οὔ.

1

ΠΑ. ἔφραζεν ὁ θεός σοι σαφῶς σώζειν ἐμέ· ἐγὼ γὰρ ἀντὶ τοῦ λέοντός εἰμί σοι.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. καὶ πῶς μ' ἐλελήθεις 'Αντιλέων γεγενημένος;

ΑΛ. εν οὐκ ἀναδιδάσκει σε τῶν λογίων έκών,

δ μόνον σιδήρου τεῖχός ἐστι καὶ ξύλων, ἐν ῷ σε σώζειν τόνδ' ἐκέλευσ' ὁ Λοξίας.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. πῶς δῆτα τοῦτ' ἔφραζεν ὁ θεός;

ΑΛ. τουτονὶδῆσαί σ' ἐκέλευσ' ἐν πεντεσυρίγγῳ ξύλῳ.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ταυτὶ τελεῖσθαι τὰ λόγι' ἤδη μοι δοκεῖ.
ΠΑ. μὴ πείθου φθονεραὶ γὰρ ἐπικρώζουσι κορῶναι.

άλλ' ίέρακα φίλει, μεμνημένος έν φρεσίν, ός σοι ήγαγε συνδήσας Λακεδαιμονίων κορακίνους.

ΑΛ. τοῦτό γέ τοι Παφλαγὼν παρεκινδύνευσε μεθυσθείς. Κεκροπίδη κακόβουλε, τί τοῦθ' ἡγεῖ μέγα τοὔργον; 1 καί κε γυνὴ φέροι ἄχθος, ἐπεί κεν ἀνὴρ ἀναθείη· ἀλλ' οὐκ ἂν μαχέσαιτο· χέσαιτο γάρ, εἰ μαχέσαιτο.

πΑ. ἀλλὰ τόδε φράσσαι, πρὸ Πύλου Πύλου ἦν σοι ἔφραζεν,

Έστι Πύλος πρὸ Πύλοιο.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. τί τοῦτο λέγει, πρὸ Πύλοιο;

b Unknown.

With holes for arms, legs, and head.

d A line from the Little Iliad of Lesches (Schol.). χέσαιτο in the next line is formed to echo μαχέσαιτο, making a complete

vulgar burlesque.

^a From the famous oracle given to Athens before the battle of Salamis, Herod. vii. 141.

⁶ A well-known line runs ἔστι Πύλος πρὸ Πύλοιο, Πύλος γε μέν ἐστι καὶ ἄλλη. One was in N. Elis, one in S. Elis, one opposite Sphacteria. The words lead up to the play upon πύελος, a tub or trough.

THE KNIGHTS, 1040-1059

BUILDING A WOODEN WALL a

AND AN IRON FORT TO SECURE HIM.

Do you understand?

DEMUS. By Apollo, no, not I.

PAPH. The God, 'tis plain, would have you keep me safely.

For I'm a valiant lion, for your sake.

DEMUS. What, you Antileon b and I never knew it!

One thing he purposely informs you not, What that oracular wall of wood and iron,

Where Loxias bids you keep him safely, is.

DEMUS. What means the God?

S.S.

DEMUS.

s.s. He means that you're to clap Paphlagon in the five-holed pillory-stocks.

I shouldn't be surprised if that came true.

PAPII. HEED NOT THE WORDS; FOR JEALOUS

THE CROWS THAT ARE CROAKING AGAINST ME.

CHERISH THE LORDLY FALCON,

NOR EVER FORGET THAT HE BROUGHT THEE, BROUGHT THEE IN FETTERS AND CHAINS

THE YOUNG LACONIAN MINNOWS.

s.s. This did Paphlagon dare

IN A MOMENT OF DRUNKEN BRAVADO.

Why think much of the deed,

CECROPIDES FOOLISH IN COUNSEL?

WEIGHT A WOMAN WILL BEAR,

IF A MAN IMPOSE IT UPON HER,d

FIGHT SHE WON'T AND SHE CAN'T:

IN FIGHTING SHE'S ALWAYS A FRIGHT IN.

PAPH. NAY, BUT REMEMBER THE WORD,

HOW PYLUS, HE SAID, BEFORE PYLUS; e

Pylus there is before Pylus.

DEMUS. What mean you by that "before Pylus"?

ΑΛ. τὰς πυέλους φησὶν καταλήψεσθ' ἐν βαλανείω. ΔΗΜΟΣ. έγω δ' άλουτος τήμερον γενήσομαι. οδτος γάρ ήμων τὰς πυέλους ἀφήρπασεν. άλλ' ούτοσὶ γάρ έστι περὶ τοῦ ναυτικοῦ

ό χρησμός, ὧ σε δεῖ προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν πάνυ. ΔΗΜΟΣ. προσέχω σὺ δ' ἀναγίγνωσκε, τοῖς ναύταισί μου 10

όπως ὁ μισθὸς πρῶτον ἀποδοθήσεται.

ΑΛ. Αἰγείδη, φράσσαι κυναλώπεκα, μή σε δολώση, λαίθαργον, ταχύπουν, δολίαν κερδώ, πολύιδριν. οἶσθ' ο τί ἐστιν τοῦτο;

Φιλόστρατος ή κυναλώπηξ.

ΑΛ. οὐ τοῦτό φησιν, ἀλλὰ ναῦς ἐκάστοτέ αίτεῖ ταχείας άργυρολόγους ούτοσί. ταύτας άπαυδα μή διδόναι σ' δ Λοξίας. ΔΗΜΟΣ. πως δη τριήρης ἐστὶ κυναλώπηξ;

АΛ.

ὄπως; ότι ή τριήρης έστὶ χώ κύων ταχύ. ΔΗΜΟΣ. πως οὖν ἀλώπηξ προσετέθη πρὸς τῷ κυνί;

ΑΛ. ἀλωπεκίοισι τοὺς στρατιώτας ἤκασεν,

ότιη βότρυς τρώγουσιν έν τοῖς χωρίοις.

 Δ HMO Σ . $\epsilon \hat{i} \epsilon \nu$

τούτοις ὁ μισθὸς τοῖς ἀλωπεκίοισι ποῦ;

ΑΛ. ἐγὼ ποριῶ καὶ τοῦτον ἡμερῶν τριῶν. άλλ' ἔτι τόνδ' ἐπάκουσον, ὃν εἶπέ σοι ἐξαλέασθαι, 1 χρησμον Λητοΐδης, Κυλλήνην, μή σε δολώση.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ποίαν Κυλλήνην;

τὴν τούτου χεῖρ' ἐποίησεν Κυλλήνην ὀρθῶς, ὁτιή φησ', ἔμβαλε κυλλῆ. AA.

^a Philostratus, a pander, was nicknamed so: L. 957. ^b Ships sent to collect the tribute: Thuc. ii. 69, iii. 19.

Cyllene was the port of Elis. It is here used to suggest κυλλή $\chi \epsilon l \rho$, "the hollow hand" that welcomes a bride.

THE KNIGHTS, 1060-1083

s.s. Truly your pile of baths

will he eapture before you can take them.

DEMUS. O dear, then bathless must I go to-day

s.s. Because he has carried off our pile of baths.
But here's an oracle about the fleet;
Your best attention is required to this.

DEMUS. I'll give it too; but prithee, first of all, Read how my sailors are to get their pay.

s.s. O Aegeides, Beware

OF THE HOUND-FOX, LEST HE DECEIVE THEE, STEALTHILY SNAPPING, THE CRAFTY,

THE SWIFT, THE TRICKY MARAUDER.

Know you the meaning of this?

DEMUS. Philostratus, plainly, the hound-fox.

s.s. Not so; but Paphlagon is evermore Asking swift triremes to collect the silver, So Loxias bids you not to give him these.

DEMUS. Why is a trireme called a hound-fox?

Why? A trireme's fleet; a hound is also fleet.

But for what reason adds he "fox" to "hound"?

s.s. The troops, he means, resemble little foxes, Because they seour the farms and eat the grapes.

DEMUS. Good.

DEMUS.

S.S.

But where's the eash to pay these little foxes? That I'll provide: within three days I'll do it.

LIST THOU FURTHER THE REDE

BY THE SON OF LETO DELIVERED;

KEEP THOU ALOOF, SAID HE,

FROM THE WILES OF HOLLOW CYLLENE.

DEMUS. Hollow Cyllene! what's that?

s.s. Tis Paphlagon's hand he's describing. Paphlagon's outstretched hand,

with his Drop me a coin in the hollow.

- ΠΑ. οὐκ ὀρθῶς φράζει· τὴν Κυλλήνην γὰρ ὁ Φοίβος
 εἰς τὴν χεῖρ' ὀρθῶς ἢνίξατο τὴν Διοπείθους.
 ἀλλὰ γάρ ἐστιν ἐμοὶ χρησμὸς περὶ σοῦ πτερυγωτός,
 αἰετὸς ὡς γίγνει καὶ πάσης γῆς βασιλεύεις.
- ΑΛ. καὶ γὰρ ἐμοί, καὶ γῆς καὶ τῆς ἐρυθρᾶς γε θαλάσσης, χὤτι γ' ἐν Ἐκβατάνοις δικάσεις, λείχων ἐπίπαστα.
- ΠΑ. ἀλλ' ἐγὼ εἶδον ὄναρ, καί μοὐδόκει ἡ θεὸς αὐτὴ 1 τοῦ δήμου καταχεῖν ἀρυταίνη πλουθυγίειαν.
- ΑΛ. νη Δία καὶ γὰρ ἐγώ· καί μοὐδόκει ἡ θεὸς αὐτὴ ἐκ πόλεως ἐλθεῖν καὶ γλαῦξ αὐτῆ ἀπικαθῆσθαι· εἶτα κατασπένδειν κατὰ τῆς κεφαλῆς ἀρυβάλλω ἀμβροσίαν κατὰ σοῦ, κατὰ τούτου δὲ σκοροδάλμην. 1 ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἰοὺ ἰού.

οὐκ ἦν ἄρ' οὐδεὶς τοῦ Γλάνιδος σοφώτερος. καὶ νῦν ἐμαυτὸν ἐπιτρέπω σοι τουτονὶ γερονταγωγεῖν κἀναπαιδεύειν πάλιν.

- ΠΑ. μήπω γ', ίκετεύω σ', άλλ' ἀνάμεινον, ὡς ἐγὼ κριθὰς ποριῶ σοι καὶ βίον καθ' ἡμέραν.
- ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐκ ἀνέχομαι κριθῶν ἀκούων· πολλάκις ἐξηπατήθην ὑπό τε σοῦ καὶ Θουφάνους.
- ΠΑ. ἀλλ' ἄλφιτ' ήδη σοι ποριῶ 'σκευασμένα.
- ΑΛ. έγω δε μαζίσκας γε διαμεμαγμένας

1

 b $\overline{\Lambda}$ secretary under Cleon: Schol.

^a Λ crazy oracle-monger (cf. W. 380, B. 988), apparently with a crippled hand.

THE KNIGHTS, 1084-1105

PAPH. There this fellow is wrong.

When he spake of the hollow Cyllene,

Phoebus was hinting, I ween,

at the hand of the maimed Diopeithes.a

Nay, but I've got me, for you,

a wingèd oracular message,

THOU SHALT AN EAGLE BECOME,

AND RULE ALL LANDS AS A MONARCH.

s.s. Nay, but I've got me the same :-

AND THE RED SEA TOO THOU SHALT GOVERN, YEA IN ECBATANA JUDGE,

RICH CAKES AS THOU JUDGEST DEVOURING.

PAPH. Nay, but I dreamed me a dream,

and methought the Goddess Athene

Health and wealth was ladling

in plentiful streams upon Demus.

s.s. Nay, but I dreamed one myself;

and methought of the Goddess Athene

Down from the Citadel stepped,

and an owl sat perched on her shoulder;

Then from a bucket she poured

ambrosia down upon Demus,

Sweetest of scents upon you,

upon Paphlagon sourest of pickles.

DEMUS. Good! Good!

There never *nas* a eleverer chap than Glanis. So now, my friend, I yield myself to you; Be you the tutor of my thoughtless—Age.

PAPH. Not yet! pray wait awhile, and I'll provide Your barley-grain, and daily sustenance.

DEMUS. I can't abide your barley-talk; too often Have I been duped by you and Thuphanes.^b

PAPH. I'll give you barley-meal, all ready-made. s.s. I'll give you barley-cakes, all ready-baked,

καὶ τοὔψον ὀπτόν· μηδὲν ἄλλ' εἰ μὴ 'σθιε. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἀνύσατέ νυν ὅ τι περ ποιήσεθ'. ὡς ἐγώ, όπότερος αν σφών εθ με μαλλον αν ποιή, τούτω παραδώσω της πυκνός τὰς ἡνίας. πΑ. τρέχοιμ' αν εἴσω πρότερος. $o\dot{v}$ $\delta\hat{\eta}\tau$, $\dot{a}\lambda\lambda$, $\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\dot{\omega}$. 1110 АΛ. $\mathring{\omega}$ Δημε, καλήν γ' έχεις \mathring{a} ρχήν, ὅτε πάντες ἄν-XO. θρωποι δεδίασί σ' ώσπερ ἄνδρα τύραννον. άλλ' εὐπαράγωγος εἶ, 1115 θωπευόμενός τε χαίρεις κάξαπατώμενος, πρὸς τόν τε λέγοντ' ἀεὶ κέχηνας ο νοῦς δέ σου παρών ἀποδημεῖ. 1120 νους οὐκ ἔνι ταῖς κόμαις ΛΗΜΟΣ. ύμῶν, ὅτε μ' οὐ φρονεῖν νομίζετ' έγω δ' έκων ταῦτ' ἢλιθιάζω. αὐτός τε γὰρ ἥδομαι βρύλλων τὸ καθ' ἡμέραν, 1125 κλέπτοντά τε βούλομαι

xo. χοὔτω μὲν ἂν εὖ ποιοῖς, εἴ σοι πυκνότης ἔνεστ'

άρυς ἐπάταξα.

1130

τρέφειν ἕνα προστάτην τοῦτον δ', ὅταν ἢ πλέως,

[&]quot; The προστάτης τοῦ δήμου was not an official, but the accepted democratic leader.

THE KNIGHTS, 1106-1132

And well-broiled fish. Do nothing else but eat.

Demus. Make haste and do it then, remembering this,
Whichever brings me most titbits to-day,
To him alone I'll give the Pnyx's reins.

PAPH. O then I'll run in first.

s.s. Not you, but I.

Thee, as Tyrant and King,
All men fear and obey,
Yet, O yet, 'tis a thing
Easy, to lead thee astray.

Empty fawning and praise Pleased thou art to receive; All each orator says Sure at once to believe; Wit thou hast, but 'tis roaming;

Ne'er we find it its home in.

DEMUS.

Wit there's none in your hair. What, you think me a fool! What, you know not I wear, Wear my motley by rule! Well all day do I fare, Nursed and coekered by all; Pleased to fatten and train One prime thief in my stall.^a When full gorged with his gain, Up that instant I snatch him,^b Strike one blow and dispatch him.

CHOR.

Art thou really so deep?
Is such artfulness thine?

^b Hoist him up.

έν τῶ τρόπω, ώς λέγεις, τούτω πάνυ πολλή, εί τούσδ' ἐπίτηδες ώσ-1135 περ δημοσίους τρέφεις έν τη πυκνί, κάθ' όταν μή σοι τύχη ὄψον ὄν, τούτων δς αν ή παχύς, θύσας έπιδειπνείς. 1140 σκέψασθε δέ μ', εὶ σοφῶς αὐτοὺς περιέρχομαι, τούς οἰομένους φρονεῖν κάμ' έξαπατύλλειν. τηρω γάρ έκάστοτ' αὐ-1145 τούς, οὐδε δοκών όραν, κλέπτοντας · ἔπειτ' ἀναγκάζω πάλιν έξεμεῖν ἄττ' ἂν κεκλόφωσί μου, κημόν καταμηλών. 1150 ΠΑ. ἄπαγ' ἐς μακαρίαν ἐκποδών. σύ γ', ὧ φθόρε. ΠΑ. $\hat{\omega}$ $\Delta \hat{\eta} \mu$, έγ $\hat{\omega}$ μέντοι παρεσκευασμένος τρίπαλαι κάθημαι, βουλόμενός σ' εὐεργετεῖν. ΑΛ. ἐγὼ δὲ δεκάπαλαί γε καὶ δωδεκάπαλαι καὶ χιλιόπαλαι καὶ πρόπαλαι πάλαι πάλαι. 1155 ΔΗΜΟΣ. έγω δε προσδοκών γε τρισμυριόπαλαι βδελύττομαι σφώ, καὶ πρόπαλαι πάλαι πάλαι. ΑΛ. οἶσθ' οὖν δ δρᾶσον; εί δὲ μή, φράσεις νε σύ.

ΔΗΜΟΣ.

ΑΛ.

ΔΗΜΟΣ.

THE KNIGHTS, 1133-1158

Well for all if thou keep
Firm to this thy design.
Well for all if, as sheep
Marked for victims, thou feed
These thy knaves in the Pnyx,
Then, if dainties thou need,
Haste on a victim to fix;
Slay the fattest and finest;
There's thy meal when thou dinest.

DEMUS.

Ah! they know not that I
Watch them plunder and thieve.
Ah! 'tis easy, they cry,
Him to gull and deceive.
Comes MY turn by and by!
Down their gullet, full quick,
Lo, my verdict-tube coils,^a
Turns them giddy and sick,
Up they vomit their spoils:
Such, with rogues, is my dealing,
'Tis for MYSELF they are stealing.

PAPH. Go and be blest!

s.s. Be blest yourself, you filth.

PAPH. O Demus, I've been sitting here prepared
Three ages past, longing to do you good.

s.s. And I ten ages, aye twelve ages, aye A thousand ages, ages, ages, ages.

DEMUS. And I've been waiting, till I loathe you both,
For thirty thousand ages, ages, ages.

s.s. Do-know you what?

DEMUS. And if I don't, you'll tell me.

 $[^]a$ μήλη was a surgeon's probe, κημός the neck of the ballotbox: the phrase means pushing this down the throat to make them vomit.

ΑΛ. ἄφες ἀπὸ βαλβίδων ἐμέ τε καὶ τουτονί, ΐνα σ' εὖ ποιῶμεν ἐξ ἴσου. δρᾶν ταῦτα χρή. 1160 ΔΗΜΟΣ.

ἄπιτον.

πΑ. καὶ ΑΛ. ἰδού.

 $\theta \epsilon i \tau$ $\alpha \nu$. ΔΗΜΟΣ.

ύποθεῖν οὐκ ἐῶ. $A\Lambda$.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἀλλ' ή μεγάλως εὐδαιμονήσω τήμερον ύπὸ τῶν ἐραστῶν νὴ Δί' ἢ 'γὼ θρύψομαι.

πΑ. δρᾶς; ενώ σοι πρότερος εκφέρω δίφρον.

ΑΛ. ἀλλ' οὐ τράπεζαν, ἀλλ' ἐγὼ προτεραίτερος. 1165

πΑ. ἰδοὺ φέρω σοι τήνδε μαζίσκην έγω

έκ των ολών των έκ Πύλου μεμαγμένην.

ΑΛ. έγω δε μυστίλας μεμυστιλημένας ύπὸ τῆς θεοῦ τῆ χειρὶ τὴλεφαντίνη.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ώς μέγαν ἄρ' εἶχες, ὧ πότνια, τὸν δάκτυλον. 1170 ΠΑ. ἐγὼ δ' ἔτνος γε πίσινον εὔχρων καὶ καλόν

έτόρυνε δ' αὔθ' ή Παλλὰς ή Πυλαιμάχος.

AA. $\hat{\omega}$ $\Delta \hat{\eta} \mu$, $\hat{\epsilon} vapy \hat{\omega}_S$ $\hat{\eta}$ $\theta \epsilon \hat{\sigma}_S$ $\hat{\sigma}_S$ $\hat{\epsilon} \pi i \sigma \kappa o \pi \epsilon \hat{i}$,

καὶ νὖν ὑπερέχει σου χύτραν ζωμοῦ πλέαν. ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴει γὰρ οἰκεῖσθ' ἂν ἔτι τήνδε τὴν πόλιν, 1175

εί μη φανερώς ημών ύπερείχε την χύτραν; ΠΑ. τουτί τέμαχός σούδωκεν ή Φοβεσιστράτη.

ΑΛ. ή δ' 'Οβριμοπάτρα γ' έφθον ἐκ ζωμοῦ κρέας καὶ χόλικος ηνύστρου τε καὶ γαστρὸς τόμον.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. καλώς γ' ἐποίησε τοῦ πέπλου μεμνημένη. 1180 πΑ. ή Γοργολόφα σ' ἐκέλευε τουτουὶ φαγεῖν

b Lit. "that fights at the gates." The epithet is invented on the analogy of Πρόμαχος (the epithet of Athena as repre-

236

⁴ In the statue by Pheidias which stood in the Parthenon, the flesh was represented by ivory. μύστιλαι are pieces of bread hollowed out to serve as a sort of spoon.

THE KNIGHTS, 1159-1181

Do start us from the signal-post, us two, s.s. All fair, no favour.

DEMUS.

Right you are; move off. PAPH. and s.s. Ready!

Away! DEMUS.

No "cutting in" allowed. S.S.

DEMUS. Zeus! if I don't, with these two lovers, have A rare good time, 'tis dainty I must be.

See, I'm the first to bring you out a chair. PAPH.

But not a table; I'm the firstlier there. S.S.

Look, here's a jolly little cake I bring, PAPH. Cooked from the barley-grain I brought from Pvlus.

And here I'm bringing splendid scoops of S.S. bread,

Scooped by the Goddess with her ivory hand.^a DEMUS. A mighty finger you must have, dread lady! And here's pease-porridge, beautiful and PAPH. brown.

Pallas Pylaemachus b it was that stirred it.

O Demus, plain it is the Goddess guards you, s.s. Holding above your head this-soup-tureen.

DEMUS. Why, think you Athens had survived, unless She plainly o'er us held her soup-tureen?

This slice of fish the Army-frightener sends PAPH. you.

This boiled broth-meat the Nobly-fathered s.s. gives you,

And this good cut of tripe and guts and paunch. DEMUS. And well done she, to recollect the peplus. PAPH. The Terror-crested bids you taste this eake

sented in the bronze statue which stood on the Acropolis), and to Cleon means "who fought for me at Pylos." The lines following contain titles of Athena.

έλατήρος, ἵνα τὰς ναθς έλαύνωμεν καλώς. ΑΛ. λαβέ καὶ ταδί νυν. καὶ τί τούτοις χρήσομαι ΔΗΜΟΣ. τοις έντέροις; έπίτηδες αὔτ' ἔπεμψέ σοι $A\Lambda$. είς τὰς τριήρεις ἐντερόνειαν ἡ θεός: 1185 έπισκοπεί γὰρ περιφανώς τὸ ναυτικόν. έχε καὶ πιεῖν κεκραμένον τρία καὶ δύο. ΔΗΜΟΣ, ώς ήδύς, ω Ζεῦ, καὶ τὰ τρία φέρων καλώς. ή Τριτογενής γάρ αὐτὸν ἐνετριτώνισεν. λαβέ νυν πλακοῦντος πίονος παρ' έμοῦ τόμον. 1190 ΑΛ. παρ' ἐμοῦ δ' ὅλον γε τὸν πλακοῦντα τουτονί. ΠΑ. ἀλλ' οὐ λαγῷ' ἕξεις ὁπόθεν δῷς ἀλλ' ἐγώ. οἴμοι πόθεν λαγῷά μοι γενήσεται; АΛ. ῶ θυμέ, νυνὶ βωμολόχον ἔξευρέ τι. όρας τάδ', ώ κακόδαιμον; ολίγον μοι μέλει 1195 $A\Lambda$. έκεινοιὶ γὰρ ώς ἔμ' ἔρχονται. Tives: ПА. ΑΛ. πρέσβεις έχοντες ἀργυρίου βαλλάντια. ΠΑ. ποῦ ποῦ; τί δέ σοι τοῦτ'; οὐκ ἐάσεις τοὺς ξένους; ΑΛ. ῶ Δημίδιον, όρᾶς τὰ λαγῷ' ἄ σοι φέρω; πΑ. οἴμοι τάλας, ἀδίκως γε τἄμ' ὑφήρπασας. 1200 νή τὸν Ποσειδώ, καὶ σὰ γὰρ τοὺς ἐκ Πύλου. ΔΗΜΟΣ. εἴπ', ἀντιβολῶ, πῶς ἐπενόησας άρπάσαι; ΑΛ. τὸ μὲν νόημα τῆς θεοῦ, τὸ δὲ κλέμμ' ἐμόν. ΔΗ. ἐγὼ δ' ἐκινδύνευσ'.

 $[\]ell\nu\tau\epsilon\rho\alpha$, pig's "belly" to serve as "belly-timber" for the ships.

^b Three parts of water to two of wine. ^c A parody of some tragic line. All through this scene there are indications of parody.

THE KNIGHTS, 1182-1204

With roe of fish, that we may row the better. And now take these. S.S. Whatever shall I do DEMUS.

With these insides?

The Goddess sends you these S.S. To serve as planks inside your ships of war.a Plainly she looks with favour on our fleet.

Here, drink this also, mingled three and two. but it's sweet and bears the three Demus. Zeus!

parts well.

Tritogeneia 'twas that three'd and two'd it. S.S. Accept from me this slice of luscious cake. PAPH.

And this whole luscious cake accept from me. S.S.

Ah, you've no hare to give him; that give I. PAPH.

S.S. O me, wherever can I get some hare? Now for some mountebank device, my soul.

Yah, see you this, poor Witless? PAPH.

What care I? S.S. For there they are! Yes, there they are coming! Who? PAPH.

Envoys with bags of silver, all for me. S.S.

Where? Where? PAPH.

What's that to you? Let be the strangers. S.S. My darling Demus, take the hare I bring.

You thief, you've given what wasn't yours to PAPH. give!

Poseidon, yes; you did the same at Pylus. s.s. DEMUS. Ha! Ha! what made you think of filching

that?

The thought's Athene's, but the theft was S.S. mine 0

'Twas I that ran the risk! DE.

πΑ. ἐγὼ δ' ὤπτησά γε.	
ΠΑ. ενώ δ΄ ωπτησά γε. ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄπιθ'. οὐ γὰρ ἀλλὰ τοῦ παραθέντος ἡ χάρις	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. απο . Ου γαρ απλα του παραθεντος η χαρις	• 1205
ΠΑ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ὑπεραναιδευθήσομαι.	
ΑΛ. τί οὐ διακρίνεις, $\Delta \hat{\eta} \mu$, δπότερός ἐστι ν $\hat{\omega}$ ν	
ανηρ αμείνων περί σε και την γαστέρα;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. τῷ δῆτ' ἂν ὑμᾶς χρησάμενος τεκμηρίῳ	
δόξαιμι κρίνειν τοῖς θεαταῖσιν σοφῶς;	1210
ΑΛ. ἐγὼ φράσω σοι. τὴν ἐμὴν κίστην ἰὼν	
ξύλλαβε σιωπῆ, καὶ βασάνισον ἄττ' ἔνι,	
καὶ τὴν Παφλαγόνος κἀμέλει κρινεῖς καλῶς.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. φέρ' ἴδω, τί οὖν ἔνεστιν;	
ΑΛ. οὐχ ὁρậς κενὴν	
ὧ παππίδιον; ἄπαντα γάρ σοι παρεφόρουν.	1215
ΔΗΜΟΣ. αὕτη μὲν ἡ κίστη τὰ τοῦ δήμου φρονεῖ.	
ΑΛ. βάδιζε γοῦν καὶ δεῦρο πρὸς τὴν Παφλαγόνος	
όρᾶς τάδ';	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. οἴμοι τῶν ἀγαθῶν ὅσων πλέα.	
ὄσον τὸ χρήμα τοῦ πλακοῦντος ἀπέθετο·	
<i>ẻμοὶ δ' έ΄δωκεν ἀποτεμων τυννουτονί</i> .	1220
ΑΛ. τοιαθτα μέντοι καὶ πρότερόν σ' εἰργάζετο·	
σοὶ μὲν προσεδίδου μικρον ὧν ἐλάμβανεν,	
αὐτὸς δ' ἐαυτῷ παρετίθει τὰ μείζονα.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ὧ μιαρέ, κλέπτων δή με ταῦτ' ἐξηπάτας	•
έγω δέ τυ έστεφάνιξα κάδωρησάμην.	1225
ΠΑ. έγω δ' ἔκλεπτον ἐπ' ἀγαθῷ γε τῆ πόλει.	1220
ΔΗΜΟΣ. κατάθου ταχέως τον στέφανον, ίν' έγω	
τουτωί	,
$a \dot{v} \dot{r} \dot{o} v \pi \epsilon \rho \iota \theta \hat{\omega}$.	
artis repross.	

^a In the Doric dialect; said to be quoted from some protest of the Helots that their Poseidon had not done his part for them. The Scholiast says that Cleon had been awarded a (golden) crown by the people for his services. 240

THE KNIGHTS, 1204-1228

PAPH. Twas I that cooked it!
DEMUS. Be off: the credit's his that served it up.

PAPH. Unhappy me! I'm over-impudenced.

s.s. Why not give judgement, Demus, of us two Which is the better towards your paunch and you?

DEMUS. Well, what's the test will make the audience

think

I give my judgement cleverly and well?

s.s. I'll tell you what; steal softly up, and search My hamper first, then Paphlagon's, and note What's in them; then you'll surely judge aright.

DEMUS. Well, what does yours contain?

s.s. See here, it's empty.

Dear Father mine, I served up all for you.

DEMUS. A Demus-loving hamper, sure enough.

s.s. Now come along, and look at Paphlagon's. Hey! only see!

Why, here's a store of dainties!

Why, here's a splendid cheesecake he put by!

And me he gave the tiniest slice, so big.

s.s. And, Demus, that is what he always does; Gives you the pettiest morsel of his gains, And keeps by far the largest share himself.

DEMUS. O miscreant, did you steal and gull me so,

The while I crowned thy pow and gied thee
gifties.^a

PAPH. And if I stole 'twas for the public good.

DEMUS. Off with your crown this instant, and I'll place it On him instead.

AΛ.	κατάθου ταχέως, μαστιγία.	
ПΑ.	οὐ δῆτ', ἐπεί μοι χρησμός ἐστι Πυθικὸς	
	φράζων ύφ' οὖ μ' έδέησεν ήττᾶσθαι μόνου.	1230
$A\Lambda$.	τοὖμόν γε φράζων ὄνομα καὶ λίαν σαφῶς.	
ПΑ.	καὶ μήν σ' ἐλέγξαι βούλομαι τεκμηρίω,	
	εἴ τι ξυνοίσεις τοῦ θεοῦ τοῖς θεσφάτοις.	
	καί σου τοσούτο πρώτον έκπειράσομαι.	
		1235
	έν ταῖσιν εΰστραις κονδύλοις ήρμοττόμην.	1230
па.	πως είπας; ως μου χρησμός απτεται φρενών.	
	$\epsilon \hat{i} \epsilon \nu$.	
	έν παιδοτρίβου δὲ τίνα πάλην ἐμάνθανες;	
	er massorpopos de rera martifo eparoares,	

ΑΛ. κλέπτων ἐπιορκεῖν καὶ βλέπειν ἐναντίον.

πΑ. & Φοίβ' "Απολλον Λύκιε, τί ποτέ μ' ἐργάσει; 1240 τέχνην δὲ τίνα ποτ' εἶχες έξανδρούμενος;

1245

1250

ηλλαντοπώλουν-

καὶ τί: па.

καὶ βινεσκόμην. ΑΛ.

ΠΑ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων οὐκέτ' οὐδέν εἰμ' έγώ, λεπτή τις ἐλπίς ἐστ' ἐφ' ἦς ὀχούμεθα. καί μοι τοσοῦτον εἰπέ· πότερον ἐν ἀγορᾳ ἢλλαντοπώλεις ἐτεὸν ἢ ἀτὶ ταῖς πύλαις;
ΑΛ. ἐπὶ ταῖς πύλαισιν, οὖ τὸ τάριχος ὤνιον.

ΠΑ. οἴμοι πέπρακται τοῦ θεοῦ τὸ θέσφατον. κυλίνδετ' εἴσω τόνδε τὸν δυσδαίμονα. ὧ στέφανε, χαίρων ἄπιθι, καί σ' ἄκων ἐγὼ λείπω σε δ' άλλος τις λαβών κεκτήσεται, κλέπτης μεν οὐκ ἂν μᾶλλον, εὐτυχής δ' ἴσως.

a From the Telephus of Euripides. Λύκιος is an epithet of Apollo.

Eurip. Bellerophon, fr. 302 Nanck; but here κυλίνδετε is

substituted for Koulgete.

^c Parodied from the farewell speech of the dying Alcestis

212

THE KNIGHTS, 1228-1252

Off with it, filth, this instant. S.S. Not so; a Pythian oracle I've got PAPH. Describing him who only can defeat me. Describing ME, without the slightest doubt. S.S. Well then I'll test and prove you, to discern PAPIT. How far you tally with the God's predictions. And first I ask this question,—when a boy Tell me the teacher to whose school you went. Hard knuckles drilled me in the singeing pits. S.S. How say you? Heavens, the oracle's word PAPH. strikes home! Well!What at the trainer's did you learn to do? Forswear my thefts, and stare the accuser S.S. down. PAPH. Phoebus Apollo! Lycius! what means this? a Tell me what trade you practised when a man. I sold sausages— S.S. Well? PAPH. S.S. And sold myself. PAPH. Unhappy me! I'm done for. There remains One slender hope whereon to anchor yet. Where did you sell your sausages? Did you stand Within the Agora, or beside the Gates? Beside the Gates, where the salt-fish is sold. S.S. O me, the oracle has all come true! PAPH. Roll in, roll in, this most unhappy man.^b O crown, farewell. Unwillingly I leave thee. Begone, but thee some other will obtain, A luckier man perchanee, but not morethievish ¢

to her marriage-bed, θνήσκω· σὲ δ' ἄλλη τις γυνὴ κεκτήσεται, | σώφρων μὲν οὐκ ἄν μᾶλλον, εὐτυχὴς δ' ἴσως, Eur. Alc. 181.

125

126

126

127

127

	Έλλάνιε Ζεῦ, σὸν τὸ νικητήριον. ὧ χαῖρε καλλίνικε, καὶ μέμνησ' ὅτι ἀνὴρ γεγένησαι δι' ἐμέ· καί σ' αἰτῶ βραχύ, ὅπως ἔσομαί σοι Φανὸς ὑπογραφεὺς δικῶν.
ΔΗΜ	0Σ. ἐμοὶ δέ γ' ὅ τι σοι τοὔνομ' εἴπ'.
ΑΛ.	'Αγοράκριτος ·
	έν τ <i>ἀγορ</i> ᾳ γὰρ κρινόμενος ἐβοσκόμην.
Δ HM	οΣ. 'Αγορακρίτω τοίνυν έμαυτὸν ἐπιτρέπω,
	καὶ τὸν Παφλαγόνα παραδίδωμι τουτονί.
A Λ .	καὶ μὴν ἐγώ σ', ὧ Δῆμε, θεραπεύσω καλῶς,
	ώσθ' δμολογεῖν σε μηδέν' ἀνθρώπων ἐ μοῦ
	ίδεῖν ἀμείνω τῆ Κεχηναίων πόλει.
xo.	τί κάλλιον ἀρχομένοισιν
	ἢ καταπαυομένοισιν
	$\ddot{\eta}$ $ heta$ ο \hat{a} ν ἴ $\pi\pi\omega$ ν ἐλατ $\hat{\eta}$ ρας ἀεί δ ειν
	μηδὲν ἐς Λυσίστρατον,
	μηδε Θούμαντιν τον ανέστιον αθ λυ-
	πεῖν έκούση καρδία;
	καὶ γὰρ οὖτος, ὧ φίλ' "Απολλον, ἀεὶ
	πεινῆ, θαλεροῖς δακρύοισιν
	σᾶς ἁπτόμενος φαρέτρας Πυθῶνι δία
	μὴ κακῶς πένεσθαι.
	λοιδορησαι τοὺς πονηροὺς οὐδέν ἐστ' ἐπίφθονον, ἀλλὰ τιμὴ τοῖσι χρηστοῖς, ὅστις εὖ λογίζεται.

^b A hanger-on of Cleon's (cf. W. 1220) who helped him in bringing actions.

Λ surprise for 'Λθηναίων.

^a This was an Aeginetan title of Zeus, but it was used as a symbol of Greek unity. Cleon's fall means the triumph of Hellenism.

^d A vicious wretch: A. 855-59, W. 787, 1300-17.

THE KNIGHTS, 1253-1275

Hellanian a Zeus, the victory-prize is thine! s.s.

Hail, mighty Victor, nor forget 'twas I

DE. Made you a Man; and grant this small request,

Make me your Phanus, b signer of your writs.

DEMUS. Your name, what is it?

Agoracritus. s.s.

> An Agora-life I lived, and thrived by wrangling.

DEMUS. To Agoracritus I commit myself,

And to his charge consign this Paphlagon.

And, Demus, I will always tend you well, s.s. And you shall own there never lived a man Kinder than I to the Evergaping c City.

O what is a nobler thing, CHOR. Beginning or ending a song, For horsemen who joy in driving Their fleet-foot coursers along,

Than—Never to launch a lampoon

at Lysistratus, d scurvy buffoon;

Or at heartless Thumantis e to gird,

poor starveling, in lightness of heart;

Who is weeping hot tears at thy shrine,

Apollo, in Pytho f divine,

And, clutching thy quiver, implores

to be healed of his poverty's smart!

For lampooning worthless wretches,

none should bear the bard a grudge;

'Tis a sound and wholesome practice,

if the case you rightly judge.

Noted for his leanness.

εὶ μὲν οὖν ἄνθρωπος, ὃν δεῖ πόλλ' ἀκοῦσαι καὶ κακά, αὐτὸς ἦν ἔνδηλος, οὐκ ἂν ἀνδρὸς ἐμνήσθην φίλου. νῦν δ' ᾿Αρίγνωτον γὰρ οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐκ ἐπίσταται, ὅστις ἢ τὸ λευκὸν οἶδεν ἢ τὸν ὅρθιον νόμον. ἔστιν οὖν ἀδελφὸς αὐτῷ τοὺς τρόπους οὐ συγγενής, ᾿Αριφράδης πονηρός. ἀλλὰ τοῦτο μὲν καὶ βούλεται ἐστὶ δ' οὐ μόνον πονηρός, οὐ γὰρ οὐδ' ἂν ἢσθόμην, οὐδὲ παμπόνηρος, ἀλλὰ καὶ προσεξεύρηκέ τι. τὴν γὰρ αὐτοῦ γλῶτταν αἰσχραῖς ἡδοναῖς λυμαίνεται, ἐν κασαυρείοισι λείχων τὴν ἀπόπτυστον δρόσον, καὶ μολύνων τὴν ὑπήνην, καὶ κυκῶν τὰς ἐσχάρας, καὶ Πολυμνήστεια ποιῶν, καὶ ξυνὼν Οἰωνίχω. ὅστις οὖν τοιοῦτον ἄνδρα μὴ σφόδρα βδελύττεται, οὕ ποτ' ἐκ ταὐτοῦ μεθ' ἡμῶν πίεται ποτηρίου.

1280

128

1290

ή πολλάκις έννυχίαισι φροντίσι συγγεγένημαι, καὶ διεζήτηχ' όπόθεν ποτὲ φαύλως ἐσθίει Κλεώνυμος.

h A surprise for the ending of the proverb δστις οίδε το λευκον

† τὸ μέλαν, " who knows white from black."

^d See 958 and Index.

^a Arignotus the harper, Ariphrades the vile creature here described, and a third, a famous actor, were sons of Automenes. See W. 1275-83, P. 883.

Polymnestus and Oconichus were probably well-known wastrels; but τὰ Πολυμνήστεια usually means the fine songs or tunes of Polymnestus, a musician.

THE KNIGHTS, 1276-1293

Now if he whose evil-doings

I must needs expose to blame

Were himself a noted person,

never had I named the name

Of a man I love and honour.

Is there one who knows not well

Arignotus, prince of harpers?

None, believe me, who can tell

How the whitest colour differs

from the stirring tune he plays.^b

Arignotus has a brother

(not a brother in his ways)

Named Ariphrades, a rascal—

nay, but that's the fellow's whim-

Not an ordinary rascal,

or I had not noticed him.

Not a thorough rascal merely;

he's invented something more,

Novel forms of self-pollution,

bestial tricks unknown before.

Yea, to nameless filth and horrors

does the loathsome wretch descend.

Works the work of Polymnestus,^c

calls Oeonichus e his friend.

Whose leathes not such a monster

never shall be a friend of mine,

Never from the selfsame goblet

quaff, with us, the rosy wine.

And oft in the watches of night My spirit within me is thrilled,

To think of Cleonymus ^d cating

As though he would never be filled.

O whence could the fellow acquire

that appetite deadly and dire?

φασὶ μὲν γὰρ αὐτὸν ἐρεπτόμενον τὰ τῶν ἐχόντων ἀνέρων οὐκ ἂν ἐξελθεῖν ἀπὸ τῆς σιπύης, τοὺς δ' ἀντιβολεῖν ἂν ὁμοίως '
ἴθ', ὧ ἄνα, πρὸς γονάτων, ἔξελθε καὶ σύγ-γνωθι τῆ τραπέζη.

12

13

13

13

φασὶν ἀλλήλαις ξυνελθεῖν τὰς τριήρεις εἰς λόγον, καὶ μίαν λέξαι τιν' αὐτῶν, ἥτις ἦν γεραιτέρα· οὐδὲ πυνθάνεσθε ταῦτ', ὧ παρθένοι, τἀν τῆ πόλει; φασὶν αἰτεῖσθαί τιν' ἡμῶν ἑκατὸν ἐς Καρχηδόνα ἄνδρα μοχθηρόν, πολίτην ὀξίνην, Ὑπέρβολον· ταῖς δὲ δόξαι δεινὸν εἶναι τοῦτο κοὐκ ἀνασχετόν, καί τιν' εἰπεῖν, ἥτις ἀνδρῶν ἀσσον οὐκ ἐληλύθει· ἀποτρόπαι', οὐ δῆτ' ἐμοῦ γ' ἄρξει ποτ', ἀλλ' ἐάν με χρῆ, ὑπὸ τερηδόνων οαπεῖσ' ἐνταῦθα καταγηράσομαι. οὐδὲ Ναυφάντης γε τῆς Ναύσωνος, οὐ δῆτ', ὧ θεοί, εἴπερ ἐκ πεύκης γε κἀγὼ καὶ ξύλων ἐπηγνύμην. ἢν δ' ἀρέσκη ταῦτ' 'Αθηναίοις, καθῆσθαί μοι δοκεῖ εἰς τὸ Θησεῖον πλεούσας ἢ 'πὶ τῶν σεμνῶν θεῶν.

^a Don't eat the table too.

^b The names of Athenian ships were feminine: see Corpus Inscr. Att. ii. 789 ff.

⁶ From Euripides, Alemaeon, fr. 66 Nauck.

d Hyperbolns is called a $\mu ο \chi \theta \eta \rho \delta \delta$ ἄνθρωπος by Thucydides, viii. 73. 3, and he became with Cleon a by-word. We do not know whether an expedition to Carthage was proposed by him.

 ^{&#}x27;Αποτρόπαίοs, a title of Apollo, the "Averter," used in appeals.
 / Nauphante is the name of the trireme, and probably Nauson was meant for the builder.

[°] To take sanctuary, as runaway slaves did in the Theseium. The $\Sigma \epsilon \mu \nu a i$ were the Έρινύες or Furies. Both these shrines were in the city.

THE KNIGHTS, 1294-1312

They say when he grazes with those
whose table with plenty is stored
That they never can get him away
from the trencher, though humbly they pray
Have mercy, O King, and depart!
O spare, we beseech thee, the board! a
Recently, 'tis said, our galleys
met their prospects to discuss,
And an old experienced trireme
introduced the subject thus;
"Have ye heard the news, my sisters? b
'tis the talk in every street,°
That Hyperbolus the worthless,
vapid townsman, would a fleet
Of a hundred lovely galleys
lead to Carthage far away." a
Over every prow there mantled
deep resentment and dismay.
Up and spoke a little galley,
yet from man's pollution free,
"Save us! such a scurvy fellow
never shall be lord of me.
Here I'd liefer rot and moulder,
and be eaten up of worms."
"Nor Nauphante, Nauson's daughter,
shall he board on any terms;
I, like you, can feel the insult;
I'm of pine and timber knit.
Wherefore, if the measure passes,
I propose we sail and sit
Suppliant at the shrine of Theseus,
or the Dread Avenaina Powers &

οὐ γὰρ ἡμῶν γε στρατηγῶν ἐγχανεῖται τῆ πόλει. άλλα πλείτω χωρις αὐτος ες κόρακας, εί βούλεται τὰς σκάφας, ἐν αἶς ἐπώλει τοὺς λύχνους, καθέλκύσας. 13

ΑΛ. εὐφημεῖν χρὴ καὶ στόμα κλείειν, καὶ μαρτυριῶν ἀπέχεσθαι,

καὶ τὰ δικαστήρια συγκλείειν, οἶς ἡ πόλις ήδε

 $\gamma \dot{\epsilon} \gamma \eta \theta \epsilon \nu$,

έπὶ καιναΐσιν δ' εὐτυχίαισιν παιωνίζειν τὸ θέατρον. xo. ὧ ταῖς ἱεραῖς φέγγος 'Αθήναις καὶ ταῖς νήσοις

έπίκουρε, τίν' ἔχων φήμην ἀγαθὴν ἥκεις, ἐφ' ὅτω κνισῶμεν

άγυιάς; ΑΛ. τὸν $\Delta \hat{\eta}$ μον ἀφεψήσας ὑμῖν καλὸν ἐξ αἰσχροῦ

πεποίηκα.

xo. καὶ ποῦ ''στιν νῦν, ὧ θαυμαστὰς ἐξευρίσκων έπινοίας; ΑΛ. ἐν ταῖσιν ἰοστεφάνοις οἰκεῖ ταῖς ἀρχαίαισιν

' Λθήναις.

XO. πω̂ς αν ιδοιμεν; ποίαν τιν έχει σκευήν; χοίοςγεγένηται;

ΑΛ. οἶός περ ᾿Αριστείδη πρότερον καὶ Μιλτιάδη ξυνεσίτει. όψεσθε δέ· καὶ γὰρ ἀνοιγνυμένων ψόφος ἤδη τῶν

προπυλαίων. ἀλλ' ὀλολύξατε φαινομέναισιν ταῖς ἀρχαίαισιν

'Αθήναις

καὶ θαυμασταῖς καὶ πολυύμνοις, ἵν' ὁ κλεινὸς Δῆμος évoikeî.

^a Suggested by the story of Medea. She boiled an old ram and made him young. Apollodorus, i. 9. 27. 250

THE KNIGHTS, 1313-1328

	He shall ne'er, as our commander,
	fool it o'er this land of ours.
	If he wants a little voyage,
	let him launch his sale-trays, those
	Whereupon he sold his lanterns,
	steering to the kites and crows."
s.s.	O let not a word of ill omen be heard;
	away with all proof and citation,
	And elose for to-day the Law Courts, though they
	are the joy and delight of our nation.
	At the news which I bring let the theatre ring
	with Paeans of loud acclamation.
CHOR.	O Light of the City, O Helper and friend
	of the islands we guard with our fleets,
	What news have you got? O tell me for what
	shall the sacrifice blaze in our streets?
s.s.	Old Demus I've stewed till his youth is renewed,
	and his aspect most charming and nice is.a
CHOR.	O where have you left him, and where is he now,
	you inventor of wondrous devices?
s.s.	He dwells in the City of ancient renown,
	which the violet chaplet is wearing.
CHOR.	O would I could see him! O what is his garb,
	and what his demeanour and bearing?
s.s.	As when, for his mess-mates, Miltiades bold
	and just Aristeides he chose.
	But now ye shall see him, for, listen, the bars
	of the great Propylaea unclose.
	Shout, shout to behold, as the portals unfold,
	fair Athens in splendour excelling,
	The wondrous, the ancient, the famous in song,
	where the noble Demus is dwelling!

χο. $\hat{\omega}$ ταὶ λιπαραὶ καὶ ἰοστέφανοι καὶ ἀριζήλωτοι ᾿Αθῆναι,

δείξατε τὸν τῆς Ἑλλάδος ἡμῖν καὶ τῆς γῆς τῆσδε

μόναρχον.

ΑΛ. ὅδ᾽ ἐκεῖνος ὁρᾶν τεττιγοφορῶν, ἀρχαίῳ σχήματι λαμπρός,

οὐ χοιρινῶν ὄζων, ἀλλὰ σπονδῶν, σμύρνη κατάλειπτος.

χο. χαῖρ', ὧ βασιλεῦ τῶν Ἑλλήνων· καί σοι ξυγχαίρομεν ἡμεῖς.

τῆς γὰρ πόλεως ἄξια πράττεις καὶ τοῦ Μαραθῶνι

τροπαίου.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνδρῶν, ἐλθὲ δεῦρ', 'Αγοράκριτε. 1 ὅσα με δέδρακας ἀγάθ' ἀφεψήσας.

άλλ', ὧ μέλ', οὐκ οἷσθ' οἷος ἦσθ' αὐτὸς πάρος, οὐδ' οἷ' ἔδρας· ἐμὲ γὰρ νομίζοις ἂν θεόν.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. τί δ' ἔδρων πρὸ τοῦ, κάτειπε, καὶ ποῖός τις ή;

1

ΑΛ. πρῶτον μέν, ὁπότ' εἴποι τις ἐν τἠκκλησία, ὧ Δῆμ', ἐραστής τ' εἰμὶ σὸς φιλῶ τέ σε καὶ κήδομαί σου καὶ προβουλεύω μόνος, τούτοις ὁπότε χρήσαιτό τις προοιμίοις, ἀνωρτάλιζες κἀκερουτίας.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. ϵγώ;

ΑΛ. εἶτ' ἐξαπατήσας σ' ἀντὶ τούτων ὤχετο.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. $\tau i \phi \eta s$;

ταυτί μ' έδρων, έγω δε τοῦτ' οὐκ ἡσθόμην;

ΑΛ. τὰ δ' ὧτά γ' ἄν σου νὴ Δί' ἐξεπετάννυτο ὥσπερ σκιάδειον καὶ πάλιν ξυνήγετο.

АΛ.

THE KNIGHTS, 1329-1348

CHOR. O shining old town of the violet crown,

O Athens the envied, display a The Sovereign of Hellas himself to our gaze, the monarch of all we survey. See, see where he stands, no vote in his hands, but the golden cicala b his hair in, All splendid and fragrant with peace and with myrrh, and the grand old apparel he's wearing! CHOR. Hail, Sovereign of Hellas! with thee we rejoice, right glad to behold thee again Enjoying a fate that is worthy the State and the trophy on Marathon's plain.c DEMUS. O Agoracritus, my dearest friend, What good your stewing did me! Say you so? S.S. Why, if you knew the sort of man you were, And what you did, you'd reckon me a god. DEMUS. What was I like? What did I do? Inform me. First, if a speaker in the Assembly said O Demus, I'm your lover, I alone Care for you, scheme for you, tend and love you well, I say if anyone began like that You clapped your wings and tossed your horns. What, I? DEMUS. Then in return he cheated you and left. DEMUS. O did they treat me so, and I not know it!

^a The opening words are quoted from Pindar, who first applied them to Athens in a dithyramb, Frag. 76 (Sandys).

Because, by Zeus, your ears would open wide

And close again, like any parasol.

<sup>Worn in old days by Athenians in their hair: Thuc. i. 6. 3.
A marble monument near the great barrow on the site of the battle: W. 711.</sup>

ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὕτως ἀνόητος ἐγεγενήμην καὶ γέρων;	
ΑΛ. καὶ νὴ Δί' εἴ γε δύο λεγοίτην ῥήτορε,	1350
ό μὲν ποιεῖσθαι ναῦς λέγων, ὁ δ' ἔτερος αὖ	
καταμισθοφορῆσαι τοῦθ', ὁ τὸν μισθὸν λέγων	
τὸν τὰς τριήρεις παραδραμὼν ἂν ὤχετο.	
οὖτος, τί κύπτεις; οὐχὶ κατὰ χώραν μενεῖς;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. αἰσχύνομαί τοι ταῖς πρότερον άμαρτίαις.	1355
ΑΛ. ἀλλ' οὖ σὺ τούτων αἴτιος, μὴ φροντίσης,	
άλλ' οἴ σε ταῦτ' ἐξηπάτων. νῦν δ' αὖ φράσον·	
έάν τις είπη βωμολόχος ξυνήγορος,	
οὐκ ἔστιν ὑμιν τοις δικασταις ἄλφιτα,	
εὶ μὴ καταγνώσεσθε ταύτην τὴν δίκην,	1960
	1360
τοῦτον τί δράσεις, εἰπέ, τὸν ξυνήγορον;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἄρας μετέωρον ἐς τὸ βάραθρον ἐμβαλῶ,	
έκ τοῦ λάρυγγος ἐκκρεμάσας Ὑπέρβολον.	
ΑΛ. τουτὶ μὲν ὀρθῶς καὶ φρονίμως ἤδη λέγεις	
τὰ δ' ἄλλα, φέρ' ἴδω, πῶς πολιτεύσει φράσον.	1365
ΔΗΜΟΣ. πρώτον μεν όπόσοι ναθς ελαύνουσιν μακράς,	
καταγομένοις τον μισθον αποδώσω 'ντελή.	
ΑΛ. πολλοῖς γ' ὑπολίσποις πυγιδίοισιν ἐχαρίσω.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. ἔπειθ' ὁπλίτης ἐντεθείς ἐν καταλόγω	
οὐδεὶς κατὰ σπουδὰς μετεγγραφήσεται,	1370
άλλ' ωσπερ ήν το πρωτον έγγεγράψεται.	
ΑΛ. τοῦτ' ἔδακε τὸν πόρπακα τὸν Κλεωνύμου.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. οὐδ' ἀγοράσει γ' ἀγένειος οὐδεὶς ἐν ἀγορᾶ.	
ΑΛ. ποῦ δῆτα Κλεισθένης ἀγοράσει καὶ Στράτων;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ τὰ μειράκια ταυτί λένων τὰν τῶν μύρων	1275

^b Below a precipice of the rock of the Pnyx, in the corner between Town Wall and Long Wall, outside the city.

^a Lysias, 27. 1, says that similar threats were really made: ϵl μη καταψηφιείσθε ὧν κελεύουσιν έπιλείψει ὑμᾶς ἡ μισθοφορά. "Barley" means "daily bread."

THE KNIGHTS, 1349-1375

DEMUS. Had I so old and witless grown as that?

s.s. And if, by Zeus, two orators proposed,
One to build ships of war, one to increase
Official salaries, the salary man
Would beat the ships-of-war man in a canter.
Hallo! why hang your head and shift your
ground?

DEMUS. I am ashamed of all my former faults.

s.s. You're not to blame; pray don't imagine that.
"Twas they who tricked you so. But answer this;

If any seurvy advocate should say, Now please remember, justices, ye'll have No barley, if the prisoner gets off free,^a How would you treat that scurvy advocate?

DEMUS. I'd tie Hyperbolus about his neck,

And hurl him down into the Deadman's Pit.b

s.s. Why now you are speaking sensibly and well. How else, in public business, will you act?

DEMUS. First, when the sailors from my ships of war Come home, I'll pay them all arrears in full.

s.s. For that, full many a well-worn rump will bless you.

DEMUS. Next, when a hoplite's placed in any list,^c
There shall he stay, and not for love or money
Shall he be shifted to some other list.

s.s. That bit the shield-strap of Cleonymus.^d DEMUS. No beardless boy shall haunt the agora now.

s.s. That's rough on Straton and on Cleisthenes. DEMUS. I mean those striplings in the perfume-mart,

• i.e. for service on some expedition; but influence might be used to get a name removed, P. 1180.

d Cleonymus had not yet thrown away his shield at

Delium, but he must have been known as a coward.

• Two effeminates: A. 122.

å στωμυλεῖται τοιαδὶ καθήμενα· σοφός γ' ὁ Φαίαξ, δεξιῶς τ' οὐκ ἀπέθανε. συνερκτικός γάρ έστι καὶ περαντικός,

καὶ γνωμοτυπικὸς καὶ σαφης καὶ κρουστικό	S
καταληπτικός τ' ἄριστα τοῦ θορυβητικοῦ.	1380
ΑΛ. οὔκουν καταδακτυλικὸς σύ τοῦ λαλητικοῦ;	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἀναγκάσω κυνηγετεῖν ἐγὼ	
τούτους ἄπαντας, παυσαμένους ψηφισμάτων	•
ΑΛ. ἔχε νυν ἐπὶ τούτοις τουτονὶ τὸν ὀκλαδίαν,	
καὶ παῖδ' ἐνόρχην, δς περιοίσει τόνδε σοι	1385
κάν που δοκή σοι, τοῦτον ὀκλαδίαν ποίει.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. μακάριος ές τάρχαῖα δὴ καθίσταμαι.	
ΑΛ. φήσεις γ', επειδαν τας τριακοντούτιδας	
σπονδάς παραδώ σοι. δεθρ' ἴθ' αἱ Σπονδ	aì
$ au lpha \chi ec{v}.$	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. & Žεῦ πολυτίμηθ', ώς καλαί· πρὸς τό	บัง
$ heta\epsilon\hat{\omega} u$,	1390
«ξεστιν αὐτῶν κατατριακοντουτίσαι;	
πῶς ἔλαβες αὐτὰς ἐτεόν;	
ΑΛ. οὐ γὰρ ὁ Παφλαγο	ών
ἀπέκρυπτε ταύτας ἔνδον, ἵνα σὺ μὴ λάβοις	s;
νῦν οὖν ἐγώ σοι παραδίδωμ' εἰς τοὺς ἀγρο	
αὐτὰς ἰέναι λαβόντα.	
ΔΗΜΟΣ. τον δε Παφλαγόνα,	1395
δς ταθτ' έδρασεν, εἴφ' ὅ τι ποιήσεις κακό	ν.
ΑΛ. οὐδὲν μέγ' ἀλλ' ἢ τὴν ἐμὴν ἔξει τέχνην	
έπὶ ταῖς πύλαις ἀλλαντοπωλήσει μόνος,	
τὰ κύνεια μιγνὺς τοῖς ὀνείοις πράγμασιν,	

^a The passage ridicules an affectation of using adjectives in -ikbs. For Phaeax see Thue. v. 4, and Plut. Nic. 11, Alc. 13. He was of some importance in politics. The Scholiast says he had been tried for his life and acquitted. 256

THE KNIGHTS, 1376-1399

Who sit them down and chatter stuff like this, Sharp fellow, Phaeax; wonderful defence; Coercive speaker; most conclusive speaker; Effective; argumentative; incisive; Superlative against the combative.^a

S.S. You're quite derisive of these talkatives. DEMUS. I'll make them all give up their politics,

And go a-hunting with their hounds instead.

s.s. Then on these terms accept this folding-stool^b;
And here's a boy to carry it behind you.
No eunuch he!

DEMUS. O, I shall be once more A happy Demus as in days gone by.

s.s. I think you'll think so when you get the sweet
Thirty-year treaties. Treaties dear, come
here.

DEMUS. Worshipful Zeus! how beautiful they are.
Wouldn't I like to solemnize them all.
Whence got you these?

Bottled them up that you might never see them?

Now then I freely give you them to take

Back to your farms, with you.

But Paphlagon
Who wrought all this, how will you punish
him?

s.s. Not much: this only: he shall ply my trade, Sole sausage-seller at the City gates. There let him dogs'-meat mix with asses' flesh,

^b It was the fashion in olden days for rich citizens to have these carried for them by attendants when they went to assemblies or the like.

μεθύων τε ταῖς πόρναισι λοιδορήσεται, 1400 κἀκ τῶν βαλανείων πίεται τὸ λούτριον.

ΔΗΜΟΣ. εὖ γ' ἐπενόησας οὖπέρ ἐστιν ἄξιος, πόρναισι καὶ βαλανεῦσι διακεκραγέναι, καί σ' ἀντὶ τούτων ἐς τὸ πρυτανεῖον καλῶ ἐς τὴν ἔδραν θ', ἵν' ἐκεῖνος ἦν ὁ φαρμακός. 1405 ἔπου δὲ ταυτηνὶ λαβὼν τὴν βατραχίδα· κἀκεῖνον ἐκφερέτω τις ὡς ἐπὶ τὴν τέχνην, ἵν' ἴδωσιν αὐτόν, οἷς ἐλωβᾶθ', οἱ ξένοι.

THE KNIGHTS, 1400-1408

There let him, tipsy, with the harlots wrangle, And drink the filthy scouring of the bath.

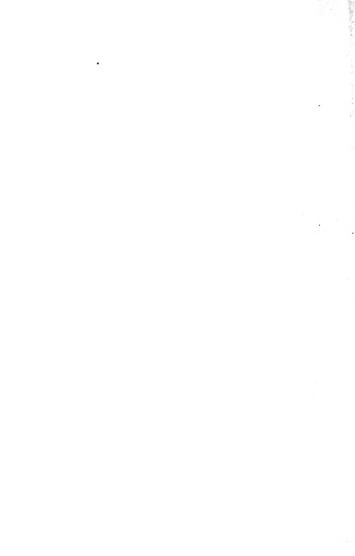
DEMUS. A happy thought; and very fit he is

To brawl with harlots and with bathmen there. But you I ask to dinner in the Hall,

To take the place that scullion held before. Put on this frog-green robe and follow me. Whilst him they carry out to ply his trade,

That so the strangers, whom he wronged, may see him.^a

a Strangers were not present at the Lenaean festival.





INTRODUCTION

The Clouds was produced at the Great Dionysia 423 B.C. The first prize was awarded to Cratinus with the Wine-flagon, the second to Ameipsias with the Connos, and Aristophanes was third and last.

The present is a revised edition published, but not exhibited, some years later, for in the New Parabasis the poet refers to the *Maricas* of Eupolis which was produced 421 B.C. In one of the Greek arguments prefixed to the play, it is stated that this revision $(\delta\iota\delta\rho\theta\omega\sigma\iota s)$ extends generally "through almost every part," but that it is "entire" $(\delta\lambda\sigma\sigma\chi\epsilon\rho\eta s)$ (1) in the Parabasis, (2) "where the Just Logic speaks to the Unjust," and (3) "where the school of Socrates is set on fire."

As to the Parabasis (518–562) where Aristophanes, speaking in the first person, expresses his indignation at his defeat, there can be no doubt. As regards (2) Mr. Rogers justly holds that this does not refer to the whole dispute between the $\Lambda \acute{o} \gamma o \iota$ (for this "is the very core of the play"), but to the magnificent anapaests in which the Just Logic describes "the ancient education," 961 seq. As regards (3) there can be little certainty.

The aim of the Comedy is to attack the Sophistical system of Education, which like "some subtle and insidious disease was sapping the very life of old 262

THE CLOUDS

Athenian character; which for a money payment taught men to argue not for Truth but for Victory; to assail all traditional beliefs; and to pride themselves on their ability to take up a bad cause and make it triumph over the right." a

In taking Socrates as "the representative and embodiment in a concrete form "of the Sophistic ' school Aristophanes is notoriously unjust. No one had less regard for speculation about τὰ μετέωρα and τὰ ὑπὸ τῆς γῆς than Socrates; to take money for teaching was in his eyes a crime; and the whole of his dialectic aimed not at "making the worse appear the better reason," but at the discovery of ethical truth. None the less, as Grote remarks, "if an Athenian had been asked 'Who are the principal Sophists in your city?' he would have named Socrates among the first," while he seemed to court caricature as he ambled round the agora and gymnasia, "bald-headed, with the countenance of a satyr and a protuberant belly, habitually barefoot, clad only in a shabby gaberdine $(\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu)$ without even the usual undergarment (χιτών)." δ

That the Athenians took the attack on him seriously, or that it had the least effect on his condemnation in 399, is wholly questionable. Plutarch (De educat. puerorum, c. 14, p. 10 c) relates that, when asked if he was not "indignant" at it, he replied, "No, not I; I am chaffed in the theatre as in a wine-party"; and Plato in the Symposium (221 B) not only brings in both Socrates and Aristophanes as guests who meet without offence, but makes Alcibiades quote the poet's own words (l. 362) as an

Rogers, Introduction, p. xviii.
b Ibid. p. xxi.

admirable description of Socrates. Nor is it probable that, if he had held Aristophanes partly guilty for his master's execution, he would when dying have kept a copy of his comedies in his bed, or published his inimitable epigram:

αὶ Χάριτες, τέμενός τι λαβεῖν ὅπερ οὐχὶ πεσεῖται ζητοῦσαι, ψυχὴν εὖρον ᾿Αριστοφανοῦς.α

In fact, when Soerates at the beginning of the Apology is made not only to quote the Clouds but to put phrases from it into an imaginary legal indictment, of which he says he is in more terror than of his actual accusers, it may well be that Plato—"putting into his mouth reflexions upon the Clouds which he, we may be sure, would never have uttered," b—indicates with fine irony that it was a poor charge which was less weighty than the jibe of a comedian. But whether this be so or not, the fact of Plato introducing the quotations as well known and familiar proves—as do similar quotations in the Occonomicus and Symposium of Xenophon—that when he wrote the Clouds had already that established fame which it has ever since maintained.

The Graces sought a heavenly shrine, which ne'er Shall come to nought,
And in thy soul, Immortal Poet, found
The shrine they sought.

Rogers.

^b Rogers, Introd. p. xxiv.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΗΣ

ΦΕΙΔΙΠΠΙΔΗΣ

ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΟΥ

ΜΑΘΗΤΑΙ ΣΩΚΡΑΤΟΥΣ

ΣΩΚΡΑΤΗΣ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΝΕΦΕΛΩΝ

 $\Delta \text{IKAIO}\Sigma$ $\Lambda \text{O}\Gamma \text{O}\Sigma$

ΑΔΙΚΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ

ΠΑΣΙΑΣ

AMYNIAZ

 $MAPT\Upsilon\Sigma$

ΧΑΙΡΕΦΩΝ

ΝΕΦΕΛΑΙ

ΣΤΡΕΨΙΑΔΗΣ. Ἰοὺ ἰού·

ῶ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τὸ χρῆμα τῶν νυκτῶν ὅσον. ἀπέραντον. οὐδέποθ' ἡμέρα γενήσεται; καὶ μὴν πάλαι γ' ἀλεκτρυόνος ἤκουσ' ἐγώ· οἱ δ' οἰκέται ῥέγκουσιν· ἀλλ' οὐκ ἂν πρὸ τοῦ. ἀπόλοιο δῆτ', ὧ πόλεμε, πολλῶν οὕνεκα, ὅτ' οὐδὲ κολάσ' ἔξεστί μοι τοὺς οἰκέτας. ἀλλ' οὐδ' ὁ χρηστὸς οὐτοσὶ νεανίας ἐγείρεται τῆς νυκτός, ἀλλὰ πέρδεται ἐν πέντε σισύραις ἐγκεκορδυλημένος. ἀλλ', εἰ δοκεῖ, ῥέγκωμεν ἐγκεκαλυμμένοι.

5

10

15

20

άλλ' οὐ δύναμαι δείλαιος εὕδειν δακνόμενος ὑπὸ τῆς δαπάνης καὶ τῆς φάτνης καὶ τῶν χρεῶν, διὰ τουτονὶ τὸν υἱόν. ὁ δὲ κόμην ἔχων ἱππάζεταί τε καὶ ξυνωρικεύεται ὀνειροπολεῖ θ' ἵππους· ἐγὼ δ' ἀπόλλυμαι, ὁρῶν ἄγουσαν τὴν σελήνην εἰκάδας· οἱ γὰρ τόκοι χωροῦσιν. ἄπτε, παῖ, λύχνον, κἄκφερε τὸ γραμματεῖον, ἵν' ἀναγνῶ λαβὼν ὁπόσοις ὀφείλω καὶ λογίσωμαι τοὺς τόκους. φέρ' ἴδω, τί ὀφείλω; " δώδεκα μνᾶς Πασία."

^a At the back of the stage are two buildings—the house of 266

THE CLOUDS 4

STREPSIADES.

O dear! O dear!

O Lord! O Zeus! these nights, how long they are. Will they ne'er pass? will the day never come? Surely I heard the eock crow, hours ago. Yet still my servants snore. These are new eustoms. O 'ware of war for many various reasons; One fears in war even to flog one's servants. And here's this hopeful son of mine wrapped up Snoring and sweating under five thick blankets. Come, we'll wrap up and snore in opposition.

(Tries to sleep)

But I ean't sleep a wink, devoured and bitten
By tieks, and bugbears, duns, and race-horses,
All through this son of mine. He curls his hair,^b
And sports his thoroughbreds, and drives his tandem;
Even in dreams he rides: while I—I'm ruined,
Now that the Moon has reached her twentieths,
And paying-time comes on.^c Boy! light a lamp,
And fetch my ledger: now I'll reckon up
Who are my ereditors, and what I owe them.
Come, let me see then. Fifty pounds to Pasias!

Strepsiades and the Phrontisterion. The interior of the first is exposed to view by means of the eccyclema.

b Like the Knights; cf. K. 580.

Interest was payable on the first day of each new month, and the days after the twentieth mark its near approach.

τοῦ δώδεκα μνᾶς Πασία; τί έχρησάμην; ότ' ἐπριάμην τὸν κοππατίαν. οἴμοι τάλας, είθ' έξεκόπην πρότερον τὸν ὀφθαλμὸν λίθω.

ΦΕΙΔΙΠΠΙΔΗΣ. Φίλων, άδικεῖς · ἔλαυνε τὸν σαυτοῦ δρόμον. 2

ΣΤ. τοῦτ' ἔστι τουτὶ τὸ κακὸν ὅ μ' ἀπολώλεκεν. ονειροπολεί γάρ και καθεύδων ίππικήν.

ΦΕΙ. πόσους δρόμους έλα τὰ πολεμιστήρια;

ΣΤ. ἐμὲ μὲν σὺ πολλοὺς τὸν πατέρ' ἐλαύνεις δρόμους. άτὰρ "τί χρέος ἔβα" με μετὰ τὸν Πασίαν; " τρεῖς μναῖ διφρίσκου καὶ τροχοῖν 'Αμυνία.''

ΦΕΙ. ἄπαγε τὸν ἵππον έξαλίσας οἴκαδε.

Στ. ἀλλ', ὧ μέλ', ἐξήλικας ἐμέ γ' ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν, ότε καὶ δίκας ὤφληκα χἄτεροι τόκου ένεχυράσεσθαί φασιν.

έτεόν, ὧ πάτερ, ΦEI. τί δυσκολαίνεις καὶ στρέφει τὴν νύχθ' ὅλην;

Στ. δάκνει με δήμαρχός τις έκ τῶν στρωμάτων.

ΦΕΙ. ἔασον, ὧ δαιμόνιε, καταδαρθεῖν τί με.

ΣΤ. σὺ δ' οὖν κάθευδε· τὰ δὲ χρέα ταῦτ' ἴσθ' ὅτι ές την κεφαλήν απαντα την σην τρέψεται. $\phi \in \hat{v}$.

είθ' ὤφελ' ή προμνήστρι' ἀπολέσθαι κακῶς, ήτις με γημ' έπηρε την σην μητέρα. έμοι γαρ ην άγροικος ηδιστος βίος, εὐρωτιῶν, ἀκόρητος, εἰκῆ κείμενος, βρύων μελίτταις καὶ προβάτοις καὶ στεμφύλοις. 45 έπειτ' έγημα Μεγακλέους τοῦ Μεγακλέους

40

^a Lit. "the horse branded with a koppa (γ)," the symbol of Corinth, where the breed was supposed to descend from Pegasus. 268

THE CLOUDS, 22-46

Why fifty pounds to Pasias? what were they for? O, for the hack a from Corinth. O dear! O dear! I wish my eye had been hacked out before-PHEIDIPPIDES. (In his sleep) You are cheating, Philon; keep to your own side.

ST. Ah! there it is! that's what has ruined me! Even in his very sleep he thinks of horses.

PH. (In his sleep) How many heats do the war-chariots run?

st. A pretty many heats you have run your father. Now then, what debt assails me b after Pasias? A curricle and wheels. Twelve pounds. Amynias.

PH. (In his sleep) Here, give the horse a roll, and take him home.

sr. You have rolled me out of house and home, my boy, Cast in some suits already, while some swear They'll seize my goods for payment.

Good, my father. PH. What makes you toss so restless all night long?

st. There's a bumbailiff of from the mattress bites me.

PH. Come now, I prithee, let me sleep in peace.

st. Well then, you sleep; only be sure of this, These debts will fall on your own head at last. Alas, alas! For ever cursed be that same match-maker, Who stirred me up to marry your poor mother. Mine in the country was the pleasantest life, Untidy, easy-going, unrestrained, Brimming with olives, sheepfolds, honey-bees.

Ah! then I married—I a rustic—her

b τί χρέος ἔβα με is from an unknown play of Euripides: Schol. ο δήμαρχος: a surprise instead of κόρις or ψύλλα. He was the headman of the deme, and also issued executions for unpaid debts. d Lit. "mouldy, unswept."

άδελφιδην άγροικος ὢν έξ ἄστεως, σεμνήν, τρυφώσαν, έγκεκοισυρωμένην. ταύτην ότ' έγάμουν, συγκατεκλινόμην έγω όζων τρυγός, τρασιας, έρίων περιουσίας, ή δ' αὖ μύρου, κρόκου, καταγλωττισμάτων, η ο αυ μυρου, κροκου, καταγκαντισματαν, δαπάνης, λαφυγμοῦ, Κωλιάδος, Γενετυλλίδος. οὐ μὴν ἐρῶ γ' ὡς ἀργὸς ἦν, ἀλλ' ἐσπάθα. ἐγὼ δ' ἂν αὐτῆ θοἰμάτιον δεικνὺς τοδὶ πρόφασιν ἔφασκον, ''ὧ γύναι, λίαν σπαθῷς.'' ΘΕΡΑΠΩΝ. ἔλαιον ἡμῖν οὐκ ἔνεστ' ἐν τῷ λύχνῳ.

Στ. οἴμοι· τί γάρ μοι τὸν πότην ἦπτες λύχνον;

δεῦρ' ἔλθ', ἵνα κλάης.

διὰ τί δῆτα κλαύσομαι; ΘE. ότι των παχειών ένετίθεις θρυαλλίδων. ΣT. μετά τκῦθ', ὅπως νῷν ἐγένεθ' υίὸς ούτοσί, έμοί τε δη καὶ τῆ γυναικὶ τἀγαθῆ, περὶ τοὐνόματος δη 'ντεῦθεν ἐλοιδορούμεθα· ή μὲν γὰρ ἵππον προσετίθει πρὸς τοὔνομα, Ξάνθιππον ἢ Χάριππον ἢ Καλλιππίδην, έγω δε του πάππου τιθέμην Φειδωνίδην. τέως μεν οὖν εκρινόμεθ' εἶτα τῷ χρόνῳ κοινή ξυνέβημεν κάθέμεθα Φειδιππίδην. τοῦτον τὸν υίὸν λαμβάνουσ' ἐκορίζετο, όταν σὺ μέγας ὢν ἄρμ' ἐλαύνης πρὸς πόλιν, ωσπερ Μεγακλέης, ξυστίδ' έχων. έγω δ' έφην, 70 όταν μεν οὖν τὰς αἶγας ἐκ τοῦ φελλέως, ωσπερ ο πατήρ σου, διφθέραν ενημμένος. άλλ' οὐκ ἐπίθετο τοῖς ἐμοῖς οὐδὲν λόγοις,

a Lit. " of M. the son of M.," the repetition of the name being intended to enhance its importance. Megacles was a common name for the male, as Coesyra for the female, children of the aristocratic Alemaeonid family.

THE CLOUDS, 47-73

A fine town-lady, niece of Megacles.^a A regular, proud, luxurious, Coesyra.
This wife I married, and we came together,
I rank with wine-lees, fig-boards,^b greasy woolpacks;
She all with scents, and saffron, and tongue-kissings,
Feasting, expense, and lordly modes of loving.^c
She was not idle though, she was too fast.^d
I used to tell her, holding out my cloak,

Why, what would you whip me for?

Threadbare and worn; Wife, you're too fast by half. SERVANT-BOY. Here's no more oil remaining in the lamp. st. O me! what made you light the tippling lamp?

Come and be whipp'd.

SERV.

st. Why did you put one of those thick wicks in? Well, when at last to me and my good woman This hopeful son was born, our son and heir, Why then we took to wrangle on the name. She was for giving him some knightly name, "Callippides, "Xanthippus," or "Charippus": I wished "Pheidonides," his grandsire's e name. Thus for some time we argued: till at last We compromised it in Pheidippides. This boy she took, and used to spoil him, saying, Oh! when you are driving to the Acropolis, clad

Like Megacles, in your purple; whilst I said Oh! when the goats you are driving from the fells, Clad like your father, in your sheepskin coat. Well, he cared nought for my advice, but soon

b On which they were dried in the sun.

⁶ Κωλίαs and Γενετυλλίs are names of love-deities. ^d $\sigma\pi\alpha\theta$ άω is literally "to ply the shuttle" ($\sigma\pi$ άθη), then as a slang term "to squander."

Boys were regularly named after a grandfather; cf. B. 283.

Pheidonides = "a son of thrift" ($\phi \epsilon \iota \delta \omega$).

	άλλ' ἴππερόν μου κατέχεεν τῶν χρημάτων.	
	νῦν οὖν ὄλην τὴν νύκτα φροντίζων, όδον	75
	μίαν εὖρον, ἀτραπὸν δαιμονίως ὑπερφυᾶ,	
	ην ην ἀναπείσω τουτονί, σωθήσομαι.	
	άλλ' έξεγειραι πρώτον αὐτὸν βούλομαι.	
	πῶς δῆτ' ἂν ἥδιστ' αὐτὸν ἐπεγείραιμι; πῶς; Φειδιππίδη, Φειδιππίδιον.	
ФЕІ.	$\tau i, \ \mathring{\omega} \ \pi \acute{a} \tau \epsilon \rho;$	
	reference and management of the section	80
ΣT.	κύσον με καὶ τὴν χεῖρα δὸς τὴν δεξιάν.	
ΦEI.	ίδού. τί ἔστιν;	
ΣΤ.	εἰπέ μοι, φιλεῖς ἐμέ;	
ΦEI.	νη τον Ποσειδώ τουτονί τον ἵππιον.	
ΣT .	μή μοί γε τοῦτον μηδαμῶς τὸν ἵππιον•	
	οὖτος γὰρ ὁ θεὸς αἴτιός μοι τῶν κακῶν.	85
	άλλ' είπερ εκ της καρδίας μ' όντως φιλεις,	
	$\tilde{\omega}$ $\pi a \hat{\imath}$, $\pi \iota \theta o \hat{\imath}$.	
ΦEI.	τί οὖν πίθωμαι δῆτά σοι;	
ΣT.	ἔκστρεψον ώς τάχιστα τοὺς σαυτοῦ τρόπους,	
	καὶ μάνθαν' ἐλθών ᾶν ἐγὼ παραινέσω.	
ФEI.	λέγε δή, τί κελεύεις;	
ΣΤ.	καί τι πείσει;	
ФЕІ.	πείσομαι,	90
	νή τὸν Διόνυσον.	
ΣT.	δεῦρό νυν ἀπόβλεπε.	
	όρᾶς τὸ θύριον τοῦτο καὶ τῷκίδιον;	
ΦEI.	όρῶ. τί οὖν τοῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐτεόν, ὧ πάτερ;	
ST	ψυχῶν σοφῶν τοῦτ' ἐστὶ φροντιστήριον.	
~1.	ένταθθ' ενοικοθα' άνδοςς οι πόν ολογούν	
	ένταθθ' ένοικοθο' ἄνδρες οἱ τὸν οὐρανὸν	95
	λέγοντες ἀναπείθουσιν ως ἔστιν πνιγεὺς	

272

ΦЕІ ΣT ΦЕΙ ΣT ΦЕΙ ΣT

a Lit. "he poured a plague of horse-fever upon." ἔππεροs is invented in imitation of ἔκτεροs "jaundice."
 b τουτονί: pointing to some statuette of Poseidon near his bed.

THE CLOUDS, 74-96

A galloping consumption caught a my fortunes. Now eogitating all night long, I've found One way, one marvellous transcendent way, Which if he'll follow, we may yet be saved. So,—but, however, I must rouse him first; But how to rouse him kindliest? that's the rub. Pheidippides, my sweet one.

PH. Well, my father.

Shake hands, Pheidippides, shake hands and kiss me. ST.

There; what's the matter? PH.

ST. Dost thou love me, boy?

PH. Av! by Poseidon there, the God of horses.

No, no, not that: miss out the God of horses, ST. That God's the origin of all my evils. But if you love me from your heart and soul, My son, obey me.

Very well: what in? PH.

Strip with all speed, strip off your present habits. ST. And go and learn what I'll advise you to.

Name your commands. PH.

Will you obey?

ST. PH.

ST.

I will.

By Dionysus!

Well then, look this way. See you that wicket and the lodge beyond?

PH. I see: and prithee what is that, my father?

That is the thinking-house of sapient souls. ST.

There dwell the men who teach—aye, who persuade us, That Heaven is one vast fire-extinguisher d

• The word φροντιστήριον, "thinking-establishment," is apparently the invention of Aristophanes.

^d So πνιγεύs is usually rendered. The Ravenna Scholiast gives three explanations, (1) "stove," (2) "the place where coals are crammed " (συμπνίγονται), and (3) "furnace" (φοῦρνος).

κάστιν περὶ ήμῶς οὖτος, ήμεῖς δ' ἄνθρακες. οὖτοι διδάσκουσ', ἀργύριον ἤν τις διδῷ, λέγοντα νικῶν καὶ δίκαια κάδικα.

ΦΕΙ. εἰσὶν δὲ τίνες;

Στ. οὐκ οἶδ' ἀκριβῶς τοὕνομα·μεριμνοφροντισταὶ καλοί τε κάγαθοί.

ΦΕΙ. αἰβοῖ, πονηροί γ', οίδα. τοὺς ἀλαζόνας, τοὺς ἀχριῶντας, τοὺς ἀνυποδήτους λέγεις· ὧν ὁ κακοδαίμων Σωκράτης καὶ Χαιρεφῶν.

Στ. ἢ ἤ, σιώπα· μηδὲν εἴπης νήπιον.
ἀλλ' εἴ τι κήδει τῶν πατρώων ἀλφίτων,
τούτων γενοῦ μοι, σχασάμενος τὴν ἱππικήν.

ΦΕΙ. οὐκ ἂν μὰ τὸν Διόνυσον, εἰ δοίης γέ μοι τοὺς Φασιανοὺς οῦς τρέφει Λεωγόρας.

Στ. ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', ὧ φίλτατ' ἀνθρώπων ἐμοί, ἐλθὼν διδάσκου.

ΦΕΙ. καὶ τί σοι μαθήσομαι;

ΣΤ. είναι παρ' αὐτοῖς φασιν ἄμφω τὰ λόγω, τὸν κρείττον', ὅστις ἐστί, καὶ τὸν ἥττονα. τούτοιν τὸν ἔτερον τοῖν λόγοιν, τὸν ἤττονα, νικᾶν λέγοντά φασι τἀδικώτερα. ἢν οὖν μάθης μοι τὸν ἄδικον τοῦτον λόγον, ἃ νῦν ὀφείλω διὰ σέ, τούτων τῶν χρεῶν οὐκ ὰν ἀποδοίην οὐδ' ὰν ὀβολὸν οὐδενί.

ΦΕΙ. οὐκ ἂν πιθοίμην οὐ γὰρ ἂν τλαίην ἰδεῖν τοὺς ἱππέας τὸ χρῶμα διακεκναισμένος.

ΣΤ. οὐκ ἄρα μὰ τὴν Δήμητρα τῶν γ' ἐμῶν ἔδει, οὕτ' αὐτὸς οὕθ' ὁ ζύγιος οὔθ' ὁ σαμφόρας ἀλλ' ἐξελῶ σ' ἐς κόρακας ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας.

b To teach young men τὸν ήττω λόγον κρείττω ποιείν was the

1

274

^a "Either horses or birds" (i.e. pheasants) says the Scholiast; but the former seem clearly indicated.

THE CLOUDS, 97-123

Placed round about us, and that we're the cinders. Aye, and they'll teach (only they'll want some money), How one may speak and conquer, right or wrong.

PH. Come, tell their names.

Well, I can't quite remember, ST. But they're deep thinkers, and true gentlemen.

PH. Out on the rogues! I know them. Those rank pedants, Those palefaced, barefoot vagabonds you mean: That Socrates, poor wretch, and Chaerephon.

Oh! Oh! hush! hush! don't use those foolish words; But if the sorrows of my barley touch you, Enter their Schools and cut the Turf for ever.

PH. I wouldn't go, so help me Dionysus, For all Leogoras's breed of Phasians a!

Go, I beseech you, dearest, dearest son, Go and be taught.

And what would you have me learn? PH.

'Tis known that in their Schools they keep two Logics,^b ST. The Worse, Zeus save the mark, the Worse and Better.

This Second Logic then, I mean the Worse one, They teach to talk unjustly and-prevail. Think then, you only learn that Unjust Logic, And all the debts, which I have incurred through

I'll never pay, no, not one farthing of them.

PH. I will not go. How could I face the knights With all my colour worn and torn away!

O! then, by Earth, you have eat your last of mine, You, and your coach-horse, and your sigma-brand: Out with you! Go to the crows, for all I care.

famous " promise of Protagoras " (τὸ Π. ἐπάγγελμα, Arist. Rhet. ii. 24. 11), the sophist of Abdera.
ὅστις ἐστί is " a sort of contemptuous dismissal": R.

фЕІ.	ἀλλ' οὐ περιόψεταί μ' ὁ θεῖος Μεγακλέης ἄνιππον. ἀλλ' εἴσειμι, σοῦ δ' οὐ φροντιῶ.	128
ΣΤ.	άλλ' οὐδ' ἐγὼ μέντοι πεσών γε κείσομαι· ἀλλ' εὐξάμενος τοῖσιν θεοῖς διδάξομαι αὐτὸς βαδίζων εἰς τὸ φροντιστήριον.	
	πῶς οὖν γέρων ὢν κἀπιλήσμων καὶ βραδὺς λόγων ἀκριβῶν σκινδαλάμους μαθήσομαι;	130
	ἶτητέον. τί ταῦτ' ἔχων στραγγεύομαι, ἀλλ' οὐχὶ κόπτω τὴν θύραν; παῖ, παιδίον.	
MAOI	HTHΣ. βάλλ' ès κόρακας τίς èσθ' ὁ κόψας τὴν θύραν;	
ΣT_{\bullet}	Φείδωνος υίδς Στρεψιάδης Κικυννόθεν.	
MA.	ἀμαθής γε νη Δί', ὅστις ούτωσὶ σφόδρα	13
	ἀπεριμερίμνως τὴν θύραν λελάκτικας καὶ φροντίδ' ἐξήμβλωκας ἐξευρημένην.	
ΣΤ.	σύγγνωθί μοι τηλοῦ γὰρ οἰκῶ τῶν ἀγρῶν. ἀλλ' εἰπέ μοι τὸ πρᾶγμα τοὐξημβλωμένον.	
MA.	άλλ' οὐ θέμις πλην τοῖς μαθηταῖσιν λέγειν.	14
ΣT.	λέγε νυν εμοί θαρρων εγώ γάρ ούτοσί	
	ηκω μαθητής είς το φροντιστήριον.	
MA.	λέξω. νομίσαι δὲ ταθτα χρὴ μυστήρια.	
	ἀνήρετ' ἄρτι Χαιρεφῶντα Σωκράτης	
	ψύλλαν όπόσους άλλοιτο τοὺς αὐτῆς πόδας.	14
	δακοῦσα γὰρ τοῦ Χαιρεφῶντος τὴν ὀφρῦν	
	έπὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν τὴν Σωκράτους ἀφήλατο.	
	πῶς δῆτα τοῦτ' ἐμέτρησε;	
MA.	δεξιώτατα.	
	κηρὸν διατήξας, είτα τὴν ψύλλαν λαβὼν	15
	ενέβαψεν εἰς τὸν κηρὸν αὐτῆς τὼ πόδε,	10
	κᾶτα ψυγείση περιέφυσαν Περσικαί.	
	ταύτας ὑπολύσας ἀνεμέτρει τὸ χωρίον.	

^a The name of a deme.

THE CLOUDS, 124-152

- PH. But uncle Megacles won't leave me long Without a horse: I'll go to him: good-bye.
- st. I'm thrown, by Zeus, but I won't long lie prostrate. I'll pray the Gods and send myself to school: I'll go at once and try their thinking-house. Stay: how can I, forgetful, slow, old fool, Learn the nice hair-splittings of subtle Logic? Well, go I must. 'Twont do to linger here. Come on, I'll knock the door. Boy! Ho there, boy!

STUDENT. (Within) O, hangitall! who's knocking at the door?

st. Me! Pheidon's son: Strepsiades of Cicynna.a STU. Why, what a clown you are! to kick our door, In such a thoughtless, inconsiderate way! You've made my cogitation to miscarry.b

Forgive me: I'm an awkward country fool. ST. But tell me, what was that I made miscarry? stu. 'Tis not allowed: Students alone may hear.

O that's all right: you may tell me: I'm come

To be a student in your thinking-house.

stu. Come then. But they're high mysteries, remember. Twas Socrates was asking Chaerephon, How many feet of its own a flea could jump. For one first bit the brow c of Chaerephon. Then bounded off to Socrates's head.

How did he measure this? ST.

Most cleverly. STU. He warmed some wax, and then he caught the flea, And dipped its feet into the wax he'd melted: Then let it cool, and there were Persian slippers! These he took off, and so he found the distance.

 b Cf. Plato, Theaet. 149 seq., where Socrates describes himself as practising the art of intellectual midwifery (μαιευτική τέχνη) and bringing thoughts to the birth.

"C. had bushy eyebrows and S. was bald": Schol.

ΣΤ.	& Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ, τῆς λεπτότητος τῶν φρενῶν.	
MA.	τί δητ' ἄν, ἔτερον εἰ πύθοιο Σωκράτους	
	φρόντισμα;	
ΣΤ.	ποῖον; ἀντιβολῶ, κάτειπέ μοι.	15
MA.	ανήρετ' αὐτὸν Χαιρεφῶν ὁ Σφήττιος	
	οπότερα την γνώμην έχοι, τὰς ἐμπίδας	
	κατὰ τὸ στόμ' ἄδειν, η κατὰ τοὐρροπύγιον.	
ΣT.	τί δητ' ἐκεῖνος εἶπε περὶ της ἐμπίδος;	
MA.		16
	στενόν διὰ λεπτοῦ δ' ὄντος αὐτοῦ τὴν πνοὴν	
	βία βαδίζειν εὐθὺ τοὐρροπυγίου	
	ἔπειτα κοίλον πρὸς στενῷ προσκείμενον	
	τὸν πρωκτὸν ἠχεῖν ὑπὸ βίας τοῦ πνεύματος.	
ΣT.	σάλπιγξ ο πρωκτός έστιν ἄρα τῶν ἐμπίδων.	16
	ῶ τρισμακάριος τοῦ διεντερεύματος.	
	ή ραδίως φεύγων ἂν ἀποφύγοι δίκην	
	ὄστις δίοιδε τοὔντερον τῆς ἐμπίδος.	
MA.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	ύπ' ἀσκαλαβώτου.	
ΣT.	τίνα τρόπον; κάτειπέ μοι.	17
MA.	ζητοῦντος αὐτοῦ τῆς σελήνης τὰς όδοὺς	
	καὶ τὰς περιφοράς, εἶτ' ἄνω κεχηνότος	
	από της οροφης νύκτωρ γαλεώτης κατέχεσεν.	
ΣT.	ησθην γαλεώτη καταχέσαντι Σωκράτους.	
MA.	X - 1	17
ΣT.	εἶεν· τί οὖν πρὸς τἄλφιτ' ἐπαλαμήσατο;	
MA.	κατὰ τῆς τραπέζης καταπάσας λεπτὴν τέφραν,	
	κάμψας ὀβελίσκον, εἶτα διαβήτην λαβών,	
	έκ τῆς παλαίστρας θοἰμάτιον ὑφείλετο.	

278

THE CLOUDS, 153-179

ST. O Zeus and king, what subtle intellects! STU. What would you say then if you heard another,

or Master's own?

Our Master's own!

O come, do tell me that.

stu. Why, Chaerephon was asking him in turn,
Which theory did he sanction; that the gnats
Hummed through their mouth, or backwards, through
the tail?

st. Aye, and what said your Master of the gnat?

Is small: and through this narrow pipe the wind Rushes with violence straight towards the tail; There, close against the pipe, the hollow rump Receives the wind, and whistles to the blast.

st. So then the rump is trumpet to the gnats!
O happy, happy in your entrail-learning!
Full surely need he fear nor debts nor duns,
Who knows about the entrails of the gnats.

stu. And yet last night a mighty thought we lost Through a green lizard.

-- Imough a green nzard

Tell me, how was that?

stu. Why, as Himself, with eyes and mouth wide open,Mused on the moon, her paths and revolutions,A lizard from the roof squirted full on him.

sr. He, he, he, he. I like the lizard's spattering Socrates.

stu. Then yesterday, poor we, we'd got no dinner.

st. Hah! what did he devise to do for barley?

stu. He sprinkled on the table—some fine ash—^a
He bent a spit—he grasped it compass-wise—
And—filched a mantle from the Wrestling School.

^a As though he were going to solve some geometrical problem. Instead he uses the bent spit to hook away a cloak. The palaestra, like the market-place, was one of the usual haunts of Socrates.

ΣΤ. τί δητ' ἐκεῖνον τὸν Θαλην θαυμάζομεν; άνοις, άνοις άνύσας το φροντιστήριον, καὶ δεῖξον ώς τάχιστά μοι τὸν Σωκράτην. μαθητιώ γάρ· ἀλλ' ἄνοιγε τὴν θύραν. ά 'Ηράκλεις, ταυτί ποδαπά τὰ θηρία; τί έθαύμασας; τῶ σοι δοκοῦσιν εἰκέναι; τοῖς ἐκ Πύλου ληφθεῖσι, τοῖς Λακωνικοῖς. άτὰρ τί ποτ' ἐς τὴν γῆν βλέπουσιν ούτοιί; ΜΑ. ζητοῦσιν οὖτοι τὰ κατὰ γῆς. βολβούς ἄρα ΣT. ζητοῦσι. μή νυν τουτογί φροντίζετε. έγω γάρ οίδ' ἵν' είσι μεγάλοι και καλοί. τί γὰρ οίδε δρωσιν οἱ σφόδρ' ἐγκεκυφότες; ΜΑ. οὖτοι δ' ἐρεβοδιφῶσιν ὑπὸ τὸν Τάρταρον. ΣΤ. τί δηθ' ὁ πρωκτὸς ἐς τὸν οὐρανὸν βλέπει; αὐτὸς καθ' αύτὸν ἀστρονομεῖν διδάσκεται. άλλ' εἴσιθ', ἵνα μὴ 'κεῖνος ἡμῖν ἐπιτύχη. μήπω γε μήπω γ', άλλ' ἐπιμεινάντων, ἴνα αὐτοῖσι κοινώσω τι πραγμάτιον ἐμόν.

1

1

ΜΑ. ἀλλ' οὐχ οἷόν τ' αὐτοῖσι πρὸς τὸν ἀέρα
 ἔξω διατρίβειν πολὺν ἄγαν ἐστὶν χρόνον.

Στ. πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, τί γὰρ τάδ' ἐστίν; εἰπέ μοι.

ΜΑ. ἀστρονομία μὲν αὐτηί.

ΣΤ. τουτὶ δὲ τί;

ΜΑ. γεωμετρία.

ΣΤ. τοῦτ' οὖν τί ἐστι χρήσιμον;

ΜΑ. $\gamma \hat{\eta} \nu$ ἀναμετρεῖσθαι.

^a Of Miletus, one of the seven wise men, constantly spoken of as the embodiment of wisdom; *ef. B.* 1009; Plaut. *Capt.* ii. 2. 24.

THE CLOUDS, 180-203

sr. Good heavens! Why Thales a was a fool to this! O open, open, wide the study door,

And show me, show me, show me Socrates.

I die to be a student. Open, open! b

O Heracles, what kind of beasts are these!

stu. Why, what's the matter? what do you think they're like?

sr. Like? why those Spartans whom we brought from Pylus c:

What makes them fix their eyes so on the ground?

stu. They seek things underground.

O! to be sure. ST.

Truffles! You there, don't trouble about that! I'll tell you where the best and finest grow.

Look! why do those stoop down so very much?

stu. They're diving deep into the deepest secrets.d

Then why's their rump turned up towards the sky? stu. It's taking private lessons on the stars.

(To the other Students)

Come, come: get in: HE'll catch us presently.

sr. Not yet! not yet! just let them stop one moment. While I impart a little matter to them.

STU. No, no: they must go in: 'twould never do

To expose themselves too long to the open air.

sr. O! by the Gods, now, what are these? do tell me. STU. This is Astronomy.

And what is this?

stu. Geometry.

Well, what's the use of that?

stu. To mete out lands.

b "The entire front of the house is wheeled round ... exposing the inner court of the Phrontisterion": R. c Captured by Cleon in Sphacteria and imprisoned at Athens;

ST.

d Lit. "Are searching into the darkness below Tartarus."

ΣŤ.	πότερα τὴν κληρουχικήν;	
MA.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τὴν σύμπασαν.	
ΣT.	ἀστεῖον λέγεις.	
	τὸ γὰρ σόφισμα δημοτικὸν καὶ χρήσιμον.	2
MA.	αύτη δέ σοι γης περίοδος πάσης. όρậς;	
	αΐδε μεν 'Αθηναι.	
ΣT.	τί σὺ λέγεις; οὐ πείθομαι,	
	έπει δικαστάς ούν όρω καθημένους.	
MA.	ἐπεὶ δικαστὰς οὐχ ὁρῶ καθημένους. ὡς τοῦτ' ἀληθῶς 'Αττικὸν τὸ χωρίον.	
ΣT.	καὶ ποῦ Κικυννῆς εἰσὶν ούμοὶ δημόται;	2
MA.	ένταθθ' ἔνεισιν. ή δέ γ' Εὔβοι', ώς όρậς,	-
	ήδὶ παρατέταται μακρὰ πόρρω πάνυ.	
ΣT.	οίδ'· ύπὸ γὰρ ἡμῶν παρετάθη καὶ Περικλέους.	
	άλλ' ή Λακεδαίμων ποῦ 'στιν;	
MA.	οπου 'στίν; αύτηί.	
ΣT.	ώς έγγυς ήμων. τοῦτο πάνυ φροντίζετε,	2
	ταύτην ἀφ' ἡμῶν ἀπαγαγεῖν πόρρω πάνυ.	
MA.	$d\lambda\lambda$ οὐχ οἶόν $\tau\epsilon$ νὴ Δl .	
ΣT.	οἰμώξεσθ' ἄρα.	
	φέρε τίς γὰρ οὖτος οὑπὶ τῆς κρεμάθρας ἀνήρ;	
MA.	αὐτός.	
ΣΤ.	-/3-/-	
MA.	τις αυτος; Σωκράτης. ὧ Σώκρατες. ἴθ' οὖτος, ἀναβόησον αὐτόν μοι μένα.	
ΣΤ.	ω Σώκρατες.	
	ϊθ' οὖτος, ἀναβόησον αὐτόν μοι μέγα.	2
MA.	αὐτὸς μὲν οὖν σὰ κάλεσον οὐ γάρ μοι σχολή.	4
ΣT.	ῶ Σώκρατες,	
	ῶ Σωκρατίδιον.	
a	γη κληρουρχική is land taken from a conquered enemy and	
divid	led by lot among Athenian citizens.	
ь	darefor here is not morely-"choice" "elegant" but also	

 $[^]b$ ἀστείον here is not merely="choice," "elegant," but also almost=δημοτικός; cf. Plato, 227 $\mathbf n$ ἀστείοι και δημωφελείς λόγοι. It is both urbanum and urbi utile.

THE CLOUDS, 203-223

What, for allotment grounds a? ST.

STU. No, but all lands.

A choice idea, truly.

Then every man may take his choice, you mean. stu. Look: here's a chart of the whole world. Do you

see?

ST.

This city's Athens.

Athens? I like that. I see no dicasts sitting. That's not Athens.

STU. In very truth, this is the Attic ground.

st. And where then are my townsmen of Cieynna?

stu. Why, thereabouts; and here, you see, Euboea: Here, reaching out a long way by the shore.

ST. Yes, overreached by us and Pericles. But now, where's Sparta?

Let me see: O, here. STU.

sr. Heavens! how near us. O do please manage this, To shove her off from us, a long way further.

STU. We can't do that, by Zeus.

The worse for you. ST. Hallo! who's that? that fellow in the basket?

STU. That's HE.d

Who's HE? ST.

Socrates. STU.

Socrates! ST.

You sir, call out to him as loud as you ean.

STU. Call him yourself: I have not leisure now. Socrates! Socrates! ST.

Sweet Socrates!

Ipse dixit.

[·] Or "stretched on the rack"; there is a play on the secondary meaning of $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \tau \epsilon l \nu \omega =$ "exhaust," "do for." Euboea was reduced by Pericles 445 B.c.; cf. Thuc. i. 114.

^d αὐτός=" the Master," as in he Pythagorean αὐτός ἔφη,

	ΡΑΤΗΣ. τί με καλεῖς, ὧφήμερε;	
	πρώτον μεν ο τι δράς, αντιβολώ, κάτειπέ μοι.	
	αεροβατῶ καὶ περιφρονῶ τὸν ἥλιον.	22
ΣΤ.	έπειτ' ἀπὸ ταρροῦ τοὺς θεοὺς ὑπερφρονεῖς,	
	ἀλλ' οὐκ ἀπὸ τῆς γῆς, εἴπερ.	
ΣΩ.	οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποτε	
	έξεῦρον ὀρθῶς τὰ μετέωρα πράγματα,	
	εὶ μὴ κρεμάσας τὸ νόημα καὶ τὴν φροντίδα	
	λεπτην καταμίξας είς τον ομοιον άέρα.	230
	εὶ δ' ὢν χαμαὶ τἄνω κάτωθεν ἐσκόπουν,	
	οὖκ ἄν ποθ' εὖρον· οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἡ γῆ βία	
	έλκει πρὸς αύτὴν τὴν ἰκμάδα τῆς φροντίδος.	
	πάσχει δὲ ταὐτὸ τοῦτο καὶ τὰ κάρδαμα.	
ΣΤ.	$\tau i \phi \eta s;$	238
	ή φροντίς έλκει την ικμάδ' είς τὰ κάρδαμα;	
	ΐθι νυν, κατάβηθ', ὧ Σωκρατίδιον, ὧς ἐμέ,	
	ΐνα με διδάξης ὧνπερ ἕνεκ' ἐλήλυθα.	
ΣΩ.	ηλθες δὲ κατὰ τί;	
ΣT.	βουλόμενος μαθεῖν λέγειν.	
	ύπὸ γὰρ τόκων χρήστων τε δυσκολωτάτων	240
	άγομαι, φέρομαι, τὰ χρήματ' ἐνεχυράζομαι.	
ΣΩ.	πόθεν δ' υπόχρεως σαυτον έλαθες γενόμενος;	
ΣT.	νόσος μ' ἐπέτριψεν ἱππική, δεινή φαγεῖν.	
	άλλά με δίδαξον τον έτερον τοῖν σοῖν λόγοιν,	
	τὸν μηδὲν ἀποδιδόντα. μισθὸν δ' ὅντιν' ἂν	24
	πράττη μ' ὀμοῦμαί σοι καταθήσειν τοὺς θεούς.	
ΣΩ.	ποίους θεούς όμει σύ; πρώτον γὰρ θεοί	
	ήμιν νόμισμ' οὐκ ἔστι.	
ΣT .	τῷ γὰρ ὄμνυτ'; ἡ	
	σιδαρέοισιν, ὥσπερ ἐν Βυζαντίῳ;	

 $[\]alpha$ εἴπερ: lit. " if so be " (that you do despise them).

THE CLOUDS, 223-249

Mortal! why call'st thou me? SOCRATES.

st. O, first of all, please tell me what you are doing.

I walk on air, and contem-plate the Sun. SO.

O then from a basket you contemn the Gods. ST. And not from the earth, at any rate a?

SO.

I could not have searched out celestial matters Without suspending judgement, and infusing My subtle spirit with the kindred air. If from the ground I were to seek these things, I could not find: so surely doth the earth Draw to herself the essence of our thought. The same too is the case with water-cress.^b

Hillo! what's that? ST. Thought draws the essence into water-cress? Come down, sweet Socrates, more near my level. And teach the lessons which I come to learn.

And wherefore art thou come? so.

To learn to speak. ST.

For owing to my horrid debts and duns, My goods are seized, I'm robbed, and mobbed, and plundered.

How did you get involved with your eyes open? so.

A galloping consumption seized my money. ST. Come now: do let me learn the unjust Logic That can shirk debts: now do just let me learn it. Name your own price, by all the Gods I'll pay it.

The Gods! why you must know the Gods with us Don't pass for current coin.

Eh? what do you use then? ST. Have you got iron, as the Byzantines have o?

b An allusion to the homely imagery which Socrates constantly used.

The Scholiast quotes Plato Comicus: χαλεπῶς ἄν οἰκήσαιμεν έν Βυζαντίοις, | όπου σιδαρέοισι τοις νομίσμασι | χρώνται.

285

250

ΣΩ.	βούλει τὰ θεῖα πράγματ' εἰδέναι σαφῶς ἄττ' ἐστὶν ὀρθῶς; νὴ Δί', εἴπερ ἔστι γε.	25
ΣΤ.	$ν\eta$ Δi , $\epsilon i \pi \epsilon \rho$ $\epsilon \sigma \tau \iota$ $\gamma \epsilon$.	
ΣΩ.	νη Δί', εἴπερ ἔστι γε. καὶ ξυγγενέσθαι ταῖς Νεφέλαισιν ἐς λόγους,	
	ται̂ς ἡμετέραισι δαίμοσιν;	
ΣT.	μάλιστά γε.	
ΣΩ.	κάθιζε τοίνυν ἐπὶ τὸν ἱερον σκίμποδα.	
ΣT.	is a safeman	
ΣΩ.	τουτονὶ τοίνυν λαβὲ τὸν στέφανον.	25
	τὸν στέφανον.	
ΣΤ.	΄ επὶ τί στέφανον; οἴμοι, Σώκρατες,	
	ωσπερ με τὸν ᾿Αθάμανθ' ὅπως μὴ θύσετε.	
ΣΩ.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ ταῦτα πάντα τοὺς τελουμένους	
	ήμεῖς ποιοῦμεν. εἶτα δὴ τί κερδανῶ;	
ΣT.	΄΄ εἶτα δὴ τί κερδανῶ;	
ΣΩ.		20
	άλλ' ἔχ' ἀτρέμας.	
ΣΤ.	μά τον Δί' ού ψεύσει γε με·	
	καταπαττόμενος γάρ παιπάλη γενήσομαι.	
ΣΩ.	εὐφημεῖν χρὴ τὸν πρεσβύτην καὶ τῆς εὐχῆς	
	chanover.	
	ῶ δέσποτ' ἄναξ, ἀμέτρητ' 'Αήρ, δε ἔχειε τὴν γῆν	
	μετέωρον,	
	λαμπρός τ' Λιθήρ, σεμναί τε θεαὶ Νεφέλαι βροντησικέραυνοι, ἄρθητε, φάνητ', ὧ δέσποιναι, τῷ φροντιστῆ	
	βροντησικέραυνοι,	20
	ἄρθητ ϵ , ϕ άνητ΄, $\ddot{\omega}$ δ ϵ σποιναι, τ $\ddot{\omega}$ φροντιστ $\hat{\eta}$	
	μετεωροι.	
ΣΤ.	μήπω μήπω γε, πρὶν ἂν τουτὶ πτύξωμαι, μὴ	
	κατα β ρ $\epsilon \chi \theta \hat{\omega}$.	

^a He mistakes the chaplet which belongs to the ceremony of 286

THE CLOUDS, 250-267

so. Come, would you like to learn eelestial matters, How their truth stands?

ST. Yes, if there's any truth.

so. And to hold intercourse with you bright Clouds, Our virgin Goddesses?

ST. Yes, that I should.

so. Then sit you down upon that sacred bed.

st. Well, I am sitting.

so. Here then, take this chaplet.

st. Chaplet? why? why? now, never, Socrates:
Don't sacrifice poor me, like Athamas.a

so. Fear not: our entrance-services require
All to do this.

ST. But what am I to gain?

so. You'll be the flower ^b of talkers, prattlers, gossips: Only keep quiet.

Zeus! your words come true!
I shall be flour indeed with all this peppering.

so. Old man sit you still, and attend to my will,
and hearken in peace to my prayer,
O Master and King, holding earth in your swing,

O Master and King, holding earth in your swing, O measureless infinite Air; And thou glowing Ether, and Clouds who enwreathe her

with thunder, and lightning, and storms,
Arise ye and shine, bright Ladies Divine,

to your student in bodily forms.

sr. No, but stay, no, but stay, just one moment I pray, while my cloak round my temples I wrap.

initiation for that used in sacrifice, and recalls how Athamas, who had married a Nephele (cf. the ambiguous $\xi \nu \gamma$. $\tau \alpha \hat{s}$ Ne $\phi \epsilon \lambda \alpha \iota \sigma \nu$, 252), was introduced by Sophocles in a play crowned for sacrifice.

**b $\pi \alpha \iota \pi \dot{a} \lambda \eta$, lit. "fine flour," stands for "subtlety" or "slim-

ness." But in 261 Strepsiades refers to the actual flour or grain

that is ceremonially sprinkled on him.

τὸ δὲ μηδὲ κυνῆν οἴκοθεν ἐλθεῖν ἐμὲ τὸν κακοδαίμον' ἔχοντα.

ΣΩ. ἔλθετε δῆτ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι Νεφέλαι, τῷδ' εἰς ἐπίδειξιν·

έπιοειζιν· εἴτ' ἐπ' 'Ολύμπου κορυφαῖς ἱεραῖς χιονοβλήτοισι κάθησθε,

εἴτ' 'Ωκεανοῦ πατρὸς ἐν κήποις ἱερὸν χορὸν ἵστατε Νύμφαις,

εἴτ' ἄρα Νείλου προχοαῖς ὑδάτων χρυσέαις ἀρύεσθε προχοῖσιν,

η Μαιῶτιν λίμνην ἔχετ' η σκόπελον νιφόεντα Μίμαντος

ύπακούσατε δεξάμεναι θυσίαν καὶ τοῖς ἱεροῖσι χαρεῖσαι.

27

28

28

*ἀ*έναοι Νεφέλαι, XOPOΣ. $[\sigma\tau\rho.$ άρθωμεν φανεραί δροσεράν φύσιν εὐάγητον, πατρός ἀπ' 'Ωκεανοῦ βαρυαχέος ύψηλῶν ὀρέων κορυφάς ἐπὶ δενδροκόμους, ΐνα τηλεφανείς σκοπιάς άφορώμεθα, καρπούς τ' ἀρδομέναν ίερὰν χθόνα, καὶ ποταμῶν ζαθέων κελαδήματα, καὶ πόντον κελάδοντα βαρύβρομον. ὄμμα γὰρ Λιθέρος ἀκάματον σελαγεῖται μαρμαρέαισιν έν αὐγαῖς. άλλ' ἀποσεισάμεναι νέφος ὅμβριον άθανάτας ίδέας ἐπιδώμεθα τηλεσκόπω ὄμματι γαῖαν.

THE CLOUDS, 268-290

To think that I've come, stupid fool, from my home, with never a waterproof cap!

so. Come forth, come forth, dread Clouds, and to earth your glorious majesty show;

Whether lightly ye rest on the time-honoured crest of Olympus environed in snow,

Or tread the soft dance 'mid the stately expanse of Ocean, the nymphs to beguile,

Or stoop to enfold with your pitchers of gold, the mystical waves of the Nile, and Or around the white foam of Maeotis ye roam, or Mimas all wintry and barc,

O hear while we pray, and turn not away from the rites which your servants prepare.

CHORUS.^b Clouds of all hue,
Rise we aloft with our garments of dew.
Come from old Ocean's unchangeable bed,
Come, till the mountain's green summits we tread,
Come to the peaks with their landscapes untold,
Gaze on the Earth with her harvests of gold,^c
Gaze on the rivers in majesty streaming,
Gaze on the lordly, invincible Sea,
Come, for the Eye of the Ether is beaming,
Come, for all Nature is flashing and free.
Let us shake off this close-clinging dew
From our members eternally new,
And sail upwards the wide world to view.
Come away! Come away!

b The Clouds are still far away and out of sight; they do not

enter until lines 323-8 and then in silence.

a Lit. "or at the outflow of the Nile are drawing up its waters with your golden pitchers."

c καρπούς ἀρδομέναν, lit. " that has her crops watered."

Σο. ὦ μέγα σεμναὶ Νεφέλαι, φανερῶς ἢκούσατέ μου καλέσαντος.

ήσθου φωνής ἄμα καὶ βροντής μυκ<mark>ησαμένης</mark> $\theta \epsilon o \sigma \epsilon \pi \tau o v$:

ΣΤ. καὶ σέβομαί γ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι, καὶ βούλομαι ἀνταποπαρδεῖν

πρὸς τὰς βροντάς οὕτως αὐτὰς τετρεμαίνω καὶ π εφόβημαι·

κεὶ θέμις ἐστίν, νυνί γ' ἤδη, κεὶ μὴ θέμις ἐστί, χεσείω.

ΣΩ. οὐ μὴ σκώψης μηδὲ ποιήσης ἄπερ οἱ τρυγοδαίμονες οδτοι,

άλλ' εὐφήμει· μέγα γάρ τι θεῶν κινεῖται σμῆνος ἀοιδαῖς.

παρθένοι δμβροφόροι, $\lceil \vec{a} \nu \tau$. XO. έλθωμεν λιπαράν χθόνα Παλλάδος, εὔανδρον γᾶν 30 Κέκροπος δψόμεναι πολυήρατον οῦ σέβας ἀρρήτων ἱερῶν, ἵνα μυστοδόκος δόμος έν τελεταίς άγίαις άναδείκνυται, οὐρανίοις τε θεοῖς δωρήματα, ναοί θ' ύψερεφεῖς καὶ ἀγάλματα, καὶ πρόσοδοι μακάρων ιερώταται, εὐστέφανοί τε θεῶν θυσίαι θαλίαι τε, παντοδαπαίσιν έν ώραις, ἢρί τ' ἐπερχομένω Βρομία χάρις, εὐκελάδων τε χορῶν ἐρεθίσματα, καὶ Μοῦσα βαρύβρομος αὐλῶν.

30

31

Στ. πρός τοῦ Διός ἀντιβολῶ σε, φράσον, τίνες εἴσ', ὧ Σώκρατες, αθται

THE CLOUDS, 291-314

- so. O Goddesses mine, great Clouds and divine,
 ye have heeded and answered my prayer.
 Heard ye their sound, and the thunder around,
 as it thrilled through the tremulous air?
- Yes, by Zeus, and I shake, and I'm all of a quake,
 and I fear I must sound a reply,
 Their thunders have made my soul so afraid,
 and those terrible voices so nigh:
 So if lawful or not, I must run to a pot,
 by Zeus, if I stop I shall die.
- so. Don't act in our schools like those Comedy-fools
 with their scurrilous scandalous ways.
 Deep silence be thine: while this Cluster divine
 their soul-stirring melody raise.
- CH. Come then with me,
 Daughters of Mist, to the land of the free.
 Come to the people whom Pallas hath blest,
 Come to the soil where the Mysteries rest;
 Come, where the glorified Temple invites
 The pure to partake of its mystical rites:
 Holy the gifts that are brought to the Gods,
 Shrines with festoons and with garlands are crowned,
 Pilgrims resort to the sacred abodes,
 Gorgeous the festivals all the year round.
 And the Bromian rejoicings in Spring,

Gorgeous the festivals all the year round.

And the Bromian rejoicings in Spring,
When the flutes with their deep music ring,
And the sweetly-toned Choruses sing
Come away!
Come away!

st. O Socrates pray, by all the Gods, say, for I earnestly long to be told,

	αί φθεγξάμεναι τοῦτο τὸ σεμνόν; μῶν ἡρῷναί
	$\tau i \nu \acute{\epsilon} s \epsilon i \sigma i \nu$; 315
DEO.	ἥκιστ', ἀλλ' οὐράνιαι Νεφέλαι, μεγάλαι θεαὶ
•	ανδράσιν αργοίς·
	αἴπερ γνώμην καὶ διάλεξιν καὶ νοῦν ἡμῖν παρέχουσι
	καὶ τερατείαν καὶ περίλεξιν καὶ κροῦσιν καὶ
	κατάληψιν.
ΣT.	ταθτ' ἄρ' ἀκούσασ' αὐτῶν τὸ φθέγμ' ἡ ψυχή μου
	πεπότηται,
	καὶ λεπτολογεῖν ἤδη ζητεῖ καὶ περὶ καπνοῦ
	στενολεσχεῖν, 320
	καὶ γνωμιδίῷ γνώμην νύξασ' έτέρῳ λόγῳ ἀντι-

λογήσαι· ὥστ', εἴ πως ἔστιν, ἰδεῖν αὐτὰς ἤδη φανερῶς ἐπιθυμῶ.

κατιούσας ήσυχη αὐτάς.

ΣΤ. $\phi \epsilon \rho \epsilon$, $\pi \circ \hat{v}$; $\delta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \dot{\epsilon} \rho \dot{v}$,

ΣΩ. χωροῦσ' αὖται πάνυ πολλαί, διὰ τῶν κοίλων καὶ τῶν δασέων, αὖται πλάγιαι.

ΣΩ. βλέπε νυν δευρί πρὸς τὴν Πάρνηθ' ἤδη γὰρ ὁρῶ

ΣΤ. το χρημα; 325 ώς οὐ καθορῶ.

ΣΩ. παρὰ τὴν εἴσοδον.

Στ. ἤδη νυνὶ μόλις οὕτως.

ΣΩ. νῦν γέ τοι ἤδη καθορậς αὐτάς, εἰ μὴ λημậς κολοκύνταις.

a S. here runs through the attributes for which the sophists are indebted to the Clouds; $\gamma \nu \omega \mu \eta \nu$, "jndgement"; διάλεξιν, 292

THE CLOUDS, 315-327

Who are these that recite with such grandeur and

might? are they glorified mortals of old? so. No mortals are there, but Clouds of the air, great Gods who the indolent fill: These grant us discourse, and logical force, and the art of persuasion instil, And periphrasis strange, and a power to arrange, and a marvellous judgement and skill.a ST. So then when I heard their omnipotent word, my spirit felt all of a flutter, And it yearns to begin subtle cobwebs to spin and about metaphysics to stutter, And together to glue an idea or two, and battle away in replies: So if it's not wrong, I earnestly long to behold them myself with my eyes.

Look up in the air, towards Parnes out there, for I see they will pitch before long These regions about.

Where? point me them out. ST.

They are drifting, an infinite throng, so. And their long shadows quake over valley and brake. Why, whatever's the matter to-day? ST.

I can't see, I declare.

By the Entrance b; look there! so. Ah, I just got a glimpse, by the way. ST. There, now you must see how resplendent they be, so.

or your eyes must be pumpkins, I vow.

b By which the Chorus came into the orchestra.

[&]quot;dialectical powers," skill in debate; νοῦν, "intelligence"; τεραπείαν, "fanfaronade," the employment of grandiose thoughts and words; $\pi\epsilon\rho(\lambda\epsilon\xi\nu)$, "periphrasis," circumlocution, the art of talking round a subject; $\kappa\rho\sigma\hat{\nu}\sigma\nu$, "crushing force"; and $\kappa\alpha\tau\lambda\eta\psi\nu$, "quickness of apprehension."

Στ. νὴ Δί' ἔγωγ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι, πάντα γὰρ ἤδη κατέχουσι.

ταύτας μέντοι σὺ θεὰς οὔσας οὐκ ἤδεις οὐδ'

ἐνόμιζες;
 ΣΤ. μὰ Δι', ἀλλ' ὁμίχλην καὶ δρόσον αὐτὰς ἡγούμην καὶ καπνὸν εἶναι.

ΣΩ. οὐ γὰρ μὰ Δί' οἶσθ' ότιὴ πλείστους αὖται βόσκουσι σοφιστάς,

Θουριομάντεις, ιατροτέχνας, σφραγιδονυχαργο-

κομήτας, κυκλίων τε χορών ἀσματοκάμπτας, ἄνδρας μετεωρο-

φένακας,

οὐδεν δρῶντας βόσκουσ' ἀργούς, ὅτι ταύτας μουσο- π οιοῦσιν.

ΣΤ. ταῦτ' ἄρ' ἐποίουν '' ὑγρᾶν Νεφελᾶν στρεπταιγλᾶν δάϊον ὁρμάν,''

'' πλοκάμους θ' έκατογκεφάλα Τυφῶ,'' μαινούσας τε θυέλλας,

εἶτ' ' ἀερίας, διεράς,' ' γαμψούς οἰωνούς, ἀερο-

'' ὄμβρους θ' ύδάτων δροσερᾶν Νεφελᾶν '' εἶτ' ἀντ' αὐτῶν κατέπινον

κεστράν τεμάχη μεγαλάν άγαθάν, κρέα τ' ὀρνίθεια κιχηλᾶν.

διὰ μέντοι τάσδ' οὐχὶ δικαίως;

λέξον δή μοι, τί παθοῦσαι, 340 ΣT. εἴπερ Νεφέλαι γ' εἰσὶν ἀληθῶς, θνηταῖς εἴξασι . νυναιξίν :

οὐ γὰρ ἐκεῖναί γ' εἰσὶ τοιαῦται.

294

^a Said by the Scholiast to refer to Lampon, one of the leaders of the colony which founded Thurii in 443; cf. B. 521. Along with the "tragic" and "comic" choruses at the

THE CLOUDS, 328-342

sr. Ah! I see them proceed; I should think so indeed: great powers! they fill everything now. So then till this day that celestials were they, you never imagined or knew? Why, no, on my word, for I always had heard ST. they were nothing but vapour and dew. O, then I declare, you can't be aware that 'tis these who the sophists protect, Prophets sent beyond sea, a quacks of every degree, fops signet-and-jewel-bedeeked, Astrological knaves, and fools who their staves of dithyrambs b proudly rehearse— Tis the Clouds who all these support at their ease, because they exalt them in verse. 'Tis for this then they write of "the on-rushin' might ST. o' the light-stappin' rain-drappin' Cloud," And the "thousand black curls whilk the Tempestlord whirls." and the "thunder-blast stormy an' loud," And "birds o' the sky floatin' upwards on high," and "air-water leddies" which "droon

Wi' their saft falling dew the gran' Ether sae blue," c and then in return they gulp doon Huge gobbets o' fishes d an' bountifu' dishes

o' mavises prime in their season. And is it not right such praise to requite? so. Ah, but tell me then what is the reason ST. That if, as you say, they are Clouds, they to-day as women appear to our view? For the ones in the air are not women, I swear.

Dionysia, was one for dithyrambic contests, which is here called κύκλιος χόρος.

"These are probably genuine quotations from the effusions

of dithyrambic poets ": R.

a κέστρα is the muraena, esteemed a great delicacy.

ΣΩ.	φέρε, ποΐαι γάρ τινές είσιν;
ΣT.	οὐκ οίδα σαφῶς εἴξασιν γοῦν ἐρίοισιν πεπταμέ-
	νοισι,
	κούχὶ γυναιξίν, μὰ Δί', οὐδ' ότιοῦν· αὖται δὲ ῥῖνας
	$ ilde{\epsilon}\chi$ ουσιν.
ΣΩ.	ἀπόκριναί νυν ἄττ' ἂν ἔρωμαι.
ΣT.	λέγε νυν ταχέως ὅ τι βούλει. 345
ΣΩ.	ήδη ποτ' ἀναβλέψας εἶδες νεφέλην Κενταύρῳ ὁμοίαν
	η παρδάλει η λύκω η ταύρω;
ΣT.	νὴ Δί' ἔγωγ'. εἶτα τί τοῦτο;
×0.	γίρνονται πάνθ' ο τι βούλονται κάτ' ην μεν ίδωσι

κομήτην, ἄγριόν τινα τῶν λασίων τούτων, οἶόνπερ τὸν

Ξενοφάντου,

σκώπτουσαι την μανίαν αὐτοῦ Κενταύροις ήκασαν αὐτάς. 350

Στ. τί γάρ, ἢν ἄρπαγα τῶν δημοσίων κατίδωσι Σίμωνα, τί δρῶσιν;

εΩ. ἀποφαίνουσαι τὴν φύσιν αὐτοῦ λύκοι ἐξαίφνης ἐγένοντο.

Στ. ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτα Κλεώνυμον αὖται τὸν ρίψασπιν χθὲς ἰδοῦσαι,

ὅτι δειλότατον τοῦτον ἐώρων, ἔλαφοι διὰ τοῦτ'
ἐνένοντο.

ΣΩ. καὶ νῦν γ' ὅτι Κλεισθένη εἶδον, ὁρậς, διὰ τοῦτ' ἐγένοντο γυναῖκες.

ΣΤ. χαίρετε τοίνυν, ὧ δέσποιναι· καὶ νῦν, εἴπερ τινὶ κἄλλφ,

οὐρανομήκη ρήξατε κάμοὶ φωνήν, ὧ παμβασίλειαι.

296

THE CLOUDS, 342-357

I can't say very well, but they straggle and swell

Not like women they flit, no, by Zeus, not a bit,

Didst thou never espy a Cloud in the sky,

Or a wolf, or a cow?

Well, now then, attend to this question, my friend.

so.

ST.

so.

ST.

so.

Why, what do they seem then to you?

like fleeces spread out in the air;

but these have got noses to wear.

Look sharp, and propound it to me.

which a centaur or leopard might be,

Very often, I vow:
and show me the cause, I entreat.
Why, Itelly out hat these become just what they please,
and whenever they happen to meet
One shaggy and wild, like the tangle-haired child a
of old Xenophantes, their rule
Is at once to appear like Centaurs, to jeer
the ridiculous look of the fool.
What then do they do if Simon b they view,
that fraudulent harpy to shame?
Why, his nature to show to us mortals below,
a wolfish appearance they frame.
O, they then I ween having yesterday seen
Cleonymus quaking with fear,
(Him who threw off his shield as he fled from the field),
metamorphosed themselves into deer.
Yes, and now they espy soft Cleisthenes nigh,
and therefore as women appear.
O then without fail, All hail! and All hail!
my welcome receive; and reply
With your voices so fine, so grand and divine,
majestical Queens of the Sky!
Hieronymus; cf. A. 389. b Otherwise unknown.

xo. χαῖρ', ὧ πρεσβῦτα παλαιογενές, θηρατὰ λόγων φιλομούσων·

σύ τε, λεπτοτάτων λήρων ίερεῦ, φράζε πρὸς ἡμᾶς

ο τι χρήζεις.

οὐ γὰρ ἄν ἄλλω γ' ὑπακούσαιμεν τῶν νῦν μετεωροσοφιστῶν

πλην η Προδίκω, τῷ μὲν σοφίας καὶ γνώμης

οΰνεκα, σοὶ δέ,

ότι βρενθύει τ' εν ταῖσιν όδοῖς καὶ τώφθαλμὼ παραβάλλεις,

κἀνυπόδητος κακὰ πόλλ' ἀνέχει κἀφ' ἡμῖν σεμνο-

 π ροσω $\pi\epsilon$ îς.

ΣΤ. $\hat{\omega}$ $\Gamma \hat{\eta}$ τοῦ φθέγματος, $\hat{\omega}$ ς ίερὸν καὶ σεμνὸν καὶ τερατ $\hat{\omega}$ δες.

ει. αὖται γάρ τοι μόναι εἰσὶ θεαί· τἄλλα δὲ πάντ'

έστι φλύαρος.

Στ. ὁ Ζεὺς δ' ἡμῖν, φέρε, πρὸς τῆς Γῆς, οὐλύμπιος οὐ θεός ἐστιν;

ΣΩ. ποίος Ζεύς; οὐ μὴ ληρήσεις οὐδ' ἔστι Ζεύς.

Στ. τί λέγεις σύ; ἀλλὰ τίς ὕει; τουτὶ γὰρ ἔμοιγ' ἀπόφηναι πρῶτον

απάντων. αῦται δή που· μεγάλοις δέ σ' έγω σημείοις αὐτο

διδάξω.

φέρε, ποῦ γὰρ πώποτ' ἄνευ Νεφελῶν ὕοντ' ἤδη τεθέασαι;

καίτοι χρῆν αἰθρίας ὕειν αὐτόν, ταύτας δ' ἀπο-

 $\delta\eta\mu\epsilon\hat{\imath}\nu$.

ΣΤ. νὴ τον ᾿Απόλλω, τοῦτό γέ τοι δὴ τῷ νῦν λόγῳ εὖ προσέφυσας:

THE CLOUDS, 358-372

CII. Our welcome to thee, old man, who wouldst see the marvels that science can show: And thou, the high-priest of this subtlety feast, say what would you have us bestow? Since there is not a sage for whom we'd engage our wonders more freely to do, Except, it may be, for Prodicus a; he for his knowledge may claim them, but you, For that sideways you throw your eyes as you go, and are all affectation and fuss: No shoes will you wear, but assume the grand air on the strength of your dealings with us. O Earth! what a sound, how august and profound! it fills me with wonder and awe. These, these then alone, for true Deities own, the rest are all Godships of straw. Let Zeus be left out: He's a God beyond doubt: come, that you can scarcely deny. Zeus, indeed! there's no Zeus: don't you be so obtuse. SO. No Zeus up aloft in the sky! ST. Then, you first must explain, who it is sends the rain; or I really must think you are wrong. Well then, be it known, these send it alone: I can prove it by arguments strong. Was there ever a shower seen to fall in an hour when the sky was all cloudless and blue? Yet on a fine day, when the Clouds are away, he might send one, according to you. sr. Well, it must be confessed, that chimes in with the rest:

^a Of Ceos; "the most respectable of all the Sophists" (Müller) and author of *The Choice of Hercules*.

your words I am forced to believe.

καίτοι πρότερον τὸν Δί' ἀληθῶς ὤμην διὰ κοσκίνου οὐρεῖν.

άλλ' ὅστις ὁ βροντῶν ἐστι φράσον· τοῦτό με ποιεῖ τετρεμαίνειν.

ΣΩ. αὖται βροντῶσι κυλινδόμεναι**.**

ΣΤ. τῷ τρόπῳ, ὧ πάντα σὺ τολμῶν; 37

ΣΩ. ὅταν ἐμπλησθῶσ' ὕδατος πολλοῦ κἀναγκασθῶσι φέρεσθαι,

κατακρημνάμεναι πλήρεις ὅμβρου δι' ἀνάγκην, εἶτα βαρεῖαι

εἰς ἀλλήλας ἐμπίπτουσαι ῥήγνυνται καὶ παταγοῦσιν.

Στ. ὁ δ' ἀναγκάζων ἐστὶ τίς αὐτάς, οὐχ ὁ Ζεύς, ὥστε φέρεσθαι;

ΣΩ. ήκιστ', άλλ' αἰθέριος δίνος.

ΣΤ. Δίνος; τουτί μ' ἐλελήθει, 38
ὁ Ζεὺς οὐκ ὤν, ἀλλ' ἀντ' αὐτοῦ Δίνος νυνὶ βασι-

λεύων.

ἀτὰρ οὐδέν πω περὶ τοῦ πατάγου καὶ τῆς βροντῆς μ' ἐδίδαξας.

ΣΩ. οὐκ ἥκουσάς μου τὰς Νεφέλας ὕδατος μεστὰς ὅτι φημὶ

ἐμπιπτούσας εἰς ἀλλήλας παταγεῖν διὰ τὴν πυκνότητα;

Στ. φέρε τουτὶ τῷ χρὴ πιστεύειν;

ΣΩ. ἀπὸ σαυτοῦ 'γώ σε διδάξω. 38 ἤδη ζωμοῦ Παναθηναίοις ἐμπλησθεὶς εἶτ' ἐταράχθης.

^a Cf. Plato, Phaedo 99 B ὁ μέν τις δίνην περιτιθείς τῆ γῆ ὑπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ μένειν δη ποιεῖ τὴν γῆν, where the commentators refer 300

THE CLOUDS, 373-386

Yet before, I had dreamed that the rain-water streamed from Zeus and his chamber-pot sieve. But whence then, my friend, does the thunder descend? that does make me quake with affright!

so. Why 'tis they, I declare, as they roll through the air.

What the Clouds? did I hear you aright? ST. so. Ay: for when to the brim filled with water they swim, by Necessity carried along,

They are hung up on high in the vault of the sky,

and so by Necessity strong

In the midst of their course, they clash with great force, and thunder away without end.

st. But is it not He who compels this to be?

does not Zeus this Necessity send?

so. No Zeus have we there, but a Vortex ^a of air.

What! Vortex? that's something, I own. ST.

I knew not before, that Zeus was no more,

but Vortex was placed on his throne! But I have not yet heard to what cause you referred the thunder's majestical roar.

so. Yes, 'tis they, when on high full of water they fly,

and then, as I told you before, By Compression impelled, as they clash, are compelled

a terrible clatter to make.

ST. Come, how can that be? I really don't see.

Yourself as my proof I will take. so. Have you never then eat the broth-puddings you get when the Panathenaea b comes round,

But the Scholiast here says, "This is from to Empedocles. Anaxagoras."

b "At this feast all the colonial cities founded by Athens each sent an ox to sacrifice. There was thus no fear of meat failing ... and some were tempted to eat more than was good for them ": Schol.

τὴν γαστέρα, καὶ κλόνος ἐξαίφνης αὐτὴν διεκορκορύγησεν;

ΣΤ. νὴ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω, καὶ δεινὰ ποιεῖ γ' εὐθύς μοι, καὶ τετάρακται

χὤσπερ βροντὴ τὸ ζωμίδιον παταγεῖ καὶ δεινὰ κέκραγεν•

ἀτρέμας πρωτον παππὰξ παππάξ, κἄπειτ' ἐπάγει παπαπαππάξ, χώταν χέζω, κομιδῆ βροντῷ παπαπαππάξ, ὥσπερ

 $\epsilon \kappa \epsilon \hat{\imath} \nu \alpha i$.

 σκέψαι τοίνυν ἀπὸ γαστριδίου τυννουτουὶ οἶα πέπορδας:

τὸν δ' ἀέρα τόνδ' ὄντ' ἀπέραντον, πῶς οὐκ εἰκὸς μέγα βρονταν;

ταῦτ' ἄρα καὶ τωνόματ' ἀλλήλοιν, βροντὴ καὶ πορδή, όμοίω. ΣΤ. ἀλλ' ὁ κεραυνὸς πόθεν αὖ φέρεται λάμπων πυρί, τοῦτο δίδαξον, καὶ καταφρύγει βάλλων ἡμᾶς, τοὺς δὲ ζῶντας

περιφλύει. τοῦτον γὰρ δὴ φανερῶς ὁ Ζεὺς ἵησ' ἐπὶ τοὺς

έπιόρκους. καὶ πῶς, ὧ μῶρε σὰ καὶ Κρονίων ὄζων καὶ βεκκε- $\sigma \epsilon \lambda \eta \nu \epsilon$,

εἴπερ βάλλει τοὺς ἐπιόρκους, πῶς οὐχὶ Σίμων' ένέπρησεν

οὐδὲ Κλεώνυμον οὐδὲ Θέωρον; καίτοι σφόδρα γ' εἴσ' ἐπίορκοι· 4 ἀλλὰ τὸν αὐτοῦ γε νεών βάλλει καὶ " Σούνιον ἄκρον 'Λθηνέων''.

καὶ τὰς δρῦς τὰς μεγάλας τί μαθών; οὐ γὰρ δὴ δρῦς γ' ἐπιορκεῖ.

THE CLOUDS, 387-402

	And felt with what might your bowels all night
	in turbulent tumult resound?
ST.	By Apollo, 'tis true, there's a mighty to-do,
	and my belly keeps rumbling about;
	And the puddings begin to clatter within
	and kick up a wonderful rout :
	Quite gently at first, papapax, papapax,
	but soon pappapappax away,
	Till at last, I'll be bound, I can thunder as loud,
	papapappapapapax, as They.
so.	Shalt thou then a sound so loud and profound
	from thy belly diminutive send,
	And shall not the high and the infinite Sky
	go thundering on without end?
	For both, you will find, on an impulse of wind
	and similar causes depend.
ъ.	Well, but tell me from Whom comes the bolt through
	the gloom, with its awful and terrible flashes;
	And wherever it turns, some it singes and burns,
	and some it reduces to ashes!
	For this 'tis quite plain, let who will send the rain,
	that Zeus against perjurers dashes.
ю.	And how, you old fool of a dark-ages school,
	and an antediluvian wit,
	If the perjured they strike, and not all men alike,
	have they never Cleonymus hit?
	Then of Simon again, and Theorus explain:
	known perjurers, yet they escape.
	But he smites his own shrine with his arrows divine,
	and "Sunium, Attica's cape," a
	and Sumum, Attica s cape,
	And the ancient gnarled oaks: now what prompted
	those strokes? They never forswore I should say.

ΣΤ. οὐκ οἶδ'· ἀτὰρ εὖ σὺ λέγειν φαίνει. τί γάρ ἐστιν δῆθ' ὁ κεραυνός;

ΣΩ. ὅταν εἰς ταύτας ἄνεμος ξηρὸς μετεωρισθεὶς κατα-

κλ ϵ ισ $\theta \widehat{\eta}$,

ἔνδοθεν αὐτὰς ὧσπερ κύστιν φυσᾶ, κἄπειθ' ὑπ' 400 ἀνάγκης

ρήξας αὐτὰς ἔξω φέρεται σοβαρὸς διὰ τὴν πυκνό-

τητα,

ύπὸ τοῦ ροίβδου καὶ τῆς ρύμης αὐτὸς ξαυτὸν κατακαίων.

Στ. νὴ Δί', ἐγὼ γοῦν ἀτεχνῶς ἔπαθον τουτί ποτε Διασίοισιν.

ὤπτων γαστέρα τοῖς συγγενέσιν, κἦτ' οὐκ ἔσχων ἀμελήσας:

ή δ' ἄρ' ἐφυσᾶτ', εἶτ' ἐξαίφνης διαλακήσασα πρὸς ⁴

τωφθαλμώ μου προσετίλησεν καὶ κατέκαυσεν τὸ πρόσωπον.

xo. ὧ τῆς μεγάλης ἐπιθυμήσας σοφίας, ὤνθρωπε, παρ' ἡμῶν,

ώς εὐδαίμων ἐν ᾿Αθηναίοις καὶ τοῖς Ἔλλησι γενήσει,

εὶ μνήμων εἶ καὶ φροντιστης καὶ τὸ ταλαίπωρον ἔνεστιν

 $\vec{\epsilon}v$ τ $\hat{\eta}$ ψυχ $\hat{\eta}$, καὶ μὴ κάμνεις μήθ' $\vec{\epsilon}$ στ $\vec{\omega}$ ς μήτε 41 βαδίζων,

μήτε ρίγῶν ἄχθει λίαν, μήτ' ἀριστᾶν ἐπιθυμεῖς, οἴνου τ' ἀπέχει καὶ γυμνασίων καὶ τῶν ἄλλων ἀνοήτων,

καὶ βέλτιστον τοῦτο νομίζεις, ὅπερ εἰκὸς δεξιὸν ἄνδρα,

THE CLOUDS, 403-418

	Can't say that they do: your words appear true.
	Whence comes then the thunderbolt, pray?
	When a wind that is dry, being lifted on high,
	is suddenly pent into these,
	It swells up their skin, like a bladder, within,
	by Necessity's changeless decrees:
	Till, compressed very tight, it bursts them outright,
	and away with an impulse so strong,
	That at last by the force and the swing of its course,
	it takes fire as it whizzes along.
	That's exactly the thing that I suffered one Spring,
	at the great feast of Zeus, a I admit:
	I'd a paunch in the pot, but I wholly forgot
	about making the safety-valve slit.
	So it spluttered and swelled, while the saucepan I held,
	till at last with a vengeance it flew:
	Took me quite by surprise, dung-bespattered my eyes.
	and scalded my face black and blue!
	O thou who wouldst fain great wisdom attain,
	and comest to us in thy need,
	All Hellas around shall thy glory resound,
	such a prosperous life thou shalt lead:
	So thou art but endued with a memory good,
	and accustomed profoundly to think,
	And thy soul wilt inure all wants to endure,
	and from no undertaking to shrink,
	And art hardy and bold, to bear up against cold,
	and with patience a supper thou losest:
	Nor too much dost incline to gymnastics and wine,
	but all lusts of the body refusest:
	And esteemest it best, what is always the test
	of a truly intelligent brain,
2	A great feast in honour of Zevs Meιλίχιος, cf. Thuc. i. 126. 6.
	A great reast in nonour of zers metalics, of Thue, i. 120. 0.

 \mathbf{x}

νικᾶν πράττων καὶ βουλεύων κα**ὶ τῆ γλώττη** πολεμίζων.

ΣΤ. ἀλλ' ἔνεκέν γε ψυχῆς στερρᾶς δυσκολοκοίτου τε

 $\mu\epsilon\rho i\mu\nu\eta\varsigma$,

καὶ φειδωλοῦ καὶ τρυσιβίου γαστρὸς καὶ θυμβρεπιδείπνου,

αμέλει θαρρῶν, οὕνεκα τούτων ἐπιχαλκεύειν παρ-

 ϵ χοιμ' ἄν.

ΣΩ. ἄλλο τι ὁ ἣτ' οὖν νομιεῖς ἤδη θεὸν οὐδένα πλὴν ἄπερ ἡμεῖς,

τὸ Χάος τουτὶ καὶ τὰς Νεφέλας καὶ τὴν γλῶτταν,

τρία ταυτί;

ΣΤ. οὐδ' ἄν διαλεχθείην γ' ἀτεχνῶς τοῖς ἄλλοις, οὐδ' ἄν ἀπαντῶν

οὐδ' ἂν θύσαιμ', οὐδ' ἂν σπείσαιμ', οὐδ' ἐπιθείην

λιβανωτόν.

xo. λέγε νυν ήμιν ὅ τι σοι δρώμεν θαρρών, ώς οὐκ ἀτυχήσεις,

ήμας τιμών καὶ θαυμάζων καὶ ζητών δεξιὸς είναι.

ΣΤ. ὧ δέσποιναι, δέομαι τοίνυν ὑμῶν τουτὶ πάνυ μικρόν, τῶν Ἑλλήνων εἶναί με λέγειν ἐκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστον.

χο. ἀλλ' ἔσται σοι τοῦτο παρ' ήμῶν· ὥστε τὸ λοιπόν

γ' ἀπὸ τουδὶ

εν τῷ δήμῳ γνώμας οὐδεὶς νικήσει πλείονας ἢ σύ.

Στ. μή μοί γε λέγειν γνώμας μεγάλας· οὐ γὰρ τούτων ἐπιθυμῶ,

ἀλλ' ὅσ' ἐμαυτῷ στρεψοδικῆσαι καὶ τοὺς χρήστας

 $\delta \iota o \lambda \iota \sigma \theta \epsilon \hat{\iota} \nu$.

 τεύξει τοίνυν ὧν ἱμείρεις οὐ γὰρ μεγάλων ἐπιθυμεῖς.

THE CLOUDS, 419-435

You may hammer and strike as long as you like;

and hosts of tongue-conquests to gain.

on the wretchedest, frugalest fare,

and a horrible restless care,

I am quite invincible there.

307

To prevail and succeed whensoever you plead,

ST. But as far as a sturdy soul is concerned

And a belly that pines and wears away

so.	Now then you agree in rejecting with me
	the Gods you believed in when young,
	And my creed you'll embrace "I believe in wide space,
	in the Clouds, in the eloquent Tongue."
ST.	If I happened to meet other Gods in the street,
	I'd show the cold shoulder, I vow.
	No libation I'll pour: not one victim more
	on their altars I'll sacrifice now.
CH.	Now be honest and true, and say what we shall do:
	since you never shall fail of our aid,
	If you hold us most dear in devotion and fear,
	and will ply the philosopher's trade.
ST.	O Ladies Divine, small ambition is mine:
	I only most modestly seek,
	Out and out for the rest of my life to be best
	of the children of Hellas to speak
CH.	Say no more of your care, we have granted your prayer:
	and know from this moment, that none
	More acts shall pass through in the People than you:
	such favour from us you have won.
ST.	Not acts, if you please: I want nothing of these:
	this gift you may quickly withdraw;
	But I wish to succeed, just enough for my need,
	and to slip through the clutches of law.
CH.	This then you shall do, for your wishes are few:
	not many nor great your demands,

άλλὰ σεαυτὸν θαρρῶν παράδος τοῖς ἡμετέροις προπόλοισι.

Στ. δράσω ταθθ' υμιν πιστεύσας ή γὰρ ἀνάγκη με πιέζει διὰ τοὺς ἴππους τοὺς κοππατίας καὶ τὸν γάμον, ὅς μ' ἐπέτριψεν.

νῦν οὖν χρήσθων ὅ τι βούλονται. τουτἶ τό γ' ἐμὸν σῶμ' αὐτοῖσιν 440 παρέχω τύπτειν, πεινην, διψην, αὐχμεῖν, ριγοῦν, ἀσκον δείρειν, εἴπερ τὰ χρέα διαφευξοῦμαι, τοῖς τ' ἀνθρώποις εἶναι δόξω θρασύς, ευγλωττος, τολμηρός, ίτης, 445 βδελυρός, ψευδών συγκολλητής, εύρησιεπής, περίτριμμα δικών, κύρβις, κρόταλον, κίναδος, τρύμη, μάσθλης, είρων, γλοιός, ἀλαζών, κέντρων, μιαρός, στρόφις, άργαλέος, 450 ματτυολοιχός. ταθτ' εἴ με καλοθσ' άπαντῶντες, δρώντων ἀτεχνῶς ὅ τι χρήζουσιν. κεί βούλονται νὴ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἔκ μου χορδὴν 455 τοις φροντισταις παραθέντων.

xo. λημα μèν πάρεστι τῷδέ γ' οὐκ ἄτολμον, ἀλλ' ἔτοιμον. ἴσθι δ' ὡς ταῦτα μαθὼν παρ' ἐμοῦ κλέος οὐρανόμηκες ἐν βροτοῖσιν ἕξεις.

^a 445-50 $\ell \tau \eta s$, "a go-ahead fellow"; $\pi \epsilon \rho i \tau \rho \iota \mu \mu a$, a superlative $\tau \rho \hat{\iota} \mu \mu a$ (cf. 260); $\kappa \dot{\iota} \rho \beta \iota s$, "a tablet of Law" $\tau \rho \dot{\iota} \mu \eta$, "a carpenter's drill"; $\gamma \lambda o \iota b s$, "well-oiled," "slippery"; $\kappa \dot{\epsilon} \nu \tau \rho \omega \nu$ "quick to use the goad" (cf. 1300); $\sigma \tau \rho \delta \phi \iota s$, "a weather-cock"; 308

THE CLOUDS, 436–460

So away with all care from henceforth, and prepare to be placed in our votaries' hands.

st. This then will I do, confiding in you,

for Necessity presses me sore,
And so sad is my life, 'twixt my cobs and my wife,
that I cannot put up with it more

that I cannot put up with it more. So now, at your word, I give and afford My body to these, to treat as they please, To have and to hold, in squalor, in cold, In hunger and thirst, yea by Zeus, at the worst, To be flaved out of shape from my heels to my nape So along with my hide from my duns I escape, And to men may appear without conscience or fear, Bold, a hasty, and wise, a concocter of lies, A rattler to speak, a dodger, a sneak, A regular claw of the tables of law, A shuffler complete, well worn in deceit, A supple, unprincipled, troublesome cheat; A hang-dog accurst, a bore with the worst, In the tricks of the jury-courts thoroughly versed. If all that I meet this praise shall repeat, Work away as you choose, I will nothing refuse, Without any reserve, from my head to my shoes. You shan't see me wince though my gutlets you mince, And these entrails of mine for a sausage combine, Served up for the gentlemen students to dine.

CH. Here's a spirit bold and high Ready-armed for any strife. (To Strepsiades)
If you learn what I can teach

Of the mysteries of speech, Your glory soon shall reach To the summit of the sky. ματτυολοιχός (Bentley's emendation for ματιολοιχός) "a licker-up of hashed meat."

ΣT.	τί πείσομαι;	
xo.	τὸν πάντα χρόνον μ ϵau ϵ μο $\hat{m{v}}$	
	4 \ 4 \ 01 \ 1 \ 0 1 \ 1	465
ΣT.	ἆρά γε τοῦτ' ἄρ' ἐγώ ποτ' ὄψομαι;	
xo.	ώστε γε σοῦ πολλοὺς ἐπὶ ταῖσι θύραις ἀεὶ καθῆσθαι,	
	βουλομένους ἀνακοινοῦσθαί τε καὶ ἐς λόγον ἐλθεῖν,	470
	πράγματα κάντιγραφάς πολλών ταλάντων	710
		475
	άλλ' εγχείρει του πρεσβύτην ὅ τι περ μέλλεις προ-	410
	διδάσκειν,	
	καὶ διακίνει τὸν νοῦν αὐτοῦ, καὶ τῆς γνώμης ἀπο-	
	$\pi \epsilon i \rho \hat{\omega}$.	
	$\pi \epsilon \iota \rho \omega$.	
**	άνε δά μάσεισέ μου σιλ σόν σονσοῦ σούσου	
411.	άγε δή, κάτειπέ μοι σὺ τὸν σαυτοῦ τρόπον,	
	ιν' αὐτὸν είδὼς ὅστις ἐστὶ μηχανὰς	
wien	ήδη 'πὶ τούτοις πρὸς σὲ καινὰς προσφέρω.	400
ΣT.	τί δέ; τειχομαχεῖν μοι διανοεῖ, πρὸς τῶν θεῶν;	400
ΣΩ.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ βραχέα σου πυθέσθαι βούλομαι,	
	εί μνημονικός εί.	
ΣΤ.	δύο τρόπω νὴ τὸν Δία·	
	ην μεν γαρ οφείληται τι μοι, μνήμων πάνυ,	
	έὰν δ' ὀφείλω, σχέτλιος, ἐπιλήσμων πάνυ.	
ΣΩ.	ένεστι δήτά σοι λέγειν έν τῆ φύσει;	485
ΣT.	λέγειν μεν οὐκ ἔνεστ', ἀποστερεῖν δ' ἔνι.	
ΣΩ.	πως οὖν δυνήσει μανθάνειν;	
ΣT.	άμέλει, καλώς.	
ΣΩ.	άγε νυν ὅπως, ὅταν τι προβάλω σοι σοφὸν	
	περὶ τῶν μετεώρων, εὐθέως ὑφαρπάσει.	
ΣT .	τί δαί; κυνηδον την σοφίαν σιτήσομαι;	490
ΣΩ.	ανθρωπος αμαθής ούτοσὶ καὶ βάρβαρος,	
	δέδοικά σ', ὧ πρεσβῦτα, μὴ πληγῶν δέη.	

THE CLOUDS, 461-493

ST. And what am I to gain?

CH. With the Clouds you will obtain The most happy, the most enviable life.

st. Is it possible for me Such felicity to see?

CH. Yes, and men shall come and wait

In their thousands at your gate,

Desiring consultations and advice

On an action or a pleading

From the man of light and leading,

And you'll pocket many talents in a trice.

(To Socrates)

ST.

Here, take the old man, and do all that you ean, your new-fashioned thoughts to instil,

And stir up his mind with your notions refined, and test him with judgement and skill.

so. Come now, you tell me something of your habits:
For if I don't know them, I can't determine
What engines I must bring to bear upon you.

sr. Eh! what? Not going to storm me, by the Gods?

so. No, no: I want to ask you a few questions. First: is your memory good?

Two ways, by Zeus:
If I'm owed anything, I'm mindful, very:
But if I owe, (Oh, dear!) forgetful, very.

so. Well then: have you the gift of speaking in you?

st. The gift of speaking, no: of cheating, yes.

so. No? how then can you learn?

Oh, well enough.

so. Then when I throw you out some clever notion.
About the laws of nature, you must catch it.

sr. What! must I snap up sapience, in dog-fashion?

so. Oh! why the man's an ignorant old savage:

I fear, my friend, that you'll require the whip.

	φέρ' ἴδω, τί δρᾶς, ἤν τίς σε τύπτη;	
ΣΤ.	τύπτομαι,	
	ἔπειτ' ἐπισχών ὀλίγον ἐπιμαρτύρομαι,	495
	εἶτ' αὖθις ἀκαρῆ διαλιπὼν δικάζομαι.	
ΣΩ.	ἴθι νυν, κατάθου θοἰμάτιον.	
ΣT.	ηδίκηκά τ ι;	
ΣΩ.	οὔκ, ἀλλὰ γυμνοὺς εἰσιέναι νομίζεται.	
	άλλ' οὐχὶ φωράσων ἔγωγ' εἰσέρχομαι.	
ΣΩ.	κατάθου. τί ληρεῖς;	
ΣT.	εἰπὲ δή νύν μοι τοδί•	500
~	ην ἐπιμελης ὧ καὶ προθύμως μανθάνω,	000
	τῷ τῶν μαθητῶν ἐμφερὴς γενήσομαι;	
ΣΩ.	οὖδὲν διοίσεις Χαιρεφῶντος τὴν φύσιν.	
	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, ἡμιθνὴς γενήσομαι.	
ΣΩ.	οὐ μὴ λαλήσεις, ἀλλ' ἀκολουθήσεις ἐμοὶ	508
4	ανύσας τι δευρί θαττον;	906
ΣT.	ές τω χειρέ νυν	
41.	δός μοι μελιτοῦτταν πρότερον ώς δέδοικ' έγω	
	είσω καταβαίνων ώσπερ είς Τροφωνίου.	
**0	χώρει τί κυπτάζεις έχων περί την θύραν;	
411.	xwper it kontagers exw, nepr tip vopar,	
	2222 100 / 0 20 /	
xo.	ἀλλ' ἴθι χαίρων τῆς ἀνδρείας	510
	είνεκα ταύτης.	
	εὐτυχία γένοιτο τάν-	
	θρώπω, ὅτι προήκων	
	<i>ès βαθὺ τῆς ἡλικίας</i>	
	νεωτέροις τὴν φύσιν αὐ-	514
	τοῦ πράγμασιν χρωτίζεται	
	καὶ σοφίαν ἐπασκεῖ.	

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ Socrates wishes to appropriate it (cf. 179, 856), but Strepsiades thinks he is to be flogged.

THE CLOUDS, 494-517

Come, if one strikes you, what do you do?

ST.

I'm struck:

Then in a little while I call my witness:

Then in another little while I summon him.

so. Put off your cloak.a

ST. Why, what have I done wrong?

so. O, nothing, nothing: all go in here naked.

ST. Well, but I have not come with a search-warrant.

so. Fool! throw it off.

Well, tell me this one thing;
If I'm extremely careful and attentive,
Which of your students shall I most resemble?

so. Why, Chaerephon. You'll be his very image.

ST. What! I shall be half-dead! O luckless me!

so. Don't chatter there, but come and follow me;
Make haste now, quicker, here.

ST.

Oh, but do first Give me a honied cake: Zeus! how I tremble, To go down there, as if to see Trophonius.

so. Go on! why keep you pottering round the door?

ch. Yes! go, and farewell; as your courage is great, So bright be your fate.

May all good fortune his steps pursue,
Who now, in his life's dim twilight haze,
Is game such venturesome things to do,
To steep his mind in discoveries new,
To walk, a novice, in wisdom's ways.

b The officer had to enter a house γυμνὸς ἢ χιτωνίσκον ἔχων (Plato, Leg. 954 A) so that he might not secretly carry in the thing asserted to be stolen.

The oracle of Trophonius was in a cave at Lebadea: the cakes were taken to appease "the serpent which haunted it":

Schol.

ῶ θεώμενοι, κατερῶ πρὸς ὑμᾶς ἐλευθέρως τάληθη, νη τὸν Διόνυσον τὸν ἐκθρέψαντά με. οΰτω νικήσαιμί τ' έγὼ καὶ νομιζοίμην σοφός, 520 ώς ύμας ήγούμενος είναι θεατάς δεξιούς καὶ ταύτην σοφώτατ' έχειν τῶν ἐμῶν κωμωδιῶν, πρώτους ηξίωσ' ἀναγεῦσ' ὑμᾶς, ἡ παρέσχε μοι έργον πλείστον είτ' ανεχώρουν ύπ' ανδρών φορτικών ήττηθείς, οὐκ ἄξιος ὤν ταῦτ' οὖν ὑμῖν μέμφομαι 525 τοῖς σοφοῖς, ὧν οὕνεκ' ἐγὼ ταῦτ' ἐπραγματευόμην. άλλ' οὐδ' ὧς ύμῶν ποθ' έκὼν προδώσω τοὺς δεξιούς. έξ ὅτου γὰρ ἐνθάδ' ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν, οἷς ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν, δ σώφρων τε χώ καταπύγων ἄριστ' ήκουσάτην, κάγώ, παρθένος γὰρ ἔτ' ἦν, κοὐκ ἐξῆν πώ μοι τεκεῖν, 530 έξέθηκα, παῖς δ' έτέρα τις λαβοῦσ' ἀνείλετο, ύμεις δ' έξεθρέψατε γενναίως κάπαιδεύσατε. έκ τούτου μοι πιστά παρ' ύμιν γνώμης έσθ' όρκια. νῦν οὖν ἸΙλέκτραν κατ' ἐκείνην ήδ' ἡ κωμωδία

^a 518-62 constitute the Parabasis of the revised Comedy.

b Two characters in his play the Banqueters.

^e The Banqueters was exhibited in the name of Callistratus.
^d The Choëphoroe of Aeschylus, where E. recognizes her brother's "lock of hair" on Agamemnon's tomb.

THE CLOUDS, 518-534

O Spectators,^a I will utter

honest truths with accents free,

Yea! by mighty Dionysus,

Him who bred and nurtured me.

So may I be deemed a poet,

and this day obtain the prize,

As till that unhappy blunder

I had always held you wise,

And of all my plays esteeming

this the wisest and the best,

Served it up for your enjoyment,

which had, more than all the rest,

Cost me thought, and time, and labour:

then most seandalously treated,

I retired in mighty dudgeon,

by unworthy foes defeated.

This is why I blame your critics,

for whose sake I framed the play:

Yet the elever ones amongst you

even now I won't betray.

No! for ever since from judges

unto whom 'tis joy to speak,

Brothers Profligate and Modest b

gained the praise we fondly seek,

When, for I was yet a Virgin,

and it was not right to bear,

I exposed it, and Another

did the foundling nurse with care,

But 'twas ye who nobly nurtured,

ve who brought it up with skill ;-

From that hour I proudly cherish

pledges of your sure good will.

Now then comes its sister hither,

like Electra in the Play,d

ζητοῦσ' ἦλθ', ἤν που 'πιτύχῃ θεαταῖς οὕτω σοφοῖς. γνώσεται γάρ, ἤνπερ ἴδη, τάδελφοῦ τὸν βόστρυχον. ώς δὲ σώφρων ἐστὶ φύσει σκέψασθ' . ήτις πρῶτα μὲν οὐδὲν ἢλθε ραψαμένη σκύτινον καθειμένον, έρυθρον έξ ἄκρου, παχύ, τοις παιδίοις ἵν' ἢ γέλως· οὐδ' ἔσκωψε τοὺς φαλακρούς, οὐδὲ κόρδαχ' είλκυσεν, 54 οὐδὲ πρεσβύτης ὁ λέγων τἄπη τῆ βακτηρία τύπτει τὸν παρόντ', ἀφανίζων πονηρὰ σκώμματα, οὐδ' εἰσῆξε δάδας ἔχουσ', οὐδ' ἰοὺ ἰοὺ βοά, άλλ' αύτη και τοις έπεσιν πιστεύουσ' έλήλυθεν. κάγω μέν τοιοῦτος άνηρ ων ποιητης οὐ κομω, οὐδ' ὑμᾶς ζητῶ 'ξαπατᾶν δὶς καὶ τρὶς ταὕτ' εἰσάγων, άλλ' ἀεὶ καινὰς ἰδέας εἰσφέρων σοφίζομαι, οὐδὲν ἀλλήλαισιν ὁμοίας καὶ πάσας δεξιάς: δς μέγιστον ὄντα Κλέων' ἔπαισ' εἰς τὴν γαστέρα, κοὐκ ἐτόλμησ' αὖθις ἐπεμπηδῆσ' αὐτῷ κειμένῳ. οὖτοι δ', ώς ἄπαξ παρέδωκεν λαβὴν Ὑπέρβολος, τοῦτον δείλαιον κολετρῶσ' ἀεὶ καὶ τὴν μητέρα.

α εἰσήεσαν γὰρ οἱ κωμικοὶ διεζωσμένοι δερμάτινα αἰδοῖα, γελοίου χάριν: Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 535-552

Comes in earnest expectation

kindred minds to meet to-day;

She will recognize full surely,

if she find, her brother's tress.

And observe how pure her morals:

who, to notice her first dress,

Enters not with filthy symbols

on her modest garments hung,a

Jeering bald-heads, dancing ballets,

for the laughter of the young.

In this play no wretched greybeard

with a staff his fellow pokes,

So obscuring from the audience

all the poorness of his jokes.

No one rushes in with torches,

no one groans, "Oh, dear! Oh, dear!"

Trusting in its genuine merits

comes this play before you here.

Yet, though such a hero-poet,

I, the bald-head, do not grow

Curling ringlets: neither do I

twice or thrice my pieces show.

Always fresh ideas sparkle,

always novel jests delight, Nothing like each other, save that

all are most exceeding bright.

I am he who floored the giant,

Cleon, in his hour of pride,

Yet when down I scorned to strike him,

and I left him when he died!

But the others, when a handle

once Hyperbolus did lend.

Trample down the wretched caitiff,

and his mother, without end.

Εὔπολις μὲν τὸν Μαρικᾶν πρώτιστον παρείλκυσεν ἐκστρέψας τοὺς ἡμετέρους Ἱππέας κακὸς κακῶς, προσθεὶς αὐτῷ γραῦν μεθύσην τοῦ κόρδακος οὔνεχ', ἡν το Φρύνιχος πάλαι πεποίηχ', ἡν τὸ κῆτος ἤσθιεν. εἶθ' "Ερμιππος αὖθις ἐποίησεν εἰς 'Υπέρβολον, ἄλλοι τ' ἤδη πάντες ἐρείδουσιν εἰς 'Υπέρβολον, τὰς εἰκοὺς τῶν ἐγχέλεων τὰς ἐμὰς μιμούμενοι. ὅστις οὖν τούτοισι γελᾶ, τοῖς ἐμοῖς μὴ χαιρέτω· ἢν δ' ἐμοὶ καὶ τοῖσιν ἐμοῖς εὐφραίνησθ' εὐρήμασιν, ἐς τὰς ὥρας τὰς ἑτέρας εὖ φρονεῖν δοκήσετε.

ύψιμέδοντα μὲν θεῶν Ζῆνα τύραννον ἐς χορὸν πρῶτα μέγαν κικλήσκω· τόν τε μεγασθενῆ τριαί-

νης ταμίαν,
γης τε καὶ άλμυρας θαλάσσης ἄγριον μοχλευτήν·
καὶ μεγαλώνυμον ἡμέτερον πατέρ',
Αἰθέρα σεμνότατον, βιοθρέμμονα πάντων·
τόν θ' ἱππονώμαν, δς ὑπερλάμπροις ἀκτίσιν κατέχει
γης πέδον, μέγας ἐν θεοῖς
ἐν θνητοῖσί τε δαίμων.

ing on a tipsy old woman to be devoured by the sea-monster.

* See K. 864-7.

Clearly the "mother of Hyperbolus."
 He seems to have travestied the story of Andromeda, bring-

THE CLOUDS, 553-574

In his Maricas the Drunkard,

Eupolis the charge began,

Shamefully my "Knights" distorting,

as he is a shameful man.

Tacking on the tipsy beldame,^a

just the ballet-dance to keep,

Phrynichus's ^b prime invention,

eat by monsters of the deep.

Then Hermippus on the caitiff

opened all his little skill,

And the rest upon the caitiff

are their wit exhausting still;

And my simile to pilfer "of the Eels" they all combine.

Whose laughs at their productions,

let him not delight in mine.

But for you who praise my genius,

you who think my writings clever,

Ye shall gain a name for wisdom,

yea! for ever and for ever.

O mighty God, O heavenly King, First unto Thee my prayer I bring.

O come, Lord Zeus, to my choral song;-And Thou, dread Power, whose resistless hand Heaves up the sea and the trembling land,

Lord of the trident, stern and strong:-And Thou who sustainest the life of us all Come, Ether, our parent, O come to my call ;-And Thou who floodest the world with light, Guiding thy steeds through the glittering sky, To men below and to Gods on high

A Potentate heavenly-bright!

575

580

585

590

ῶ σοφώτατοι θεαταί, δεῦρο τὸν νοῦν πρόσχετε. ηδικημέναι γὰρ ύμιν μεμφόμεσθ' έναντίον. πλείστα γὰρ θεῶν ἀπάντων ὡφελούσαις τὴν πόλιν, δαιμόνων ήμιν μόναις οὐ θύετ' οὐδὲ σπένδετε, αἴτινες τηροῦμεν ύμᾶς. ἢν γὰρ ἢ τις ἔξοδος μηδενὶ ξὺν νῶ, τότ' ἢ βροντῶμεν ἢ ψακάζομεν. εἶτα τὸν θεοῖσιν ἐχθρὸν βυρσοδέψην Παφλαγόνα ήνίχ' ήρεῖσθε στρατηγόν, τὰς ὀφρῦς συνήγομεν κάποιοθμεν δεινά: "βροντή δ' έρράγη δι' ἀστραπης:" ή σελήνη δ' έξέλειπε τὰς όδούς ό δ' ήλιος την θρυαλλίδ' είς έαυτον εὐθέως ξυνελκύσας οὐ φανεῖν ἔφασκεν ὑμῖν, εἰ στρατηγήσει Κλέων. άλλ' ὅμως εἴλεσθε τοῦτον. φασὶ γὰρ δυσβουλίαν τῆδε τῆ πόλει προσείναι, ταῦτα μέντοι τοὺς θεοὺς άττ' αν ύμεις έξαμάρτητ' έπι το βέλτιον τρέπειν. ώς δὲ καὶ τοῦτο ξυνοίσει ραδίως διδάξομεν. ην Κλέωνα τὸν λάρον δώρων ελόντες καὶ κλοπης.

From the *Teucer* of Sophocles: Schol.
 Nothing is known of this election.

THE CLOUDS, 575-591

hither turn attention due,

we've a bone to pick with you:

that is why we now complain.

For if any project seems

321

helped with all our might and main:

then the rain comes down in streams.

how we knit our brows together,

O most sapient wise spectators,

We complain of sad ill-treatment,

We who always watch around you.

Ill-concocted, then we thunder,

And, remember, very lately,

VOL. I

We have ever helped your city,

Yet you pay us no devotion,

"Thunders crashing, lightnings flashing," a never was such awful weather; And the Moon in haste eclipsed her, and the Sun in anger swore He would curl his wick within him and give light to you no more, Should you choose that mischief-worker, Cleon, whom the Gods abhor, Tanner, Slave, and Paphlagonian, to lead out your hosts to war.b Yet you chose him! yet you chose him! For they say that Folly grows Best and finest in this city, but the gracious Gods dispose Always all things for the better, causing errors to succeed: And how this sad job may profit, surely he who runs may read. Let the Cormorant be convicted, in command, of bribes and theft,

Y

· εἶτα φιμώσητε τούτου τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα, αὖθις ἐς τἀρχαῖον ὑμῖν, εἴ τι κἀξημάρτετε, ἐπὶ τὸ βέλτιον τὸ πρᾶγμα τῆ πόλει συνοίσεται.

" ἀμφί μοι αὖτε," Φοῖβ' ἄναξ
Δήλιε, Κυνθίαν ἔχων
ύψικέρατα πέτραν

η τ' Ἐφέσου μάκαιρα πάγχρυσον ἔχεις
οἶκον ἐν ῷ κόραι σε Λυδῶν μεγάλως σέβουσιν

η τ' ἐπιχώριος ἡμετέρα θεός,
αἰγίδος ἡνίοχος, πολιοῦχος ᾿Αθάνα•
Παρνασσίαν θ' δς κατέχων
πέτραν σὺν πεύκαις σελαγεῖ
Βάκχαις Δελφίσιν ἐμπρέπων,
κωμαστής Διόνυσος.

ήνιχ' ήμεις δεθρ' ἀφορμασθαι παρεσκευάσμεθα, ή Σελήνη συντυχοῦσ' ήμιν ἐπέστειλεν φράσαι, πρῶτα μὲν χαίρειν ᾿Αθηναίοισι καὶ τοῖς ξυμμάχοις εἶτα θυμαίνειν ἔφασκε δεινὰ γὰρ πεπονθέναι, ἀφελοῦσ' ὑμᾶς ἄπαντας, οὐ λόγοις, ἀλλ' ἐμφανῶς. πρῶτα μὲν τοῦ μηνὸς εἰς δῆδ' οὐκ ἔλαττον ἢ δραχμήν, ἄστε καὶ λέγειν ἄπαντας ἐξιόντας ἐσπέρας,

 $^{^{-}a}$ a a $^{\mu}$ $^{\mu}$ $^{\mu}$ $^{\mu}$ $^{\tau}$ ε was a common commencement of dithyrambic odes.

THE CLOUDS, 592-613

Let us have him gagged and muzzled,
in the pillory chained and left,

Then again, in ancient fashion,

all that ye have erred of late,

Will turn out your own advantage,

and a blessing to the State.

"Phoebus, my king, come to me still." a
Thou who holdest the Cynthian hill,
The lofty peak of the Delian isle;—
And Thou, his sister, to whom each day
Lydian maidens devoutly pray
In Thy stately gilded Ephesian pile;—
And Athene, our Lady, the queen of us all,
With the Aegis of God, O come to my call;—
And Thou whose dancing torches of pine
Flicker, Parnassian glades along,
Dionysus, Star of Thy Maenad throng,
Come, Reveller most divine!

We, when we had finished packing,

and prepared our journey down,

Met the Lady Moon, who charged us

with a message for your town.

First, All hail to noble Athens,

and her faithful true Allies;

Then, she said, your shameful conduct

made her angry passions rise,

Treating her so ill who always

aids you, not in words, but clearly;

Saves you, first of all, in torchlight

every month a drachma nearly,

So that each one says, if business

calls him out from home by night,

μὴ πρίῃ, παῖ, δᾳδ', ἐπειδὴ φῶς Σεληναίης καλόν. ἄλλα τ' εὖ δρᾶν φησιν, ὑμᾶς δ' οὐκ ἄγειν τὰς

ημέρας
οὐδὲν ὀρθῶς, ἀλλ' ἄνω τε καὶ κάτω κυδοιδοπᾶν τουδὲν ὀρθῶς, ἀλλ' ἄνω τε καὶ κάτω κυδοιδοπᾶν του ἀπειλεῖν φησιν αὐτῆ τοὺς θεοὺς ἐκάστοτε ἡνίκ' ἄν ψευσθῶσι δείπνου, κἀπίωσιν οἴκαδε, τῆς ἐορτῆς μὴ τυχόντες κατὰ λόγον τῶν ἡμερῶν. κἄθ' ὅταν θύειν δέη, στρεβλοῦτε καὶ δικάζετε 620 πολλάκις δ' ἡμῶν ἀγόντων τῶν θεῶν ἀπαστίαν, ἡνίκ' ἄν πενθῶμεν ἢ τὸν Μέμνον' ἢ Σαρπηδόνα, σπένδεθ' ὑμεῖς καὶ γελᾶτ' ἀνθ' ὧν λαχὼν Ὑπέρ-βολος

τῆτές ίερομνημονεῖν, κἄπειθ' ὑφ' ἡμῶν τῶν θεῶν τὸν στέφανον ἀφηρέθη· μᾶλλον γὰρ οὕτως εἴσεται 625 κατὰ σελήνην ώς ἄγειν χρὴ τοῦ βίου τὰς ἡμέρας.

630

2Ω. μὰ τὴν 'Αναπνοήν, μὰ τὸ Χάος, μὰ τὸν 'Αέρα, οὐκ εἶδον οὕτως ἄνδρ' ἄγροικον οὐδένα οὐδ' ἄπορον οὐδὲ σκαιὸν οὐδ' ἔπιλήσμονα 'ὅστις σκαλαθυρμάτι' ἄττα μικρὰ μανθάνων, ταῦτ' ἐπιλέλησται πρὶν μαθεῖν 'ὅμως γε μὴν αὐτὸν καλῶ θύραζε δευρὶ πρὸς τὸ φῶς. ποῦ Στρεψιάδης; ἔξει τὸν ἀσκάντην λαβών.

b Son of Eos (Aurora), slain by Achilles; for Sarpedon son of Zeus whom Patroclus slew see Il. xvi. 419 seq.

^a The allusion is to alterations in the calendar introduced by the astronomer Meton about 432 B.C.

⁶ An official sent with the three Pylagorae to the Amphictyonic Council. Nothing is known of the circumstance.

⁴ Socrates here comes out of the Phrontisterion where he has been endeavouring to teach Strepsiades.
324

THE CLOUDS, 614-633

"Buy no link, my boy, this evening,

for the Moon will lend her light."

Other blessings too she sends you,

yet you will not mark your days

As she bids you, but confuse them,

jumbling them all sorts of ways,a

And, she says, the Gods in chorus

shower reproaches on her head,

When in bitter disappointment

they go supperless to bed,

Not obtaining festal banquets

duly on the festal day;

Ye are badgering in the law-courts

when ye should arise and slay!

And full oft when we celestials

some strict fast are duly keeping,

For the fate of mighty Memnon,^b

or divine Sarpedon weeping,

Then you feast and pour libations:

and Hyperbolus of late

Lost the crown he wore so proudly

as Recorder c of the Gate,

Through the wrath of us immortals:

so perchance he'll rather know

Always all his days in future

by the Lady Moon to go.

so.⁴ Never by Chaos, Air, and Respiration,
Never, no never have I seen a clown
So helpless, and forgetful, and absurd!
Why if he learns a quirk or two he clean
Forgets them ere he has learnt them: all the same,
I'll call him out of doors here to the light.
Take up your bed, Strepsiades, and come!

ΣT.	άλλ' οὐκ ἐῶσί μ' ἐξενεγκεῖν οἱ κόρεις.	
ΣΩ.	ἀνύσας τι κατάθου, καὶ πρόσεχε τὸν νοῦν.	
ΣT.	ίδού.	
ΣΩ.	άγε δή, τί βούλει πρώτα νυνὶ μανθάνειν	633
24.2.	ῶν οὐκ ἐδιδάχθης πώποτ' οὐδέν; εἰπέ μοι. πότερον περὶ μέτρων ἢ περὶ ἐπῶν ἢ ρυθμῶν;	000
ΣT.	περὶ τῶν μέτρων ἔγωγ'· ἔναγχος γάρ ποτε	
	ύπ' ἀλφιταμοιβοῦ παρεκόπην διχοινίκω.	640
ΣΩ.	οὐ τοῦτ' ἐρωτῶ σ', ἀλλ' ὅ τι κάλλιστον μέτρον	
	ήγεῖ· πότερον τὸ τρίμετρον ἢ τὸ τετράμετρον;	645
	<i>ἐγὰ</i> μὲν οὐδὲν πρότερον ἡμιεκτέου.	
ΣΩ.	οὐδὲν λέγεις, ὧνθρωπε.	
ΣT.	$\pi\epsilon$ ρίδου νυν ϵ μοί,	
	εὶ μὴ τετράμετρόν ἐστιν ἡμιεκτέον.	
ΣΩ.	ές κόρακας, ώς ἄγροικος εἶ καὶ δυσμαθής.	
	τάχα δ' ἂν δύναιο μανθάνειν περὶ ρυθμῶν.	
ΣT.	τί δέ μ' ώφελήσουσ' οἱ ρυθμοὶ πρὸς τἄλφιτα;	
ΣΩ.	πρῶτον μὲν εἶναι κομψὸν ἐν συνουσία,	650
	έπαΐονθ' όποιός έστι των ρυθμών	
	κατ' ἐνόπλιον, χώποῖος αὖ κατὰ δάκτυλον.	
ΣT.	κατὰ δάκτυλον; νὴ τὸν Δί', ἀλλ' οἶδ'.	
ΣΩ.	$\epsilon i\pi \dot{\epsilon} \delta \dot{\eta}$.	
ΣT.	τίς ἄλλος ἀντὶ τουτουὶ τοῦ δακτύλου;	
	πρὸ τοῦ μέν, ἔτ' ἐμοῦ παιδὸς ὄντος, ούτοσί.	
ΣΩ.	άγρεῖος εἶ καὶ σκαιός.	655
ΣT.	οὐ γάρ, ὠζυρέ,	
	τούτων ἐπιθυμῶ μανθάνειν οὐδέν.	
ΣΩ.	τί δαί;	
ΣT .	έκεῖν' ἐκεῖνο, τὸν ἀδικώτατον λόγον.	
ΣΩ.	άλλ' έτερα δεί σε πρότερα τούτων μανθάνειν,	

^a The $\mu\ell\delta\iota\mu\nu\sigma$ s = 48 χοίνικεs, the $\ell\kappa\tau\epsilon$ ύs = 8, and so the $\eta\mu\iota\epsilon\kappa\tau\epsilon$ ον = 4, being therefore $\tau\epsilon\tau\rho$ αμετρον. The joke, however, in 326

THE CLOUDS, 634-658

ST. By Zeus, I can't: the bugs make such resistance.

Make haste. There, throw it down, and listen. so.

ST. Well!

Attend to me: what shall I teach you first so. That you've not learnt before? Which will you have, Measures or rhythms or the right use of words?

Oh! measures to be sure: for very lately ST. A grocer swindled me of full three pints.

I don't mean that: but which do you like the best SO. Of all the measures; six feet, or eight feet?

Well, I like nothing better than the yard. ST.

Fool! don't talk nonsense. so.

What will you bet me now ST. That two yards don't exactly make six feet? a

Consume you! what an ignorant clown you are! so. Still, perhaps you can learn tunes more easily.

But will tunes help me to repair my fortunes? ST.

They'll help you to behave in company: so. If you can tell which kind of tune is best For the sword-dance, and which for finger music.^b

For fingers! ave, but I know that. ST.

Say on, then. so.

What is it but this finger? though before, ST. Ere this was grown, I used to play with that.

Insufferable dolt! SO.

Well but, you goose, ST. I don't want to learn this.

What do you want then? so.

Teach me the Logic! teach me the unjust Logic! ST.

But you must learn some other matters first: SO.

the Greek consists largely in all the measures being measures of capacity (a μέδιμνος being about 12 gallons).

b Strepsiades knows nothing about "dactyl" but takes

δάκτυλος in its literal sense, and makes indecent gestures with the

middle finger (infamis digitus).

ΣT.	τῶν τετραπόδων ἄττ' ἐστὶν ὀρθῶς ἄρρενα. ἀλλ' οἱδ' ἔγωγε τἄρρεν', εἰ μὴ μαίνομαι	660
	κριός, τράγος, ταῦρος, κύων, ἀλεκτρυών.	
ΣΩ.	δρậς ὁ πάσχεις; τήν τε θήλειαν καλείς	
	άλεκτρυόνα κατά ταὐτὸ καὶ τὸν ἄρρενα.	
ΣT.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S} \delta \hat{\eta}; \ \phi \hat{\epsilon} \hat{\rho} \hat{\epsilon}.$	
ΣΩ.	πως; άλεκτρυων κάλεκτρυών.	
ΣT.	νη τὸν Ποσειδώ. νῦν δὲ πῶς με χρη καλείν;	665
ΣΩ.	άλεκτρύαιναν, τον δ' έτερον άλέκτορα.	
ΣT.	αλεκτρύαιναν; εὖ γε νὴ τὸν ᾿Αέρα·	
	ωστ' άντὶ τούτου τοῦ διδάγματος μόνου	
	διαλφιτώσω σου κύκλω την κάρδοπον.	
ΣΩ.	ιδου μάλ αθθις τοθθ' έτερον. την κάρδοπον	670
	ἄρρενα καλεῖς, θήλειαν οὖσαν.	
ĭT.	τῷ τρόπῳ	
	ἄρρενα καλῶ 'γὼ κάρδοπον;	
ΣΩ.	μάλιστά γε,	
	ὥσπερ γε καὶ Κλεώνυμον.	
ΣT.	πῶς δή; φράσον.	
ΣΩ.	ταὐτὸν δύναταί σοι κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω.	
ΣT .	άλλ', ὧγάθ', οὐδ' ἦν κάρδοπος Κλεωνύμω,	678
	άλλ' ἐν θυεία στρογγύλη γ' ἀνεμάττετο.	
	άτὰρ τὸ λοιπὸν πῶς με χρὴ καλεῖν;	
ΣΩ.	ὄπως;	
	τὴν καρδόπην, ὥσπερ καλεῖς τὴν Σωστράτην.	
ΣT.	τὴν καρδόπην θήλειαν;	
ΣΩ.	ορθώς γὰρ λέγεις.	
ΣT.	ἐκεῖνο δ' ἦν ἄν, καρδόπη, Κλεωνύμη.	680
ΣΩ.	έτι δή γε περί τῶν ὀνομάτων μαθείν σε δεί,	
	άττ΄ ἄρρεν΄ έστίν, ἄττα δ΄ αὐτῶν θήλεα.	
ΣT.	ἀλλ' οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ἃ θήλε' ἐστίν.	
ΣΩ.	$\epsilon i\pi \grave{\epsilon} \delta \acute{\eta}.$	
328		

THE CLOUDS, 659-683

As, what are males among the quadrupeds. I should be mad indeed not to know that. The Ram, the Bull, the Goat, the Dog, the Fowl.

Ah! there you are! there's a mistake at once! so. You call the male and female fowl the same.

How! tell me how. ST.

Why fowl and fowl of course. so.

That's true though! what then shall I say in future? ST.

Call one a fowless and the other a fowl. so.

A fowless? Good! Bravo! Bravo! by Air. ST. Now for that one bright piece of information I'll give you a barley bumper in your trough.

Look there, a fresh mistake; you called it trough, so. Masculine, when it's feminine.

How, pray? ST. How did I make it masculine?

Why "trough," so. Just like "Cleonymus."

I don't quite catch it. ST.

Why "trough," "Cleonymus," both masculine. so.

Ah, but Cleonymus has got no trough, ST. His bread is kneaded in a rounded mortar: a Still, what must I say in future?

What! why call it so. A "troughess," female, just as one says "an actress."

A "troughess," female? ST.

That's the way to call it. SO.

O "troughess" then and Miss Cleonymus. ST.

Still you must learn some more about these names; so. Which are the names of men and which of women.

Oh, I know which are women. ST.

Well, repeat some. SO.

a As being "a poor man" who had nothing better to use: But there seems a reference " to the charge of effeminacy which runs through these lines ": R.

ΣT.	Αύσιλλα, Φίλιννα, Κλειταγόρα, Δημητρία.	
ΣΩ.	ἄρρενα δὲ ποῖα τῶν ὀνομάτων;	
ΣΤ.	μυρία.	68
	Φιλόξενος, Μελησίας, 'Αμυνίας.	
ΣΩ.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρε, ταῦτά γ' ἔστ' οὐκ ἄρρενα.	
ΣT.	οὐκ ἄρρεν' ἡμῖν ἐστιν;	
ΣΩ.	οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	
	πως αν καλέσειας έντυχων Αμυνία;	
ΣT.	" " (0/ 0 - 0 - 3 3 4 /	6 9
ΣΩ.	όρᾶς; γυναῖκα τὴν 'Αμυνίαν καλεῖς.	
ΣT.	οὔκουν δικαίως ήτις οὐ στρατεύεται;	
	άτὰρ τί ταῦθ' ἃ πάντες ἴσμεν μανθάνω;	
ΣΩ.	οὐδὲν μὰ Δί', ἀλλὰ κατακλινεὶς δευρί,	
ΣΤ.	$ au i \; \delta ho \hat{\omega};$	
ΣΩ.	έκφρόντισόν τι τῶν σεαυτοῦ πραγμάτων.	69
ΣΤ.	μη δηθ', ίκετεύω σ', ενθάδ' άλλ' εἴπερ γε χρή,	
	χαμαί μ' ἔασον αὐτὰ ταῦτ' ἐκφροντίσαι.	
ΣΩ.	οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα.	
ΣT,	κακοδαίμων ἐγώ,	
	οΐαν δίκην τοῖς κόρεσι δώσω τήμερον.	
	, , ,	
ΣΩ.	φρόντιζε δη καὶ διάθρει, πάντα τρόπον τε σαυτον	70
	στρόβει πυκνώσας.	
	ταχὺς δ', ὅταν εἰς ἄπορον πέσης,	
	ἐπ' ἄλλο πήδα	
	νόημα φρενός υπνος δ' ἀπέστω γλυκύθυμος	
	ομμάτων.	70
ΣΤ.	lατταταῖ lατταταῖ.	
xo.	τί πάσχεις; τί κάμνεις;	
ΣT.	, ἀπόλλυμαι δείλαιος· ἐκ τοῦ σκίμποδος	
990		

THE CLOUDS, 684-709

Demetria, Cleitagora, Philinna. ST.

Now tell me some men's names. SO.

ST. O yes, ten thousand. Philon, Melesias, Amynias.

Hold! I said men's names: these are women's names. SO.

No, no, they're men's. ST.

They are *not* men's, for how so. Would you address Amynias if you met him?

How? somehow thus: "Here, here, Amynia a!" ST.

Amynia! a woman's name, you see. so.

And rightly too; a sneak who shirks all service! ST. But all know this: let's pass to something else.

Well, then, you get into the bed. so.

And then? ST.

so. Exeogitate about your own affairs.

Not there: I do beseech, not there: at least ST. Let me excogitate on the bare ground.

There is no way but this. so.

ST.

O luckless me! How I shall suffer from the bugs to-day.

Now then survey in every way,

with airy judgement sharp and quick: Wrapping thoughts around you thick: And if so be in one you stick, Never stop to toil and bother, Lightly, lightly, lightly leap, To another, to another:

Far away be balmy sleep.

Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! Ugh! ST.

What's the matter? where's the pain? CH. Friends! I'm dying. From the bed ST.

a Cf. W. 466, 1267. The Greek vocative of "Amynias" becomes feminine in form.

δάκνουσί μ' έξέρποντες οί Κορίνθιοι, καὶ τὰς πλευρὰς δαρδάπτουσιν καὶ τὴν ψυχὴν ἐκπίνουσιν, καὶ τοὺς ὄρχεις έξέλκουσιν, καὶ τὸν πρωκτὸν διορύττουσιν, καί μ' ἀπολοῦσιν. μή νυν βαρέως ἄλγει λίαν. καὶ πῶς; ὅτε μου φροῦδα τὰ χρήματα, φρούδη χροιά, φρούδη ψυχή, φρούδη δ' ἐμβάς. καὶ πρὸς τούτοις ἔτι τοῖσι κακοῖς φρουρᾶς ἄδων ολίγου φροῦδος γεγένημαι.

οὖτος, τί ποιεῖς; οὐχὶ φροντίζεις; ΣT.

71

71

72

72

73

νή τὸν Ποσειδῶ.

καὶ τί δητ' ἐφρόντισας; ΣΩ.

ΣΤ. ὑπὸ τῶν κόρεων εἴ μού τι περιλειφθήσεται.

ΣΩ. ἀπολεῖ κάκιστ'.

άλλ', ὧγάθ', ἀπόλωλ' ἀρτίως.

ΣΩ. οὐ μαλθακιστέ', ἀλλὰ περικαλυπτέα. έξευρετέος γὰρ νοῦς ἀποστερητικός κάπαιόλημ'.

οἴμοι, τίς ἂν δῆτ' ἐπιβάλοι ΣΤ. έξ άρνακίδων γνώμην άποστερητρίδα;

φέρε νυν, ἀθρήσω πρῶτον, ὅ τι δρậ, τουτονί. οὖτος, καθεύδεις;

μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω ᾿γὼ μὲν οὔ. ΣT.

ΣΩ. ἔχεις τι;

ΣT.

XO.

ΣT.

THE CLOUDS, 710-732

Out creep bugbears a scantly fed, And my ribs they bite in twain, And my life-blood out they suck, And my manhood off they pluck, And my loins they dig and drain, And I'm dying, once again.

CH. O take not the smart so deeply to heart.

Why, what can I do?

Vanished my skin so ruddy of hue,

Vanished my life-blood, vanished my shoe,

Vanished my purse, and what is still worse

As I hummed an old tune till my watch should

be past,

I had very near vanished myself at the last.

so. Hallo there, are you pondering?

Eh! what? I?

Yes to be sure.

ST.

ST.

so.

And what have your ponderings come to?

sr. Whether these bugs will leave a bit of me.

so. Consume you, wretch!

st. Faith, I'm consumed already.

so. Come, come, don't flinch: pull up the clothes again: Search out and catch some very subtle dodge To fleece your creditors.

ST. O me, how can I
Fleece any one with all these fleeces on me?

(Puts his head under the clothes.)

so. Come, let me peep a moment what he's doing. Hey! he's asleep!

ST. No, no! no fear of that!

so. Caught anything?

a of Κορίνθιοι (at this time the bitterest enemies of Λthens)=of κόρεις, "the bugs."

ΣΤ.	μ $\grave{\alpha}$ $\Delta \emph{i}$ oὐ $\delta \widehat{\eta} \emph{\tau}$ ἔγωγ'.	
ΣΩ.	οὐδὲν πάνυ;	
ΣΤ.	οὐδέν γε πλὴν ἢ τὸ πέος ἐν τῆ δεξιᾳ̂.	
ΣΩ.	οὐκ ἐγκαλυψάμενος ταχέως τι φροντιεῖς;	7
ΣΤ.	περὶ τοῦ; σὰ γάρ μοι τοῦτο φράσον, ὧ Σώκρατες.	
ΣΩ.	αὐτὸς ὅ τι βούλει πρῶτος έξευρὼν λέγε.	
ΣT.	ακήκοας μυριάκις άγω βούλομαι,	
	περὶ τῶν τόκων, ὅπως ἂν ἀποδῶ μηδενί.	
ΣΩ.	ίθι νυν, καλύπτου καὶ σχάσας τὴν φροντίδα	7
411.	λεπτήν κατά μικρον περιφρόνει τὰ πράγματα,	•
	όρθως διαιρών καὶ σκοπών.	
**/ID	οίμοι τάλας.	
ΣT.		
ΣΩ.	ἔχ' ἀτρέμα· κἂν ἀπορῆς τι τῶν νοημάτων, ἀφεὶς ἄπελθε· κἆτα τὴν γνώμην πάλιν	
		7
	κίνησον αὖθις, αὐτὸ καὶ ζυγώθρισον.	•
ΣT.	ῶ Σωκρατίδιον φίλτατον.	
ΣΩ.	τί, ὧ γέρον;	
ΣT.	έχω τόκου γνώμην ἀποστερητικήν.	
ΣΩ.	έπίδειξον αύτήν.	
ΣT.	εἰπὲ δή νύν μοι,	
ΣΩ.	$\tau \delta \tau i;$	
ΣT.	γυναϊκα φαρμακίδ' εἰ πριάμενος Θετταλήν,	_
	καθέλοιμι νύκτωρ τὴν σελήνην, εἶτα δὲ	7
	αὐτὴν καθείρξαιμ' ἐς λοφεῖον στρογγύλον,	
	ωσπερ κάτοπτρον, κἆτα τηροίην ἔχων,	
ΣΩ.	τί δῆτα τοῦτ' ἂν ωφελήσειέν σ';	
ΣΤ.	ο τι;	
	εὶ μηκέτ' ἀνατέλλοι σελήνη μηδαμοῦ,	
	οὐκ ἂν ἀποδοίην τοὺς τόκους.	
ΣΩ.	οτιη τι οη;	-
ΣΤ.	ότιὴ κατὰ μῆνα τἀργύριον δανείζεται.	
ΣΩ.	εὖ γ'· ἀλλ' ἔτερον αὖ σοι προβαλῶ τι δεξιόν.	
334		

THE CLOUDS, 733-757

ST. No, nothing. Surely, something. so. Well, I had something in my hand, I'll own. ST. Pull up the clothes again, and go on pondering. SO. On what? now do please tell me, Socrates. ST. What is it that you want? first tell me that. so. You have heard a million times what 'tis I want: ST. My debts! my debts! I want to shirk my debts. Come, come, pull up the clothes: refine your thoughts so. With subtle wit: look at the ease on all sides: Mind you divide a correctly. Ugh! O me. ST. Hush: if you meet with any difficulty so. Leave it a moment: then return again To the same thought: then lift and weigh it well. Oh, here, dear Socrates! ST. Well, my old friend. so. I've found a notion how to shirk my debts. ST. Well then, propound it. SO. What do you think of this? ST.

Suppose I hire some grand Thessalian witch To conjure down the Moon, and then I take it And clap it into some round helmet-box, And keep it fast there, like a looking-glass,— But what's the use of that?

SO.

The use, quotha: ST. Why if the Moon should never rise again, I'd never pay one farthing.

No! why not? so.

Why, don't we pay our interest by the month? ST. Good! now I'll proffer you another problem. so.

a διαίρεσις "division of genus into species" is a technical term in Logic.

	εἴ σοι γράφοιτο πεντετάλαντός τις δίκη,
	οπως αν αυτήν αφανίσειας είπε μοι.
ΣT.	ὅπως; ὅπως; οὐκ οἶδ' ἀτὰρ ζητητέον.
ΣΩ.	μή νυν περί σαυτόν είλλε την γνώμην ἀεί,
	άλλ' ἀποχάλα τὴν φροντίδ' εἰς τὸν ἀέρα,
	λινόδετον ωσπερ μηλολόνθην τοῦ ποδός.
ΣT.	ευρηκ' ἀφάνισιν τῆς δίκης σοφωτάτην,
7	ωστ' αὐτὸν όμολογεῖν σ' ἐμοί.
ΣΩ.	ποίαν τινά;
ΣT.	ήδη παρὰ τοῖσι φαρμακοπώλαις τὴν λίθον
41.	ταύτην εόρακας, την καλήν, την διαφανή,
	ταθτην εθρακάς, την κατην, την θιαφάνη,
×0	ἀφ' ης τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι; τὴν ὕαλον λέγεις;
ΣΩ.	
ΣT.	ἔγωγε. φέρε, τί δῆτ' ἄν, εἶ ταύτην λαβών,
	όπότε γράφοιτο τὴν δίκην ό γραμματεύς,
	ἀπωτέρω στὰς ὧδε πρὸς τὸν ἥλιον
	τὰ γράμματ' ἐκτήξαιμι τῆς ἐμῆς δίκης;
ΣΩ.	σοφῶς γε νὴ τὰς Χάριτας.
ΣT.	οἴμ' ώς ἥδομαι
	ότι πεντετάλαντος διαγέγραπταί μοι δίκη.
ΣΩ.	ἄγε δὴ ταχέως τουτὶ ξυνάρπασον.
ΣT.	$ au_i$;
ΣΩ.	οπως ἀποστρέψαις ἂν ἀντιδίκων δίκην,
	μέλλων οφλήσειν, μη παρόντων μαρτύρων.
ΣT.	φαυλότατα καὶ ράστ'.
ΣΩ.	$\epsilon i\pi \grave{\epsilon} \delta \acute{\eta}.$
ΣT.	καὶ δὴ λέγω.
	εὶ πρόσθεν ἔτι μιᾶς ἐνεστώσης δίκης,
	πρὶν τὴν ἐμὴν καλεῖσθ', ἀπαγξαίμην τρέχων.
Σ Ω.	οὐδὲν λέγεις.
3 (1)	and reale Acore course core

THE CLOUDS, 758-781

Suppose an action: damages, five talents: Now tell me how you can evade that same.

sr How! how! can't say at all: but I'll go seek.

so. Don't wrap your mind for ever round yourself, But let your thoughts range freely through the air, Like chafers with a thread about their feet.^a

st. I've found a bright evasion of the action : Confess yourself, 'tis glorious.

so. But what is it?

sr. I say, haven't you seen in druggists' shops
That stone, that splendidly transparent stone,
By which they kindle fire?

so. The burning-glass?

st. That's it: well then, I'd get me one of these,
And as the clerk was entering down my case,
I'd stand, like this, some distance towards the sun,
And burn out every line.

so. By the Three Graces,

A clever dodge!

ST. O me, how pleased I am
To have a debt like that clean blotted out.

so. Come, then, make haste and snap up this.

ST. Well, what?

so. How to prevent an adversary's suit
Supposing you were sure to lose it; tell me.

st. O, nothing easier.

How, pray?

Why thus,
While there was yet one trial intervening,
Ere mine was cited, I'd go hang myself.

so. Absurd!

SO.

ST.

No, by the Gods, it isn't though:

^a To tie a thread round the leg of a cockchafer and then see it try to fly was apparently a common amusement of boys.

VOL. I

Z

337

οὐδεὶς κατ' ἐμοῦ τεθνεῶτος εἰσάξει δίκην.
ΣΩ. ὑθλεῖς· ἄπερρ', οὐκ ἂν διδαξαίμην σ' ἔτι.
ΣΤ. ὁτιὴ τί; ναὶ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ὧ Σώκρατες.
ΣΩ. ἀλλ' εὐθὺς ἐπιλήθει σύ γ' ἄττ' ἂν καὶ μάθης· τὰ πεὶ τί νυνὶ πρῶτον ἐδιδάχθης; λέγε.
ΣΤ. φέρ' ἴδω, τί μέντοι πρῶτον ἦν; τί πρῶτον ἦν;
τὶς ἦν ἐν ἢ ματτόμεθα μέντοι τἄλφιτα:

Στ. φέρ΄ ἴδω, τί μέντοι πρώτον ήν; τι πρωτον ην; τίς ἦν ἐν ῇ ματτόμεθα μέντοι τἄλφιτα; οἴμοι, τίς ἦν;

79

79

80

οὐκ ἐς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ,
 ἐπιλησμότατον καὶ σκαιότατον γερόντιον;

Στ. οἴμοι, τί οὖν δῆθ' ὁ κακοδαίμων πείσομαι;
ἀπὸ γὰρ ὀλοῦμαι μὴ μαθὼν γλωττοστροφεῖν.
ἀλλ', ὧ Νεφέλαι, χρηστόν τι συμβουλεύσατε.

Χο. ἡμεῖς μέν, ὧ πρεσβῦτα, συμβουλεύομεν,εἴ σοί τις υἱός ἐστιν ἐκτεθραμμένος,πέμπειν ἐκεῖνον ἀντὶ σαυτοῦ μανθάνεω.

ΣΤ. ἀλλ' ἔστ' ἔμοιγ' υίὸς καλός τε κάγαθός:
ἀλλ' οὐκ ἐθέλει γὰρ μανθάνειν, τί ἐγὼ πάθω;

χο. σὺ δ' ἐπιτρέπεις;

Στ. εὐσωματεῖ γὰρ καὶ σφριγᾳ, κἄστ' ἐκ γυναικῶν εὐπτέρων τῶν Κοισύρας. ἀτὰρ μέτειμί γ' αὐτόν ἢν δὲ μὴ θέλῃ, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐκ ἐξελῶ 'κ τῆς οἰκίας. ἀλλ' ἐπανάμεινόν μ' ὀλίγον εἰσελθὼν χρόνον.

Χο. ᾶρ' αἰσθάνει πλεῖστα δι' ἡμᾶς ἀγάθ' αὐτίχ' ἔξων [ἀντ.
μόνας θεῶν; ὡς
ἔτοιμος ὅδ' ἐστὶν ἄπαντα δρᾶν
ὅσ' αν κελεύης.
 σὺ δ' ἀνδρὸς ἐκπεπληγμένου καὶ φανερῶς ἐπηρμένου 81

THE CLOUDS, 782-810

They could not prosecute me were I dead.

so. Nonsense! Be off: I'll try no more to teach you.

sr. Why not? do, please: now, please do, Socrates.

so. Why you forget all that you learn, directly.

Come, say what you learnt first: there's a chance for
you.

sr. Ah! what was first?—Dear me: whatever was it?— Whatever's that we knead the barley in?— Bless us, what was it?

So. Be off, and feed the crows, You most forgetful, most absurd old dolt!

ST. O me! what will become of me, poor wretch!
I'm clean undone: I haven't learnt to speak.—
O gracious Clouds, now do advise me something.

CH. Our counsel, ancient friend, is simply this, To send your son, if you have one at home, And let him learn this wisdom in your stead.

St. Yes! I've a son, quite a fine gentleman: But he won't learn, so what am I to do?

сн. What! is he master?

Well: he's strong and vigorous,
And he's got some of the Coesyra blood ^a within him:
Still I'll go for him, and if he won't come
By all the Gods I'll turn him out of doors.
Go in one moment, I'll be back directly.

сн. Dost thou not see how bounteous we our favours free Will shower on you,

Since whatsoe'er your will prepare This dupe will do.

But now that you have dazzled and

elated so your man,

α γυναικών εὐπτέρων, lit. "high-flying women," "full of soaring notions."

γνούς ἀπολάψεις, ὅ τι πλεῖστον δύνασαι, ταχέως · φιλεῖ γάρ πως τὰ τοιαῦθ' έτέρα τρέπεσθαι.

81

Στ. οὔτοι μὰ τὴν 'Ομίχλην ἔτ' ἐνταυθοῖ μενεῖς· άλλ' ἔσθι' ἐλθών τοὺς Μεγακλέους κίονας.

ὧ δαιμόνιε, τί χρημα πάσχεις, ὧ πάτερ; οὐκ εὖ φρονεῖς μὰ τὸν Δία τὸν 'Ολύμπιον.

Στ. ίδού γ' ίδου Δί' 'Ολύμπιον' τῆς μωρίας τὸν Δία νομίζειν, ὄντα τηλικουτονί.

τί δὲ τοῦτ' ἐγέλασας ἐτεόν;

ένθυμούμενος ΣΤ. ότι παιδάριον εἶ καὶ φρονεῖς ἀρχαιικά. όμως γε μὴν πρόσελθ', ἵν' εἰδῆς πλείονα, καί σοι φράσω πρᾶγμ' ο σὸ μαθὼν ἀνὴρ ἔσει. ὅπως δὲ τοῦτο μὴ διδάξεις μηδένα.

ΦΕΙ. ίδού: τί ἔστιν;

ώμοσας νυνὶ Δία. ΣT.

όρᾶς οὖν ώς ἀγαθὸν τὸ μανθάνειν; ΣT. οὐκ ἔστιν, ὧ Φειδιππίδη, Ζεύς.

ΦEI.

ΣΤ. Δίνος βασιλεύει, τὸν Δί' έξεληλακώς.

ΦΕΙ. αἰβοῖ, τί ληρεῖς;

ἴσθι τοῦθ' οὕτως ἔχον. ΣT.

ΦΕΙ. τίς φησι ταῦτα;

Σωκράτης ὁ Μήλιος ΣΤ. καὶ Χαιρεφῶν, δς οἶδε τὰ ψυλλῶν ἴχνη.

σὺ δ' εἰς τοσοῦτον τῶν μανιῶν ἐλήλυθας ωστ' ἀνδράσιν πείθει χολώσιν;

ΣT. καὶ μηδέν εἴπης φλαῦρον ἄνδρας δεξιούς

THE CLOUDS, 811-834

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

ST.

(θεομάχος, Schol.); cf. B. 1073.

Make haste and seize whate'er you please as quickly as you can, For cases such as these, my friend, are very prone to change and bend. Get out! you shan't stop here: so help me Mist! Be off, and eat up Megacles's columns. How now, my father? what's i' the wind to-day? PII. You're wandering; by Olympian Zeus, you are. Look there! Olympian Zeus! you blockhead you, Come to your age, and yet believe in Zeus! Why prithee, what's the joke? PH. 'Tis so preposterous When babes like you hold antiquated notions. But come and I'll impart a thing or two, A wrinkle, making you a man indeed. But, mind: don't whisper this to any one. Well, what's the matter? PH. Didn't you swear by Zeus? I did. PH. See now, how good a thing is learning. There is no Zeus, Pheidippides. Who then? PH. Why Vortex reigns, and he has turned out Zeus. Oh me, what stuff. PH. Be sure that this is so. Who says so, pray? PH. The Melian ^a—Socrates, And Chaerephon, who knows about the flea-tracks. PH. And are you come to such a pitch of madness As to put faith in brain-struck men?

And don't blaspheme such very dexterous men ^a The reference is to Diagoras the Melian, a notorious sceptic

341

O hush!

καὶ νοῦν ἔχοντας: ὧν ὑπὸ τῆς φειδωλίας ἀπεκείρατ' οὐδεὶς πώποτ' οὐδ' ἡλείψατο οὐδ' εἰς βαλανεῖον ἦλθε λουσόμενος σὐ δὲ ωσπερ τεθνεωτός μου καταλούει τον βίον. άλλ' ώς τάχιστ' έλθων ύπερ έμου μάνθανε. τί δ' ἂν παρ' ἐκείνων καὶ μάθοι χρηστόν τις ἄν; 8 άληθες; ὅσαπερ ἔστ' ἐν ἀνθρώποις σοφά· γνώσει δὲ σαυτὸν ώς ἀμαθὴς εἶ καὶ παχύς. άλλ' ἐπανάμεινόν μ' ὀλίγον ἐνταυθοῖ χρόνον. ΦΕΙ. οἴμοι, τί δράσω παραφρονοῦντος τοῦ πατρός; πότερα παρανοίας αὐτὸν εἰσαγαγών έλω, 8 η τοίς σοροπηγοίς την μανίαν αὐτοῦ φράσω; ΣΤ. φέρ' ἴδω, σὺ τουτονὶ τί νομίζεις; εἰπέ μοι. ΦΕΙ. ἀλεκτρυόνα. καλώς γε. ταυτηνὶ δὲ τί; ΣT. ΦΕΙ. ἀλεκτρυόν'. ἄμφω ταὐτό; καταγέλαστος εί. ΣΤ. μή νυν τὸ λοιπόν, ἀλλὰ τήνδε μὲν καλεῖν άλεκτρύαιναν, τουτονί δ' άλέκτορα. άλεκτρύαιναν; ταθτ' έμαθες τὰ δεξιὰ

εἴσω παρελθὼν ἄρτι παρὰ τοὺς γηγενεῖς; Στ. χἄτερά γε πόλλ' ἀλλ' ὅ τι μάθοιμ' ἐκάστοτε, ἐπελανθανόμην ἂν εὐθὺς ὑπὸ πλήθους ἐτῶν.

ΦΕΙ. διὰ ταῦτα δὴ καὶ θοἰμάτιον ἀπώλεσας;

Στ. άλλ' οὐκ ἀπολώλεκ', άλλὰ καταπεφρόντικα.

ΦΕΙ. τὰς δ' ἐμβάδας ποῖ τέτροφας, ὧνόητε σύ; Στ. ὥσπερ Περικλέης εἰς τὸ δέον ἀπώλεσα.

Στ. ὥσπερ Περικλέης εἰς τὸ δέον ἀπώλεσα.
ἀλλ' ἴθι, βάδιζ', ἴωμεν· εἶτα τῷ πατρὶ
πιθόμενος ἐξάμαρτε· κἀγώ τοί ποτε

^a A son might bring an action to declare his father incapable of managing his affairs; cf. Plato, Laws 928 n, and the case of Iophon, son of Sophocles.

THE CLOUDS, 835-861

And sapient too: men of such frugal habits *They* never shave, nor use your precious ointment, Nor go to baths to clean themselves: but you Have taken *me* for a corpse and cleaned me out. Come, come, make haste, do go and learn for me.

PH. What can one learn from them that is worth knowing?

st. Learn! why, whatever's clever in the world:
And you shall learn how gross and dense you are.
But stop one moment: I'll be back directly.

PH. O me! what must I do with my mad father?
Shall I indict him for his lunacy, a
On tall the undestalors of his symptoms?

Or tell the undertakers of his symptoms?

st. Now then! you see this, don't you? what do you call it?

PH. That? why a fowl.

ST. Good! now then, what is this?

рн. That's a fowl too.

ST. What both! Ridiculous!
Never say that again, but mind you always
Call this a fowless and the other a fowl.

PH. A fowless! These then are the mighty secrets You have picked up amongst those earth-born fellows.

st. And lots besides: but everything I learn I straight forget: I am so old and stupid.

PH. And this is what you have lost your mantle for?

st. It's very absent sometimes b: 'tisn't lost.

PH. And what have you done with your shoes, you dotard you?

sr. Like Pericles, all for the best, I've lost them. Come, come; go with mc: humour me in this, And then do what you like. Ah! I remember

^b καταπεφρόντικα, lit. " I have cogitated it away."

[•] εἰs τὸ δέον, "on the needful," a phrase used by Pericles when called to account for money spent "on secret service."

οἶδ' έξέτει σοι τραυλίσαντι πιθόμενος, ὅν πρῶτον ὀβολὸν ἔλαβον Ἡλιαστικόν, τούτου ἀπριάμην σοι Διασίοις ἁμαξίδα.

ΦΕΙ. ἢ μὴν σὺ τούτοις τῷ χρόνῳ ποτ' ἀχθέσει.

ΣΤ. εὖ γ' ὅτι ἐπείσθης. δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ Σώκρατες, ἔξελθ'· ἄγω γάρ σοι τὸν υίὸν τουτονί, ἄκοντ' ἀναπείσας.

868

870

874

880

88

ΣΩ. νηπύτιος γάρ ἐστ' ἔτι, καὶ τῶν κρεμαθρῶν οὐ τρίβων τῶν ἐνθάδε.

ΦΕΙ. αὐτὸς τρίβων ϵἴης ἄν, ϵἰ κρέμαιό γϵ.

ΣΤ. οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; καταρᾶ σὺ τῷ διδασκάλῳ;

20. ίδου κρέμαι, ώς ηλίθιον ἐφθέγξατο καὶ τοῖσι χείλεσιν διερρυηκόσιν. πῶς ἂν μάθοι ποθ' οὖτος ἀπόφυξιν δίκης ἢ κλῆσιν ἢ χαύνωσιν ἀναπειστηρίαν; καίτοι ταλάντου τοῦτ' ἔμαθεν Ὑπέρβολος.

Στ. ἀμέλει, δίδασκε θυμόσοφός ἐστιν φύσει εὐθύς γέ τοι παιδάριον ὂν τυννουτονὶ ἔπλαττεν ἔνδον οἰκίας, ναῦς τ' ἔγλυφεν, ἁμαξίδας τε σκυτίνας εἰργάζετο, κἀκ τῶν σιδίων βατράχους ἐποίει πῶς δοκεῖς. ὅπως δ' ἐκείνω τὼ λόγω μαθήσεται, τὸν κρείττον', ὅστις ἐστί, καὶ τὸν ἤττονα, ὃς τἄδικα λέγων ἀνατρέπει τὸν κρείττονα ἐὰν δὲ μή, τὸν γοῦν ἄδικον πάση τέχνη.

αὐτὸς μαθήσεται παρ' αὐτοῖν τοῖν λόγοιν,
 ἐγὼ δ' ἀπέσομαι.

ΣΤ. τοῦτό νυν μέμνησ', ὅπως πρὸς πάντα τὰ δίκαι' ἀντιλέγειν δυνήσεται.

344

THE CLOUDS, 862-888

How I to humour you, a coaxing baby, With the first obol which my judgeship fetched me Bought you a go-cart at the great Diasia.^a

PH. The time will come when you'll repent of this.

st. Good boy to obey me. Hallo! Socrates.

Come here; come here; I've brought this son of mine.

Trouble enough, I'll warrant you.

so. Poor infant, Not yet aware of my suspension-wonders.^b

PH. You'd make a wondrous piece of ware, suspended, st. Hey! Hang the lad! Do you abuse the Master?

so. And look, "suthspended!" In what foolish fashion He mouthed the word with pouting lips agape. How can he learn evasion of a suit, Timely citation, damaging replies? Hyperbolus, though, learnt them for a talent.

sr. O never fear! he's very sharp, by nature.
For when he was a little chap, so high,
He used to build small baby-houses, boats,
Go-carts of leather, darling little frogs
Carved from pomegranates, you can't think how
nicely!

So now, I prithee, teach him both your Logics, The Better, as you call it, and the Worse Which with the worse cause can defeat the Better; Or if not both, at all events the Worse.

so. Aye, with his own ears he shall hear them argue.

I shan't be there.

ST. But please remember this,
Give him the knack of reasoning down all Justice.

a Cf. 408 n.

^b Lit. "not versed in (the mysteries of) our baskets"; but 870 $\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu$ is "a worn-out cloak" which Socrates would look like if hung upon a peg. For his wearing a $\tau \rho i \beta \omega \nu$ cf. Plato, Symp. 219 B.

ΔIK	ΑΙΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ. χώρει δευρί, δεῖξον σαυτὸν	
	τοῖσι θεαταῖς, καίπερ θρασὺς ὤν.	890
ΑΔΙΚ	κοΣ Λ. '΄ ἴθ' ὅποι χρήζεις.'' πολὺ γὰρ μᾶλλόν σ'	
	έν τοις πολλοίσι λέγων ἀπολώ.	
ΔΙ.	ἀπολεῖς σύ; τίς ὤν;	
Δ1. AΔ.	λόγος.	
ΔΙ.	ήττων γ' ὤν.	
ΑΔ.	άλλά σε νικῶ, τὸν ἐμοῦ κρείττω	
	φάσκοντ' είναι.	
ΔΙ.	τί σοφὸν ποιῶν;	898
$A\Delta$.	γνώμας καινάς έξευρίσκων.	
ΔI.	ταθτα γὰρ ἀνθεῖ διὰ τουτουσὶ	
	τοὺς ἀνοήτους.	
$A\Delta$.	οὔκ, ἀλλά σοφούς.	
ΔI.	ἀπολῶ σε κακῶς.	
$A\Delta$.	εἰπέ, τί ποιῶν;	
ΔI .	τὰ δίκαια λέγων.	
A Δ .	άλλ' ἀνατρέψω γ' αὔτ' ἀντιλέγων·	900
	οὐδὲ γὰρ εἶναι πάνυ φημὶ δίκην.	
ΔI.	οὐκ εἶναι φής;	
AΔ.	φέρε γάρ, ποῦ 'στιν;	
ΔI.	παρὰ τοῖσι θεοῖς.	
A Δ .	πῶς δῆτα δίκης οὔσης ὁ Ζεὺς	-01
	οὐκ ἀπόλωλεν τὸν πατέρ' αύτοῦ	908
	δήσας;	
ΔI.	αἰβοῖ, τουτὶ καὶ δὴ	
	χωρεῖ τὸ κακόν δότε μοι λεκάνην.	
	τυφογέρων εἶ κἀνάρμοστος.	
	καταπύγων εἶ κἀναίσχυντος.	
AΔ.	ρόδα μ' εἴρηκας.	

 $[^]a$ From the Telephus of Euripides, îh' öpol concession où à 46 $^{\circ}$

THE CLOUDS, 889-910

RIGHT LOGIC. Come show yourself now

with your confident brow.

—To the stage, if you dare!

WRONG LOGIC. "Lead on where you please:" a

I shall smash you with ease,

If an audience be there.

R.L. You'll smash me, you say! And who are you, pray? W.L. A Logic, like you.

R.L. But the Worst of the two.

w.L. Yet you I can drub whom my Better they dub.

R.L. By what artifice taught?

W.L. By original thought.

R.L. Aye, truly your trade so successful is made. By means of these noodles of ours, I'm afraid.

w.L. Not noodles, but wise.

R.L. I'll smash you and your lies!

w.L. By what method, for sooth?

By speaking the Truth.

w.L. Your words I will meet, and entirely defeat:
There never was Justice or Truth, I repeat.

R.L. No Justice! you say?

W.L. Well, where does it stay?

R.L. With the Gods in the air.

W.L. If Justice be there,
How comes it that Zeus could his father reduce,
Yet live with their Godships unpunished and loose?
R.L. Ugh! Ugh! These evils come thick,

I feel awfully sick,

A bason, quick, quick!

w.L. You're a useless old drone with one foot in the grave!

R.I.f. You're a shameless, unprincipled, dissolute knave!

w.L. Hey! a rosy festoon.

ολοῦμαι | τῆς σῆς Ἑλένης οὕνεκα, where Agamemnon is quarrelling with Menelaus.

347

ΔΙ.	καὶ βωμολόχος.	910
Δ Δ.	κρίνεσι στεφανοις.	
ΔΙ.	καὶ πατραλοίας.	
ΑΔ.	χρυσῷ πάττων μ' οὐ γιγνώσκεις.	
ΔΙ.	οὐ δῆτα πρὸ τοῦ γ', ἀλλὰ μολύβδω.	
ΑΔ.	νῦν δέ γε κόσμος τοῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐμοί.	
ΔΙ.	θρασὺς εἶ πολλοῦ.	
$A\Delta$.	σὺ δέ γ' ἀρχαῖος.	915
ΔΙ.	διὰ σὲ δὲ φοιτᾶν	
	οὐδεὶς ἐθέλει τῶν μειρακίων·	
	καὶ γνωσθήσει ποτ' 'Αθηναίοις	
	οία διδάσκεις τοὺς ἀνοήτους.	
АΔ.	αὐχμεῖς αἰσχρῶς.	
ΔΙ.	σὺ δέ γ' εὖ πράττεις.	920
	καίτοι πρότερόν γ' ἐπτώχευες,	
	Τήλεφος είναι Μυσός φάσκων,	
	έκ πηριδίου	
	γνώμας τρώγων Πανδελετείους.	
АΔ.	v 1/ 2 1 / 0	925
ΔI .	ώμοι μανίας της σης, πόλεώς θ',	
	ησις σε τρέφει	
	λυμαινόμενον τοις μειρακίοις.	
АΔ.	οὐχὶ διδάξεις τοῦτον Κρόνος ἄν.	
ΔΙ.	εἴπερ γ' αὐτὸν σωθῆναι χρὴ	930
	καὶ μὴ λαλιὰν μόνον ἀσκῆσαι.	
АΔ.	δεθρ' ἴθι, τοθτον δ' ἔα μαίνεσθαι.	
ΔI.	κλαύσει, τὴν χεῖρ' ἢν ἐπιβάλλης.	
xo.		
	$\dot{a}\lambda\lambda$ ' $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{\iota}\delta\epsilon\dot{\iota}\xi\dot{a}\dot{\iota}$	
	σύ τε τοὺς προτέρους ἄττ' ἐδίδασκε ς,	935

THE CLOUDS, 910-935

R.L. And a vulgar buffoon!

w.L. What! Lilies from you?

R.L. And a parricide too!

w.L. 'Tis with gold (you don't know it) you sprinkle my head.

R.L. O gold is it now? but it used to be lead!

w.L. But now it's a grace and a glory instead.

R.L. You're a little too bold.

W.L. You're a good deal too old.

R.L. 'Tis through you I well know not a stripling will go To attend to the rules which are taught in the Schools; But Athens one day shall be up to the fools.

w.L. How squalid your dress!

R.L. Yours is fine, I confess.

Yet of old, I declare, but a pauper you were; And passed yourself off, our compassion to draw As a Telephus, (Euripidéan)

Well pleased from a beggarly wallet to gnaw At inanities Pandeletéan.

w.L. O me! for the wisdom you've mentioned in jest!

R.L. O me! for the folly of you, and the rest

Who you to destroy their children employ!

W.L. Him you never shall teach: you are quite out of date.

R.L. If not, he'll be lost, as he'll find to his cost:

Taught nothing by you but to chatter and prate.

w.L. He raves, as you see: let him be, let him be.

R.L. Touch him if you dare! I bid you beware.

ch. Forbear, forbear to wrangle and scold!

Each of you show

You what you taught their fathers of old,

^a Telephus in Euripides was introduced as a beggar and so carries a wallet, but here instead of scraps of food he is supposed to have in it sayings which Euripides stole from the scoundrel Pandeletus (συκοφάντης ἣν καὶ φιλόδικος Schol.).

	σύ τε τὴν καινὴν	
	παίδευσιν, ὅπως ἂν ἀκούσας σφῷν	
	άντιλεγόντοιν κρίνας φοιτά.	
ΔΙ.	$\delta ho \hat{a} \nu au \hat{a} \hat{v} \hat{\tau}^{2} \hat{\epsilon} \theta \hat{\epsilon} \hat{\lambda} \omega$.	
AΔ.	κάγωγ' ἐθέλω.	
XO.	φέρε δὴ πότερος λέξει πρότερος;	940
АΔ.	τούτω δώσω:	
	κἆτ' ἐκ τούτων ὧν ἂν λέξη	
	ρηματίοισιν καινοῖς αὐτὸν	
	καὶ διανοίαις κατατοξεύσω.	
	τὸ τελευταῖον δ', ἢν ἀναγρύζη,	
	τὸ πρόσωπον ἄπαν καὶ τῶφθαλμῶ	945
	κεντούμενος ὤσπερ ὑπ' ἀνθρηνῶν	
	ύπὸ τῶν γνωμῶν ἀπολεῖται.	
xo.	νθν δείξετον τω πισύνω τοις περιδεξίοισι [στρ.	
1101	λόγοισι καὶ φροντίσι καὶ γνωμοτύποις μερίμναις,	
	λέγων ἀμείνων πότερος φανήσεται. νθν γαρ ἄπας	
	ενθάδε κίνδυνος ἀνεῖται σοφίας,	955
	ης πέρι τοις έμοις φίλοις έστιν άγων μέγιστος.	000
	άλλ' ὧ πολλοι̂ς τοὺς πρεσβυτέρους ἤθεσι χρηστοι̂ς	
	στεφανώσας,	
	ρηξον, φωνην ήτινι χαίρεις, καὶ την σαυτοῦ φύσιν	000
	$\epsilon i\pi \dot{\epsilon}$.	960
ΔΙ.	λέξω τοίνυν την ἀρχαίαν παιδείαν, ώς διέκειτο,	
	οτ' εγώ τὰ δίκαια λέγων ἤνθουν καὶ σωφροσύνη	
	νενόμιστο.	
	πρώτον μεν έδει παιδός φωνήν γρύξαντος μηδέν	
	άκοθσαι.	
	εἶτα βαδίζειν ἐν ταῖσιν όδοῖς εὐτάκτως εἰς κιθα-	
	ριστοῦ	
	τοὺς κωμήτας γυμνοὺς ἀθρόους, κεὶ κριμνώδη	
	κατανίφοι.	965
3 50		

THE CLOUDS, 936-965

W.L.

CH.

CH.

You let us know Your system untried, that hearing each side From the lips of the Rivals the youth may decide To which of your schools he will go. This then will I do. R.L. And so will I too. And who will put in his claim to begin? w.L. If he wishes, he may: I kindly give way: And out of his argument quickly will I Draw facts and devices to fledge the reply Wherewith I will shoot him and smite and refute him. And at last if a word from his mouth shall be heard My sayings like fierce savage hornets shall pierce His forehead and eyes, Till in fear and distraction he yields and he—dies! With thoughts and words and maxims pondered well Now then in confidence let both begin: Try which his rival can in speech excel: Try which this perilous wordy war can win, Which all my votaries' hopes are fondly centred in. O Thou who wert born our sires to adorn with characters blameless and fair, Say on what you please, say on and to these vour glorious Nature declare. R.L. To hear then prepare of the Discipline rare which flourished in Athens of yore When Honour and Truth were in fashion with youth and Sobriety bloomed on our shore; First of all the old rule was preserved in our school that "boys should be seen and not heard:" And then to the home of the Harpist would come décorous in action and word All the lads of one town, though the snow peppered down,

in spite of all wind and all weather:

εἶτ' αὖ προμαθεῖν ἆσμ' ἐδίδασκεν, τὼ μηρὼ μὴ ξυνέχοντας,

η '' Παλλάδα περσέπολιν δεινάν,'' η '' Τηλέπορόν τι

βόαμα,''

έντειναμένους τὴν ἁρμονίαν, ἣν οἱ πατέρες παρέδωκαν. εἰ δέ τις αὐτῶν βωμολοχεύσαιτ' ἢ κάμψειέν τινα καμπήν, οἴας οἱ νῦν τὰς κατὰ Φρῦνιν ταύτας τὰς δυσκολοκάμπτους,

έπετρίβετο τυπτόμενος πολλὰς ώς τὰς Μούσας ἀφανίζων. ἐν παιδοτρίβου δὲ καθίζοντας τὸν μηρὸν ἔδει προβαλέσθαι

τοὺς παίδας, ὅπως τοῖς ἔξωθεν μηδὲν δείξειαν ἀπηνές: εἶτ' αὖ πάλιν αὖθις ἀνιστάμενον συμψῆσαι, καὶ προνοεῖσθαι

εἴδωλον τοῖσιν ἐρασταῖσιν τῆς ἥβης μὴ καταλείπειν. ἠλείψατο δ' ἂν τοὐμφαλοῦ οὐδεὶς παῖς ὑπένερθεν τότ' ἄν, ὥστε

τοῖς αἰδοίοισι δρόσος καὶ χνοῦς ὥσπερ μήλοισιν ἐπήνθει· οὐδ' ἂν μαλακὴν φυρασάμενος τὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τὸν ἐραστὴν

αὐτὸς ἐαυτὸν προαγωγεύων τοῖς ὀφθαλμοῖς ἐβάδιζεν, 9 οὐδ' ἂν ἐλέσθαι δειπνοῦντ' ἐξῆν κεφάλαιον τῆς ῥαφανίδος, οὐδ' ἄννηθον τῶν πρεσβυτέρων ἀρπάζειν οὐδὲ σέλινον, οὐδ' ὀψοφαγεῖν, οὐδὲ κιχλίζειν, οὐδ' ἴσχειν τὼ πόδ' ἐναλλάξ.

^a ἐντειναμένους τ. ά., "strenuously raising the air or tune." The phrase "involves the idea of stretching out so as to keep the 352

THE CLOUDS, 966-983

And they sang an old song as they paced it along, not shambling with thighs glued together: O the dread shout of War how it peals from afar," or " Pallas the Stormer adore," To some manly old air all simple and bare a which their fathers had chanted before. And should anyone dare the tune to impair and with intrieate twistings to fill, Such as Phrynis is fain, and his long-winded train, perversely to quaver and trill, Many stripes would he feel in return for his zeal, as to genuine Music a foe. And every one's thigh was forward and high as they sat to be drilled in a row, So that nothing the while indecent or vile the eye of a stranger might meet; And then with their hand they would smooth down the sand whenever they rose from their seat, To leave not a trace of themselves in the place for a vigilant lover to view. They never would soil their persons with oil but were inartificial and true. Nor tempered their throat to a soft mineing note and sighs to their lovers addressed: Nor laid themselves out, as they strutted about, to the wanton desires of the rest: Nor would anyone dare such stimulant fare as the head of the radish to wish: Nor to make over bold with the food of the old, the anise, and parsley, and fish: Nor dainties to quaff, nor giggle and laugh,

the next line": R.

nor foot within foot to enfold.

ΑΔ. ἀρχαῖά γε καὶ Διπολιώδη καὶ τεττίγων ἀνάμεστα,
 καὶ Κηκείδου καὶ Βουφονίων.

Δ1. ἀλλ' οὖν ταῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐκεῖνα, 9. ἐξ ὧν ἄνδρας Μαραθωνομάχους ἡμὴ παίδευσις ἔθρεψεν.

σὺ δὲ τοὺς νῦν εὐθὺς ἐν ἱματίοισι διδάσκεις

*ἐντετυλί*χθαι·

ώστε μ' ἀπάγχεσθ', ὅταν ὀρχεῖσθαι Παναθηναίοις δέον αὐτοὺς

τὴν ἀσπίδα τῆς κωλῆς προέχων ἀμελῆ τῆς Τριτογενείας.

1 ριτογενειας. πρὸς ταῦτ', ὧ μειράκιον, θαρρῶν ἐμὲ τὸν κρείττω λόγον αἷροῦ·

κἀπιστήσει μισεῖν ἀγορὰν καὶ βαλανείων ἀπέχεσθαι καὶ τοῖς αἰσχροῖς αἰσχύνεσθαι, κἂν σκώπτη τίς σε, φλέγεσθαι

καὶ τῶν θάκων τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις ὑπανίστασθαι προσιοῦσιν.

καὶ μὴ περὶ τοὺς σαυτοῦ γονέας σκαιουργεῖν, ἄλλο τε μηδὲν

αἰσχρὸν ποιεῖν, ὅτι τῆς Αἰδοῦς μέλλεις τἄγαλμ' ἀναπλάττειν·

μηδ' εἰς ὀρχηστρίδος εἰσάττειν, ἴνα μὴ πρὸς ταῦτα κεχηνώς,

μήλω βληθείς ὑπὸ πορνιδίου, τῆς εὐκλείας ἀποθραυσθῆς·

μηδ' ἀντειπεῖν τῷ πατρὶ μηδέν, μηδ' Ἰαπετὸν καλέσαντα

^a The $\Delta \iota \pi \delta \lambda \epsilon \iota \alpha$ was a festival of great antiquity, at which the slaughter of a steer ($\beta \circ \nu \phi \delta \nu \iota \alpha$) was a distinguishing ceremony. For the $\tau \epsilon \tau \tau \iota \tau \tau \xi$ see K. 1331. Ceceides, says the Scholiast, was διθυράμβων ποιητής πάνυ ἀρχαῖος.

THE CLOUDS, 984-998

w.L. Faugh! this smells very strong of some must yold song, a and Chirrupers mounted in gold; And Slaughter of beasts, and old-fashioned feasts. Yet these are the precepts which taught R.L. The heroes of old to be hardy and bold. and the Men who at Marathon fought! But now must the lad from his boyhood be clad in a Man's all-enveloping cloak: So that, oft as the Panathenaea returns, I feel myself ready to choke When the dancers go by with their shields to their not caring for Pallas a jot. thigh, You therefore, young man, choose me while you can; cast in with my Method your lot; And then you shall learn the forum to spurn, and from dissolute baths to abstain, And fashions impure and shameful abjure, and scorners repel with disdain: And rise from your chair if an elder be there, and respectfully give him your place, And with love and with fear your parents revere, and shrink from the brand of Disgrace, And deep in your breast be the Image impressed of Modesty, simple and true, Nor resort any more to a dancing-girl's door, nor glance at the harlotry crew, Lest at length by the blow of the Apple they throw of from the hopes of your Manhood you fall. Nor dare to reply when your Father is nigh, nor "musty old Japhet" to eall

A regular form of love-challenge; cf. Virg. Ecl. iii. 64.

b i.e. he is not hardy enough to go without it; the reverse of γυμνούς 965. So too in 989 even when dancing in armour the modern youth cover up any exposed part with their shields.

АΔ.	μνησικακησαι την ηλικίαν, έξ ης ένεοττοτροφήθης. εἰ ταῦτ, ὧ μειράκιον, πείσει τούτῳ, νη τον	
	Διόνυσον 10	o
	τοῖς Ἱπποκράτους υἱέσιν εἴξεις, καί σε καλοῦσι	•
ΔΙ.	βλιτομάμμαν. ἀλλ' οὖν λιπαρός γε καὶ εὐανθὴς ἐν γυμνασίοις	
۵.,	διατρίψεις,	
	οὐ στωμύλλων κατὰ τὴν ἀγορὰν τριβολεκτράπελ',	
	οἷάπερ οἱ νῦν,	
	οὐδ' έλκόμενος περί πραγματίου γλισχραντιλογεξ-	
	επιτρίπτου:	
	άλλ' είς 'Ακαδήμειαν κατιών ύπο ταῖς μορίαις	
	$\dot{a}\pi o \theta \rho \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \dot{\epsilon} \iota$ 10	0
	στεφανωσάμενος καλάμω λευκῷ μετὰ σώφρονος	
	ήλικιώτου,	
	μίλακος ὄζων καὶ ἀπραγμοσύνης καὶ λεύκης	
	φυλλοβολούσης,	
	ήρος εν ώρα χαίρων, δπόταν πλάτανος πτελέα	
	ψιθυρίζη.	
	ἢν ταῦτα ποιῆς ἁγὼ φράζω,	
	καὶ πρὸς τούτοις προσέχης τὸν νοῦν, 10	1(
	έξεις ἀεὶ στῆθος λιπαρόν,	
	χροιὰν λαμπράν, ὤμους μεγάλους,	
	γλῶτταν βαιάν, πυγὴν μεγάλην,	
	π όσ θ ην μικράν.	
	ην δ' ἄπερ οἱ νῦν ἐπιτηδεύης, 10	18
	πρῶτα μὲν εξεις χροιὰν ἀχράν,	
	ώμους μικρούς, στηθος λεπτόν,	
	γλῶτταν μεγάλην, πυγὴν μικράν,	

a Lit. "sons" but νίέσω is to be read as ύσίν, and the Scholiast says they were ὑώδεις τωνèς καὶ ἀπαίδεντοι. Hippocrates 356

THE CLOUDS, 999–1018

In your malice and rage that Sacred Old Age which lovingly cherished your youth. W.L. Yes, yes, my young friend, if to him you attend, by Bacchus I swear of a truth You will scarce with the sty a of Hippocrates vie, as a mammy-suck known even there! R.L. But then you'll excel in the games you love well, all blooming, athletic and fair: Not learning to prate as your idlers debate with marvellous prickly dispute, Nor dragged into Court day by day to make sport in some small disagreeable suit: But you will below to the Academe b go, and under the olives contend With your chaplet of reed, in a contest of speed with some excellent rival and friend: All fragrant with woodbine and peaceful content, and the leaf which the lime blossoms fling, When the plane whispers love to the elm in the grove in the beautiful season of Spring. If then you'll obey and do what I say, And follow with me the more excellent way, Your chest shall be white, your skin shall be bright, Your arms shall be tight, your tongue shall be slight, And everything else shall be proper and right. But if you pursue what men nowadays do, You will have, to begin, a cold pallid skin, Arms small and chest weak, tongue practised to speak,

is generally identified with an Athenian general who was slain in the battle of Delium.

^b Three-quarters of a mile N.W. of Athens; identified later

with the school of Plato.

κωλην μεγάλην, ψήφισμα μακρόν, καί σ' άναπείσει τὸ μὲν αἰσχρὸν ἄπαν καλὸν ἡγεῖσθαι, τὸ καλὸν δ' αἰσχρόν· καὶ πρὸς τούτοις τῆς 'Αντιμάχου καταπυγοσύνης σ' ἀναπλήσει.

1020

Χο. ὧ καλλίπυργον σοφίαν κλεινοτάτην ἐπασκῶν, [ἀντ. ώς ἡδύ σου τοῖσι λόγοις σῶφρον ἔπεστιν ἄνθος.
 εὐδαίμονες δ' ἦσαν ἄρ' οἱ ζῶντες ὅτ' ἦς τῶν προτέρων.

πρὸς οὖν τάδ', ὧ κομψοπρεπῆ μοῦσαν ἔχων, 1030 δεῖ σε λέγειν τι καινόν, ὡς εὐδοκίμηκεν ἀνήρ. δεινῶν δέ σοι βουλευμάτων ἔοικε δεῖν πρὸς αὐτόν, εἴπερ τὸν ἄνδρ' ὑπερβαλεῖ καὶ μὴ γέλωτ' ὀφλήσεις. 1035

καὶ μὴν ἔγωγ' ἐπνιγόμην τὰ σπλάγχνα, κἀπεθύμουν ἄπαντα ταῦτ' ἐναντίαις γνώμαισι συνταράξαι. ἐγὼ γὰρ ἥττων μὲν λόγος δι' αὐτὸ τοῦτ' ἐκλήθην ἐν τοῦσι φροντισταῖσιν, ὅτι πρώτιστος ἐπενόησα τοῦσιν νόμοις καὶ ταῖς δίκαις τἀναντί' ἀντιλέξαι. 1040 καὶ τοῦτο πλεῖν ἢ μυρίων ἔστ' ἄξιον στατήρων, αἱρούμενον τοὺς ἥττονας λόγους ἔπειτα νικᾶν.

^a Some unknown effeminate.

THE CLOUDS, 1019-1042

CH.

Special laws very long, and the symptoms all strong Which show that your life is licentious and wrong. And your mind he'll prepare so that foul to be fair And fair to be foul you shall always declare; And you'll find yourself soon, if you listen to him, With the filth of Antimachus a filled to the brim! O glorious Sage! with loveliest Wisdom teeming! Swect on thy words does ancient Virtue rest! Thrice happy they who watched thy Youth's bright beaming! Thou of the vaunted genius, do thy best; This man has gained applause: His Wisdom stands confessed. And you with clever words and thoughts must needs your case adorn Else he will surely win the day, and you retreat with scorn. w.L. Aye, say you so? why I have been half-burst; I do so long To overthrow his arguments with arguments more strong. I am the Lesser Logic? True: these Schoolmen call me so, Simply because I was the first of all mankind to show How old established rules and laws might contradicted be: And this, as you may guess, is worth a thousand pounds to me,

To take the feebler cause, and yet

to win the disputation.

σκέψαι δὲ τὴν παίδευσιν ἢ πέποιθεν ὡς ἐλέγξω· ὅστις σε θερμῷ φησι λοῦσθαι πρῶτον οὐκ ἐάσειν. καίτοι τίνα γνώμην ἔχων ψέγεις τὰ θερμὰ λουτρά; 10

Δι. ότιὴ κάκιστόν ἐστι καὶ δειλὸν ποιεῖ τὸν ἄνδρα.

ΑΔ. ἐπίσχες · εὐθὺς γάρ σε μέσον ἔχω λαβὼν ἄφυκτον.
 καί μοι φράσον, τῶν τοῦ Διὸς παίδων " τίν' ἄνδρ'
 ἄριστον "

ψυχὴν νομίζεις, εἰπέ, καὶ πλείστους πόνους πονῆσαι;

ΔΙ. ἐγὼ μὲν οὐδέν' 'Ηρακλέους βελτίον' ἄνδρα κρίνω. 10

ΑΔ. ποῦ ψυχρὰ δῆτα πώποτ' εἶδες 'Ηράκλεια λουτρά;καίτοι τίς ἀνδρειότερος ἦν;

Δ1. ταῦτ' ἐστὶ ταῦτ' ἐκεῖνα, ἃ τῶν νεανίσκων ἀεὶ δι' ἡμέρας λαλούντων πλῆρες τὸ βαλανεῖον ποιεῖ, κενὰς δὲ τὰς παλαίστρας.

ΑΔ. εἶτ' ἐν ἀγορῷ τὴν διατριβὴν ψέγεις, ἐγὼ δ' ἐπαινῶ. 10 εἰ γὰρ πονηρὸν ἦν, "Ομηρος οὐδέποτ' ἂν ἐποίει τὸν Νέστορ' ἀγορητὴν ἂν οὐδὲ τοὺς σοφοὺς ἄπαντας.

ἄνειμι δητ' ἐντεῦθεν εἰς τὴν γλῶτταν, ῆν όδὶ μὲν οὔ φησι χρῆναι τοὺς νέους ἀσκεῖν, ἐγὼ δὲ φημί.

a "Athena made warm baths spring at Thermopylae for Heracles when very weary": Schol.
 b He is λιγψs Πυλίων ἀγορητήs, Π. i. 248, iv. 293.

THE CLOUDS, 1043-1059

	And mark me now, how I'll confute
	his boasted Education!
	You said that always from warm baths
	the stripling must abstain :
	Why must he? on what grounds do you
	of these warm baths complain?
R.L.	Why, it's the worst thing possible,
	it quite unstrings a man.
w.L.	Hold there: I've got you round the waist:
	escape me if you can.
	And first: of all the sons of Zeus
	which think you was the best?
	Which was the manliest? which endured
	more toils than all the rest?
R.L.	Well, I suppose that Heracles
	was bravest and most bold.
w.L.	And are the baths of Heracles
	so wonderfully cold? a
	Aha! you blame warm baths, I think.
R.L.	This, this is what they say:
	This is the stuff our precious youths
	are chattering all the day!
	This is what makes them haunt the baths,
	and shun the manlier Games!
W.L.	Well then, we'll take the Forum next:
	I praise it, and he blames.
	But if it was so bad, do you think
	old Homer would have made
	Nestor b and all his worthies ply
	a real forensie trade?
	Well: then he says a stripling's tongue
	should always idle be:
	I say it should be used of course:
	so there we disagree.
	361

καὶ σωφρονεῖν αὖ φησὶ χρῆναι· δύο κακὼ μεγίστω. 1060 έπεὶ σὺ διὰ τὸ σωφρονεῖν τῷ πώποτ' εἶδες ἤδη άγαθόν τι γενόμενον, φράσον, καί μ' έξέλεγξον είπών.

Δι. πολλοῖς. ὁ γοῦν Πηλεὺς ἔλαβε διὰ τοῦτο τὴν μάχαιραν.

ΑΔ. μάχαιραν; ἀστεῖόν γε κέρδος ἔλαβεν ὁ κακοδαίμων. Υπέρβολος δ' ούκ τῶν λύχνων πλεῖν ἢ τάλαντα πολλά

εἴληφε διὰ πονηρίαν, ἀλλ' οὐ μὰ Δί' οὐ μάχαιραν.

1065

καὶ τὴν Θέτιν γ' ἔγημε διὰ τὸ σωφρονεῖν ὁ Πηλεύς.

κάτ' ἀπολιποῦσά γ' αὐτὸν ὤχετ' : οὐ γὰρ ἦν ὑβριστής АΔ. οὐδ' ήδὺς ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν τὴν νύκτα παννυχίζειν γυνή δὲ σιναμωρουμένη χαίρει σὺ δ' εἶ κρόνιππος. 1070 σκέψαι γάρ, ὧ μειράκιον, ἐν τῶ σωφρονεῖν ἄπαντα ανεστιν, ήδονων θ' όσων μέλλεις αποστερείσθαι, παίδων, γυναικών, κοττάβων, ὄψων, πότων, κιχλισμῶν.

καίτοι τί σοι ζην ἄξιον, τούτων ἐὰν στερηθης; εἷεν. πάρειμ' ἐντεῦθεν ἐς τὰς τῆς φύσεως ἀνάγκας. 1075 ημαρτες, ηράσθης, εμοίχευσάς τι, κάτ ελήφθης. άπόλωλας · άδύνατος γὰρ εἶ λέγειν. ἐμοὶ δ' ὁμιλῶν,

^a Given to him by the gods when made an outcast because of his rejecting the advances of the wife of Aeastus; cf. Hor. Od. iii. 7. 17.

THE CLOUDS, 1060-1077

And next he says you must be chaste. A most preposterous plan! Come, tell me did you ever know one single blessed man Gain the least good by chastity? come, prove I'm wrong: make haste. Yes, many, many! Peleus gained a sword a by being chaste. w.L. A sword indeed! a wondrous meed the unlucky fool obtained. Hyperbolus the Lamp-maker hath many a talent gained By knavish tricks which I have taught: but not a sword, no, no! Then Peleus did to his chaste life the bed of Thetis owe. w.L. And then she cut and ran away! for nothing so engages A woman's heart as forward warmth, old shred of those dark Ages! For take this chastity, young man: sift it inside and out: Count all the pleasures, all the joys, it bids you live without: No kind of dames, no kind of games, no laughing, feasting, drinking,-Why, life itself is little worth without these joys, I'm thinking. Well, I must notice now the wants by Nature's self implanted: You love, seduce, you can't help that, you're caught, convicted. Granted. You're done for; you can't say one word: while if you follow me

	χρῶ τῆ φύσει, σκίρτα, γέλα, νόμιζε μηδὲν αἰσχρόν.	
	μοιχός γὰρ ἢν τύχης άλούς, τάδ' ἀντερεῖς πρὸς	
	αὐτόν,	
	ώς οὐδὲν ἠδίκηκας· εἶτ' εἰς τὸν Δί' ἐπανενεγκεῖν,	10
	κάκείνος ώς ήττων έρωτός έστι καὶ γυναικών	
A T	καίτοι σὺ θνητὸς ὢν θεοῦ πῶς μεῖζον ἂν δύναιο;	
ΔΙ.	τί δ' ην ραφανιδωθη πιθόμενός σοι τέφρα τε τιλθη;	
4.4	έξει τινὰ γνώμην λέγειν, τὸ μὴ εὐρύπρωκτος εἶναι;	
ΑΔ .		10
ΔΙ.	τί μὲν οὖν ἂν ἔτι μεῖζον πάθοι τούτου ποτέ;	
ΑΔ .	τί δητ' ἐρεῖς, ην τοῦτο νικηθης ἐμοῦ;	
ΔΙ.	σιγήσομαι. τί δ' ἄλλο;	
AΔ.	, φέρε δή μοι φράσον•	
	συνηγοροῦσιν ἐκ τίνων;	
ΔΙ.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
AΔ.		10
	τί δαί; τραγωδοῦσ' ἐκ τίνων;	
ΔΙ.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
АΔ.	εὖ λέγεις.	
	δημηγοροῦσι δ' ἐκ τίνων;	
ΔI.	έξ εὐρυπρώκτων.	
ΑΔ.	$\hat{a} ho a \delta \hat{\eta} au^{*}$	
		109
	καὶ τῶν θεατῶν ὁπότεροι	
	πλείους σκόπει.	
ΔI.	καὶ δὴ σκο $\pi \hat{\omega}$.	
AΔ.	$ au i \delta \hat{\eta} heta^{\prime} \delta ho \hat{q}_S;$	

^a Punishments of those taken in adultery: ραφανίδας λαμβάνοντες καθίεσαν είς τοὺς πρωκτοὺς αὐτῶν, και παρατίλλοντες αὐτοὺς τέφραν θ ερμὴν ἐπέπασσον: Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 1078-1098

Indulge your genius, laugh and quaff, hold nothing base to be. Why if you're in adultery caught, your pleas will still be ample: You've done no wrong, you'll say, and then bring Zeus as your example. He fell before the wondrous powers by Love and Beauty wielded: And how can you, the Mortal, stand, where He, the Immortal, yielded? Ave, but suppose in spite of all, he must be wedged and sanded.a Won't he be probed, or else can you prevent it? now be candid. And what's the damage if it should be so? What greater damage can the young man know? What will you do, if this dispute I win? I'll be for ever silent. Good, begin. The Counsellor: from whence comes he? From probed adulterers. I agree. The Tragic Poets: whence are they? From probed adulterers. So I say. The Orators: what class of men? All probed adulterers. Right again. You feel your error, I'll engage, But look once more around the stage, Survey the audience, which they be, Probed or not Probed. I see, I see. Well, give your verdict.

R.L.

W.L.

R.L.

W.L.

R.L.

W.L.

R.L. W.L.

R.L.

W.L.

R.L. W.L.

R.L.

W.L.

11

11

ΔΙ. πολύ πλείονας, νη τούς θεούς, τούς εὐρυπρώκτους· τουτονὶ γοῦν οἶδ' ἐγὼ κἀκεινονὶ καὶ τὸν κομήτην τουτονί.

ΑΔ. τί δητ' ἐρεῖς;

Δ1. ήττήμεθ', ὧ κινούμενοι, πρὸς τῶν θεῶν δέξασθέ μο**υ** θοἰμάτιον, ὡς ἐξαυτομολῶ πρὸς ὑμᾶς.

 τί δητα; πότερα τοῦτον ἀπάγεσθαι λαβὼν βούλει τὸν υίόν, ἢ διδάσκω σοι λέγειν;

ΣΤ. δίδασκε καὶ κόλαζε, καὶ μέμνησ' ὅπως εὖ μοι στομώσεις αὐτόν, ἐπὶ μὲν θἄτερα οἴαν δικιδίοις, τὴν δ' ἐτέραν αὐτοῦ γνάθον στόμωσον οἴαν ἐς τὰ μείζω πράγματα.

ΣΩ. ἀμέλει, κομιεῖ τοῦτον σοφιστὴν δεξιόν.

ΣΤ. ώχρον μέν οὖν ἔγωγε καὶ κακοδαίμονα.

^a The two Logics go out, and enter Socrates from the Phrontisterium and Strepsiades from his own house to see how his son's education has been progressing. During the interval of the Chorus (1114–1130) that education is supposed to be completing. 366

THE CLOUDS, 1098-1121

For probed adulterers: him I know,
And him, and him: the Probed are most.

w.L. How stand we then?

R.L. I own, I've lost.
O Cinaeds, Cinaeds, take my robe!
Your words have won, to you I run
To live and die with glorious Probe!

- so. Well, what do you want? to take away your son At once, or shall I teach him how to speak?
- st. Teach him, and flog him, and be sure you well
 Sharpen his mother wit, grind the one edge
 Fit for my little law-suits, and the other,
 Why, make that serve for more important matters.

so. Oh, never fear! He'll make a splendid sophist.

sr. Well, well, I hope he'll be a poor pale raseal.

сн. Go: but in us the thought is strong,

you will repent of this ere long.

Now we wish to tell the Judges

all the blessings they shall gain

If, as Justice plainly warrants,

we the worthy prize obtain.

First, whenever in the Season

ye would fain your fields renew,

All the world shall wait expectant

till we've poured our rain on you:

Then of all your crops and vineyards

we will take the utmost care

So that neither drought oppress them,

nor the heavy rain impair.

But if anyone amongst you

dare to treat our claims with scorn,

προσεχέτω τὸν νοῦν, πρὸς ἡμῶν οἶα πείσεται κακά, λαμβάνων οὔτ' οἶνον οὔτ' ἄλλ' οὐδὲν ἐκ τοῦ χωρίου. ἡνίκ' ἄν γὰρ αἴ τ' ἐλᾶαι βλαστάνωσ' αἴ τ' ἄμπελοι, ἀποκεκόψονται· τοιαύταις σφενδόναις παιήσομεν. 115 ἢν δὲ πλινθεύοντ' ἴδωμεν, ὕσομεν καὶ τοῦ τέγους τὸν κέραμον αὐτοῦ χαλάζαις στρογγύλαις συντρίψομεν. κᾶν γαμῆ ποτ' αὐτὸς ἢ τῶν ξυγγενῶν ἢ τῶν φίλων,

κἂν γαμῆ ποτ' αὐτὸς ἢ τῶν ξυγγενῶν ἢ τῶν φίλων, ὕσομεν τὴν νύκτα πᾶσαν· ὤστ' ἴσως βουλήσεται κἂν ἐν Αἰγύπτῳ τυχεῖν ὢν μᾶλλον ἢ κρῖναι κακῶς. 113(

113

114

ΣΤ. πέμπτη, τετράς, τρίτη, μετὰ ταύτην δευτέρα, εἶθ' ἢν ἐγὰ μάλιστα πασῶν ἡμερῶν δέδοικα καὶ πέφρικα καὶ βδελύττομαι, εὐθὺς μετὰ ταύτην ἔσθ' ἔνη τε καὶ νέα. πᾶς γάρ τις ὅμνυσ', οἷς ὀφείλων τυγχάνω, θείς μοι πρυτανεῖ' ἀπολεῖν μέ φησι κἀξολεῖν, ἐμοῦ μέτρι' ἄττα καὶ δίκαι' αἰτουμένου· '' ὧ δαιμόνιε, τὸ μέν τι νυνὶ μὴ λάβης, τὸ δ' ἀναβαλοῦ μοι, τὸ δ' ἄφες,'' οὔ φασίν ποτε οὕτως ἀπολήψεσθ', ἀλλὰ λοιδοροῦσί με ώς ἄδικός εἰμι, καὶ δικάσεσθαί φασί μοι. νῦν οὖν δικαζέσθων· ὀλίγον γάρ μοι μέλει, εἴπερ μεμάθηκεν εὖ λέγειν Φειδιππίδης.

^a i.e. from the end of the month, when interest became due.

^b "When the Greek year was lunar, the months were alternately thirty and twenty-nine days each, so that the new Moon (the moon's orbit being 29½ days) always fell on the last day of the month. Hence that day was called the Old-and-New, because at the beginning of the day the moon was still on the wane, but before the close had begun to wax again": R. 368

THE CLOUDS, 1122-1143

Mortal he, the Clouds immortal,

better had he ne'er been born!

He from his estates shall gather

neither corn, nor oil, nor wine,

For whenever blossoms sparkle

on the olive or the vine

They shall all at once be blighted:

we will ply our slings so true.

And if ever we behold him

building up his mansions new,

With our tight and nipping hailstones

we will all his tiles destroy.

But if he, his friends or kinsfolk,

would a marriage-feast enjoy,

All night long we'll pour in torrents:

so perchance he'll rather pray

To endure the drought of Egypt,

than decide amiss to-day!

ST. The fifth, the fourth, the third, and then the second, And then that day which more than all the rest I loathe and shrink from and abominate, Then comes at once that hateful Old-and-New day. And every single blessed dun has sworn He'll stake his gage, and ruin and destroy me. And when I make a modest small request, "O my good friend, part don't exact at present, And part defer, and part remit," they swear So they shall never touch it, and abuse me As a rank swindler, threatening me with actions. Now let them bring their actions! Who's afraid? Not I: if these have taught my son to speak.

 $^{^{\}circ}$ The sum deposited with the $\pi\rho\upsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}\nu\epsilon\iota s$ before commencing an action.

11

11

11

11

11

11

τάχα δ' εἴσομαι κόψας τὸ φροντιστήριον. παῖ, ἠμί, παῖ παῖ. Στρεψιάδην ἀσπάζομαι. ΣΩ. κάγωγέ σ'. ἀλλὰ τουτονὶ πρῶτον λαβέ· ΣT. χρη γὰρ ἐπιθαυμάζειν τι τὸν διδάσκαλον. καί μοι τὸν υίόν, εἰ μεμάθηκε τὸν λόγον έκεινον, είφ', δν άρτίως εισήγαγες. μεμάθηκεν. ΣΩ. εὖ γ', ὧ παμβασίλει' 'Απαιόλη. ὥστ' ἀποφύγοις ἂν ἥντιν' ἂν βούλη δίκην. κεὶ μάρτυρες παρῆσαν, ὅτ' ἐδανειζόμην; ΣT. ΣΩ. ΣT. πολλώ γε μαλλον, καν παρώσι χίλιοι. ΣΩ. " βοάσομαί τάρα τὰν ὑπέρτονον ΣT. βοάν.'' ἰώ, κλάετ' ὧβολοστάται, αὐτοί τε καὶ τἀρχαῖα καὶ τόκοι τόκων. οὐδεν γὰρ ἄν με φλαῦρον εργάσαισθ' ἔτι. οίος έμοι τρέφεται τοῖσδ' ἐνὶ δώμασι παῖς, ἀμφήκει γλώττη λάμπων, πρόβολος έμός, σωτήρ δόμοις, έχθροις βλάβη, λυσανίας πατρώων μεγάλων κακῶν· δν κάλεσον τρέχων ένδοθεν ώς εμέ. '' ὧ τέκνον, ὧ παῖ, ἔξελθ' οἴκων, ἄϊε '' σοῦ πατρός. ΣΩ. ὄδ' ἐκεῖνος ἀνήρ. Στ. ὧ φίλος, ὧ φίλος. ΣΩ. ἄπιθι λαβών τὸν υίόν. ιω ιω τέκνον. ΣT. ιω ιοῦ ιοῦ. ώς ήδομαί σου πρώτα την χροιάν ιδών.

[&]quot; From the Satyrs of Phrynichus; Schol.

THE CLOUDS, 1144-1171

But here's the door: I'll knock and soon find out. Boy! Ho there, boy!

I elasp Strepsiades. so.

And I clasp you: but take this meal-bag first. ST. 'Tis meet and right to glorify one's Tutors. But tell me, tell me, has my son yet learnt That Second Logic which he saw just now?

He hath. so.

Hurrah! great Sovereign Knavery! ST. so.

You may escape whatever suit you please. What, if I borrowed before witnesses? ST.

Before a thousand, and the more the merricr. so.

"Then shall my song be loud and deep." a ST.

Weep, obol-weighers, weep, weep, weep, Ye, and your principals, and compound interests, For ve shall never pester me again.

Such a son have I bred, (He is within this door),

Born to inspire my foemen with dread, Born his old father's house to restore: Keen and polished of tongue is he, He my Champion and Guard shall be, He will set his old father free, Run you, and eall him forth to me. "O my child! O my sweet! come out, I entreat; Tis the voice "b of your sire.

Here's the man you require. so.

Joy, joy of my heart! ST.

Take your son and depart. so.

O come, O come, my son, my son, ST. O dear! O dear! O joy, to see your beautiful complexion!

^b A parody of Eur. Hec. 172, where Hecuba calls Polyxena from her tent.

νῦν μέν γ' ιδεῖν εἶ πρῶτον ἐξαρνητικὸς κἀντιλογικός, καὶ τοῦτο τοὐπιχώριον ἀτεχνῶς ἐπανθεῖ, τὸ τί λέγεις σύ; καὶ δοκεῖν ἀδικοῦντ' ἀδικεῖσθαι καὶ κακουργοῦντ' οἶδ' ὅτι. 117 ἐπὶ τοῦ προσώπου τ' ἐστὶν 'Αττικὸν βλέπος. νῦν οὖν ὅπως σώσεις μ', ἐπεὶ κἀπώλεσας.

118

119

119

ΦΕΙ. $\phi \circ \beta \epsilon \hat{\imath} \delta \hat{\epsilon} \delta \hat{\gamma} \tau \hat{\imath};$

Στ. την ένην τε καὶ νέαν.

ΦΕΙ. ἕνη γάρ ἐστι καὶ νέα τις ἡμέρα;

ΣΤ. εἰς ἡν γε θήσειν τὰ πρυτανεῖά φασί μοι.

ΦΕΙ. ἀπολοῦσ' ἄρ' αὔθ' οἱ θέντες· οὐ γὰρ ἔσθ' ὅπως μί' ἡμέρα γένοιτ' ἂν ἡμέραι δύο.

ΣΤ. οὐκ ἂν γένοιτο;

ΦΕΙ. πῶς γάρ; εἰ μή πέρ γ' ἄμα αὐτὴ γένοιτ' ἂν γραῦς τε καὶ νέα γυνή.

Στ. καὶ μὴν νενόμισταί γ'.

ΦΕΙ. οὐ γάρ, οἶμαι, τὸν νόμον 118 ἴσασιν ὀρθῶς ὅ τι νοεῖ.

 ΣT . $vo \in \hat{i} \delta \hat{\epsilon} \tau i;$

ΦΕΙ. ὁ Σόλων ὁ παλαιὸς ἢν φιλόδημος τὴν φύσιν.
 ΣΤ. τουτὶ μὲν οὐδέν πω πρὸς ἔνην τε καὶ νέαν.

ΦΕΙ. ἐκεῖνος οὖν τὴν κλῆσιν εἰς δυ' ἡμέρας
 ἔθηκεν, εἴς γε τὴν ἔνην τε καὶ νέαν,
 ἵν' αἱ θέσεις γίγνοιντο τῆ νουμηνία.

ΣΤ. ΐνα δὴ τί τὴν ἔνην προσέθηκεν;

ΦΕΙ. "ν", ὧ μέλε, παρόντες οἱ φεύγοντες ἡμέρα μιᾶ πρότερον ἀπαλλάττοινθ' ἐκόντες, εἰ δὲ μή, ἔωθεν ὑπανιῷντο τῆ νουμηνία.

Στ. πως οὐ δέχονται δῆτα τῆ νουμηνία άρχαὶ τὰ πρυτανεῖ', ἀλλ' ἔνη τε καὶ νέα;

THE CLOUDS, 1172-1198

Aye now you have an aspect Negative
And Disputative, and our native query
Shines forth there "What d'ye say?"
You've the
true face

Which rogues put on, of injured innocence. You have the regular Attic look about you. So now, you save me, for 'twas you undid me.

PH. What is it ails you?

st. Why the Old-and-New day.

PH. And is there such a day as Old-and-New?

ST. Yes: that's the day they mean to stake their gages.
PH. They'll lose them if they stake them. What! do
you think

That one day can be two days, both together?

st. Why, can't it be so?

PH. Surely not; or else

A woman might at once be old and young. Still, the law says so.

ST. Still, the law says so.

True: but I believe
They don't quite understand it.

ST. You explain it.

рн. Old Solon had a democratic turn.

st. Well, but that's nothing to the Old-and-New.

PII. Hence then he fixed that summonses be issued For these two days, the old one and the new one, So that the gage be staked on the New-month.

sr. What made him add "the old" then?

He wished the litigants to meet on that day
And compromise their quarrels: if they could not,
Then let them fight it out on the New-month.

sr. Why then do Magistrates receive the stakes On the Old-and-New instead of the New-month?

12

12

12

12

ΦΕΙ. ὅπερ οἱ προτένθαι γὰρ δοκοῦσί μοι ποιεῖν• ἵν' ώς τάχιστα τὰ πρυτανεῖ' ὑφελοίατο, διὰ τοῦτο προὐτένθευσαν ἡμέρα μιᾶ. ΣΤ. εὖ γ', ὧ κακοδαίμονες, τί κάθησθ' ἀβέλτεροι, ήμέτερα κέρδη τῶν σοφῶν, ὄντες λίθοι, άριθμός, πρόβατ', άλλως άμφορης νενησμένοι; ωστ' είς εμαυτον και τον υίον τουτονί έπ' εὐτυχίαισιν ἀστέον μοὐγκώμιον. μάκαρ ὧ Στρεψίαδες, αὐτός τ' ἔφυς ώς σοφός, χοίον τὸν υίὸν τρέφεις, φήσουσι δή μ' οἱ φίλοι χοί δημόται ζηλοῦντες ἡνίκ' ἂν σὺ νικᾶς λέγων τὰς δίκας. άλλ' εἰσάγων σε βούλομαι πρώτον έστιασαι. ΠΑΣΙΑΣ. εἶτ' ἄνδρα τῶν αύτοῦ τι χρὴ προϊέναι; οὐδέποτέ γ', ἀλλὰ κρεῖττον ἦν εὐθὺς τότε άπερυθριᾶσαι μᾶλλον ἢ σχεῖν πράγματα, ὅτε τῶν ἐμαυτοῦ γ' ἔνεκα νυνὶ χρημάτων έλκω σε κλητεύσοντα, καὶ γενήσομαι έχθρος έτι προς τούτοισιν άνδρι δημότη. ἀτὰρ οὐδέποτέ γε τὴν πατρίδα καταισχυνῶ ζῶν, ἀλλὰ καλοῦμαι Στρεψιάδην. 125 τίς ούτοσί; ΣT. ΠΑ. ἐς τὴν ἕνην τε καὶ νέαν. μαρτύρομαι, ΣT. ότι ἐς δύ' εἶπεν ἡμέρας. τοῦ χρήματος; ΠΑ. τῶν δώδεκα μνῶν, ἃς ἔλαβες ὧνούμενος τὸν ψαρὸν ἵππον. ἵππον: οὐκ ἀκούετε. ΣT. δν πάντες ύμεις ιστε μισουνθ' ίππικήν. 122

^a Apparently persons appointed to taste the viands to be 374

THE CLOUDS, 1199-1226

PH. Well, I believe they act like the Foretasters.^a
They wish to bag the gage as soon as possible,
And thus they gain a whole day's foretaste of it.

sr. Aha! poor dupes, why sit ye mooning there,
Game for us Artful Dodgers, you dull stones,
You ciphers, lambkins, butts piled up together!
Oh! my success inspires me, and I'll sing
Glad eulogies on me and thee, my son.

"Man, most blessed, most divine,
What a wondrous wit is thine,
What a son to grace thy line,"
Friends and neighbours day by day
Thus will say,

When with envious eyes my suits they see you win: But first I'll feast you, so come in, my son, come in.

PASIAS.^b What! must a man lose his own property!
No: never, never. Better have refused
With a bold face, than be so plagued as this.
See! to get paid my own just debts, I'm forced
To drag you to bear witness, and what's worse
I needs must quarrel with my townsman here.
Well, I won't shame my country, while I live,
I'll go to law, I'll summon him.

ST. Hallo!

PA. To the next Old-and-New.

ST. Bear witness, all!

He named two days. You'll summon me; what for?

PA. The fifty pounds I lent you when you bought

That iron-grey.

The whole world knows that I detest all horses.

served at a public banquet, to see that everything was well cooked and wholesome.

b Enter Pasias, the creditor mentioned l. 21.

па.	καὶ νὴ Δί' ἀποδώσειν γ' ἐπώμνυς τοὺς θεούς.
ΣT.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ γάρ πω τότ' ἐξηπίστατο
	Φειδιππίδης μοι τον ἀκατάβλητον λόγον.
па.	νῦν δὲ διὰ τοῦτ' ἔξαρνος εἶναι διανοεῖ;
ΣT.	τί γὰρ ἄλλ' ἂν ἀπολαύσαιμι τοῦ μαθήματος;
пА.	καὶ ταῦτ' ἐθελήσεις ἀπομόσαι μοι τοὺς θεούς;
ΣT.	$\pi o io vs \theta \epsilon o \dot{v}s$:
па.	τὸν Δία, τὸν Ἑρμῆν, τὸν Ποσειδῶ.
ΣT.	$\nu\dot{\eta}$ Δia ,
	κἂν προσκαταθείην γ', ὤστ' ὀμόσαι, τριώβολον. ἀπόλοιο τοίνυν ἕνεκ' ἀναιδείας ἔτι.
пА.	ἀπόλοιο τοίνυν ἕνεκ' ἀναιδείας ἔτι.
ΣT.	άλσὶν διασμηχθεὶς ὄναιτ' ἂν ούτοσί.
ПΑ.	οἴμ' ώς καταγελậς.
ΣT.	έξ χόας χωρήσεται.
па.	οὔ τοι μὰ τὸν Δία τὸν μέγαν καὶ τοὺς θεοὺς
	<i>ἐμοῦ καταπροίξει</i> .
ΣT.	$ heta$ αυμασίως ήσ $ heta$ ην $ heta\epsilon$ ο $ heta$ ς,
	καὶ Ζεὺς γέλοιος ὀμνύμενος τοῖς εἰδόσιν.
пА.	ἦ μὴν σὺ τούτων τῷ χρόνῳ δώσεις δίκην.
	άλλ' εἴτ' ἀποδώσεις μοι τὰ χρήματ' εἴτε μή,
*	απόπεμψον αποκρινάμενος.
ΣT .	έχε νυν ήσυχος.
	έγω γὰρ αὐτίκ' ἀποκρινοῦμαί σοι σαφως.
па.	τί σοι δοκεῖ δράσειν;
MAP	
ΣT .	ποῦ ἀθ' οὖτος ἀπαιτῶν με τἀργύριον; λέγε,
	τουτὶ τί ἔστι;
па.	τοῦθ' ὅ τι ἐστί; κάρδοπος.
ΣT.	ἔπειτ' ἀπαιτεῖς τἀργύριον τοιοῦτος ὤν;
	οὐκ ἂν ἀποδοίην οὐδ' ἂν ὀβολὸν οὐδενί,
	őστις καλέσειε κάρδοπον τὴν καρδόπην .

THE CLOUDS, 1227-1251

PA. I swear you swore by all the Gods to pay me.

sr. Well, now I swear I won't: Pheidippides
Has learnt since then the unanswerable Logic.

PA. And will you therefore shirk my just demand?

st. Of course I will: else why should he have learnt it?

PA. And will you dare forswear it by the Gods?

st. The Gods indeed! What Gods?

PA. Poseidon, Hermes, Zeus.

ST. By Zeus I would,

Though I gave twopence halfpenny for the privilege.

PA. O then confound you for a shameless rogue!

sr. Hallo! this butt should be rubbed down with salt.a

PA. Zounds! you deride me!

st. Why 'twill hold four gallons.

PA. You 'seape me not, by Mighty Zeus, and all The Gods!

ST. I wonderfully like the Gods;
An oath by Zeus is sport to knowing ones.

PA. Sooner or later you'll repent of this.

Come do you mean to pay your debts or don't you?

Tell me, and I'll be off.

ST. Now do have patience; I'll give you a clear answer in one moment.

PA. What do you think he'll do?

witness. I think he'll pay you.

sr. Where is that horrid dun? O here: now tell me What you call this.

PA. What I call that? a trough.

st. Heavens! what a fool: and do you want your money? I'd never pay one penny to a fellow
Who calls my troughess, trough. So there's your answer.

 $[^]a$ Pasias is apparently "a tun of a man" and wine-skins $(\dot{\alpha}\sigma\kappaoi)$ were thus treated.

πΑ. οὐκ ἄρ' ἀποδώσεις;

ούχ, όσον γέ μ' είδέναι. ΣT. οὔκουν ἀνύσας τι θᾶττον ἀπολιταργιεῖς ἀπὸ τῆς θύρας;

ἄπειμι, καὶ τοῦτ' ἴσθ', ὅτι па. θήσω πρυτανεῖ', ἢ μηκέτι ζώην ἐγώ. προσαποβαλεῖς ἄρ' αὐτὰ πρὸς ταῖς δώδεκα.

καίτοι σε τοῦτό γ' οὐχὶ βούλομαι παθεῖν, ότιη 'κάλεσας εὐηθικῶς τὴν κάρδοπον.

ΑΜΥΝΙΑΣ. ἰώ μοί μοι.

ἔα. τίς ούτοσί ποτ' ἔσθ' ὁ θρηνῶν; οὔ τί που 1260 τῶν Καρκίνου τις δαιμόνων ἐφθέγξατο;

125

127

τί δ' ὅστις εἰμί, τοῦτο βούλεσθ' εἰδέναι; άνηρ κακοδαίμων.

κατά σεαυτόν νυν τρέπου. ΣT.

" ὧ σκληρέ δαῖμον, ὧ τύχαι θραυσάντυγες AM. ἵππων ἐμῶν·΄΄ '΄ ὧ Παλλάς, ὧς μ' ἀπώλεσας.'' 126

Στ. τί δαί σε Τληπόλεμός ποτ' εἴργασται κακόν;

μὴ σκῶπτέ μ', ὧ τᾶν, ἀλλά μοι τὰ χρήματα AM. τον υίον αποδοθναι κέλευσον αλαβεν, άλλως τε μέντοι καὶ κακῶς πεπραγότι.

τὰ ποῖα ταῦτα χρήμαθ'; ΣΤ.

άδανείσαπο. AM.

κακῶς ἄρ' ὄντως εἶχες, ὥς γ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖς. ΣT.

ιππους έλαύνων έξέπεσον νη τούς θεούς. AM.

τί δητα ληρείς ωσπερ ἀπ' ὄνου καταπεσών; ΣΤ.

ληρῶ, τὰ χρήματ' ἀπολαβεῖν εἰ βούλομαι; οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως σύ γ' αὐτὸς ὑγιαίνεις. AM.

ΣΤ.

a Enter Amynias, the creditor mentioned l. 31.

THE CLOUDS, 1252-1275

PA. Then you won't pay me?

ST. No, not if I know it.

Come put your best foot forward, and be off:

March off, I say, this instant!

May I die
If I don't go at once and stake my gage!

ST. No don't: the fifty pounds are loss enough:
And really on my word I would not wish you
To lose this too just for one silly blunder.

AMYNIAS.a Ah me! Oh! Oh! Oh!

sr. Hallo! who's that making that horrible noise? Not one of Carcinus's snivelling Gods?

AM. Who cares to know what I am? what imports it?

An ill-starred man.

am at a started man.

ST. Then keep it to yourself.

AM. "O heavy fate!" "O Fortune, thou hast broken
My chariot wheels!" "Thou hast undone me,
Pallas!" b

sr. How! has Tlepolemus been at you, man?

AM. Jeer me not, friend, but tell your worthy son To pay me back the money which I lent him: I'm in a bad way and the times are pressing.

sr. What money do you mean?

AM. Why what he borrowed.

ST. You are in a bad way, I really think.

AM. Driving my four-wheel out I fell, by Zeus.

ST. You rave as if you'd fall'n times out-of-mind.c

AM. I rave? how so? I only claim my own.

r. You can't be quite right, surely.

^b "These lines are from the *Licymnius* of Xenocles" (Schol.), a son of Carcinus (cf. W. 1511). In the play Tlepolemus accidentally kills Licymnius.

απ' ὄνου "from a donkey" can also be read ἀπὸ νοῦ "out of

your mind."

AM.	$\tau i \delta a i;$	12
ΣT.	τὸν ἐγκέφαλον ὥσπερ σεσεῖσθαί μοι δοκεῖς.	
AM.	σὺ δὲ νὴ τὸν Ἑρμῆν προσκεκλῆσθαί μοι δοκεῖς	
	εὶ μὴ ἀποδώσεις τάργύριον.	•
ΣT.	κάτειπέ νυν,	
	πότερα νομίζεις καινὸν ἀεὶ τὸν Δία	
	υ _{ειν} υδωρ εκάστοτ', η τον ηλιον	12
	έλκειν κάτωθεν ταὐτὸ τοῦθ' ὕδωρ πάλιν;	12
AM.	οὐκ οἶδ' ἔγωγ' ὁπότερον, οὐδέ μοι μέλει.	
ΣT.	πως οὖν ἀπολαβεῖν τἀργύριον δίκαιος εἶ,	
~	εὶ μηδὲν οἶσθα τῶν μετεώρων πραγμάτων;	
AM.	άλλ' εἰ σπανίζεις τὰργυρίου μοι τὸν τόκον	12
******	$\tilde{a}\pi\delta\delta$ os $\gamma\epsilon$.	12.
ΣT.	τοῦτο δ' ἔσθ' ὁ τόκος τί θηρίον;	
AM.	τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἢ κατὰ μῆνα καὶ καθ' ἡμέραν	
	πλέον πλέον τάργύριον ἀεὶ γίγνεται,	
	ύπορρέοντος τοῦ χρόνου;	
ΣT.	καλώς λέγεις.	
	τί δῆτα; τὴν θάλατταν ἔσθ' ὅτι πλείονα	129
	νυνὶ νομίζεις ἢ πρὸ τοῦ;	
AM.	$μ$ \grave{a} $\Delta \emph{i}$ ', \emph{a} $\lambda \grave{\lambda}$ ' ἴσην.	
	οὐ γὰρ δίκαιον πλείον' εἶναι.	
ΣT.	κἆτα πῶς	
	αὕτη μέν, ὧ κακόδαιμον, οὐδὲν γίγνεται	
	έπιρρεόντων τῶν ποταμῶν πλείων, σὰ δὲ	
	ζητεῖς ποιῆσαι τἀργύριον πλεῖον τὸ σόν;	129
	οὐκ ἀποδιώξεις σαυτὸν ἀπὸ τῆς οἰκίας;	
	φέρε μοι τὸ κέντρον.	
AM.	ταῦτ' ἐγὼ μαρτύρομαι.	
ĭT.	ύπαγε, τί μέλλεις; οὐκ ἐλᾶς, ὧ σαμφόρα;	
AM.	ταῦτ' οὐχ ὕβρις δῆτ' ἐστίν;	
ΣΤ.	ἄξεις; ἐπιαλῶ	
380	•	

THE CLOUDS, 1275-1299

Why, what mean you? AM. ST.

I shrewdly guess your brain's received a shake.

I shrewdly guess that you'll receive a summons AM. If you don't pay my money.

ST. Well then, tell me, Which theory do you side with, that the rain Falls fresh each time, or that the Sun draws back The same old rain, and sends it down again?

AM. I'm very sure I neither know nor care.

Not eare! good heavens! And do you claim your ST. money,

So unenlightened in the Laws of Nature?

AM. If you're hard up then, pay me back the Interest At least.

Int-er-est? what kind of a beast is that? ST.

AM. What else than day by day and month by month Larger and larger still the silver grows As time sweeps by?

Finely and nobly said. ST. What then! think you the Sea is larger now Than 'twas last year?

No surely, 'tis no larger: AM.

It is not right it should be.

And do you then, ST. Insatiable grasper! when the Sea, Receiving all these Rivers, grows no larger, Do you desire your silver to grow larger? Come now, you prosecute your journey off! Here, fetch the whip.

Bear witness, I appeal. AM.

Be off! what, won't you? Gee up, sigma-brand! ST.

I say! a clear assault!

You won't be off? ST.

	κεντῶν ὑπὸ τὸν πρωκτόν σε τὸν σειραφόρον. φεύγεις; ἔμελλον ἄρα σε κινήσειν ἐγὼ αὐτοῖς τροχοῖς τοῖς σοῖσι καὶ ξυνωρίσιν.	1300
xo.	οἷον τὸ πραγμάτων ἐρᾶν φλαύρων ὁ γὰρ [στρ. γέρων ὅδ' ἐρασθεὶς ἀποστερῆσαι βούλεται τὰ χρήμαθ' άδανείσατο κοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ τήμερον λήψεταί τι πρᾶγμ', ὁ τοῦτον ποιήσει τὸν σοφιστήν [γέροντ'] ἀνθ' ὧν πανουργεῖν ἤρξατ', ἐξαίφνης κακὸν λαβεῖντι.	130
	οίμαι γὰρ αὐτὸν αὐτίχ' εὐρήσειν ὅπερ [ἀντ. πάλαι ποτ' ἐπήτει, εῖναι τὸν υἱὸν δεινόν οἱ γνώμας ἐναντίας λέγειν τοῖσιν δικαίοις, ὥστε νι- κᾶν ἄπαντας οἶσπερ ἂν ξυγγένηται, κᾶν λέγη παμπόνηρ'. ἴσως δ' ἴσως βουλήσεται κἄφωνον αὐτὸν εἶναι.	131
ΣΤ. ΦΕΙ. ΣΤ. ΦΕΙ. ΣΤ. 382	καὶ μάλα.	132

THE CLOUDS, 1300-1327

I'll stimulate you; Zeus! I'll goad your haunches. Aha! you run: I thought I'd stir you up You and your phaetons, and wheels, and all!

CH. What a thing it is to long for matters which are wrong!

For you see how this old man

Is seeking, if he can
His creditors trepan:
And I confidently say
That he will this very day
Such a blow

Amid his prosperous cheats receive, that he will deeply deeply grieve.

For I think that he has won what he wanted for his son, And the lad has learned the way

> All justice to gainsay, Be it what or where it may: That he'll trump up any tale,

Right or wrong, and so prevail.
This I know.

Yea! and perchance the time will come when he shall wish his son were dumb.

st. Oh! Oh!

Help! Murder! Help! O neighbours, kinsfolk, townsmen,

Help, one and all, against this base assault, Ah! Ah! my cheek! my head! O luckless me!

Wretch! do you strike your father?

PH. Yes, Papa.

ST. See! See! he owns he struck me.

PH. To be sure.

st. Scoundrel! and parricide! and house-breaker!

ΦEI.	αθθίς με ταθτὰ ταθτα καὶ πλείω λέγε.	
	ἆρ' οἶσθ' ὅτι χαίρω πόλλ' ἀκούων καὶ κακά;	
ΣT.	🕹 λακκόπρωκτε.	
ФЕІ.		133
ΣT.	τὸν πατέρα τύπτεις;	
ΦΕΙ.	$\dot{\kappa}$ άπο ϕ αν $\hat{\omega}$ $\gamma\epsilon$ ν $\dot{\eta}$ Δ ία	
	ώς ἐν δίκη σ' ἔτυπτον.	
ΣT.	ὧ μιαρώτατε,	
	καὶ πῶς γένοιτ' ἂν πατέρα τύπτειν ἐν δίκη;	
ФЕІ.	έγωγ' ἀποδείξω, καί σε νικήσω λέγων.	
	τουτί σὺ νικήσεις;	
ΦΕΙ.	πολύ γε καὶ ραδίως.	133
	έλου δ' δπότερον τοιν λόγοιν βούλει λέγειν.	
ΣT.	ποίοιν λόγοιν;	
ΦEI.	τὸν κρείττον', ἢ τὸν ἥττονα;	
ΣT.	ϵ διδαξάμην μ ϵ ντοι σ ϵ ν $\dot{\eta}$ $\Delta \dot{\iota}$, $\dot{\omega}$ μ $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda \dot{\epsilon}$,	
	τοῖσιν δικαίοις ἀντιλέγειν, εἰ ταῦτά γε	
	perviets aranetoetr, as strator kat kanor	134
	τὸν πατέρα τύπτεσθ' ἐστὶν ὑπὸ τῶν υίέων.	
Φ EI.	άλλ' οἴομαι μέντοι σ' ἀναπείσειν, ὥστε γε	
	οὐδ' αὐτὸς ἀκροασάμενος οὐδὲν ἀντερεῖς.	
ΣT.	καὶ μὴν ὄ τι καὶ λέξεις ἀκοῦσαι βούλομαι.	
		13
xo.	σὸν ἔργον, ὦ πρεσβῦτα, φροντίζειν ὅπη [στρ.	
	τὸν ἄνδρα κρατήσεις,	
	ώς οὖτος, εἰ μή τω πεποίθειν, οὐκ ἂν ἦν	
	οὕτως ἀκόλαστος.	10
		13
	θρώπου 'στὶ τὸ λῆμα.	
	2) λ' 25 3που πλ ποθπου ποξαθ' 5 μένα συνέσθα.	
	άλλ' έξ ὅτου τὸ πρῶτον ἤρξαθ' ἡ μάχη γενέσθαι	
	ήδη λέγειν χρη πρός χορόν. πάντως δε τοῦτο δράσεις.	

THE CLOUDS, 1328-1352

рн. Thank you: go on, go on: do please go on. I am quite delighted to be called such names! ST.

O probed Adulterer.

PH. Roses from your lips.a

ST. Strike you your father?

PH. O dear yes: what's more, I'll prove I struck you justly.

Struck me justly! ST. Villain! how can you strike a father justly?

Yes, and I'll demonstrate it, if you please.

Demonstrate this? ST.

PH. O yes, quite easily. Come, take your choice, which Logic do you choose? Which what? ST.

Logic: the Better or the Worse? PH. Ah, then, in very truth I've had you taught ST. To reason down all Justice, if you think You can prove this, that it is just and right That fathers should be beaten by their sons! PH. Well, well, I think I'll prove it, if you'll listen,

So that even you won't have one word to answer. ST.

Come, I should like to hear what you've to say.

'Tis yours, old man, some method to contrive This fight to win:

He would not without arms wherewith to strive So bold have been.

He knows, be sure, whereon to trust. His eager bearing proves he must.

So come and tell us from what cause this sad dispute began;

Come, tell us how it first arose:

do tell us if you can.

a Cf. l. 910.

2 c VOL. 1 385

ΣΤ. καὶ μὴν ὅθεν γε πρῶτον ἠρξάμεσθα λοιδορεῖσθαι ἐγὼ φράσω· ᾿πειδὴ γὰρ εἰστιώμεθ᾽, ὥσπερ ἴστε, πρῶτον μὲν αὐτὸν τὴν λύραν λαβόντ᾽ ἐγὼ ᾿κέλευσα 15 ᾳσαι Σιμωνίδου μέλος, τὸν Κριόν, ὡς ἐπέχθη. ὁ δ᾽ εὐθέως ἀρχαῖον εἶν᾽ ἔφασκε τὸ κιθαρίζειν ἄδειν τε πίνονθ᾽, ὡσπερεὶ κάχρυς γυναῖκ᾽ ἀλοῦσαν. ΦΕΙ. οὐ γὰρ τότ᾽ εὐθὺς χρῆν σε τύπτεσθαί τε καὶ

ΦΕΙ. οὐ γὰρ τότ' εὐθὺς χρῆν σε τύπτεσθαί τε καὶ πατεῖσθαι,

ἄδειν κελεύονθ', ὡσπερεὶ τέττιγας ἐστιῶντα; 1: Στ. τοιαῦτα μέντοι καὶ τότ' ἔλεγεν ἔνδον, οἷάπερ νῦν, καὶ τὸν Σιμωνίδην ἔφασκ' εἶναι κακὸν ποιητήν. κἀγὼ μόλις μέν, ἀλλ' ὅμως ἢνεσχόμην τὸ πρῶτον. ἔπειτα δ' ἐκέλευσ' αὐτὸν ἀλλὰ μυρρίνην λαβόντα τῶν Αἰσχύλου λέξαι τί μοι κᾳθ' οὖτος εὐθὺς εἶπεν, 1: ' ἐγὼ γὰρ Αἰσχύλον νομίζω πρῶτον ἐν ποιηταῖς ψόφου πλέων, ἀξύστατον, στόμφακα, κρημνο-

κάνταῦθα πῶς οἴεσθέ μου τὴν καρδίαν ὀρεχθεῖν; ὅμως δὲ τὸν θυμὸν δακὼν ἔφην, '' σὰ δ' ἀλλὰ τούτων

b Supposed to need no food but to live on dew.

ποιόν:"

^α Crius was an Aeginetan wrestler on whose defeat at Olympia Simonides wrote an ode beginning "Έπέξαθ' ὁ Κριὸς οὐκ ἀεικέως," with a pun on κριὸς "a ram."

THE CLOUDS, 1353-1369

ST.	Well from the very first I will
	the whole contention show :
	Twas when I went into the house
	to feast him, as you know,
	I bade him bring his lyre and sing,
	the supper to adorn,
	Some lay of old Simonides,
	as, how the Ram was shorn: a
	But he replied, to sing at meals
	was coarse and obsolete;
	Like some old beldame humming airs
	the while she grinds her wheat.
PH.	And should you not be thrashed who told
	your son, from food abstaining
	To sing! as though you were, for sooth
	cicalas b entertaining.
ST.	You hear him! so he said just now
	or e'er high words began:
	And next he called Simonides
	a very sorry man.
	And when I heard him, I could scarce
	my rising wrath command;
	Yet so I did, and him I bid
	take myrtle in his hand
	And chant some lines from Aeschylus,
	but he replied with ire,
	"Believe me, I'm not one of those
	who Aeschylus admire,
	That rough, unpolished, turgid bard,
	that mouther of bombast!"
	When he said this, my heart began
	to heave extremely fast;
	Yet still I kept my passion down,
	and said, "Then prithee you,
	and said, Then primee you,

λέξον τι τῶν νεωτέρων, ἄττ' ἐστὶ τὰ σοφὰ ταῦτα.'' 137 ό δ' εὐθὺς ἦσ' Εὐριπίδου ρῆσίν τιν', ώς ἐκίνει άδελφός, ὧλεξίκακε, την δμομητρίαν άδελφήν. κάγω οὐκέτ' έξηνεσχόμην, άλλ' εὐθὺς έξαράττω πολλοίς κακοίς καἰσχροίσι κἆτ' ἐντεῦθεν, οἷον εἰκός.

ἔπος πρὸς ἔπος ἢρειδόμεσθ' εἶθ' οὖτος ἐπαναπηδα, 137 κάπειτ' ἔφλα με κάσπόδει κάπνιγε κάπέθλιβεν.

- οὔκουν δικαίως, ὅστις οὖκ Εὐριπίδην ἐπαινεῖς, σοφώτατον;
- σοφώτατόν γ' ἐκεῖνον, ὧ τί σ' εἴπω; ΣT. άλλ' αὖθις αὖ τυπτήσομαι.
- νη τὸν Δί, ἐν δίκη γ' ἄν. ΦEI.
- καὶ πῶς δικαίως; ὅστις ὧναίσχυντέ σ' ἐξέθρεψα, 136 ΣT. αἰσθανόμενός σου πάντα τραυλίζοντος, ὅ τι νοοίης. εί μέν γε βρῦν εἴποις, έγω γνοὺς ἂν πιεῖν ἐπέσχον. μαμμαν δ' αν αιτήσαντος ήκόν σοι φέρων αν άρτον. κακκᾶν δ' ἂν οὐκ ἔφθης φράσαι, κάγὼ λαβὼν θύραζε $\dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \dot{\epsilon} \phi \dot{\epsilon} \rho o \nu$ ἃν καὶ προὐσχόμην σ $\dot{\epsilon} \cdot$ σὰ δ' $\dot{\epsilon} \mu \dot{\epsilon}$ νῦν ἀπάγχων 138

^a The reference is to the marriage of Macarcus and Canace, the children of Acolus.

THE CLOUDS, 1370-1385

Sing one of those new-fangled songs which modern striplings do." And he began the shameful tale Euripides has told How a brother and a sister lived incestuous lives of old.a Then, then I could no more restrain, but first I must confess With strong abuse I loaded him, and so, as you may guess, We stormed and bandied threat for threat: till out at last he flew, And smashed and thrashed and thumped and bumped and bruised me black and blue. PH. And rightly too, who coolly dared Euripides to blame, Most sapient bard. Most sapient bard! you, what's your fitting name? Ah! but he'll pummel me again. He will: and justly too. What! justly, heartless villain! when 'twas I who nurtured you. I knew your little lisping ways, how soon, you'd hardly think, If you cried "bree!" b I guessed your wants, and used to give you drink: If you said "mamm!" I fetched you bread with fond discernment true, And you could hardly say "Cacca!" when through the door I flew And held you out a full arm's length

ST.

PH.

ST.

your little needs to do:

^b βρῦν represents a child's cry for drink.

βοῶντα καὶ κεκραγόθ' ὅτι χεζητιώην, οὐκ ἔτλης ἔξω 'ξενεγκεῖν, ὧ μιαρέ, θύραζέ μ', ἀλλὰ πνιγόμενος αὐτοῦ 'ποίησα κακκᾶν.

139

xo. οἷμαί γε τῶν νεωτέρων τὰς καρδίας πηδᾶν, ὅ τι λέξει. $[\dot{a}\nu\tau.$

εὶ γὰρ τοιαῦτά γ' οὖτος ἐξειργασμένος λαλῶν ἀναπείσει,

τὸ δέρμα τῶν γεραιτέρων λάβοιμεν ἂν ἀλλ' οὐδ' ἐρεβίνθου. 139

σὸν ἔργον, ὧ καινῶν ἐπῶν κινητὰ καὶ μοχλευτά, πειθώ τινα ζητεῖν, ὅπως δόξεις λέγειν δίκαια. ΦΕΙ. ὡς ἡδὺ καινοῖς πράγμασιν καὶ δεξιοῖς ὁμιλεῖν, καὶ τῶν καθεστώτων νόμων ὑπερφρονεῖν δύνασθαι. 140 ἐγὼ γὰρ ὅτε μὲν ἱππικῆ τὸν νοῦν μόνῃ προσεῖχον, οὐδ' ἄν τρί' εἰπεῖν ῥήμαθ' οἶός τ' ἢ πρὶν ἐξαμαρτεῖν νυνὶ δ' ἐπειδή μ' οὐτοσὶ τούτων ἔπαυσεν αὐτός, γνώμαις δὲ λεπταῖς καὶ λόγοις ξύνειμι καὶ μερίμναις,

οξμαι διδάξειν ώς δίκαιον τὸν πατέρα κολάζειν. 140 Στ. ἵππευε τοίνυν νὴ Δί', ώς ἔμοιγε κρεῖττόν ἐστιν

THE CLOUDS, 1386-1407

CH.

But now when I was crying That I with pain was dving, You brute! you would not tarry Me out of doors to carry, But choking with despair I've been and done it there. Sure all young hearts are palpitating now To hear him plead, Since if those lips with artful words avow The daring deed, And once a favouring verdict win, A fig for every old man's skin. O thou! who rakest up new thoughts with daring hands profane. Try all you can, ingenious man, that verdict to obtain. PII. How sweet it is these novel arts, these clever words to know, And have the power established rules and laws to overthrow. Why in old times when horses were my sole delight, 'twas wonder If I could say a dozen words without some awful blunder! But now that he has made me quit that reckless mode of living, And I have been to subtle thoughts my whole attention giving, I hope to prove by logic strict 'tis right to beat my father. O! buy your horses back, by Zeus,

Have to support a four-in-hand,

391

since I would ten times rather

so I be struck no more.

ΦΕΙ. ἐκεῖσε δ' ὅθεν ἀπέσχισάς με τοῦ λόγου μέτειμι,
 καὶ πρῶτ' ἐρήσομαί σε τουτί· παῖδά μ' ὄντ' ἔτυπτες;
 ΣΤ. ἔγωγέ σ', εἰνοῶν τε καὶ κηδόμενος.

ΦΕΙ. εἰπὲ δή μοι, 1ο οὐ κἀμέ σοι δίκαιόν ἐστιν εὐνοεῖν ὁμοίως, τύπτειν τ', ἐπειδήπερ γε τοῦτ' ἔστ' εὐνοεῖν, τὸ τύπτειν:

πῶς γὰρ τὸ μὲν σὸν σῶμα χρὴ πληγῶν ἀθῷον εἶναι, τοὐμὸν δὲ μή; καὶ μὴν ἔφυν ἐλεύθερός γε κἀγώ. "κλάουσι παῖδες, πατέρα δ' οὐ κλάειν δοκεῖς;" Ι φήσεις νομίζεσθαι σὺ παιδὸς τοῦτο τοὔργον εἶναι; ἐγὼ δέ γ' ἀντείποιμ' ἂν ὡς δὶς παῖδες οἱ γέροντες, εἰκός τε μᾶλλον τοὺς γέροντας ἢ νέους τι κλάειν, ὅσῷπερ ἐξαμαρτάνειν ἦττον δίκαιον αὐτούς.

ΣΤ. ἀλλ' οὐδαμοῦ νομίζεται τὸν πατέρα τοῦτο πάσχειν. 14 ΦΕΙ. οὔκουν ἀνὴρ ὁ τὸν νόμον θεὶς τοῦτον ἦν τὸ πρῶτον, ὥσπερ σὺ κἀγώ, καὶ λέγων ἔπειθε τοὺς παλαιούς; ἦττόν τι δῆτ' ἔξεστι κἀμοὶ καινὸν αὖ τὸ λοιπὸν θεῖναι νόμον τοῖς υἱέσιν, τοὺς πατέρας ἀντιτύπτειν;

^a A parody of the famous line Eur. Alcestis, 691 χαίρεις ὁρῶν φῶς πατέρα δ΄ οὐ χαίρειν δοκεῖς; where Pheres addresses his son Admetus who had asked him to die in his stead.

THE CLOUDS, 1408-1424

PH.	Peace. I will now resume the thread
	where I broke off before.
	And first I ask: when I was young,
	did you not strike me then?
ST.	Yea: for I loved and cherished you.
PH.	Well, solve me this again,
	Is it not just that I your son
	should cherish you alike,
	And strike you, since, as you observe,
	to cherish means to strike?
	What! must my body needs be scourged
	and pounded black and blue
	And yours be scathless? was not I
	as much freeborn as you?
	"Children are whipped, and shall not sires be
	whipped?"a
	Perhaps you'll urge that children's minds
	alone are taught by blows:—
	Well: Age is Second Childhood then:
	that everybody knows.
	And as by old experience Age
	should guide its steps more clearly,
	So when they err, they surely should
	be punished more severely.
ST.	But Law goes everywhere for me:
	deny it, if you can.
РH	Well was not he who made the law,
111.	a man, a mortal man,
	As you or I, who in old times
	talked over all the crowd?
	And think you that to you or me
	the same is not allowed,
	To change it, so that sons by blows
	should keep their fathers steady?
	•
	393

όσας δὲ πληγὰς εἴχομεν πρὶν τὸν νόμον τεθῆναι, 142 ἀφίεμεν, καὶ δίδομεν αὐτοῖς προῖκα συγκεκόφθαι. σκέψαι δὲ τοὺς ἀλεκτρυόνας καὶ τἄλλα τὰ βοτὰ ταυτί,

ώς τοὺς πατέρας ἀμύνεται· καίτοι τι διαφέρουσιν ἡμῶν ἐκεῖνοι, πλὴν ὅτι ψηφίσματ' οὐ γράφουσιν;

- ΣΤ. τί δῆτ', ἐπειδὴ τοὺς ἀλεκτρυόνας ἄπαντα μιμεῖ, 143 οὐκ ἐσθίεις καὶ τὴν κόπρον κἀπὶ ξύλου καθεύδεις;
- ΦΕΙ. οὐ ταυτόν, ὧ τᾶν, ἐστιν, οὐδ' ἄν Σωκράτει δοκοίη.
 - ΣΤ. πρὸς ταῦτα μὴ τύπτ'· εἰ δὲ μή, σαυτόν ποτ' αἰτιάσει.
- ΦΕΙ. καὶ $\pi \hat{\omega}$ ς;
 - ΣΤ. ἐπεὶ σὲ μὲν δίκαιός εἰμ' ἐγὼ κολάζειν,
 σὺ δ', ἢν γένηταί σοι, τὸν υίόν.
- ΦΕΙ. ἢν δὲ μὴ γένηται, 143 μάτην ἐμοὶ κεκλαύσεται, σὰ δ' ἐγχανὼν τεθνήξει.
 - ΣΤ. ἐμοὶ μέν, ὧνδρες ἥλικες, δοκεῖ λέγειν δίκαια·
 κἄμοιγε συγχωρεῖν δοκεῖ τούτοισι τἀπιεικῆ.
 κλάειν γὰρ ἡμᾶς εἰκός ἐστ', ἢν μὴ δίκαια δρῶμεν.
- ΦΕΙ. σκέψαι δὲ χάτέραν ἔτι γνώμην.
 - ΣΤ. ἀπὸ γὰρ ὀλοῦμαι. 144
- ΦΕΙ. καὶ μὴν ἴσως γ' οὐκ ἀχθέσει παθών ἃ νῦν πέ- πονθας.

THE CLOUDS, 1425-1441

	Still, we'll be liberal, and blows
	which we've received already
	We will forget, we'll have no ex-
	post-facto legislation.
	—Look at the game-cocks, look at all
	the animal creation,
	Do not they beat their parents? Aye:
	I say then, that in fact
	They are as we, except that they
	no special laws enact.
ST.	Why don't you then, if always where
	the game-cock leads you follow,
	Ascend your perch to roost at night,
	and dirt and ordure swallow?
PH.	The case is different there, old man,
	as Socrates would see.
ST.	Well then you'll blame yourself at last,
	if you keep striking me.
PH.	How so?
ST.	Why, if it's right for me to punish you my son,
	You can, if you have got one, yours.
PH.	Aye, but suppose I've none.
	Then having gulled me you will die, while I've been flogged in vain.
ST.	Good friends! I really think he has
ST.	some reason to complain.
	I must concede he has put the case
	in quite a novel light:
	I really think we should be flogged
	unless we act aright!
ри	Look to a fresh idea then.
ST,	He'll be my death I vow.
PH.	Yet then perhaps you will not grudge
	ev'n what you suffer now.

ST.

PH. ST. PH. ST. PH.

ΣT.	πως δή; δίδαξον γὰρ τί μ' ἐκ τούτων ἐπωφελήσεις.	
ΦEI.	τὴν μητέρ' ὥσπερ καὶ σὲ τυπτήσω.	
ΣΤ.	τί φής; τί φὴς σύ;	
	τοῦθ' ἔτερον αὖ μεῖζον κακόν.	
ΦEI.	τί δ', ἢν ἔχων τὸν ἥττω	14
	λόγον σε νικήσω λέγων την μητέρ' ώς τύπτειν	
	χρεών;	
ΣΤ.	τί δ' ἄλλο γ'; ἢν ταυτὶ ποιῆς,	
	οὐδέν σε κωλύσει σεαυ-	
	τὸν ἐμβαλεῖν ἐς τὸ βάραθρον	14
	μετὰ Σωκράτους	
	καὶ τὸν λόγον τὸν ἥττω.	
	ταυτὶ δι' ὑμᾶς, ὧ Νεφέλαι, πέπονθ' ἐγώ,	
	ύμιν ἀναθείς ἄπαντα τάμὰ πράγματα.	
xo.	αὐτὸς μὲν οὖν σαυτῷ σὺ τούτων αἴτιος,	
	στρέψας σεαυτόν ές πονηρά πράγματα.	14
ΣΤ.	τί δήτα ταῦτ' οὔ μοι τότ' ήγορεύετε,	
	άλλ' ἄνδρ' ἄγροικον καὶ γέροντ' ἐπήρετε;	
XO.	ήμεῖς ποιοῦμεν ταῦθ' ἐκάστοθ' ὅταν τινὰ	
	γνωμεν πονηρων όντ' έραστην πραγμάτων,	
	έως αν αυτον εμβάλωμεν είς κακόν,	14
	οπως αν είδη τους θεους δεδοικέναι.	
ΣT.	οἴμοι, πονηρά γ', ὧ Νεφέλαι, δίκαια δέ.	
	οὐ γάρ μ' έχρῆν τὰ χρήμαθ' άδανεισάμην	
	ἀποστερείν. νῦν οὖν ὅπως, ὧ φίλτατε,	
	τον Χαιρεφώντα τον μιαρόν και Σωκράτην	14
	ἀπολεῖς, μετ' ἐμοῦ 'λθών, οι σὲ κἄμ' ἐξηπάτων.	
ΦEI.	αλλ' οὐκ αν αδικήσαιμι τοὺς διδασκάλους.	
ΣT .	ναὶ ναί, καταιδέσθητι πατρῷον Δία.	
ΦEI.	ίδού γε Δία πατρῷον· ώς ἀρχαῖος εί.	
	Ζεύς γάρ τις έστιν;	

THE CLOUDS, 1442-1470

st. How! will you make me like the blows which I've received to-day?

PH. Yes, for I'll beat my mother too.

ST.

What! What is that you say! Why, this is worse than all.

PH. But what, if as I proved the other,
By the same Logic I can prove

'tis right to beat my mother?

St. Aye! what indeed! if this you plead,
If this you think to win,
Why then, for all I care, you may
To the Accursed Pit convey
Yourself with all your learning new,
Your master, and your Logic too,

And tumble headlong in.
O Clouds! O Clouds! I owe all this to you!
Why did I let you manage my affairs!

ch. Nay, nay, old man, you owe it to yourself. Why didst thou turn to wicked practices?

sr. Ah, but ye should have asked me that before, And not have spurred a poor old fool to evil.

CH. Such is our plan. We find a man On evil thoughts intent,

Guide him along to shame and wrong,

Then leave him to repent.

st. Hard words, alas! yet not more hard than just. It was not right unfairly to keep back
The money that I borrowed. Come, my darling,
Come and destroy that filthy Chaerephon
And Socrates; for they've deceived us both!

PH. No. I will lift no hand against my Tutors.

ST. Yes do, come, reverence Paternal Zeus.

PH. Look there! Paternal Zeus! what an old fool.

Is there a Zeus?

ἔστιν. ΣT. οὐκ ἔστ' οῧκ ἐπεὶ ΦEL. 11 Δίνος βασιλεύει, τὸν Δί' ἐξεληλακώς. οὐκ έξελήλακ' άλλ' έγω τοῦτ' ῷόμην, διὰ τουτονὶ τὸν Δίνον. οἴμοι δείλαιος, ότε καὶ σὲ χυτρεοῦν όντα θεὸν ἡγησάμην. ΦΕΙ. ἐνταῦθα σαυτῷ παραφρόνει καὶ φληνάφα. 14 ΣΤ. οἴμοι παρανοίας ως έμαινόμην ἄρα, οτ' έξέβαλλον τους θεους διά Σωκράτην. άλλ', ὧ φίλ' 'Ερμη, μηδαμῶς θύμαινέ μοι, μηδέ μ' ἐπιτρίψης, ἀλλὰ συγγνώμην ἔχε έμοῦ παρανοήσαντος άδολεσχία. 14 καί μοι γενοῦ ξύμβουλος, εἴτ' αὐτοὺς γραφὴν διωκάθω γραψάμενος, εἴθ' ὅ τι σοι δοκεῖ. όρθῶς παραινεῖς οὐκ ἐῶν δικορραφεῖν, άλλ' ώς τάχιστ' ἐμπιπράναι τὴν οἰκίαν τῶν ἀδολεσχῶν. δεῦρο δεῦρ', ὧ Ξανθία, 14 κλίμακα λαβών έξελθε καὶ σμινύην φέρων, κάπειτ' έπαναβάς έπὶ τὸ φροντιστήριον τὸ τέγος κατάσκαπτ', εὶ φιλεῖς τὸν δεσπότην, έως αν αυτοίς εμβάλης την οικίαν. έμοι δε δάδ' ενεγκάτω τις ήμμενην, 1: κάγώ τιν' αὐτῶν τήμερον δοῦναι δίκην έμοι ποιήσω, κεί σφόδρ' είσ' άλαζόνες. ΜΑΘΗΤΗΣ Α. ἰοὺ ἰού. ΣΤ. σὸν ἔργον, ὧ δάς, ἱέναι πολλὴν φλόγα. Μ. Α. ἄνθρωπε, τί ποιεῖς; ὄ τι ποιῶ; τί δ' ἄλλο γ' ἢ 14 ΣT. διαλεπτολογούμαι ταις δοκοίς της οἰκίας.

^a For δίνος (spelt δείνος in Athenaeus) cf. W. 618. It is a "large bowl," but why it is on the stage or what the reference to it means is uncertain.

THE CLOUDS, 1470-1496

There is.

There is no Zeus. PH. Young Vortex reigns, and he has turned out Zeus.

No Vortex reigns: that was my foolish thought ST. All through this vortex a here. Fool that I was, To think a piece of earthenware a God.

PH. Well, rave away, talk nonsense to yourself.

Oh! fool, fool, how mad I must have been ST. To cast away the Gods, for Socrates.

Yet Hermes, gracious Hermes, b be not angry Nor crush me utterly, but look with mercy On faults to which his idle talk hath led me. And lend thy counsel; tell me, had I better Plague them with lawsuits, or how else annoy them. (Affects to listen.)

Good: your advice is good: I'll have no lawsuits, I'll go at once and set their house on fire, The prating rascals. Here, here, Xanthias, Quick, quick here, bring your ladder and your pitchfork.

ST.

Climb to the roof of their vile thinking-house, Dig at their tiles, dig stoutly, an' thou lovest me-Tumble the very house about their ears. And someone fetch me here a lighted torch, And I'll soon see if, boasters as they are, They won't repent of what they've done to me.

STUDENT 1. O dear ! O dear !

ST. Now, now, my torch, send out a lusty flame.

s. 1. Man! what are you at there?

ST. What am I at? I'll tell you. I'm splitting straws with your house-rafters here.

b A statue of Hermes $\Sigma \tau \rho o \phi a \hat{i} o s$ placed at the door of the house έπὶ ἀποτροπ \hat{y} τῶν ἄλλων κλεπτῶν (Schol. on Pl. 1153).

М. В.	οἴμοι, τις ήμῶν πυρπολεῖ τὴν οἰκίαν;	
ΣΤ.	έκεινος οδπερ θοιμάτιον ειλήφατε.	
	ἀπολεῖς ἀπολεῖς.	
ΣΤ.	τοῦτ' αὐτὸ γὰρ καὶ βούλομαι,	
	ην ή σμινύη μοι μη προδώ τας έλπίδας,	18
	η γω πρότερόν πως έκτραχηλισθω πεσών.	
ΣΩ.	ούτος, τί ποιείς έτεόν, ούπί του τέγους;	
	άεροβατῶ, καὶ περιφρονῶ τὸν ἥλιον.	
	οἴμοι τάλας, δείλαιος ἀποπνιγήσομαι.	
XAIPE	εφων. ἐγὼ δὲ κακοδαίμων γε κατακαυθήσομαι.	18
	τί γὰρ μαθόντες τοὺς θεοὺς ὑβρίζετε,	
	καὶ τῆς Σελήνης ἐσκοπεῖσθε τὴν ἔδραν;	
	δίωκε βάλλε παιε πολλών ούνεκα	

THE CLOUDS, 1497-1510

s. 2. Oh me! who's been and set our house on fire?
st. Who was it, think you, that you stole the cloak from?
s. 3. O Murder! Murder!

That's the very thing,
Unless this pick prove traitor to my hopes,
Or I fall down, and break my blessed neck.

so. Hallo! what are you at, up on our roof?

sr. I walk on air, and contemplate the Sun.

so. O! I shall suffocate. O dear! O dear!

CHAEREPHON. And I, poor devil, shall be burnt to death.

T. For with what aim did ye insult the Gods,
And pry around the dwellings of the Moon?
Strike, smite them, spare them not, for many reasons,
BUT MOST BECAUSE THEY HAVE BLASPHEMED THE GODS!

CH. Lead out of the way: for I think we may say We have acted our part very fairly to-day.





INTRODUCTION

The Wasps was produced at the Lenaean festival 422 B.C., gaining either the first or the second prize, and it is commonly regarded as "a criticism on the Athenian dicasterics," or, as Grote puts it, "The poet's purpose was to make the dicasts appear

monsters of caprice and injustice."

Yet though "Aristophanes does not exempt them from his strokes of wit and satire (for once thoroughly in his comic vein, he spares neither friend nor foe)," a these old dicasts are none the less "representatives of his own favourite Μαραθωνομάχαι," and in the Epirrhema (1071-90) "he describes, in the noblest and most glowing eulogy that ever flowed from the lips of a Comedian, who and what these dicasts were," b his real object being to detach them from the demagogues, of whom they "were the main support and stay in the popular assembly." These poor old men who "have to grope their way through the mud in the dark," whose "talk is of pot-herbs," and who are "struck with consternation (309-12) at the audaeity of a child who dares to ask for anything so far beyond the means of a dicast as a homely treat of common figs," c are yet under the delusion (592-600), carefully fostered by Cleon and his like, that they are masters of the State, and, while there is "no discussion

-9

^a Rogers, Introduction, p. xvii. ^b *Ibid.* p. xvi.
^c *Ibid.* p. xviii.

THE WASPS

on the excellences or defects of the dicastic system" in the great Arbitration scene (521 seq.), "the whole of Philocleon's harangue is an elaborate argument . . . that the dicastic office is an $d\rho\chi\dot{\eta}$ $\mu\epsilon\gamma\dot{\alpha}\lambda\eta$, whilst Bdelycleon, on the contrary, exerts himself to prove that it is nothing more nor less than a $\mu\epsilon\gamma\dot{\alpha}\lambda\eta$ $\delta\sigma\nu\lambda\epsilon\dot{\alpha}$." σ

As regards the Athenian jury-system, it may be noted that as the political affairs were in the hands of the $\epsilon \kappa \kappa \lambda \eta \sigma (a)$, so judicial affairs were committed to an assembly called $\dot{\eta} \lambda \iota a (a)$. The numbers of this were limited to 6000, who must be over thirty years of age, and "in the full possession of their rights and privileges as Athenian citizens." They were elected by lot, an equal number from each of the ten tribes, had to take the Heliastic oath, which included a declaration that "they would give a fair and impartial hearing to both sides" (cf. 725, 920), and from the time of Pericles received three obols a day as their fee.

After their election they were "distributed and marshalled," by ballot, into ten sections or committees, which "sat each in a separate Hall or Court-house," distinguished by a particular colour, and every dicast received "a metallic or boxwood plate $(\pi \iota \nu \acute{a} \kappa \iota \sigma \nu)$ inscribed with his name, etc.," together with a staff of office $(\beta a \kappa \tau \eta \rho \acute{a}$ or $\sigma \kappa \acute{a} \pi \omega \nu$, 727). The average number of a sectional assembly was 500, and "each member, as he entered the Courthouse, was presented with a $\sigma \acute{\nu} \mu \beta o \lambda \sigma \nu$ or ticket of attendance," which on the rising of the Court he handed to the Treasurer $(\kappa \omega \lambda a \kappa \rho \acute{e} \tau \eta s)$, who thereupon paid him three obols." d

<sup>a Ibid. p. xix.
c Ibid. p. xxvii.</sup>

^b *Ibid*. p. xxi. ^d *Ibid*. p. xxxiv.

" An action at law was commenced by a summons $(\pi\rho\delta\sigma\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma\iota\varsigma)$ served on the defendant by, or in the presence of a sompnour (κλητήρ)." a Both plaintiff and defendant made oath as to the truth of their case (these preliminary affidavits were called ἀντωμοσίωι), and evidence was produced by each. When the pleadings and documentary evidence (αὶ γραφαί) were complete, they were sealed up in an official vessel (extros), to be opened on the day of trial, and the cause was set down in the cause-lists (at σάνιδες). After considering the evidence, both documentary and oral, and hearing the speeches, the dicasts recorded their verdict by placing their votes in one or other of two urns (καδίσκοι, cf. 987), but when the verdict was "Guilty," and in cases where no particular penalty was annexed by law (δίκαι $d\tau l \mu \eta \tau \sigma l$), "it devolved upon the Court to determine its amount or nature," and " the prisoner was allowed to suggest a milder punishment than that demanded by the prosecution," in which event (as in the case of Socrates) a second vote had to be taken, and for this purpose "the dieasts had πινάκια τιμητικά (damagecessing tablets), over the waxen surface of which they drew either a long line to mark the heavier, or a short line to mark the lighter penalty." b

"In addition to actions before a Court of Law the practice of referring a dispute to the decision of arbitrators ($\delta\iota a\iota\tau\eta\tau u\iota$) was as well known in Athens as it is in England," σ and the proceedings in 521 seq. are "a complete specimen" of such an arbitration.

a Ibid. p. xxxv. b Ibid. p. xxxvi. c Ibid. p. xliii.

ΤΑ ΤΟΥ ΔΡΑΜΑΤΟΣ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΑ

ΒΔΕΛΥΚΛΕΩΝ

ΦΙΛΟΚΛΕΩΝ

ΧΟΡΟΣ ΓΕΡΟΝΤΩΝ ΣΦΗΚΩΝ

 $\Pi A I \Sigma$

 $K\Upsilon\Omega N$

ΣΥΜΠΟΤΗΣ

 $\mathbf{APTOH}\Omega\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{I}\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$

ΚΑΤΗΓΟΡΟΣ ΄

ΣΦΗΚΕΣ

ΣΩΣΙΑΣ. Οὖτος, τί πάσχεις, ὧ κακόδαιμον Ξανθία; ΞΑΝΘΙΑΣ. φυλακὴν καταλύειν νυκτερινὴν διδάσκομαι. ΣΩ. κακὸν ἄρα ταῖς πλευραῖς τι προὐφείλεις μέγα. ἆρ' οἶσθά γ' οἷον κνώδαλον φυλάττομεν;

άρ οίσθα γ' οίον κνωδαλον φυλαττομεν; ΞΑ. οίδ'· ἀλλ' ἐπιθυμῶ σμικρὸν ἀπομερμηρίσαι.

ΣΩ. σὺ δ' οὖν παρακινδύνευ', ἐπεὶ καὐτοῦ γ' ἐμοῦ κατὰ ταῖν κόραιν ὕπνου τι καταχεῖται γλυκύ.

ΕΑ. ἀλλ' ἢ παραφρονεῖς ἐτεὸν ἢ κορυβαντιᾶς;

Ση. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ὕπνος μ' ἔχει τις ἐκ Σαβαζίου.

ΕΑ. τὸν αὐτὸν ἄρ' ἐμοὶ βουκολεῖς Σαβάζιον.
κἀμοὶ γὰρ ἀρτίως ἐπεστρατεύσατο
Μῆδός τις ἐπὶ τὰ βλέφαρα νυστακτὴς ὕπνος καὶ δῆτ' ὄναρ θαυμαστὸν είδον ἀρτίως.

α. κἄγωγ' ἀληθῶς οἷον οὐδεπώποτε.

άτὰρ σὺ λέξον πρότερος.

ΕΑ. ἐδόκουν αἰετὸν καταπτάμενον εἰς τὴν ἀγορὰν μέγαν πάνυ ἀναρπάσαντα τοῖς ὄνυξιν ἀσπίδα φέρειν ἐπίχαλκον ἀνεκὰς εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν,

^a The play opens with a dialogue between two drowsy slaves who have been keeping guard all night before an Athenian house. It is still dark, but the day is at hand.

THE WASPS

Sosias. You ill-starred Xanthias, what's the matter now? XANTHIAS. The nightly watch I'm studying to relieve.

Why then, your ribs will have a score against you. so. Do you forget what sort of beast we're guarding?

xa. No, but I'd fain just drowse dull care away.

Well, try your luck: for I too feel a sort so. Of drowsy sweetness settling o'er my eyes.

xa. Sure you're a maniac or a Corybant.

so. (Producing a wine flask) Nay 'tis a sleep from great Sabazius holds me.c

XA. (Producing another) Aha! and I'm your fellow-votary there.

My lids too felt just now the fierce assault Of a strong Median d nod-compelling sleep.

And then I dreamed a dream; such a strange dream!

so. And so did I: the strangest e'er I heard of. But tell yours first.

Methought a monstrous eagle XA. Came flying towards the market-place, and there Seized in its claws a wriggling brassy shield, And bore it up in triumph to the sky,

d i.e. as overwhelming as the host of Xerxes.

<sup>i.e. by going to sleep.
X. denies that he is "a Corybant" but allows that he is</sup> almost one, being a devotee of Sabazius, the Phrygian Bacchus, and son of Cybele, of whom the Corybants were priests.

20

25

30

	κἄπειτα ταύτην ἀποβαλεῖν Κλεώνυμ ον.	
ΣΩ.	οὐδὲν ἄρα γρίφου διαφέρει Κλεώνυμος.	
ΞA.	$\pi\hat{\omega}_{S} \delta \hat{\eta};$	
ΣΩ.	προσερεῖ τις τοῖσι συμπόταις λέγων,	
	τί ταὐτὸν ἐν γῆ τ' ἀπέβαλεν κἀν οὐρανῷ	
	κάν τῆ θαλάττη θηρίον τὴν ἀσπίδα;	
ΞA.	οἴμοι, τί δῆτά μοι κακὸν γενήσεται	
	ίδόντι τοιοθτον ἐνύπνιον;	
ΣΩ.	μὴ φροντίσης.	
	οὐδὲν γὰρ ἔσται δεινὸν οὐ μὰ τοὺς θεούς.	
ΞA.	δεινόν γέ πού 'στ' ἄνθρωπος ἀποβαλών ὅπλα.	
	ἀτὰρ σὺ τὸ σὸν αὖ λέξον.	
ΣΩ.	άλλ' ἐστὶν μέγα.	
	περὶ τῆς πόλεως γάρ ἐστι τοῦ σκάφους ὅλου.	
ΞΑ.	λέγε νυν ἀνύσας τι τὴν τρόπιν τοῦ πράγματος.	
ΣΩ.	έδοξέ μοι περὶ πρῶτον ὕπνον ἐν τῆ πυκνὶ	
	έκκλησιάζειν πρόβατα συγκαθήμενα,	
	βακτηρίας ἔχοντα καὶ τριβώνια:	
	κάπειτα τούτοις τοίσι προβάτοις μοὐδόκει	
	δημηγορεῖν φάλαινα πανδοκεύτρια,	
	έχουσα φωνήν έμπεπρημένης ύός.	
ΞA.	$aieta o\hat{\imath}$.	
ΣΩ.	τί ἔστι;	
ΞA.	παῦε παῦε, μὴ λέγε·	
	ὄζει κάκιστον τοὐνύπνιον βύρσης σαπρᾶς.	
ΣΩ.	εἶθ' ἡ μιαρὰ φάλαιν' ἔχουσα τρυτάνην	
	ΐστη βόειον δημόν.	
	·	

^a The big eagle changes into bulky Cleonymus (cf. A. 88) the $\dot{\rho}l\psi\alpha\sigma\pi is$. There seems to be a play on $\dot{\alpha}\sigma\pi ls = (1)$ a shield, (2) a snake.

b The reference is to a well-known riddle (Athen. x. 78) $\tau i \tau \alpha \dot{\nu} \tau \dot{\nu} \nu \dot{\nu} \nu \dot{\nu} \rho \alpha \nu \dot{\omega}$, $\kappa \alpha i \dot{\nu} \tau i \gamma \dot{\eta} s$, $\kappa \alpha i \dot{\nu} \nu \tau i \theta \alpha \lambda \dot{\alpha} \sigma \sigma \eta$; the answer 410

THE WASPS, 19-40

And then—Cleonymus fled off and dropped it.^a

so. Why then, Cleonymus is quite a riddle.

xa. How so?

so. A man will ask his boon companions, What is that brute which throws away its shield Alike in air, in ocean, in the field? b

xa. O what mishap awaits me, that have seen So strange a vision?

Take it not to heart, 'Twill be no harm, I swear it by the Gods.

xa. No harm to see a man throw off his shield!

But now tell yours.

so. Ah, mine's a big one, mine is;
About the whole great vessel of the state.

xa. Tell us at once the keel of the affair.

so. 'Twas in my earliest sleep methought I saw
A flock of sheep assembled in the Pnyx,
Sitting close-packed, with little cloaks and staves;
Then to these sheep I heard, or seemed to hear
An all-receptive grampus o holding forth
In tone and accents like a sealded pig.

xa. Pheugh!

so. Eh?

XA. Stop, stop, don't tell us any more. Your dream smells horribly of putrid hides

so. Then the vile grampus, scales in hand, weighed out Bits of fat beef, cut up. d

being "a serpent" of which there are land and marine specimens, and which is also a constellation.

° Cleon; for his greed cf. C. 591, and for his voice K. 137.

Gaussian For the play on $\delta\eta\mu\delta$ s "fat" and $\delta\hat{\eta}\mu$ os "the people" cf. K. 954.

ΞA.	οἴμοι δείλαιος.	40
	τὸν Δῆμον ἡμῶν βούλεται διιστάναι.	
ΣΩ.	έδόκει δέ μοι Θέωρος αὐτῆς πλησίον	
	χαμαὶ καθησθαι, τὴν κεφαλὴν κόρακος ἔχων.	
	εἶτ' 'Αλκιβιάδης εἶπε πρός με τραυλίσας·	
	όλậς; Θέωλος την κεφαλην κόλακος έχει.	45
ΞA.	όρθως γε τοῦτ' ᾿Αλκιβιάδης ἐτραύλισεν.	
ΣΩ.	οὔκουν ἐκεῖν' ἀλλόκοτον, ὁ Θέωρος κόραξ	
	γιγνόμενος;	
ΞA.	ηκιστ', ἀλλ' ἄριστον.	
ΣΩ.	$\pi \hat{\omega}_{S}$;	
EA.	ὄπως;	
A21.	ανθρωπος ων εἶτ' ἐγένετ' ἐξαίφνης κόραξ·	
	οὔκουν ἐναργὲς τοῦτο συμβάλλειν, ὅτι	50
	άρθεὶς ἀφ' ἡμῶν ἐς κόρακας οἰχήσεται;	30
×0	εἶτ' οὐκ ἐγὼ δοὺς δὖ' ὀβολὼ μισθώσομαι	
ΣΩ.		
	ούτως ὑποκρινόμενον σοφῶς ὀνείρατα;	
ΞA.	φέρε νυν κατείπω τοις θεαταις τον λόγον,	55
	ολίγ' ἄτθ' ύπειπων πρωτον αὐτοῖσιν ταδί,	55
	μηδεν παρ' ήμῶν προσδοκᾶν λίαν μέγα,	
	μηδ' αὖ γέλωτα Μεγαρόθεν κεκλεμμένον.	
	ήμιν γὰρ οὐκ ἔστ' οὐδὲ κάρυ' ἐκ φορμίδος	
	δούλω διαρριπτοῦντε τοῖς θεωμένοις,	
	οὔθ' 'Ηρακλης τὸ δεῖπνον έξαπατώμενος,	60
	οὐδ' αὖθις ἀνασελγαινόμενος Εὐριπίδης·	
	οὐδ' εἰ Κλέων γ' ἔλαμψε τῆς τύχης χάριν,	
	αὖθις τὸν αὐτὸν ἄνδρα μυ ττωτεύσομεν	
	άλλ' ἔστιν ἡμιῖν λογίδιον γνώμην ἔχον,	

^a For the play on κόραξ and κόλαξ cf. Diogenes (cited by Athenaeus vi. 65), πολύ κρεῖττον ἐς κόρακας ἀπελθεῖν ἡ ἐς κόλακας. Theorus, who is here called a "flatterer," is jeered at as a 412

THE WASPS, 40-64

Woe worth the day!
He means to cut our city up in bits.
Methought beside him, on the ground, I saw Theorus seated, with a raven's head.
Then Alcibiades lisped out to me,
Cwemark! Theorwis has a cwaven's a head.

xa. Well lisped! and rightly, Alcibiades!

so. But is this not ill-omened, that a man Turn to a crow?

xa. Nay, excellent.

SO.

Being a man he straight becomes a crow:

Being a man he straight becomes a crow:
Is it not obvious to conjecture that
He's going to leave us, going to the crows?

How?

How!

so. Shall I not pay two obols then, and hire One who so cleverly interprets dreams?

XA. Come, let me tell the story to the audience With just these few remarks, by way of preface. Expect not from us something mighty grand, Nor yet some mirth purloined from Megara.^b We have no brace of servants here, to scatter Nuts from their basket out among the audience, No Heracles defrauded of his supper, Nor yet Euripides besmirched again; No, nor though Cleon shine, by fortune's favour,^c Will we to mincemeat chop the man again. Ours is a little tale, with meaning in it,

"perjurer," C. 400. "To go to the crows" is the same as our "go to the dogs."

· He was in this year appointed commander-in-chief to

oppose Brasidas in Thrace.

b Susarion of Megara is said to have invented comedy, but "Megaric comedy" is often referred to as rude and vulgar; cf. A. 738.

ύμῶν μὲν αὐτῶν οὐχὶ δεξιώτερον,	65
κωμφδίας δε φορτικής σοφώτερον.	
ἔστιν γὰρ ἡμιν δεσπότης ἐκεινοσὶ	
ἄνω καθεύδων, ο μέγας, ούπὶ τοῦ τέγους.	
οὖτος φυλάττειν τὸν πατέρ' ἐπέταξε νῷν,	
ἔνδον καθείρξας, ἵνα θύραζε μὴ 'ξίη.	70
νόσον γὰρ ὁ πατὴρ ἀλλόκοτον αὐτοῦ νοσεῖ,	
ην οὐδ' αν εἶς γνοίη ποτ' οὐδ' αν ξυμβάλοι,	
εἰ μὴ πύθοιθ' ἡμῶν ἐπεὶ τοπάζετε.	
'Αμυνίας μεν ο Προνάπους φήσ' ούτοσί	
εἶναι φιλόκυβον αὐτόν ἀλλ' οὐδὲν λέγει.	75
$\mu\grave{a}$ $\Delta \acute{t}$, $\grave{a}\lambda\grave{\lambda}$ $\grave{a}\phi$ \grave{a} \acute{v} \acute{v} \acute{v} \acute{v} \acute{v} \acute{o} \acute{o} \acute{v} τεκμαίρεται.	
οὔκ, ἀλλὰ φιλο μέν ἐστιν ἀρχὴ τοῦ κακοῦ.	
όδὶ δέ φησι Σωσίας πρὸς Δερκύλον	
είναι φιλοπότην αὐτόν.	
οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ	
αὕτη γε χρηστῶν ἐστὶν ἀνδρῶν ἡ νόσος.	80
Νικόστρατος δ' αὖ φησιν ὁ Σκαμβωνίδης	
είναι φιλοθύτην αὐτὸν ἢ φιλόξενον.	
μὰ τὸν κύν', ὧ Νικόστρατ', οὐ φιλόξενος,	
έπεὶ καταπύγων έστὶν ὅ γε Φιλόξενος.	
ἄλλως φλυαρεῖτ'· οὐ γὰρ ἐξευρήσετε.	85
εὶ δὴ ἀπιθυμεῖτ' εἰδέναι, σιγᾶτε νῦν.	
φράσω γὰρ ήδη τὴν νόσον τοῦ δεσπότου.	
φιληλιαστής έστιν ώς οὐδεὶς ἀνήρ,	
έρᾶ τε τούτου τοῦ δικάζειν, καὶ στένει,	
ἢν μὴ ἀπὶ τοῦ πρώτου καθίζηται ξύλου.	90
ύπνου δ' όρᾶ τῆς νυκτὸς οὐδὲ πασπάλην.	
ην δ' οὖν καταμύση κᾶν ἄχνην, ὅμως ἐκεῖ	
ό νοῦς πέτεται τὴν νύκτα περὶ τὴν κλεψύδραν.	
ύπὸ τοῦ δὲ τὴν ψῆφόν γ' ἔχειν εἰωθέναι	

 $\Sigma\Omega$. ΞA .

ΣΩ.

ΞA.

ΣΩ.

ΞA.

THE WASPS, 65-94

Not too refined and exquisite for you, Yet wittier far than vulgar comedy. You see that great big man, the man asleep Up on the roof, aloft: well, that's our master. He keeps his father here, shut up within, And bids us guard him that he stir not out. For he, the father, has a strange disease, Which none of you will know, or yet conjecture, Unless we tell: else, if you think so, guess. Amynias a there, the son of Pronapes, Says he's a dice-lover: but he's quite out.

so. Ah, he conjectures from his own disease.

xa. Nay, but the word does really end with -lover.
Then Sosias here observes to Dercylus,
That 'tis a drink-lover.

so. Confound it, no:
That's the disease of honest gentlemen.

xa. Then next, Nicostratus of Scambon says, It is a sacrifice-b or stranger-lover.

so. What, like Philoxenus? No, by the dog, Not quite so lewd, Nicostratus, as that.

XA. Come, you waste words: you'll never find it out, So all keep silence if you want to know. I'll tell you the disease old master has. He is a lawcourt-lover, no man like him. Judging is what he dotes on, and he weeps Unless he sit on the front bench of all. At night he gets no sleep, no, not one grain, Or if he doze the tiniest speck, his soul Flutters in dreams around the water-clock. So used he is to holding votes, he wakes

b The Scholiast explains φιλοθύτης = δεισιδαίμων, "superstitious."

• By which the speeches of the advocates were timed.

^a Here and below Aristophanes makes certain spectators credit Philocleon with their own special weakness.

95

100

10

110

11

120

τούς τρείς ξυνέχων των δακτύλων ανίσταται, ώσπερ λιβανωτον επιτιθείς νουμηνία. καὶ νὴ Δί' ἢν ἴδη γέ που γεγραμμένον υίὸν Πυριλάμπους έν θύρα Δημον καλόν, ἰὼν παρέγραψε πλησίον '' κημὸς καλός.' τον άλεκτρυόνα δ', ος ήδ' άφ' έσπέρας, έφη ὄψ' έξεγείρειν αὐτὸν ἀναπεπεισμένον, παρά τῶν ὑπευθύνων ἔχοντα χρήματα. εὐθὺς δ' ἀπὸ δορπηστοῦ κέκραγεν ἐμβάδας, κάπειτ' έκειο' έλθων προκαθεύδει πρώ πάνυ, ωσπερ λεπάς προσεχόμενος τῷ κίονι. ύπὸ δυσκολίας δ' ἄπασι τιμῶν τὴν μακράν ώσπερ μέλιττ' η βομβυλιός εἰσέρχεται, ύπο τοις ὄνυξι κηρον ἀναπεπλασμένος. ψήφων δε δείσας μη δεηθείη ποτέ, ιν' έχοι δικάζειν, αίγιαλον ένδον τρέφει. τοιαθτ' ἀλύει νουθετούμενος δ' ἀεὶ μαλλον δικάζει. τοῦτον οὖν φυλάττομεν . μοχλοῖσιν ἐνδήσαντες, ὡς ἂν μὴ 'ξίη. ό γαρ υίος αὐτοῦ τὴν νόσον βαρέως φέρει. καὶ πρῶτα μὲν λόγοισι παραμυθούμενος ἀνέπειθεν αὐτὸν μη φορεῖν τριβώνιον μηδ' έξιέναι θύραζ' δ δ' οὐκ ἐπείθετο. εἶτ' αὐτὸν ἀπέλου κἀκάθαιρ', ὁ δ' οὐ μάλα. μετὰ τοῦτ' ἐκορυβάντιζ' ὁ δ' αὐτῷ τυμπάνῳ ἄξας ἐδίκαζεν εἰς τὸ Καινὸν ἐμπεσών. ότε δή δὲ ταύταις ταῖς τελεταῖς οὐκ ἀφέλει, διέπλευσεν είς Αἴγιναν είτα ξυλλαβών

a For this practice of lovers cf. A. 144.
 b Demus was a youth of eminent beauty; cf. Plato, Gorg.
 481 D, where Socrates says έγω μὲν έρω ἀλλιβιάδου τε τοῦ Κλεινίου καὶ ψιλοσοφίας, σὐ δὲ τοῦ ᾿λθηναίων δήμου καὶ τοῦ Πυριλάμπουκ.

THE WASPS, 95-122

With thumb and first two fingers closed, as one That offers incense on a new moon's day. If on a gate is written Lovely Demus, a Meaning the son of Pyrilamp, b he goes And writes beside it Lovely Verdict-box. The cock which crew from eventide, he said, Was tampered with, he knew, to call him late, Bribed by officials whose accounts were due. Supper scarce done, he clamours for his shoes, Hurries ere daybreak to the Court, and sleeps Stuck like a limpet to the doorpost there. So sour he is, the long condemning line d He marks for all, then homeward like a bee Laden with wax beneath his finger-nails. Lest he lack votes, he keeps, to judge withal, A private pebble-beach secure within. Such is his frenzy, and the more you chide him The more he judges: 6 so with bolts and bars We guard him straitly that he stir not out. For ill the young man brooks his sire's disease. And first he tried by soft emollient words To win him over, not to don the cloak Or walk abroad: but never a jot he yielded. He washed and purged him then: but never a jot. A Corybant next he made him, but old master, Timbrel and all, into the New Court bursts And there sits judging. So when these rites failed, We cross the Strait, and, in Aegina, place him,

^e All officials at the close of their term of office had to submit to an account ($\epsilon i\theta i\nu \eta$), and in cases where the public auditor was not satisfied the matter would come before the dicasteries; cf. 571.

^d See Introduction, p. 406.

Said by the Scholiast to be a parody of Euripides: τοιαῦτ' ἀλύει· νουθετούμενος δ' Ερως | μᾶλλον πιέζει.

νύκτωρ κατέκλινεν αὐτὸν εἰς 'Ασκληπιοῦ. ό δ' ἀνεφάνη κνεφαίος ἐπὶ τῆ κιγκλίδι. εντευθεν ουκέτ' αυτον εξεφρείομεν. δ δ' έξεδίδρασκε διά τε τῶν ὑδρορροῶν καὶ τῶν ὀπῶν· ἡμεῖς δ' ὅσ' ἦν τετρημένα ἐνεβύσαμεν ῥακίοισι κἀπακτώσαμεν· ό δ' ώσπερεί κολοιός αύτῷ παττάλους ένέκρουεν είς τὸν τοῖχον, εἶτ' ἐξήλλετο. ήμεις δε την αθλην απασαν δικτύοις καταπετάσαντες έν κύκλω φυλάττομεν. ἔστιν δ' ὄνομα τῷ μὲν γέροντι Φιλοκλέων, ναὶ μὰ Δία, τῷ δ' νίεῖ γε τωδὶ Βδελυκλέων, έχων τρόπους φρυαγμοσεμνάκους τινάς.

125

130

135

140

145

ΒΔΕΛΥΚΛΕΩΝ. ὧ Ξανθία καὶ Σωσία, καθεύδετε:

ΕΑ. οἴμοι.

τί ἔστι; $\Sigma\Omega$.

Βδελυκλέων ἀνίσταται. EA. ΒΔ. οὐ περιδραμεῖται σφῷν ταχέως δεῦρ' ἄτερος; ό γὰρ πατήρ εἰς τὸν ἰπνὸν εἰσελήλυθεν καὶ μυσπολεῖται καταδεδυκώς. ἀλλ' ἄθρει, κατά της πυέλου το τρημ' όπως μη 'κδύσεται.

σὺ δὲ τῆ θύρα πρόσκεισο.

ταῦτ', ὧ δέσποτα. ΣΩ. ΒΔ. ἄναξ Πόσειδον, τί ποτ' ἄρ' ἡ κάπνη ψοφεῖ;

οὖτος, τίς εἶ σύ; ΦΙΛΟΚΛΕΩΝ.

καπνὸς ἔγωγ' ἐξέρχομαι.

ΒΔ. καπνός; φέρ' ίδω ξύλου τίνος σύ.

ΦĪ.

ΒΔ. νὴ τὸν Δί' ὅσπερ γ' ἐστὶ δριμύτατος καπνῶν.

^a A common method of seeking a cure. b i.e. "Cleon-lover." · i.e. "Cleon-abhorrer."

THE WASPS, 123-146

To sleep the night inside Asclepius' temple: ^a Lo! with the dawn he stands at the Court rails! Then, after that, we let him out no more. But he! he dodged along the pipes and gutters, And so made off: we block up every cramy, Stopping and stuffing them with clouts of rag: Quick he drove pegs into the wall, and clambered Up like an old jackdaw, and so hopped out. Now then, we compass all the house with nets, Spreading them round, and mew him safe within. Well, sirs, Philoeleon ^b is the old man's name; Ay truly; and the son's, Bdelyeleon ^c;

A wondrous high-and-mighty mannered man. BDELYCLEON. Xanthias and Sosias! are ye fast asleep?

xa. O dear!

so.

XA.

What now?

Bdelycleon is up.

BD. One of you two run hither instantly,
For now my father's got into the kitchen,
Scurrying, mouselike, somewhere. Mind he don't
Slip through the hole for turning off the water.
And you, keep pressing at the door.

so. Ay, ay, sir.

BD. O heavens! what's that? what makes the chimney rumble?

Hallo, sir! who are you?

PHILOCLEON. I'm smoke escaping.

BD. Smoke? of what wood?

PH. I'm of the fig-tree panel. BD. Ay, and there's no more stinging smoke d than that.

⁴ So too Theophrastus (Hist. Plant. v. 9. 5) δριμύτατος ὁ καπνὸς συκῆς. Philocleon selects a smoke that suits his own characters as a dicast; and there is also a reference to "informers" (συκοφάνται).
419

ατάρ οὐκ ἐσερρήσεις γε; ποῦ 'σθ' ἡ τηλία; δύου πάλιν· φέρ' ἐπαναθῶ σοι καὶ ξύλον. ἐνταῦθα νῦν ζήτει τιν' ἄλλην μηχανήν. ἀτὰρ ἄθλιός γ' εἴμ' ὡς ἔτερός γ' οὐδεὶς ἀνήρ, ὅστις πατρὸς νῦν Καπνίου κεκλήσομαι. νῦν τὴν θύραν ώθεῖ. πίεζέ νυν σφόδρα

πίεζέ νυν σφόδρα εὖ κἀνδρικῶς κἀγὰ γὰρ ἐνταῦθ' ἔρχομαι. καὶ τῆς κατακλεῖδος ἐπιμελοῦ καὶ τοῦ μοχλοῦ· φύλαττέ θ' ὅπως μὴ τὴν βάλανον ἐκτρώξεται. τί δράσετ'; οὐκ ἐκφρήσετ', ὧ μιαρώτατοι,

14

1

1

τί δράσετ'; οὐκ ἐκφρήσετ', ὧ μιαρώτατοι,
 δικάσοντά μ', ἀλλ' ἐκφεύξεται Δρακοντίδης;

ΒΔ. σὺ δὲ τοῦτο βαρέως ἂν φέροις;

φὶ.
 μαντευομένω μοὔχρησεν ἐν Δελφοῖς ποτέ,
 ὅταν τις ἐκφύγη μ', ἀποσκλῆναι τότε.

ΒΔ. "Απολλον ἀποτρόπαιε, τοῦ μαντεύματος.

41. ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', ἔκφρες με, μὴ διαρραγῶ. ΒΔ. μὰ τὸν Ποσειδῶ, Φιλοκλέων, οὐδέποτέ γε.

41. διατρώξομαι τοίνυν όδὰξ τὸ δίκτυον.

ΒΔ. ἀλλ' οὐκ ἔχεις ὀδόντας.

 σἴμοι δείλαιος πῶς ἄν σ' ἀποκτείναιμι; πῶς; δότε μοι ξίφος ὅπως τάχιστ', ἢ πινάκιον τιμητικόν.

ΒΔ. ἄνθρωπος οὖτος μέγα τι δρασείει κακόν.

μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ δῆτ', ἀλλ' ἀποδόσθαι βούλομαι
 τὸν ὄνον ἄγων αὐτοῖσι τοῖς κανθηλίοις·
 νουμηνία γάρ ἐστιν.

ΒΔ. οὔκουν κἂν ἐγὼ αὐτὸν ἀποδοίμην δῆτ' ἄν;

 Φ Ι. 0υχ ωσπερ γ εγω.

ΣΩ.

 $B\Delta$.

THE WASPS, 147-172 -

Come, trundle back: what, won't you? where's the board? In with you! nay, I'll clap this log on too. There now, invent some other stratagem. But I'm the wretchedest man that ever was; They'll call me now the son of Chimney-smoked.a He's at the door now, pushing. SO. Press it back then BD. With all your force: I'm eoming there directly. And O be eareful of the bolt and bar, And mind he does not nibble off the door-pin. (Within) Let me out, villains! let me out to judge. What, shall Dracontides escape unpunished! What if he should? BD. Why once, when I consulted PII. The Delphian oracle, the God replied, That I should wither if a man escaped me. BD. Apollo shield us, what a prophecy ! PH. O let me out, or I shall burst, I shall. No, by Poseidon! no, Philocleon, never! BD. PH. O then by Zeus I'll nibble through the net.b You've got no teeth, my beauty. BD. Fire and fury! PH. How shall I slay thee, how? Give me a sword, Quick, quiek, or else a damage-eessing tablet.º BD. Hang it, he meditates some dreadful deed. PH. O no, I don't: I only want to take And sell the donkey and his panniers too.

"Tis the new moon to-day.d And if it is,

Cannot I sell them?

PH.

^a Some disreputable Athenian.
^b See l. 131.

Not so well as I.

See Introduction, p. 406.

4 A special market-day.

421

ΒΔ. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἄμεινον. ἀλλὰ τὸν ὅνον ἔξαγε. οΐαν πρόφασιν καθηκέν, ώς είρωνικώς,

ΐν' αὐτὸν ἐκπέμψειας.

ВΔ. ταύτη γ'· έγω γαρ ἢσθόμην τεχνωμένου. άλλ' εἰσιών μοι τον ὄνον ἐξάγειν δοκῶ, όπως αν ο γέρων μηδέ παρακύψη πάλιν. κάνθων, τι κλάεις; ὅτι πεπράσει τήμερον; βάδιζε θᾶττον. τί στένεις, εί μη φέρεις Όδυσσέα τιν';

άλλὰ ναὶ μὰ Δία φέρει ΞA. κάτω γε τουτονί τιν' ύποδεδυκότα.

ποῖον; φέρ' ἴδωμαι.

τουτονί. ΞA.

τουτὶ τί ἦν; BΔ. τίς εἶ ποτ', ὧνθρωπ', ἐτεόν;

ΦI.

ΒΔ. Οὖτις σύ; ποδαπός;

"Ιθακος 'Αποδρασιππίδου. ΦI.

ΒΔ. Οὖτις μὰ τὸν Δί' οὔ τι χαιρήσων γε σύ. υφελκε θαττον αὐτόν. ὧ μιαρώτατος, ϊν' ύποδέδυκεν ωστ' ἔμοιγ' ἰνδάλλεται όμοιότατος κλητήρος είναι πωλίω.

εὶ μή μ' ἐάσεθ' ἡσύχως, μαχούμεθα.

περί του μαχεί νών δήτα; ВΔ.

περὶ ὄνου σκιᾶς. ΦI.

πονηρός εἶ πόρρω τέχνης καὶ παράβολος. $B\Delta$.

έγω πονηρός; οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' οὐκ οἶσθα σὺ

^a Odysseus escaped from the cave of Polyphemus, to whom he had given his name as Ovris (l. 184), by clinging to a ram's belly. The donkey here has his stable just inside the hall-door.

THE WASPS, 173-193

BD. No, but much better: drive the donkey out.

How well and craftily he dropped the bait

To make you let him through.

But he caught nothing BD. That haul at least, for I perceived the trick. But I will in, and fetch the donkey out. No, no; he shan't come slipping through again. Donkey, why grieve? at being sold to-day? Gee up! why grunt and groan, unless you carry Some new Odysseus there? a

And, in good truth, XA.

Here is a fellow clinging on beneath.

Who? where?

Why, here. XA.

Why, what in the world is this? BD. Who are you, sirrah?

Noman I, by Zeus. PH.

Where from? BD.

From Ithaca, son of Runaway. PH.

Noman I promise to no good you'll be. BD. Drag him out there from under. O the villain, The place he had crept to! Now he seems to me The very image of a sompnour's b foal.

PH. Come now, hands off: or you and I shall fight.

Fight! what about?

About a donkey's shadow. PH.

BD. You're a born bad one, with your tricks and fetches.

PH. Bad! O my gracious! then you don't know yet

b R. thinks that κλητήρ may not only="one who calls or summons to court," but also be slang for a donkey = "the caller," from its bray.

A man hired an ass to carry him from Athens to Megara, but finding the sun hot sat down in its shadow, which the driver said did not belong to him, so that finally they went to Law about the "donkey's shadow."

ΦI.	νῦν μ' ὅντ' ἄριστον ἀλλ' ἴσως, ὅταν φάγης ὑπογάστριον γέροντος ἡλιαστικοῦ. ἄθει τὸν ὅνον καὶ σαυτὸν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν. ἄ ξυνδικασταὶ καὶ Κλέων, ἀμύνατε. ἔνδον κέκραχθι τῆς θύρας κεκλεισμένης. ἄθει σὰ πολλοὰς τῶν λίθων πρὸς τὴν θύραν, καὶ τὴν βάλανον ἔμβαλλε πάλιν εἰς τὸν μοχλόν, καί, τῆ δοκῷ προσθείς, τὸν ὅλμον τὸν μέγαν ἀνύσας τι προσκύλιέ γ'.	19
ΣΩ.	οἴμοι δείλαιος ·	
	πόθεν ποτ' εμπέπτωκε μοι το βώλιον;	
ΞA.	ἴσως ἄνωθεν μῦς ἐνέβαλέ σοί ποθεν.	
	μῦς; οὐ μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ὑποδυόμενός τις οὑτοσὶ	20
	ύπο των κεραμίδων ήλιαστης οροφίας.	
ВΔ.	οἴμοι κακοδαίμων, στρουθὸς άνηρ γίγνεται· ἐκπτήσεται. ποῦ ποῦ ἀπί μοι τὸ δίκτυον;	
	σοῦ σοῦ, πάλιν σοῦ. νὴ Δί' ἢ μοι κρεῖττον ἦν τηρεῖν Σκιώνην ἀντὶ τούτου τοῦ πατρός.	210
≥Ω.	ἄγε νυν, ἐπειδὴ τουτονὶ σεσοβήκαμεν, κοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως διαδὺς ἂν ἡμᾶς ἔτι λάθοι, τί οὐκ ἀπεκοιμήθημεν ὅσον ὅσον στίλην;	
ВΔ.	άλλ', ὧ πόνηρ', ήξουσιν ολίγον ὕστερον	
	οί ξυνδικασται παρακαλοῦντες τουτονί τον πατέρα.	218
ΣΩ.	τί λέγεις; ἀλλὰ νῦν ὄρθρος βαθύς.	
ВΔ.	νη τον Δί, οψε γοῦν ανεστήκασι νῦν.	
	ώς ἀπὸ μέσων νυκτῶν γε παρακαλοῦσ' ἀεί,	
	λύχνους έχοντες καὶ μινυρίζοντες μέλη	
	άρχαιομελισιδωνοφρυνιχήρατα,	220

 $^{^{\}alpha}$ "The stuffed paunch of an ass was accounted a delicacy at Athens": ${\rm R.}$

THE WASPS, 194-220

How good I am: but wait until you taste The seasoned paunchlet of a prime old judge.^a

BD. Get along in, you and your donkey too.

ри. O help me, fellow-dicasts: help me, Cleon!

Now pile a heap of stones against the door, And shoot the door-pin home into the bar, And heave the beam athwart it, and roll up, Quick, the great mortar-block.

so. (Starting) Save us! what's that? Whence fell that clod of dirt upon my head?

xa. Belike some mouse dislodged it from above.

so. A mouse? O, no, a rafter-haunting dicast, Wriggling about behind the tiling there.

BD. Good lack! the man is changing to a sparrow Sure he'll fly off: where, where's the casting net? Shoo! shoo there! shoo! 'Fore Zeus, 'twere easier work

To guard Scione b than a sire like this.

so. Well but at last we have fairly scared him in, He can't slip out, he can't elude us now, So why not slumber just a—just a—drop?

BD. Slumber, you rogue! when in a little while His fellow-justices will come this way Calling him up.

so. Why sir, 'tis twilight yet.

BD. Why then, by Zeus, they are very late to-day. Soon after midnight is their usual time
To come here, carrying lights, and warbling tunes
Sweet-charming-old-Sidono-Phrynichéan of

^b Scione, on the peninsula of Pallene, was at the time closely besieged by a large Athenian force.

• Lyrics from the Phoenissae of Phrynichus, published about

fifty-five years earlier.

οξς ἐκκαλοῦνται τοῦτον.

οὐκοῦν, ἢν δέη, ΣΩ. ήδη ποτ' αὐτοὺς τοῖς λίθοις βαλλήσομεν. άλλ', ὧ πόνηρε, τὸ γένος ἤν τις ὀργίση $B\Delta$. τὸ τῶν νερόντων, ἔσθ' ὅμοιον σφηκιᾶ. έχουσι γὰρ καὶ κέντρον ἐκ τῆς ὀσφύος όξύτατον, ὧ κεντοῦσι, καὶ κεκραγότες πηδώσι καὶ βάλλουσιν ώσπερ φέψαλοι. μη φροντίσης εάν εγώ λίθους έχω, ΣΩ. πολλών δικαστών σφηκιάν διασκεδώ.

ΧΟΡΟΣ. χώρει, πρόβαιν' έρρωμένως. ὧ Κωμία, βραδύνεις; 2 μὰ τὸν Δί', οὐ μέντοι πρὸ τοῦ γ', ἀλλ' ἦσθ' ἱμὰς κύνειος.

νυνὶ δὲ κρείττων ἐστὶ σοῦ Χαρινάδης βαδίζειν. ῶ Στρυμόδωρε Κονθυλεῦ, βέλτιστε συνδικαστῶν, Εὐεργίδης ἆρ' ἐστί που 'νταῦθ', ἢ Χάβης ὁ Φλυεύς; πάρεσθ', δ δη λοιπόν γ' ἔτ' ἐστίν, ἀππαπαῖ παπαιάξ, 2 ήβης ἐκείνης, ἡνίκ' ἐν Βυζαντίω ξυνημεν φρουροθντ' έγιω τε καὶ σύ κἇτα περιπατοθντε νύκτωρ

της άρτοπώλιδος λαθόντ' έκλέψαμεν τον όλμον, κἆθ' ήψομεν τοῦ κορκόρου, κατασχίσαντες αὐτόν. άλλ' έγκονωμεν, ωνδρες, ως έσται Λάχητι νυνί. σίμβλον δέ φασι χρημάτων έχειν απαντες αὐτόν.

a "They are dressed up to resemble Wasps, armed with formidable stings ": R.

b For the capture of Byzantium in 478 see Thuc. i. 94. ^o Sent with 20 ships to Sieily in 427, but recalled two years later, and probably accused by Cleon of peculation.

THE WASPS, 221-241

Wherewith they call him out.

so. And if they come.

Had we not better pelt them with some stones?

A nest of wasps as anger these old men.

Each wears beside his loins a deadly sting,

Wherewith they smite, and on with yells and cries

They leap, and strike at you, like sparks of fire.

so. Tut, never trouble, give me but some stones, I'll chase the biggest wasps-nest of them all.

CHORUS. Step out, step out, my comrades stout:

no loitering, Comias, pound along,

You're shirking now, you used, I vow,

to pull as tough as leathern thong,

Yet now, with ease, Charinades

can walk a brisker pace than you.

Ho! Strymodore of Conthylè,

the best of all our dieast crew,

Has old Euergides appeared,

and Chabes too from Phlya, pray?

Ah! here it strains, the poor remains,

alas! alas! alack the day,

Of that mad set, I mind it yet,

when once we paced our nightly round,

In years gone by, both you and I,

along Byzantium's wall, b and found

And stole away the baker's tray,

and sliced it up, and chopped it well,

A merry blaze therewith to raise,

and so we cooked our pimpernel.

On, on again, with might and main:

for Laches' c turn is come to-day:

Quick, look alive, a splendid hive

of wealth the fellow's got, they say.

χθες οὖν Κλέων ὁ κηδεμὼν ἡμῖν ἐφεῖτ' ἐν ὥρᾳ ὅκειν ἔχοντας ἡμερῶν ὀργὴν τριῶν πονηρὰν ἐπ' αὐτόν, ὡς κολωμένους ὧν ἠδίκησεν. ἀλλὰ σπεύδωμεν, ὧνδρες ἥλικες, πρὶν ἡμέραν γενέσθαι, 245 χωρῶμεν, ἄμα τε τῷ λύχνῳ πάντη διασκοπῶμεν. μή που λίθων τις ἐμποδὼν ἡμᾶς κακόν τι δράση.

παις. τὸν πηλόν, ὧ πάτερ πάτερ, τουτονὶ φύλαξαι.

xo. κάρφος χαμᾶθέν νυν λαβὼν τὸν λύχνον πρόβυσον.

ΠΑΙΣ. οὔκ, ἀλλὰ τωδί μοι δοκῶ τὸν λύχνον προβύσειν. 250

xo. τί δὴ μαθὼν τῷ δακτύλῳ τὴν θρυαλλίδ' ὠθεῖς,καὶ ταῦτα τοὐλαίου σπανίζοντος, ὧνόητε;οὐ γὰρ δάκνει σ', ὅταν δέῃ τίμιον πρίασθαι.

ΠΑΙΣ. εἰ νὴ Δί' αὖθις κονδύλοις νουθετήσεθ' ἡμᾶς,
ἀποσβέσαντες τοὺς λύχνους ἄπιμεν οἴκαδ' αὐτοί· 255
κἄπειτ' ἴσως ἐν τῷ σκότῳ τουτουὶ στερηθεὶς
τὸν πηλὸν ὥσπερ ἀτταγᾶς τυρβάσεις βαδίζων.

χο. ἢ μὴν ἐγὼ σοῦ χἀτέρους μείζονας κολάζω.

a Soldiers commonly carried three days' rations.

THE WASPS, 242-258

And Cleon too, our patron true, enjoined us each betimes to bring Of anger sore an ample store, a good three days' provisioning a: On all the man's unrighteous plans a vengeance well-deserved to take. Come, every dear and tried compeer, come, quickly come, ere morning break, And as you go, be sure you throw the light around on every side; Lest somewhere nigh a stone may lie, and we therefrom be damnified. BOY. O father, father, here's some mud! look sharp or in you'll go. CH. Pick up a stick, and trim the wick, a better light to show. BOY. Nay, father, with my finger, thus, I choose to trim the lamp. cu. How dare you rout the wick about, you little wasteful scamp, And that with oil so scarce? but no, it don't disturb your quiet, However dear the oil may be, when I have got to buy it. Boy. If with your knuckles once again vou 'monish us, I swear We'll douse the light, and take to flight, and leave you floundering there.

Then wading on without the lamp in darkness, I'll be bound

You'll stir and splash the mud about, like snipes in marshy ground.

ch. Ah, greater men than you, my boy,
'tis often mine to beat.

260

26

270

275

άλλ' ούτοσί μοι βόρβορος φαίνεται πατοθντι. κοὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐχ ἡμερῶν τεττάρων το πλεῖστον ύδωρ ἀναγκαίως ἔχει τὸν θεὸν ποιῆσαι. έπεισι γοῦν τοῖσιν λύχνοις ούτοιὶ μύκητες: φιλεί δ', όταν τοῦτ' ή, ποιείν ύετὸν μάλιστα. δεῖται δὲ καὶ τῶν καρπίμων ἄττα μή 'στι πρῷα ύδωρ γενέσθαι κάπιπνεῦσαι βόρειον αὐτοῖς. τί χρημ' ἄρ' ούκ της οἰκίας τησδε συνδικαστής πέπονθεν, ώς οὐ φαίνεται δεῦρο πρὸς τὸ πληθος; οὐ μὴν πρὸ τοῦ γ' ἐφολκὸς ἦν, ἀλλὰ πρῶτος ἡμῶν ήγειτ' αν άδων Φρυνίχου και γάρ έστιν άνηρ φιλωδός. άλλά μοι δοκεῖ στάντας ένθάδ', ὧνδρες, ἄδοντας αὐτὸν ἐκκαλεῖν, ἤν τί πως ἀκούσας τούμου μέλους ύφ' ήδονης έρπύση θύραζε.

τί ποτ' οὐ πρὸ θυρῶν [στρ. φαίνετ' ἄρ' ἡμῖν ὁ γέρων οὐδ' ὑπακούει; μῶν ἀπολώλεκε τὰς ἐμβάδας, ἢ προσέκοψ'

^a For this sign of rain cf. Virg. Georg. i. 391 "testa quum ardente viderent | scintillare oleum, et putres concrescere fungos," where fungos exactly corresponds to μόκητες "mushrooms."

THE WASPS, 259-275

But, bless me, this is filth indeed I feel beneath my feet: Ay, and within four days from this, or sooner, it is plain, God will send down upon our town a fresh supply of rain: So dense and thick around the wick these thieves collect and gather, a And that's, as everybody knows, a sign of heavy weather. Well, well, 'tis useful for the fruits, and all the backward trees, To have a timely fall of rain, and eke a good North breeze. But how is this? Our friend not here! how eomes it he's so slack? By Zeus, he never used to be at all a hanger-back. He always marched before us all, on legal cares intent, And some old tune of Phrynichus he warbled as he went. O he's a wonder for the songs! Come, comrades, one and all, Come stand around the house, and sing, its master forth to call. If once he hears me tuning up, I know it won't be long Before he comes creep, ereeping out, from pleasure at the song. How is it our friend is not here to receive us?

Why comes he not forth from his dwelling?
Can it be that he's had the misfortune to lose
His one pair of shoes;

431

ἐν τῷ σκότῳ τὸν δάκτυλόν που
[ποδός,] εἶτ' ἐφλέγμηνεν
τὸ σφυρὸν γέροντος ὄντος;
καὶ τάχ' ἂν βουβωνιώη.
ἢ μὴν πολὸ δριμύτατός γ' ἢν τῶν παρ' ἡμῖν,
καὶ μόνος οὐκ ἂν ἐπείθετ',
ἀλλ' ὁπότ' ἀντιβολοίη
τις, κάτω κύπτων ἂν οὕτω,
'' λίθον ἕψεις,'' ἔλεγεν.

τάχα δ' ἂν διὰ τὸν [ἀντ. χθιζινὸν ἄνθρωπον, δς ἡμᾶς διεδύετ' εξαπατῶν, ὁ λέγων ώς φιλαθήναιος ῆν καὶ τἀν Σάμω πρῶτος κατείποι, διὰ τοῦτ' όδυνηθεὶς εἶτ' ἴσως κεῖται πυρέττων. ἔστι γὰρ τοιοῦτος ἀνήρ. ἀλίστασο μηδ' οὕτω σεαυτὸν ἔσθιε, μηδ' ἀγανάκτει. καὶ γὰρ ἀνὴρ παχὺς ἥκει τῶν προδόντων τἀπὶ Θράκης. ὅν ὅπως ἐγχυτριεῖς.

ὕπαγ', ὧ παῖ, ὕπαγε.

ΠΑΙΣ. ἐθελήσεις τί μοι οὖν, ὧ [στρ. πάτερ, ἤν σού τι δεηθῶ;
ΧΟ. πάνυ γ', ὧ παιδίον. ἀλλ' εἶ- πὲ τί βούλει με πρίασθαι καλόν; οἷμαι δέ σ' ἐρεῖν ἀ- στραγάλους δήπουθεν, [ὧ παῖ.

THE WASPS, 276-296

Or striking his toe in the dark, by the grievous Contusion is lamed, and his ankle inflamed? Or his groin has, it may be, a swelling.

He of us all, I ween,

Was evermore the austerest, and most keen.

Alone no prayers he heeded: Whene'er for grace they pleaded, He bent (like this) his head, You cook a stone, he said.

Is it all of that yesterday's man who eajoled us, And slipped through our hands, the deceiver, Pretending a lover of Athens to be,

Pretending that he

Was the first, of the Samian rebellion a that told us? Our friend may be siek with disgust at the trick,

And be now lying ill of a fever. That would be like him quite.

But now up, up, nor gnaw your soul with spite There comes a traitor base, A wealthy rogue from Thraee.b Safe in our toils we've got him, Up, up, old friend, and pot him!

On with you, boy, on with you.

Father, if a boon I pray, BOY. Will you grant it, father, eh? Certainly I will, my son. CH. Tell me what you'd have me buy. Dibs, o my son? Hey, my son? Dibs it is, undoubtedly.

VOL. I

a "The Revolt of Samos in 440 which for a moment imperilled the whole fabric of Athenian power ": R. Where the Spartan general Brasidas was at the time causing

· Lit. "knuckle-bones." great trouble. 2 F

	•
паіз.	μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἰσχάδας, ὧ παπ- πία· ἥδιον γάρ.
xo.	οὐκ ἂν μὰ Δί', εἰ κρέμαισθέ γ' ὑμεῖς.
ΠΑΙΣ.	μὰ Δί' οὔ τἄρα προπέμψω σε τὸ λοιπόν.
xo.	άπὸ γὰρ τοῦδέ με τοῦ μισθαρίου τρίτον αὐτὸν ἔχειν ἄλφιτα δεῖ καὶ
	ξύλα κὤψον· σὺ δὲ σῦκά μ' αἰτεῖς.
паіз.	ἄγε νυν, ὧ πάτερ, ἢν μὴ [ἀντ
	τὸ δικαστήριον ἄρχων καθίση νῦν, πόθεν ὧνη-
	σόμεθ' ἄριστον; ἔχεις ἐλ-
	πίδα χρηστήν τινα νῶν ἢ
	πόρον "Ελλας ίερόν;
xo.	$\dot{a}\pi a\pi a\hat{\imath}$, $\phi \epsilon \hat{v}$, $\dot{a}\pi a\pi a\hat{\imath}$, $\phi \epsilon \hat{v}$,
	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγε νῷν οἶδ'
паі≤.	όπόθεν γε δεῖπνον ἔσται. τί με δῆτ', ὧ μελέα μῆτερ, ἔτικτες,
mara.	ιν' έμοι πράγματα βόσκειν παρέχης;
xo.	ἀνόνητον ἄρ' ὧ θυλάκιόν σ' εἶ-
	χον ἄγαλμα.
паіт.	$\tilde{\epsilon}$ $\tilde{\epsilon}$.
	πάρα νῷν στενάζειν.
ΦΙ.	φίλοι, τήκομαι μὲν
-	πάλαι διὰ τῆς ὀπῆς

^a The boy uses $\pi\delta\rho\sigma$ in the sense of *resource*, and then "goes on humming some well-known words of Pindar in which $\pi\delta\rho\sigma$ means a ford, 'the sacred ford of Helle'": R.

THE WASPS, 296-317

Dibs, my father! No, my father! BOY. Figs! for they are sweeter far. You be hanged first: yet you shall not CII.

Have them, monkey, when you are.

Then, my father, woe betide you! BOY.

Not another step I'll guide you.

Is it not enough that I CH. With this paltry pay must buy Fuel, bread, and sauce for three? Must I needs buy figs for thee!

Father, if the Archon say BOY. That the Court won't sit to-day. Tell me truly, father mine, Have we wherewithal to dine? O my father, should not we Then in "Straits of Helle" a be? Out upon it! out upon it! CH.

Then, indeed, I should not know For a little bit of supper Whither in this world to go.

Why, my mother, didst thou breed me, BOY. giving nothing else to feed me,b

But a store of legal woe?

Empty serip! O empty show, CH. Bootless, fruitless ornament!

O! O! woe! woe! BOY. Ours to sorrow and lament.

(Appearing above) Long my reins have been stirred, PH. Long through chinks have I heard,

b A parody of a $\theta \rho \hat{\eta} \nu \sigma s$ from the Theseus of Euripides spoken by boys sent to be food for the Minotaur.

ύμων ύπακούων. ἀλλὰ γὰρ οὐχ οἶός τ' $\epsilon i\mu'$ $\mathring{a}\delta\epsilon i\nu$. $\tau i\pi oi\eta \sigma \omega$; τηροθμαι δ' ύπὸ τῶνδ', ἐπεὶ βούλομαί γε πάλαι μεθ' ύμῶν ἐλθὼν ἐπὶ τοὺς καδίσκους κακόν τι ποιῆσαι. άλλ', ὧ Ζεῦ μεγαβρόντα, ή με ποίησον καπνον εξαίφνης, η Προξενίδην, η τον Σέλλου τοῦτον τὸν ψευδαμάμαξυν. τόλμησον, ἄναξ, χαρίσασθαί μοι, πάθος οἰκτείρας. ή με κεραυνώ διατινθαλέω σπόδισον ταχέως: κάπειτ' ἀνελών μ' ἀποφυσήσας είς ὀξάλμην ἔμβαλε θερμήν. η δητα λίθον με ποίησον έφ' οῦ τὰς χοιρίνας ἀριθμοῦσιν. τίς γάρ ἐσθ' ὁ ταῦτά σ' εἴργων κάποκλείων τη θύρα; λέξ-

ον· πρὸς εὔνους γὰρ φράσεις. ΦΙ. οὑμὸς υίός. ἀλλὰ μὴ βοᾶτε· καὶ γὰρ τυγχάνει οὑτοσὶ πρόσθεν καθεύδων. ἀλλ' ὕφεσθε τοῦ τόνου.

 $\sigma \tau \rho$.

xo. τοῦ δ' ἔφεξιν, ὧ μάταιε, ταῦτα δρᾶν σε βούλεται; τίνα πρόφασίν τ' ἔχων;

Φ1. οὐκ ἐᾳ μ², ὧνδρες, δικάζειν οὐδὲ δρῶν οὐδὲν κακόν, 34
 ἀλλά μ² εὐωχεῖν ἔτοιμός ἐστ² · ἐγὼ δ² οὐ βούλομαι.

^a An empty blusterer, cf. B. 1126.

XO.

^b Aeschines, cf. 459, 1243, another empty boaster; "the tree-vine is adopted as his emblem, because of the prodigious splutter it makes while burning"; R.

⁴³⁶

THE WASPS, 318-341

Heard your voices below.
Vain my efforts to sing,
These forbid me to go.
Vainly my sad heart yearns,
Yearns to be marching with you,
On to the judgement urns,
There some mischief to do.

O change to smoke by a lightning stroke, Dread-thundering Zeus! this body of mine, Till I'm like Provenides a like the son

Till I'm like Proxenides,^a like the son

Of Sellus, that false tree-vine. O Sovereign, pity my woeful lot, Vouchsafe to grant me my heart's desire, Fry me in dust with a glittering, hot,

Red bolt of celestial fire,
Then take me up with thy hand divine,
And puff me, and plunge me in scalding brine.
Or turn me into the stone, whereon
They count the votes when the trial is done.

Who is he that thus detains you?
Who with bolted door restrains you?
Tell us, you will speak to friends.

рн. 'Tis my son, but don't be bawling:

for he's slumbering now at ease

There, upon the roof before you:

drop your tone a little, please.

си. What's his object, idle trifler,

CH.

that he does such things as these?

What's the motive he pretends?

PH. He will let me do no mischief,

and no more a lawsuit try.

True it is he'll feast and pet me,

but with that I won't comply.

χο. τοῦτ' ἐτόλμησ' ὁ μιαρὸς χανεῖν ὁ Δημολογοκλέων ὅδ',
ὅτι λέγεις σύ
τι περὶ τῶν νεῶν ἀληθές.
οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποθ' οὖτος ἀνὴρ
τοῦτ' ἐτόλμησεν λέγειν, εἰ
μὴ ξυνωμότης τις ἦν.

άλλ' ἐκ τούτων ὥρα τινά σοι ζητεῖν καινὴν ἐπίνοιαν, ἥτις σε λάθρα τἀνδρὸς τουδὶ καταβῆναι δεῦρο ποιήσει.

φι. τίς αν οὖν εἴη; ζητεῖθ' ὑμεῖς, ὡς παν αν ἔγωγε ποιοίην

ούτω κιττῶ διὰ τῶν σανίδων μετὰ χοιρίνης

 $\pi\epsilon\rho\iota\epsilon\lambda\theta\epsilon\hat{\iota}\nu$.

xo. ἔστιν ὀπὴ δῆθ' ἥντιν' ἂν ἔνδοθεν οίος τ' εἴης διορύξαι, 35 εἶτ' ἐκδῦναι ῥάκεσιν κρυφθείς, ὥσπερ πολύμητις 'Οδυσσεύς;

 πάντα πέφρακται κοὐκ ἔστιν ὀπῆς οὐδ' εἰ σέρφω διαδῦναι.

άλλ' ἄλλο τι δεῖ ζητεῖν ὑμᾶς· ὀπίαν δ' οὐκ ἔστι νενέσθαι.

χο. μέμνησαι δῆθ', ὅτ' ἐπὶ στρατιᾶς κλέψας ποτὲ τοὺς
 ὀβελίσκους

ἵεις σαυτὸν κατὰ τοῦ τείχους ταχέως, ὅτε Νάξος ἑάλω;

φι. οίδ' · ἀλλὰ τί τοῦτ'; οὐδὲν γὰρ τοῦτ' ἐστὶν ἐκείνῳ προσόμοιον.

ηβων γὰρ κάδυνάμην κλέπτειν, ἴσχυόν τ' αὐτὸς ἐμαυτοῦ,

κουδείς μ' εφύλαττ', άλλ' εξην μοι

The dicasts so call Bdelycleon in their anger, forgetting that the "obnoxious nickname snits their patron Cleon better": R.
 "Lists or notice-boards of the Court, probably suspended

THE WASPS, 342-358

This the Demagogeleon a blared Out against you, since you dared Truth about the fleet to show. He must be involved, I see, In some dark conspiracy, Else he durst not use you so.

It is time some means of escape to find,

some novel, ingenious plan, that so,

Unseen of your son, you may get you down,

alighting in safety here below.

PH. O what shall it be? consider it ye!

I'm ready to do whatever is planned:

So sorely I'm longing a circuit to go,

through the lists b of the Court, with a vote in my hand.

ch. Can you find no cranny or secret run,

through which, from within, your path to urge,

And then like wily Odysseus, here,

disguised in tatters and rags, emerge?

рн. Each eranny is barred: there's never a run,

thro' which though it were but a midge could squeeze.

You must think, if you ean, of a likelier plan:

I ean't run out like a runnet cheese.

cu. O don't you remember the old campaign,

when you stole the spit, and let yourself down,

And away by the side of the wall you hied?

"Twas when we had captured Naxos town."

PH. Ah, well I remember! but what of that?

it is quite another affair to-day.

For then I was young, and then I could steal,

and over myself I possessed full sway.

And then none guarded my steps, but I

in some part of the building, along which the dicasts passed to record their votes ": R.

^c Such as Odysseus wore when he ventured into beleaguered Troy; cf. Hom. Od. iv. 245.

d In 476; cf. Thuc. i. 98.

φεύγειν άδεως. νῦν δὲ ξὺν ὅπλοις ἄνδρες ὁπλῖται διαταξάμενοι κατὰ τὰς διόδους σκοπιωροῦνται, τὰ δὲ δύ αὐτῶν ἐπὶ ταῖσι θύραις ἄσπερ με γαλῆν κρέα κλέψασαν τηροῦσιν ἔχοντ' ὀβελίσκους. ἀλλὰ καὶ νῦν ἐκπόριζε

xo. ἀλλὰ καὶ νῦν ἐκπόριζε μηχανὴν ὅπως τάχισθ'· ἕως γάρ, ὧ μελίττιον.

 $[\dot{a}
u au$. 36

36

Φ1. διατραγεῖν τοίνυν κράτιστον ἐστί μοι τὸ δίκτυον.
 ἡ δέ μοι Δίκτυννα συγγνώμην ἔχοι τοῦ δικτύου.

xo. ταῦτα μὲν πρὸς ἀνδρός ἐστ' ἄνοντος ἐς σωτηρίαν.ἀλλ' ἔπαγε τὴν γνάθον.

διατέτρωκται τοῦτό γ'. ἀλλὰ μὴ βοᾶτε μηδαμῶς,
 ἀλλὰ τηρώμεσθ', ὅπως μὴ Βδελυκλέων αἰσθήσεται.

 μηδέν, ὧ τᾶν, δέδιθι, μηδέν ώς ἐγὼ τοῦτόν γ', ἐὰν γρύξη τι, ποιή σω δακεῖν τὴν καρδίαν καὶ
 τὸν περὶ ψυχῆς δρόμον δραμεῖν, ἵν' εἰδῆ μὴ πατεῖν τὰ
 ταῖν θεαῖν ψηφίσματα.

άλλ' εξάψας διὰ τῆς θυρίδος τὸ καλώδιον εἶτα καθίμα δήσας σαυτὸν καὶ τὴν ψυχὴν εμπλησάμενος Διοπείθους.

^a i.e. Artemis. The name is here clearly connected with δίκτυον; elsewhere with Mt. Diete in Crete.

b They formerly (l. 345) charged him with being a traitor; now they will accuse him of "violating the mysteries" (of Demeter 440)

THE WASPS, 359-380

Was free, wherever I chose, to fly;
Whilst now, in every alley and street,
Armed men with arms are stationed about,
Watching with care that I steal not out.
And there at the gate you may see those two
Waiting with spits to spit me through,
Like a cat that is running away with the meat.
Well but now be quickly shaping
Some contrivance for escaping;

Morning breaks, my honey-bee.

CH.

PH. Then the best that I can think of,

is to gnaw these meshes through,

May Dictynna, queen of hunters,

pardon me the deed I do.

сн. Spoken like a man whose efforts

will salvation's goal ensue.

Ply your jaw then lustily.

PH. There, I've gnawn them through completely

-Ah! but do not raise a shout,

We must use the greatest caution,

lest Bdelycleon find us out.

ch. Fear not: fear not: if he speak,
He shall gnaw his heart, and seek
For his life to run amain.
We will quickly make him learn
Nevermore again to spurn
Th' holy statutes of the Twain.

So now to the window lash the cord,

and twine it securely your limbs around.

With all Diopeithes ^c fill your soul,

then let yourself cleverly down to the ground.

and Persephone) but, having a legal mind, substitute ψηφίσματα for μυστήρια.

• i.e. with a fine frenzy like that of the soothsayer Diopeithes;

for whom cf. K. 1085, B. 988.

ΦΙ. ἄγε νυν, ἢν αἰσθομένω τούτω ζητῆτόν μ' ἐσκαλαμᾶσθαι

κάνασπαστὸν ποιεῖν εἴσω, τί ποιήσετε; φράζετε

νυνί.

xo. ἀμυνοῦμέν σοι τὸν πρινώδη θυμὸν ἄπαντες καλέσαντες,

ωστ' οὐ δυνατόν σ' εἴργειν ἔσται· τοιαῦτα ποιή-

σομεν ήμεῖς.

φι. δράσω τοίνυν ύμιν πίσυνος καὶ μανθάνετ' ήν τι πάθω 'γώ,

ἀνελόντες καὶ κατακλαύσαντες θεῖναί μ' ὑπὸ τοῖσι

δρυφάκτοις.

xo. οὐδὲν πείσει· μηδὲν δείσης. ἀλλ', ὧ βέλτιστε, καθίει σαυτὸν θαρρῶν κἀπευξάμενος τοῖσι πατρώοισι θεοῖσιν.

ΦΙ. ὦ Λύκε δέσποτα, γείτων ἥρως· σὺ γὰρ οἶσπερ ἐγὼ

κεχάρησαι,

τοῖς δακρύοισιν τῶν φευγόντων ἀεὶ καὶ τοῖς δλοφυρμοῖς·

ὤκησας γοῦν ἐπίτηδες ἰὼν ἐνταῦθ', ἵνα ταῦτ'

ἀκροῷο,

κάβουλήθης μόνος ήρώων παρά τὸν κλάοντα

κα $\theta \hat{\eta} \sigma \theta a \iota$.

ἐλέησον καὶ σῶσον νυνὶ τὸν σαυτοῦ πλησιόχωρον· κοὐ μή ποτέ σου παρὰ τὰς κάννας οὐρήσω μηδ' ἀποπάρδω.

ΒΔ. οὖτος, ἐγείρου.

ΣΩ. τί τὸ πρᾶγμ';

ΒΔ. ὥσπερ φωνή μέ τις ἐγκεκύκλωται. 395

Σα. μῶν ὁ γέρων πη διαδὺς ἔλαθεν;

THE WASPS, 381-396

PH. But suppose they catch me suspended here, and hoist me up by the line again, And angle me into the house once more,

say what ye will do to deliver me then.

сн. Our hearts of oak we'll summon to aid,

and all give battle at once for you.

"Twere vain to attempt to detain you more:

such wonderful feats we are going to do.

PH. This then will I do, confiding in you:

and if anything happens to me, I implore That you take me up and bewail my fate,

and bury me under the court-house floor.

сн. O nothing, nothing will happen to you:

keep up, old comrade, your heart and hope;

First breathe a prayer to your father's gods:

then let yourself down by the trusty rope.

PH. O Lycus, a neighbour and hero and lord!

thou lovest the selfsame pleasures as I;

Day after day we both enjoy

the suppliant's tears and his wailing cry.

Thou eamest here thine abode to fix,

on purpose to listen to sounds so sweet,

The only hero of all that deigns

by the mourner's side to assume his seat:

O pity thine old familiar friend:

O save me and succour me, Power Divine!

And never again will I do my needs

by the osier matting that guards thy shrine.

вр. Get up, get up.b

so. Why, what's in the wind?

BD. Some voice seems circling me round and round. so. Is the old man slipping away thro' a hole?

<sup>The patron hero of all the Athenian dicasteries; cf. 819 ": R.
B. suddenly reappears and wakes up the slumbering slaves.</sup>

ВΔ,	$μὰ \Delta l' οὐ \delta \hat{\eta} au', ἀλλὰ καθιμ \hat{q}$
	αύτον δήσας.
ΣΩ.	ιλ μιαρώτατε τί πριείς: ολ μλ καταβήσει:
ВΔ.	ἀνάβαιν ἀνύσας κατὰ τὴν ἐτέραν καὶ ταῖσιν
	φυλλάσι παῖε,
	ήν πως πρύμνην ἀνακρούσηται πληγείς ταῖς
	εἰρεσιώναις.
ΦΙ.	οὐ ξυλλήψεσθ' ὁπόσοισι δίκαι τῆτες μέλλουσιν
	ἔσεσθαι.
	ὧ Σμικυθίων καὶ Τισιάδη καὶ Χρήμων καὶ
	Φερέδειπνε;
	πότε δ', εἰ μὴ νῦν, ἐπαρήξετέ μοι, πρίν μ' εἴσω
	μᾶλλον ἄγεσθαι;
xo.	εἰπέ μοι, τί μέλλομεν κινεῖν ἐκείνην τὴν χολήν,
	ήνπερ, ήνίκ' ἄν τις ήμων ὀργίση τὴν σφηκιάν;
	νθν ἐκείνο νθν ἐκείνο [στρ. 4
	τοὐξύθυμον, ὧ κολαζό-
	μεσ $ heta a$, κέντρον ἐντέτατ $oldsymbol{a}$ ι ὀξύ.
	άλλὰ θαἰμάτια λαβόντες ώς τάχιστα, παιδία,
	θεῖτε καὶ βοᾶτε, καὶ Κλέωνι ταῦτ' ἀγγέλλετε,
	καὶ κελεύετ' αὐτὸν ἥκειν
	ώς ἐπ' ἄνδρα μισόπολιν
	ὄντα κἀπολούμενον, ὅτι
	τόνδε λόγον εἰσφέρει,
	[ώς χρή] μὴ δικάζειν δίκας.
$B\Delta$.	ῶγαθοί, τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἀκούσατ', ἀλλὰ μὴ κεκράγετε. 4
XO.	νη Δί' είς τὸν οὐρανόν γ'.
$\mathrm{B}\Delta$.	ώς τοῦδ' ἐγὼ οὐ μεθήσομαι.

^a Or "harvest-wreath," hanging about the door; cf. K. 729. 444

THE WASPS, 396-416

BD. No, by Zeus, but he lets himself down to the ground Tied on to the rope.

so. You infamous wretch!

what, won't you be quiet and not come down?

BD. Climb up by the other window-sill,

and wallop him well with the harvest crown.

I warrant he'll speedily back stern first,

when he's thrashed with the branch of autumnal fruits.a

PH. Help! help! all those whoever propose

this year to busy themselves with suits.

Smicythion, help! Tisiades, help!

Pheredeipnus, Chremon, the fray begin:

O now or never assist your friend,

before I'm carried away within

ch. Wherefore slumbers, wherefore slumbers,

that resentment in our breast,

Such as when a rash assailant

dares provoke our hornets-nest?

Now protruding, now protruding, Comes the fierce and dreadful sting,

Which we wield for punishing. Children, hold these garments for us:

then away with all your speed,

Shout and run and bawl to Cleon,

tell him of this direful deed;

Bid him quickly hither fly As against a city-hater, And a traitor doomed to dic, One who actually proposes

That we should no lawsuits try.

BD. Listen, worthy sirs, to reason:

goodness! don't keep screaming so.

CH. Scream! we'll scream as high as heaven.

BD. I don't intend to let him go.

- χο. ταῦτα δῆτ' οὐ δεινὰ καὶ τυραννίς ἐστιν ἐμφανής;
 ὧ πόλις καὶ Θεώρου θεοισεχθρία,
 κεἴ τις ἄλλος προέστηκεν ὑμῶν κόλαξ.
- ΞΑ. Ἡράκλεις, καὶ κέντρ' ἔχουσιν. οὐχ ὁρᾶς, ὧ δέσποτα;
- ΒΔ. οίς γ' ἀπώλεσαν Φίλιππον ἐν δίκη τὸν Γοργίου.
- Χο. καὶ σέ γ' αὖθις ἐξολοῦμεν· ἀλλ' ἄπας ἐπίστρεφε δεῦρο κάξείρας τὸ κέντρον εἶτ' ἐπ' αὐτὸν ἵεσο, ξυσταλείς, εὔτακτος, ὀργῆς καὶ μένους ἐμπλήμενος, ὡς ἂν εὖ εἰδῆ τὸ λοιπὸν σμῆνος οἷον ὤργισεν.
- ΕΑ. τοῦτο μέντοι δεινὸν ἤδη νὴ Δί', εἰ μαχούμεθα·
 ώς ἔγωγ' αὐτῶν ὁρῶν δέδοικα τὰς ἐγκεντρίδας.
- xo. ἀλλ' ἀφίει τὸν ἄνδρ'. εἰ δὲ μή, φήμ' ἐγὼτὰς χελώνας μακαριεῖν σε τοῦ δέρματος.
 - ΦΙ. εἶά νυν, ὧ ξυνδικασταί, σφῆκες ὀξυκάρδιοι,
 οἱ μὲν εἰς τὸν πρωκτὸν αὐτῶν εἰσπέτεσθ' ὡργισμένοι.
 - οί δὲ τώφθαλμὼ 'ν κύκλφ κεντεῖτε καὶ τοὺς δακτύλους.
- ΒΔ. ὦ Μίδα καὶ Φρὺξ βοήθει δεῦρο καὶ Μασυντία,

· Unknown.

^a See Index.

^{b "}The hundred κόλακες who fluttered about Cleon, the chief προστάτης of the populace": R.

THE WASPS, 417-433

сн. These be frightful things to see! This is open tyranny! Rouse the State! Rouse the great God-abhorred Sneak Theorus a! And whoe'er b Else is there, Fawning lord Ruling o'er us. Heraeles! they've stings beside them! Master master, don't you see? BD. Ay, which slew the son of Gorgias, Philip, with their sharp decree. сн. You we'll also slay directly! Wheel about him, every one, Draw your stings, and, all together, in upon the fellow run. Close your ranks, eollect your forces, brimming full of rage and hate, He shall know the sort of wasps-nest he has dared to irritate. XA. Now with such as these to combat is, by Zeus, a serious thing: Verily I quake and tremble, but to look upon their sting. сн. Let him go! Loose your hold! If you don't I deelare You shall bless Tortoise-backs For the shells Which they wear. PH. On then, on, my fellow-dicasts, brother wasps of heart severe, Some fly in with angry buzzings, and attack them in the rear, Some surround them in a ring, and

BD. Ho there! Midas! Phryx! Masyntias!

hither! hither! haste to me!

both their eyes and fingers sting.

καὶ λάβεσθε τουτουὶ καὶ μὴ μεθῆσθε μηδενί. εὶ δὲ μή, 'ν πέδαις παχείαις οὐδὲν ἀριστήσετε. 43 ώς έγω πολλων ακούσας οίδα θρίων τον ψόφον.

Χο. εί δὲ μὴ τοῦτον μεθήσεις, ἔν τί σοι παγήσεται.

ῶ Κέκροψ ήρως ἄναξ, τὰ πρὸς ποδῶν Δρακοντίδη, περιοράς ούτω μ' ύπ' ἀνδρῶν βαρβάρων χειρούμενον,

Χο. εἶτα δῆτ' οὐ πόλλ' ἔνεστι δεινὰ τῶ γήρα κακά; δηλαδή· καὶ νῦν γε τούτω τὸν παλαιὸν δεσπότην προς βίαν χειρούσιν, οὐδεν τῶν πάλαι μεμνημένοι διφθερών κάξωμίδων, ας ούτος αὐτοῖς ήμπόλα,

ους έγω 'δίδαξα κλάειν τέτταρ' ές τὴν χοίνικα; 44

καὶ κυνᾶς, καὶ τοὺς πόδας χειμῶνος ὄντος ὡφέλει, 44 ωστε μη ρίγων γ' έκάστοτ' · άλλὰ τούτοις γ' οὐκ ἔνι οὐδ' ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖσιν αἰδώς τῶν παλαιῶν ἐμβάδων.

ΦΙ. οὐκ ἀφήσεις οὐδὲ νυνί μ', ὧ κάκιστον θηρίον; οὐδ' ἀναμνησθεὶς ὅθ' εύρων τοὺς βότρυς κλέπτοντά σε

προσαγαγών πρὸς τὴν ἐλάαν ἐξέδειρ' εὖ κανδρικῶς, 45

b The legendary founder of Athens, shaped in the lower part like a serpent, and sometimes said to have sprung from a dragon's teeth.

Lit. "quartern loaves, four to the choenix": the Scholiast notes that four big loaves went to the Choenix but eight small

4 έμβάδων is a surprise for δεσποτών.

^a The cracking and bouncing of fig-leaves when burning was used, says the Scholiast, proverbially in reference to empty threats and bluster.

THE WASPS, 434-450

Take my father, guard him safely: suffer none to set him free: Else you both shall lunch off nothing, clapped in fetters strong and stout. There's a sound of many fig-leaves (well I know it) buzzed about.a CH. This shall stand infixed within you if you will not let him go. **PH.** Mighty Cecrops ^b! King and hero! Dragon-born and -shaped below, Wilt thou let these rude barbarians vex and maul me at their pleasure, Me who heretofore have made them weep in full imperial measure ?? CH. Truly, of abundant evils, age is evermore the source: Only see how these two scoundrels hold their ancient lord perforce, Clean forgetting how, aforetime, he their daily wants supplied, Bought them little sleeveless jackets, bought them caps and coats of hide, Clean forgetting all the kindness shown their feet in wintry weather, How from chill and cold he kept them: ah! but these have altogether Banished from their eyes the reverence owing to those dear old brogues.d PII. Won't you even now unhand me, shameless villain, worst of rogues? When the grapes I caught you stealing, O remember, if you can, How I tied you to the olive,

and I flogged you like a man,

ώστε σε ζηλωτὸν είναι, σὺ δ' ἀχάριστος ἦσθ' ἄρα. ἀλλ' ἄνες με καὶ σὺ καὶ σύ, πρὶν τὸν υίὸν ἐκδραμεῖν.

xo. ἀλλὰ τούτων μὲν τάχ' ἡμῖν δώσετον καλὴν δίκην, οὐκέτ' ἐς μακράν, ἵν' εἰδῆθ' οἶόν ἐστ' ἀνδρῶν τρόπος ὀξυθύμων καὶ δικαίων καὶ βλεπόντων κάρδαμα. 4

ΒΔ. παῖε παῖ', ὧ Ξανθία, τοὺς σφῆκας ἀπὸ τῆς οἰκίας.

ΕΑ. ἀλλὰ δρῶ τοῦτ'.

ΒΔ. ἀλλὰ καὶ σὰ τῦφε πολλῷ τῷ καπνῷ. οὐχὶ σοῦσθ', οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; οὐκ ἄπιτε; παῖε τῶ ξύλω.

καὶ σὺ προσθεὶς Αἰσχίνην ἔντυφε τὸν Σελαρτίου.

Δρ' ἐμέλλομέν ποθ' ὑμῶς ἀποσοβήσειν τῷ χρόνῳ; 4
 ἀλλὰ μὰ Δί' οὐ ῥᾳδίως οὕτως ἂν αὐτοὺς διέφυγες,
 ἔπερ ἔτυχον τῶν μελῶν τῶν Φιλοκλέους βεβρω-κότες.

xo.

άρα δητ' οὐκ αὐτὰ δηλα [ἀντ.
τοῖς πένησιν, ἡ τυραννὶς
ὡς λάθρα γ' ἐλάνθαν' ὑπιοῦσα;

εὶ σύ γ', ὧ πόνω πόνηρε καὶ κομηταμυνία, τῶν νόμων ἡμᾶς ἀπείργεις ὧν ἔθηκεν ἡ πόλις, οὔτε τιν' ἔχων πρόφασιν

o A tragic poet of the day, so bitter that he was nicknamed

χολή, "gail."

^d Long hair was considered a mark of aristocratic insolence, and also of sympathy with the long-haired and bearded (cf. 476) Spartans. Amynias was notorious for his (cf. 1267).

450

^a "Here B. suddenly issues from the house, followed by Xanthias and Sosias, the former armed with a stick, the latter carrying an apparatus for smoking-out wasps": R. ^b Cf. 325 n.

THE WASPS, 451-468

So that all beheld with envy:

but a grateful soul you lack!

Oh, unhand me, you, and you,

at once, before my son come back.

cu. But a famous retribution

ye for this shall undergo,

One that will not lag nor linger;

so that ye betimes shall know,

Know the mood of angry-tempered,

righteous, mustard-glaneing men.

D. Beat them, Xanthias, a from the door-way;

beat the wasps away again.

KA. That I will, sir.

BD. Fume them, Sosias,

drive the smoke in dense and thick.

Shoo there, shoo! be off, confound you.

At them, Xanthias, with the stick!

Smoke them, Sosias, smoke, infusing

Aeschines, Selartius' son.b

so. So then we at last were going,

as it seems, to make you run.

BD. But you never would have managed

thus to beat them off with ease,

Had it chanced that they had eaten

of the songs of Philocles.c

CH. Creeping o'er us, creeping o'er us,

Here at least the poor can see

Stealthy-creeping TYRANNY!

If you from the laws debar us,

which the city has ordained,

You, a curly-haired ^d Amynias,

you, a rascal double-grained,

Not by words of wit persuading,

Not for weighty reasons shown,

οὔτε λόγον εὖτράπελον, αὖτὸς ἄρχων μόνος.

- ΒΔ. ἔσθ' ὅπως ἄνευ μάχης καὶ τῆς κατοξείας βοῆς
 ἐς λόγους ἔλθοιμεν ἀλλήλοισι καὶ διαλλαγάς;
- xo. σοὶ λόγους, ὧ μισόδημε καὶ μοναρχίας ἐραστά,καὶ ξυνὼν Βρασίδα, καὶ φορῶν κράσπεδαστεμμάτων, τήν θ' ὑπήνην ἄκουρον τρέφων;
- ΒΔ. νὴ Δί' ἢ μοι κρεῖττον ἐκστῆναι τὸ παράπαν τοῦ πατρὸς

μᾶλλον ἢ κακοῖς τοσούτοις ναυμαχεῖν ὁσημέραι.

- Χα. οὐδὲ μέν γ' οὐδ' ἐν σελίνῳ σοὐστὶν οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνῳ ⁴ τοῦτο γὰρ παρεμβαλοῦμεν τῶν τριχοινίκων ἐπῶν. ἀλλὰ νῦν μὲν οὐδὲν ἀλγεῖς, ἀλλ' ὅταν ξυνήγορος ταὐτὰ ταῦτά σου καταντλῆ καὶ ξυνωμότας καλῆ.
- ΒΔ. ἆρ' ἄν, ὧ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ὑμεῖς ἀπαλλαχθεῖτέ μου;
 ἢ δέδοκταί μοι δέρεσθαι καὶ δέρειν δι' ἡμέρας;
- xo. οὐδέποτέ γ', οὔχ, ἔως ἄν τί μου λοιπὸν ἢ,ὄστις ἡμῶν ἐπὶ τυραννίδι συνεστάλης.
- ΒΔ. ώς ἄπανθ' ύμιν τυραννίς ἐστι καὶ ξυνωμόται,

^b The common border of Hellenic gardens. The meaning is "You have only entered on your troubles."

^a Fringes or tassels of wool which edged the border of a Spartan cloak.

THE WASPS, 469-488

But because, for sooth, you will it, Like an autocrat, alone. BD. Can't we now, without this outcry, and this fierce denunciation, Come to peaceful terms together, terms of reconciliation? CH. Terms with THEE, thou people-hater, and with Brasidas, thou traitor. Hand and glove! You who dare Woolly-fringed a Clothes to wear, Yes, and show Beard and hair Left to grow Everywhere. BD. O, by Zeus, I'd really liefer drop my father altogether Than endure these daily conflicts, buffeting with waves and weather. CH. Why, as yet you've hardly entered on the parsley and the rue b: (That we'll just throw in, a sample of our three-quart words for you.) Now you care not, wait a little, till the prosecutor trounce you, Sluicing out these selfsame charges, and conspirator denounce you. BD. O by all the gods I ask you, will ye never go away? Are ye quite resolved to linger, thwacked and thwacking all the day? сн. Never more Will I while There's a grain Left of me Leave your door, Traitor vile TYRANNY. Bent to gain BD. Ay "Conspiracy" and "Tyrant," These with you are all in all,

ην τε μείζον ην τ' έλαττον πράγμά τις κατηγορή, ης έγω οὐκ ήκουσα τοὔνομ' οὐδὲ πεντήκοντ' ἐτῶν 49 νῦν δὲ πολλῷ τοῦ ταρίχους ἐστὶν ἀξιωτέρα: ώστε καὶ δὴ τοὔνομ' αὐτῆς ἐν ἀγορῷ κυλίνδεται. ην μεν ωνηταί τις δρφως, μεμβράδας δε μη θέλη, εὐθέως εἴρηχ' ὁ πωλῶν πλησίον τὰς μεμβράδας. '' οὖτος ὀψωνεῖν ἔοιχ' ἄνθρωπος ἐπὶ τυραννίδι.'' 🐠 ην δὲ γήτειον προσαιτη ταῖς ἀφύαις ήδυσμά τι, ή λαχανόπωλις παραβλέψασά φησι θατέρω: '' εἰπέ μοι, γήτειον αἰτεῖς, πότερον ἐπὶ τυραννίδι η νομίζεις τὰς 'Αθήνας σοὶ φέρειν ἡδύσματα; " κάμέ γ' ή πόρνη χθές είσελθόντα της μεσημβρίας, 50 ότι κελητίσαι 'κέλευον, όξυθυμηθεῖσά μοι ήρετ' εὶ τὴν Ἱππίου καθίσταμαι τυραννίδα. ταῦτα γὰρ τούτοις ἀκούειν ἡδέ, εἰ καὶ νῦν ἐγώ, τὸν πατέρ' ὅτι βούλομαι τούτων ἀπαλλαχθέντα τῶν ορθροφοιτοσυκοφαντοδικοταλαιπώρων τρόπων

^a κελητίσαι "to ride a horse" also describes a σχήμα συνουσίας (cf. P.900, L.60), which is then jokingly called Ίππίου τυραννίδα as in L.618.

THE WASPS, 489-505

Whatsoe'er is brought before you, be the matter great or small. Everywhere the name of Tyrant, now for fifty years unknown, Is than cheap salt-fish at Athens commoner and cheaper grown. Everywhere about the market it is bandied to and fro: If you wish a basse to purchase, and without a pilchard go, Straight the man who sells the pilchards grumbles from his stall hard by, Here is plainly one that caters with a view to Tyranny. If a leek, besides, you order, relish for your sprats perchance, Says the potherb-girl directly, eyeing you with looks askance, Leeks indeed! and leeks I prithee! what, with Tyranny in view? Athens must be taxed, you fancy, relish to supply for YOU! xa. Even so a naughty damsel vesternoon observed to me, Just because I said her manners were a little bit too free, She supposed that I was wishing Hippias's Tyranny.a BD. Ay, by charges such as these our litigious friends they please. Now because I'd have my father (quitting all this toil and strife, This up-early-false-informing-

troublesome-litigious life)

ζην βίον γενναίον ὥσπερ Μόρυχος, αἰτίαν ἔχω ταῦτα δραν ξυνωμότης ὢν καὶ φρονῶν τυραννικά.

Φ1. νὴ Δί' ἐν δίκη γ'· ἐγὼ γὰρ οὐδ' ἂν ὀρνίθων γάλα ἀντὶ τοῦ βίου λάβοιμ' ἂν οῦ με νῦν ἀποστερεῖς οὐδὲ χαίρω βατίσιν οὐδ' ἐγχέλεσιν, ἀλλ' ἤδιον ἂν 51 δικίδιον σμικρὸν φάγοιμ' ἂν ἐν λοπάδι πεπνιγμένον.

ΒΔ. νὴ Δί' εἰθίσθης γὰρ ἥδεσθαι τοιούτοις πράγμασιν ἀλλ' ἐὰν σιγῶν ἀνάσχη καὶ μάθης ἁγὰ λέγω, ἀναδιδάξειν οἴομαί σ' ὡς πάντα ταῦθ' ἁμαρτάνεις.

Φι. έξαμαρτάνω δικάζων;

ΒΔ. καταγελώμενος μὲν οὖν
 οὐκ ἐπαΐεις ὑπ' ἀνδρῶν, οΰς σὺ μόνον οὐ προσκυνεῖς.
 ἀλλὰ δουλεύων λέληθας.

ΦΙ. παῦε δουλείαν λέγων,ὅστις ἄρχω τῶν ἁπάντων.

ΒΔ. οὐ σύ γ', ἀλλ' ὑπηρετεῖς οἰόμενος ἄρχειν· ἐπεὶ δίδαξον ἡμᾶς, ὧ πάτερ, ἤτις ἡ τιμή 'στί σοι καρπουμένω τὴν 'Ελλάδα. 52

ΦΙ. πάνυ γε· καὶ τούτοισί γ' ἐπιτρέψαι θέλω.

ΒΔ. καὶ μὴν ἐγώ. ἄφετέ νυν ἄπαντες αὐτόν.

ΦΙ. καὶ ξίφος γέ μοι δότε.

^a A great epicure; cf. A. 887; P. 1008.

THE WASPS, 506-522

Live a life of ease and splendour, live like Morychus, vou sce Straight I'm charged with Tyrant leanings, charged with foul conspiracy. PH. Yes, by Zeus, and very justly. Not for pigeon's milk in store I the pleasant life would barter which you let me lead no more. Nought I care for eels and rayfish: daintier food to me would seem Just a little, tiny lawsuit, dished and stifled in its steam. BD. Yes, for that's the sort of dainty you, by Zeus, have loved so long. Yet I think I'll soon convince you that your mode of life is wrong, If you can but once be silent, and to what I say give heed I am wrong to be a dicast! PH. Laughed to utter scorn indeed, Mocked by men you all but worship, for you can't their treachery see, You're a slave, and yet don't know it. Name not slavery to me: PH. I am lord of all, I tell you. You're the veriest drudge, I vow, BD. Thinking that you're lord of all. For come, my father, teach us now, If you reap the fruits of Hellas. what's the benefit to you? Willingly. Let these be umpires. PII. I'll accept their judgement too. Now then all at once release him. And besides a sword supply, PH. 457

BD.

BD.

ἢν γὰρ ἡττηθῶ λέγων σου, περιπεσοῦμαι τῷ ξίφει.

ΒΔ. εἰπέ μοι, τί δ' ἤν, τὸ δεῖνα, τῆ διαίτη μὴ 'μμένης;

ΦΙ. μηδέποτε πίοιμ' ἄκρατον μισθὸν ἀγαθοῦ δαίμονος. 52

xo. νῦν δὴ τὸν ἐκ θἠμετέρου [στρ. γυμνασίου λέγειν τι δεῖ καινόν, ὅπως φανήσει

ΒΔ. ἐνεγκάτω μοι δεῦρο τὴν κίστην τις ὡς τάχιστα. 53 ἀτὰρ φανεῖ ποῖός τις ὤν, ἢν ταῦτα παρακελεύῃ.

μὴ κατὰ τὸν νεανίαν
 τόνδε λέγειν. ὁρᾶς γὰρ ὡς
 σοὶ μέγας ἔστ' ἀγὼν νῦν
 καὶ περὶ τῶν ἀπάντων,
 εἴπερ, ὁ μὴ γένοιθ', οὖ τός σ' ἐθέλει κρατῆσαι.

ΒΔ. καὶ μὴν ὅσ' ἂν λέξη γ' άπλῶς μνημόσυνα γράψομαι 'γώ.

τί γάρ φάθ' ύμεις, ἢν όδί με τῷ λόγῳ κρατήση;
 οὐκέτι πρεσβυτῶν ὄχλος

Χο. οὐκέτι πρεσβυτῶν ὄχλος χρήσιμος ἔστ' οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ σκωπτόμενοι δ' ἐν ταῖς όδοῖς θαλλοφόροι καλούμεθ', ἀν-τωμοσιῶν κελύψη.

άλλ' ὧ περὶ τῆς πάσης μέλλων βασιλείας ἀντι-

λογήσειν τῆς ἡμετέρας, νυνὶ θαρρῶν πᾶσαν γλῶτταν Βασάνιζε.

b "Alluding to the decrepit old men who carried olive branches in the Panathenaic processions": R.

 $[^]a$ $\mu\iota\sigma\theta\delta\nu$ is substituted for $olvo\nu$; a cup of undiluted wine to the toast of Happy Fortune was the final cup at a feast.

^{*} ἀντωμοσίαι are preliminary affidavits, in which the prosecutor asserted, and the defendant denied, the truth of the charge.

THE WASPS, 523-547

If in this dispute I'm worsted,

here upon this sword I'll die.

BD. But suppose you won't their final

(what's the phrase) award obey?

PH. May I never drink thereafter,

pure and neat, good fortune's-pay.a

CH. Now must the champion, going
Out of our school, be showing
Keen wit and genius new,
BD. Bring forth my memorandum-book:

bring forth my desk to write in.

I'll quickly show you what you're like,

if that's your style of fighting.

In quite another fashion
To aught this youth can do.
Stern is the strife and anxious
For all our earthly good,
If he intends to conquer,
Which Heaven forfend he should.

BD. Now I'll observe his arguments,

CH.

and take a note of each.

PH. What would you say, if he to-day

should make the conquering speech?

CH. Ah! should that mischance befall us,
Our old troop were nothing worth:
In the streets with ribald mirth
Idle boys would dotards call us,
Fit for nought but olive-bearing,
Shrivelled husks of counter swearing.

O friend upon whom it devolves to plead the cause of our Sovereign Power to-day,

Now show us your best; now bring to the test each trick that an eloquent tongue can play.

459

καὶ μὴν εὐθύς γ' ἀπὸ βαλβίδων περὶ τῆς ἀρχῆς ἀποδείξω

τῆς ήμετέρας ώς οὐδεμιᾶς ήττων ἐστὶν βασιλείας. τί γάρ εὔδαιμον καὶ μακαριστὸν μᾶλλον νῦν ἐστὶ δικαστοῦ.

η τρυφερώτερον, η δεινότερον ζωον, καὶ ταῦτα

 $\gamma \epsilon \rho o \nu \tau o s$;

ον πρώτα μεν έρποντ' εξ ευνης τηρουσ' επί τοισι δρυφάκτοις

ἄνδρες μεγάλοι καὶ τετραπήχεις κάπειτ' εὐθὺς

προσιόντι

ἐμβάλλει μοι τὴν χεῖρ' ἁπαλήν, τῶν δημοσίων κεκλοφυῖαν.

ίκετεύουσίν θ' ύποκύπτοντες, την φωνην οίκτρο-

χοοῦντες.

" οἴκτειρόν μ', ὧ πάτερ, αἰτοῦμαί σ', εἰ καὐτὸς πώποθ' ὑφείλου

ἀρχὴν ἄρξας ἢ 'πὶ στρατιᾶς τοῖς ξυσσίτοις

ἀγοράζων•

δς ἔμ΄ οὐδ' ἂν ζῶντ' ἤδειν, εἰ μὴ διὰ τὴν προτέραν απόφυξιν.

τουτί περί τῶν ἀντιβολούντων ἔστω τὸ μνημόσυνόν

 ϵ ίτ' ϵ ίσ ϵ λθ $\grave{\omega}$ ν ἀντιβοληθ ϵ ὶς καὶ τὴν ὀργὴν ἀπομορχθείς. «νδον τούτων ων αν φάσκω πάντων ουδεν πεποίηκα,

άλλ' ἀκροῶμαι πάσας φωνὰς ἱέντων εἰς ἀπόφυξιν. φέρ' ἴδω, τί γὰρ οὐκ ἔστιν ἀκοῦσαι θώπευμ'

ένταῦθα δικαστῆ:

οί μέν γ' ἀποκλάονται πενίαν αύτῶν καὶ προστιθέασιν

a "In the next 180 lines Aristophanes sets before us the entire process of an Athenian arbitration ": R. 460

THE WASPS, 548-564

PH. Away, away, a like a racer gay,

I start at once from the head of the lists,

To prove that no kinglier power than ours

in any part of the world exists.

Is there any creature on earth more blest,

more feared and petted from day to day,

Or that leads a happier, pleasanter life,

than a Justice of Athens, though old and grey?

For first when rising from bed in the morn,

to the criminal Court betimes I trudge,

Great six-foot fellows are there at the rails,

in anxious haste to salute their Judge.

And the delicate hand, which has dipped so deep in the public purse, he claps into mine,

And he bows before me, and makes his prayer,

and softens his voice to a pitiful whine:

O pity me, pity me, Sire, he cries,

if you ever indulged your longing for pelf,

When you managed the mess on a far campaign,

or served some office of state yourself.

The man would never have heard my name,

if he had not been tried and acquitted before.

BD. (Writing) I'll take a note of the point you make,

that suppliant fellows your grace implore.

PH. So when they have begged and implored me enough, and my angry temper is wiped away,

I enter in and I take my scat,

and then I do none of the things I say.

I hear them utter all sorts of cries

design'd expressly to win my grace,

What won't they utter, what don't they urge,

to coax a Justice who tries their case?

Some vow they are needy and friendless men,

and over their poverty wail and whine,

κακὰ πρὸς τοῖς οὖσιν, ἔως ἀνιὼν ἀνισώση τοῖσιν	,
έμοῖσιν· οἱ δὲ λέγουσιν μύθους ἡμῖν, οἱ δ' Αἰσώπου τι	5
γέλοιον•	
οί δὲ σκώπτουσ', ἵν' ἐγὼ γελάσω καὶ τὸν θυμὸν κατάθωμαι.	•
κἂν μὴ τούτοις ἀναπειθώμεσθα, τὰ παιδάρι' εὐθὺς ἀνέλκει,	
τὰς θηλείας καὶ τοὺς υίεις, τῆς χειρός, ἐγὼ δ'	

τὰ δὲ συγκύπτονθ' ἄμα βληχᾶται· κἄπειθ' ὁ πατὴρ

ύπὲρ αὐτῶν

ώσπερ θεον αντιβολεί με τρέμων της εὐθύνης $\dot{a}\pi o\lambda \hat{v}\sigma a \iota$

"εἰ μὲν χαίρεις ἀρνὸς φωνῆ, παιδὸς φωνὴν έλεήσαις .'

εί δ' αὖ τοῖς χοιριδίοις χαίρω, θυγατρὸς φωνῆ με $\pi \iota \theta \epsilon \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$.

χἠμεἷς αὐτῷ τότε τῆς ὀργῆς ὀλίγον τὸν κόλλοπ' $\dot{a}v\epsilon\hat{\imath}\mu\epsilon v$.

άρ' οὐ μεγάλη τοῦτ' ἔστ' ἀρχὴ καὶ τοῦ πλούτου καταχήνη;

δεύτερον αὐ σου τουτὶ γράφομαι, τὴν τοῦ πλούτου καταχήνην.

καὶ τἀγαθά μοι μέμνησ' ἄχεις φάσκων τῆς 'Ελλάδος αρχειν.

παίδων τοίνυν δοκιμαζομένων αίδοῖα πάρεστι $\theta \epsilon \hat{a} \sigma \theta a \iota$.

καν Οιαγρος εισέλθη φεύγων, ουκ αποφεύνει πρίν av ກຸ່ມ ເນ

^a He addresses the dicast as if he were a deity delighting in 462

THE WASPS, 565-579

And reekon up hardships, false and true,

till he makes them out to be equal to mine.

Some tell us a legend of days gone by,

or a joke from Aesop witty and sage,

Or jest and banter, to make me laugh,

that so I may doff my terrible rage.

And if all this fails, and I stand unmoved,

he leads by the hand his little ones near,

He brings his girls and he brings his boys;

and I, the Judge, am composed to hear.

They huddle together with piteous bleats:

while trembling above them he prays to me,

Prays as to a God his accounts to pass,

to give him a quittance, and leave him free.

If thou lovest a bleating male of the flock, a

O lend thine ear to this boy of mine:

Or pity this sweet little delicate girl,

if thy soul delights in the squeaking of swine.

So then we relax the pitch of our wrath,

and serew it down to a peg more low.

Is This not a fine dominion of mine,

a derision of wealth with its pride and show?

BD. (Writing) A second point for my note-book that,

a derision of wealth with its show and its pride.

Go on to mention the good you get

by your empire of Hellas so vast and wide.

PH. Tis ours to inspect the Athenian youths,

when we enter their names on the rolls of men.

And if ever Oeagrus b gets into a suit,

be sure that he'll never get out again

the sacrifice of lambs and swine; but $\dot{\alpha}\rho\rho\dot{\phi}s$ is intended to suggest $\dot{\alpha}\rho\rho\rho\epsilon\nu\sigma$ and $\chi_{0}\rho\rho\dot{\phi}l\alpha$ the use of the word in 1353; cf. A. 769 n.

b An actor who took a part in the Niobe of Aeschylus or that

of Sophocles.

463

έκ της Νιόβης εἴπη ρησιν την καλλίστην ἀπολέξας. 58 καν αὐλητής γε δίκην νικά, ταύτης ημιν ἐπίχειρα ἐν φορβειά τοισι δικασταις ἔξοδον ηὔλησ' ἀπιοῦσιν. καν ἀποθνήσκων ὁ πατήρ τω δῷ καταλείπων παιδ' ἐπίκληρον,

κλάειν ήμεις μακρά τὴν κεφαλὴν εἰπόντες τῆ

διαθηκη

καὶ τῆ κόγχη τῆ πάνυ σεμνῶς τοῖς σημείοισιν

ἔδομεν ταύτην ὄστις ἂν ἡμᾶς ἀντιβολήσας ἀναπείση.
 καὶ ταῦτ' ἀνυπεύθυνοι δρῶμεν· τῶν δ' ἄλλων οὐδεμί ἀρχή.

. τουτὶ γάρ τοί σε μόνον τούτων ὧν εἴρηκας μα-

καρίζω•

τῆς δ' ἐπικλήρου τὴν διαθήκην ἀδικεῖς ἀνακογχυλιάζων.

ω. ἔτι δ' ἡ βουλἡ χώ δημος ὅταν κρῖναι μέγα πρᾶγμ' ἀπορήση,

έψήφισται τοὺς ἀδικοῦντας τοῖσι δικασταῖς παραδοῦναι:

εἶτ' Εὔαθλος χώ μέγας οὖτος Κολακώνυμος ἀσπιδαποβλής

οὐχὶ προδώσειν ήμᾶς φασίν, περὶ τοῦ πλήθους δὲ

 μ a χ ϵ î σ θ aι.

κάν τῷ δήμῳ γνώμην οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἐνίκησεν, ἐὰν μὴ

εἴπη τὰ δικαστήρι' ἀφεῖναι πρώτιστα μίαν δικά-

^a "κόγχαι were little cases or capsules which Athenian lawstationers placed over seals to preserve them from damage": R. ^b i.e. Cleonymus; cf. 16. He and Evathlus, like Theorus and Euphemius, are minor demagogues, satellites of Cleon. 464

THE WASPS, 580-595

Till he give us a speech from his Niobe part,

selecting the best and the liveliest one.

And then if a piper gain his cause,

he pays us our price for the kindness done,

By piping a tune with his mouth-band on,

quick march as out of the Court we go.

And what if a father by will to a friend

his daughter and heiress bequeath and bestow.

We care not a rap for the Will, or the cap a

which is there on the seal so grand and sedate, We bid them begone, and be hanged, and ourselves take charge of the girl and her worthy estate;

And we give her away to whoever we choose,

to whoever may chance to persuade us: yet we,

Whilst other officials must pass an account,

alone from control and accounting are free.

BD. Ay that, and that only, of all you have said,

I own is a privilege lucky and rare, But uncapping the seal of the heiress's will

seems rather a shabby and doubtful affair.

PH. And if ever the Council or People have got

a knotty and difficult case to decide,

They pass a decree for the culprits to go

to the able and popular Courts to be tried: Evathlus, and He! the loser of shields,

the fawning, the great Cowardonymus b say "They'll always be fighting away for the mob,"

"the people of Athens they'll never betray."

And none in the People a measure can pass,

unless he propose that the Courts shall be free,

Dismissed and discharged for the rest of the day when once we have settled a single decree.

αὐτὸς δ' ὁ Κλέων ὁ κεκραξιδάμας μόνον ήμᾶς οὐ περιτρώγει,

άλλὰ φυλάττει διὰ χειρὸς ἔχων καὶ τὰς μυίας

ἀπαμύνει.

σὺ δὲ τὸν πατέρ' οὐδ' ότιοῦν τούτων τὸν σαυτοῦ πώποτ' ἔδρασας.

ἀλλὰ Θέωρος, καίτοὐστὶν ἀνὴρ Εὐφημίου οὐδὲν

€λάττων,

τὸν σπόγγον ἔχων ἐκ τῆς λεκάνης τὰμβάδι' ἡμῶν περικωνεῖ.

σκέψαι μ' ἀπὸ τῶν ἀγαθῶν οἵων ἀποκλείεις καὶ

κατερύκεις,

ην δουλείαν οὖσαν ἔφασκες καὶ ὑπηρεσίαν ἀποδείξειν.

ΒΔ. ἔμπλησο λέγων· πάντως γάρ τοι παύσει ποτè κἀναφανήσει

πρωκτός λουτροῦ περιγιγνόμενος της ἀρχης της

περισέμνου.

ει. ὃ δέ γ' ήδιστον τούτων ἐστὶν πάντων, οὖ 'γὼ 'πιλελήσμην,

όταν οἴκαδ΄ τω τὸν μισθὸν ἔχων, κἆτ' εἰσήκονθ'

αμα πάντες

ἀσπάζωνται διὰ τἀργύριον, καὶ πρῶτα μὲν ἡ θυγάτηρ με

ἀπονίζη καὶ τὼ πόδ' ἀλείφη καὶ προσκύψασα

φιλήση,

καὶ παππίζουσ' ἄμα τῆ γλώττη τὸ τριώβολον ἐκκαλαμᾶται,

καὶ τὸ γύναιόν μ' ὑποθωπεῦσαν φυστὴν μᾶζαν προσενέγκη,

THE WASPS, 596-610

Yea, Cleon the Bawler and Brawler himself, at us, and us only, to nibble forbcars, And sweeps off the flies that annoy us, and still with a vigilant hand for our dignity cares. You never have shown such attention as this, or displayed such a zeal in your father's affairs. Yet Theorus, a statesman as noble and grand as lordly Euphemius, a runs at our call And whips out a sponge from his bottle, and stoops, to black and to polish the shoes of us all. Such, such is the glory, the joy, the renown, from which you desire to retain and withhold me, And THIS you will show, this Empire of mine, to be bondage and slavery merely, you told me. BD. Ay, chatter your fill, you will cease before long: and then I will show that your boasted success Is just the success of a tail that is washed, b going back to its filth and its slovenliness. PH. But the nicest and pleasantest part of it all is this, which I'd wholly forgotten to say, 'Tis when with my fee in my wallet I come, returning home at the close of the day, O then what a welcome I get for its sake; my daughter, the darling, is foremost of all, And she washes my feet and anoints them with care, and above them she stoops, and a kiss lets fall, Till at last by the pretty Papas of her tongue she angles withal my three-obol away. Then my dear little wife, she sets on the board nice manchets of bread in a tempting array,

^a Unknown, but regarded by Aristophanes as "still more despicable than Theorus, who is obviously intended to be insulted by the comparison": R. ο γάρ πρωκτός πλυνόμενος περιγίνεται της καθάρσεως και έτι

μολύνεται: Schol.

467

κἄπειτα καθεζομένη παρ' ἐμοὶ προσαναγκάζη, "φάγε τουτί,

έντραγε τουτί·'' τούτοισιν εγώ γάνυμαι, καὶ μή με δεήση

ès σè βλέψαι καὶ τὸν ταμίαν, δπότ' ἄριστον παραθήσει

καταρασάμενος καὶ τονθορύσας. ἀλλ' ἢν μή μοι ταχὺ μάξη,

τάδε κέκτημαι πρόβλημα κακῶν, σκευὴν βελέων ἀλεωρήν.

61

62

καν οίνόν μοι μη 'γχης συ πιείν, τον ὅνον τόνο'
ἐσκεκόμισμαι

οἴνου μεστόν, κἆτ' ἐγχέομαι κλίνας· οὖτος δὲ κεχηνώς

βρωμησάμενος τοῦ σοῦ δίνου μέγα καὶ στράτιον κατέπαρδεν.

ἆρ' οὐ μεγάλην ἀρχὴν ἄρχω καὶ τοῦ Διὸς οὐδὲν ἐλάττω,

όστις ἀκούω ταὔθ' ἄπερ ὁ Ζεύς; ην γοῦν ήμεῖς θορυβήσωμεν, πᾶς τίς φησιν τῶν παριόντων, '' οἶον βροντᾳ τὸ δικαστήριον, ὧ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ.'' κὰν ἀστράψω, ποππύζουσιν, κἀγκεχόδασίν μ' οἱ πλουτοῦντες καὶ πάνυ σεμνοί. καὶ σὰ δέδοικάς με μάλιστ' αὐτός νὴ τὴν Δήμητρα, δέδοικας. ἐγὼ δ'

ἀπολοίμην, εἴ σε δέδοικα.

THE WASPS, 611-630

And cosily taking a seat by my side,

with loving entreaty constrains me to feed;

I beseech you taste this, I implore you try that.

This, this I delight in, and ne'er may I need

To look to yourself and your pantler, a scrub

who, whenever I ask him my breakfast to set,

Keeps grumbling and murmuring under his breath.

No! no! if he haste not a manchet to get, Lo here my defence from the evils of life,

my armour of proof, my impregnable shield.

And what if you pour me no liquor to drink,

yet here's an old Ass, a full of wine, that I wield,

And I tilt him, and pour for myself, and imbibe;

whilst sturdy old Jack, as a bumper I drain,

Lets fly at your goblet a bray of contempt,

a mighty and masterful snort of disdain.

Is This not a fine dominion of mine? Is it less than the empire of Zeus?

Why the very same phrases, so grand and divine,

For me, as for Him, are in use.

For when we are raging loud and high

In stormy, tumultuous din,

O Lord! O Zeus! say the passers-by,

How thunders the Court within !

The wealthy and great, when my lightnings glare,

Turn pale and sick, and mutter a prayer.^b

You fear me too: I protest you do:

Yes, yes, by Demeter I vow 'tis true.

But hang me if I am afraid of you.

^a A wine-flagon shaped like an ass, or an ass's head. In 617 κεχηνώς=" with its jaws wide open like a donkey braying.": R. "A Greek or Roman when alarmed by a thunderstorm was accustomed to make with his lips a clucking or popping noise, as a sort of charm to avert the danger ": R.

xo.	οὐπώποθ' οὕτω καθαρῶς [ἀντ.
	οὐδενὸς ήκούσαμεν οὖ-
	δε ξυνετώς λέγοντος.
41.	ουκ, αλλ' ερήμας οιεθ' ούτος ραδίως τρυγήσειν
	καλώς γαρ ήδειν ώς έγω ταύτη κράτιστός είμι.
XO.	ώς δ' έπὶ πάντ' έλήλυθεν
	κοὐδὲν παρῆλθεν, ὥστ' ἔγωγ'
	ηθξανόμην ἀκούων,
	κάν μακάρων δικάζειν
	αὐτὸς ἔδοξα νήσοις,
	ήδόμενος λέγοντι.
ΦΙ.	ώς ούτος ήδη σκορδιναται κάστιν ουκ έν αυτώ.
	ή μὴν ἐγώ σε τήμερον σκύτη βλέπειν ποιήσω.
xo.	δεῖ δέ σε παντοίας πλέκειν

εὶς ἀπόφυξιν παλάμας. τὴν γὰρ ἐμὴν ὀργὴν πεπᾶναι χαλεπὸν [νεανίᾳ] μὴ πρὸς ἐμοῦ λέγοντι.

πρὸς ταῦτα μύλην ἀγαθὴν ὥρα ζητεῖν σοι καὶ νεόκοπτον (ἦν μή τι λένης), ἥτις δυνατή τὸν ἐμὸν θυμὸν

(ἢν μή τι λέγης), ἥτις δυνατὴ τὸν ἐμὸν θυμὸν κατερείξαι.

ΒΔ. χαλεπὸν μὲν καὶ δεινῆς γνώμης καὶ μείζονος ἢ
 ἀπὶ τρυγῳδοῖς,
 ἀσασθαι νόσον ἀρχαίαν ἐν τῆ πόλει ἐντετοκυῖαν.
 ἀτάρ, ὡ πάτερ ἡμέτερε Κρονίδη
 Φ1.

^a Philocleon (621 seq.) had arrogated to himself the attributes of Zeus, and so B. addresses him in the language Athene uses to Zeus in Homer (H. viii. 313; Od. i. 45); but P. will have none of his "befathering."

THE WASPS, 631-652

ch. I never, no, I never
Have heard so clear and elever
And eloquent a speech—
Ph. Ay, ay, he thought he'd steal my grapes,
and pluck them undefended,
For well he knew that I'm in this

particularly splendid.

CH. No topic he omitted,
But he duly went through each.
I waxed in size to hear him
Till with eestasy possessed
Methought I sat a-judging
In the Islands of the Blest.

PH. See how uneasily he stands,

and gapes, and shifts his ground.

I warrant, sir, before I've done,

you'll look like a beaten hound.

CH. You must now, young man, be seeking
Every turn and every twist
Which can your defence assist.
To a youth against me speaking
Mine's a heart 'tis hard to render
(So you'll find it) soft and tender.

And therefore unless you can speak to the point, you must look for a millstone handy and good, Fresh hewn from the rock, to shiver and shock

the unyielding grit of my resolute mood.

BD. Hard were the task, and shrewd the intent,

for a Comedy-poet all too great

To attempt to heal an inveterate, old

disease engrained in the heart of the state.

Yet, O dread Cronides, Father and Lord,^a

PH, Stop, stop, don't talk in that father-me way,

471

εὶ μὴ γὰρ ὅπως δουλεύω 'γώ, τουτὶ ταχέως με διδάξεις.

οὐκ ἔστιν ὅπως οὐχὶ τεθνήξει, κἂν χρῆ σπλάγχνων

μ' ἀπέχεσθαι.

ακρόασαί νυν, ὧ παππίδιον, χαλάσας ολίγον τὸ μέτωπον•

καὶ πρῶτον μὲν λόγισαι φαύλως, μὴ ψήφοις, ἀλλ'

άπὸ χειρός,

τὸν φόρον ἡμιν ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων συλλήβδην τὸν προσιόντα:

κάξω τούτου τὰ τέλη χωρὶς καὶ τὰς πολλὰς

έκατοστάς,

πρυτανεία, μέταλλ', ἀγοράς, λιμένας, μισθούς καὶ δημιόπρατα.

τούτων πλήρωμα τάλαντ' έγγὺς δισχίλια γίγνεται

ημ<math>ιν.

ἀπὸ τούτου νυν κατάθες μισθὸν τοῖσι δικασταῖς

ένιαυτοῦ.

έξ χιλιάσιν, κοὔπω πλείους εν τῆ χώρα κατένασθεν, γίγνεται ὑμιν έκατὸν δήπου καὶ πεντήκοντα τάλαντα.

οὐδ' ή δεκάτη τῶν προσιόντων ἡμῖν ἄρ' ἐγίγνεθ'

ό μισθός.

μὰ Δί' οὐ μέντοι. $B\Delta$.

καὶ ποῖ τρέπεται δὴ 'πειτα τὰ χρήματα τἄλλα; 60 ἐς τούτους τούς, ''οὐχὶ προδώσω τὸν 'Αθηναίων ΦΙ.

 $B\Delta$. κολοσυρτόν,

άλλὰ μαχοῦμαι περὶ τοῦ πλήθους ἀεί."

ῶ πάτερ, αὐτοὺς

ἄρχειν αίρεῖ σαυτοῦ, τούτοις τοῖς ρηματίοις περιπεφθείς.

a i.e. as polluted by homicide.

THE WASPS, 653-668

Convince me at once that I'm only a slave,

or else I protest you shall die this day

Albeit I then must ever abstain

from the holy flesh of the victims slain.^a

BD. Then listen my own little pet Papa,

and smooth your brow from its frowns again.

And not with pebbles precisely ranged,

but roughly thus on your fingers count

The tribute paid by the subject States,

and just consider its whole amount;

And then, in addition to this, compute

the many taxes and one-per-cents,

The fees and the fines, and the silver mines,

the markets and harbours and sales and rents.

If you take the total result of the lot,

'twill reach two thousand talents or near.

And next put down the Justices' pay,

and reckon the sums they receive a year:

Six thousand Justices, count them through,

there dwell no more in the land as yet,

One hundred and fifty talents a year

I think you will find is all they get.

PH. Then not one tithe of our income goes

to furnish forth the Justices' pay.

BD. No, certainly not.

PH.

And what becomes

of all the rest of the revenue, pray?

BD. Why, bless you, it goes to the pockets of those,

To the rabble of Athens I'll ever be true,

I'll always battle away for the mob.b

O father, my father, 'tis owing to you:

By such small phrases as these cajoled,

you lift them over yourselves to reign.

• He refers to P.'s words in 593.

κἆθ' οὖτοι μὲν δωροδοκοῦσιν κατὰ πεντήκοντα τάλαντα

ἀπὸ τῶν πόλεων, ἐπαπειλοῦντες τοιαυτὶ κἀνα- $\phi \circ \beta \circ \hat{v} v \tau \epsilon \varsigma$,

φορουντες, " δώσετε τὸν φόρον, ἢ βροντήσας τὴν πόλιν ὑμῶν

ἀνατρέψω.

σὺ δὲ τῆς ἀρχῆς ἀγαπᾶς τῆς σῆς τοὺς ἀργελόφους περιτρώγων.

οί δὲ ξύμμαχοι ώς ἤσθηνται τὸν μὲν σύρφακα τὸν άλλον

ἐκ κηθαρίου λαγαριζόμενον καὶ τραγαλίζοντα τὸ $\mu\eta\delta\epsilon\nu$,

σε μεν ήγοῦνται Κόννου ψῆφον, τούτοισι δε δωροφοροῦσιν

ύρχας, οἶνον, δάπιδας, τυρόν, μέλι, σήσαμα, προσκεφάλαια,

φιάλας, χλανίδας, στεφάνους, ὅρμους, ἐκπώματα, πλουθυγιείαν.

σοὶ δ' ὧν ἄρχεις, πολλὰ μὲν ἐν γῆ, πολλὰ δ' ἐφ' ύγρα πιτυλεύσας,

οὐδεὶς οὐδὲ σκορόδου κεφαλὴν τοῖς έψητοῖσι δίδωσιν.

μὰ Δί' ἀλλὰ παρ' Εὐχαρίδου καὐτὸς τρεῖς γ' ἄγλιθας μετέπεμψα. ἀλλ', αὐτήν μοι τὴν δουλείαν οὐκ ἀποφαίνων

αποκναίεις.

οὐ γὰρ μεγάλη δουλεία 'στὶν τούτους μὲν ἄπαντας έν άρχαῖς

αὐτούς τ' είναι, καὶ τοὺς κόλακας τοὺς τούτων, μισθοφοροῦντας;

σοί δ' ήν τις δώ τους τρείς δβολούς, άγαπάς ους αὐτὸς ἐλαύνων

THE WASPS, 669-684

And then, believe me, they soon contrive

some fifty talents in bribes to gain,

Extorting them out of the subject states,

by hostile menaee and angry frown:

Hand over, they say, the tribute-pay,

or else my thunders shall crush your town.

You joy the while at the remnants vile,

the trotters and tips of your power to gnaw.

So when our knowing, acute allies

the rest, the seum of the Populaee, saw

On a vote-box pine, and on nothingness dine,

and marked how lanky and lean ye grow,

They count you all as a Connas's vote,^a

and ever and ever on these bestow

Wines, cheeses, necklaces, sesamè fruit,

and jars of pickle and pots of honey,

Rugs, eushions, and mantles, and cups, and erowns, and health, and vigour, and lots of money.

Whilst you! from out of the broad domain

for which on the land and the wave you toiled, None gives you so much as a garlic head,

to flavour the dish when your sprats are boiled.

That's true no doubt, for I just sent out,

and bought, myself, from Eucharides three;

But you wear me away by your long delay

in proving my bondage and slavery.

Why is it not slavery pure and neat,

when these (themselves and their parasites too)

Are all in receipt of their pay, God wots,

as high officials of state: whilst you

Must thankful be for your obols three,

those obols which ye yourselves have won

^a Apparently=something valueless. C. appears in K. 534 as a dissolute musician.

καὶ πεζομαχῶν καὶ πολιορκῶν ἐκτήσω, πολλὰ πονήσας.

καὶ πρὸς τούτοις ἐπιταττόμενος φοιτᾶς, δ μάλιστά

μ' ἀπάγχει,

ὄταν εἰσελθόν μειράκιόν σοι κατάπυγον, Χαιρέου υίός,

ώδὶ διαβάς, διακινηθεὶς τῷ σώματι καὶ τρυφε-

ρανθείς,

ἥκειν εἴπη πρὼ κἀν ὥρᾳ δικάσονθ', ὡς ὅστις ἂν ὑμῶν

ὕστερος ἔλθη τοῦ σημείου, τὸ τριώβολον οὐ κομιεῖται·

αὐτὸς δὲ φέρει τὸ συνηγορικόν, δραχμήν, κἂν ὕστερος ἔλθη·

καὶ κοινωνῶν τῶν ἀρχόντων ἐτέρῳ τινὶ τῶν μεθ'

 $\dot{\epsilon}av au o\hat{v}$,

ην τίς τι διδῷ τῶν φευγόντων, ξυνθέντε τὸ πρᾶγμα δυ' ὄντε

έσπουδάκατον, κἆθ' ώς πρίονθ' ὁ μὲν ἔλκει, ὁ δ'

ἀντενέδωκε•

σὺ δὲ χασκάζεις τὸν κωλακρέτην· τὸ δὲ πραττόμενόν σε λέληθεν.

ι. ταυτί με ποιοῦσ'; οἴμοι, τί λέγεις; ὥς μου τὸν θῖνα ταράττεις,

καὶ τὸν νοῦν μου προσάγεις μᾶλλον, κοὐκ οἶδ' ὅ

τι χρημά με ποιείς.

ΒΔ. σκέψαι τοίνυν ως έξόν σοι πλουτεῖν καὶ τοῖσιν ἄπασιν,

ύπὸ τῶν ἀεὶ δημιζόντων οὐκ οἶδ' ὅποι ἐγκεκύκλησαι·

THE WASPS, 685-699

In the battle's roar, by sea and by shore,

'mid sieges and miseries many a one.

But O what throttles me most of all.

is this, that under constraint you go,

When some young dissolute spark comes in,

some son of a Chaereas, a straddling—so,

With his legs apart, and his body poised,

and a mincing, soft, effeminate air,

And bids you Justices, one and all,

betimes in the morn to the Court repair,

For that any who after the signal b come

shall lose and forfeit their obols three.

Yet come as late as he choose himself,

he poekets his draehma, "Counsel's fee." o

And then if a culprit give him a bribe,

he gets his fellow the job to share,

And into each other's hands they play,

and manage together the suit to square.

Just like two men at a saw they work,

and one keeps pulling, and one gives way.

While you at the Treasurer d stare and gape,

and never observe the tricks they play.

PH. Is THAT what they do! O can it be true!

Ah me, the depths of my being are stirred, Your statements shake my soul, and I feel

I know not how, at the things I've heard.

BD. And just consider when you and all

might revel in affluence, free as air,

How these same demagogues wheel you round,

and cabin and coop you I know not where.

^a Unknown.

b A signal hoisted for the opening of the court.

" A retaining fee paid to the 10 συνήγοροι appointed as public prosecutors ": R.

d One of the officers who paid the dicasts.

ὄστις πόλεων ἄρχων πλείστων, ἀπὸ τοῦ Πόντου μέχρι Σαρδοῦς,

οὐκ ἀπολαύεις πλην τοῦθ' δ φέρεις ἀκαρῆ, καὶ

τοῦτ' ἐρίω σοι

ένστάζουσιν κατὰ μικρὸν ἀεί, τοῦ ζῆν ἕνεχ', ὥσπερ ἔλαιον.

βούλονται γάρ σε πένητ' εΐναι καὶ τοῦθ' ὧν εἵνεκ', ἐρῶ σοι,

ΐνα γιγνώσκης τὸν τιθασευτήν κἆθ ὅταν οὖτός γ' ἐπισίζη,

ἐπὶ τῶν ἐχθρῶν τιν' ἐπιρρύξας, ἀγρίως αὐτοῖς ἐπιπηδᾶς.

εὶ γὰρ ἐβούλοντο βίον πορίσαι τῷ δήμῳ, ῥάδιον

 $\tilde{\eta}_{V}$ \tilde{a}_{V} .

εἰσίν γε πόλεις χίλιαι, αι νῦν τὸν φόρον ἡμιν ἀπάγουσιν

τούτων εἴκοσιν ἄνδρας βόσκειν εἴ τις προσέταξεν

έκάστη,

δύο μυριάδες τῶν δημοτικῶν ἔζων ἐν πᾶσι λαγώοις καὶ στεφάνοισιν παντοδαποῖσιν καὶ πυῷ καὶ πυριάτη,

άξια τῆς γῆς ἀπολαύοντες καὶ τοῦ Μαραθῶνι

τροπαίου.

νῦν δ' ὤσπερ ἐλαολόγοι χωρεῖθ' ἄμα τῷ τὸν μισθὸν ἔχοντι.

 οἴμοι, τί ποθ³ ὤσπερ νάρκη μου κατὰ τῆς χειρὸς καταχεῖται,

καὶ τὸ ξίφος οὐ δύναμαι κατέχειν, ἀλλ' ήδη

μαλθακός είμι.

ΒΔ. ἀλλ' ὁπόταν μέν δείσωσ' αὐτοί, τὴν Εὔβοιαν διδόασιν

a Sardinia.

THE WASPS, 700-715

And you, the lord of such countless towns,

from Pontus to Sardo, a nought obtain

Save this poor pittanee you earn, and this

they dole you in driblets, grain by grain,

As though they were dropping oil from wool,

as much forsooth as will life sustain.

They MEAN you all to be poor and gaunt,

and I'll tell you, father, the reason why.

They want you to know your keeper's hand;

and then if he hiss you on to fly

At some helpless foe, away you go,

with eager vehemence ready and rough.

Since if they wished to maintain you well,

the way to do it were plain enough.

A thousand eities our rule obey,

a thousand eities their tribute pay,

Allot them twenty Athenians each,

to feed and nourish from day to day,

And twice ten thousand eitizens there,

are living immersed in dishes of hare,

With creams and beestings and sumptuous fare,

and garlands and eoronals everywhere,

Enjoying a fate that is worthy the state,

and worthy the trophy on Marathon plain.

Whilst now like gleaners b ye all are fain

to follow along in the paymaster's train.

PH. O what can this strange sensation mean,

this numbness that over my hand is stealing?

My arm no longer can hold the sword:

I yield, unmanned, to a womanish feeling.

BD. Let a panic possess them, they're ready to give

Euboea at once for the State to divide,^c

b Lit. "olive-gatherers"; needy folk like our hop-pickers. e i.e. to portion it out among you in "allotments" as κληροῦχοι.

ύμιν καὶ σιτον ύφίστανται κατὰ πεντήκοντα μεδίμνους

ποριείν έδοσαν δ' οὐπώποτέ σοι, πλήν πρώην πέντε μεδίμνους,

καὶ ταῦτα μόλις ξενίας φεύγων ἔλαβες κατὰ χοίνικα, κριθών.

ων είνεκ' εγώ σ' απέκλειον αεί, βόσκειν έθέλων καὶ μὴ τούτους έγχάσκειν σοι στομφάζοντας. καὶ νῦν ἀτεχνῶς ἐθέλω παρέχειν ο τι βούλει σοι. πλην κωλακρέτου γάλα πίνειν.

xo. ἦ που σοφὸς ἦν ὄστις ἔφασκεν, "πρὶν ἃν ἀμφοῖν μῦθον ἀκούσης, οὐκ αν δικάσαις. συ γάρ οὖν νῦν μοι νικαν πολλώ δεδόκησαι. ωστ' ήδη την δργην χαλάσας τους σκίπωνας

καταβάλλω. ἀλλ' ὧ τῆς ἡλικίας ἡμῖν τῆς αὐτῆς συνθιασῶτα, πιθοῦ πιθοῦ λόγοισι, μηδ' ἄφρων γένη, [στρ. μηδ' ἀτενὴς ἄγαν ἀτεράμων τ' ἀνήρ. εἴθ' ὤφελέν μοι κηδεμών ἢ ξυγγενής είναι τις όστις τοιαῦτ' ἐνουθέτει. σοὶ δὲ νῦν τις θεών παρώ νέμφανής ξυλλαμβάνει τοῦ πράγματος, καὶ δηλός ἐστιν εὖ ποιῶν: σύ δὲ παρών δέχου.

καὶ μὴν θρέψω γ' αὐτὸν παρέχων $B\Delta$. όσα πρεσβύτη ξύμφορα, χόνδρον

THE WASPS, 716-738

And engage to supply for every man

full fifty bushels of wheat beside.

But five poor bushels of barley each

is all that you ever obtained in fact,

And that doled out by the quart, while first

they worry you under the Alien Act.^a And therefore it was that I locked you away To keep you in ease; unwilling that these With empty mouthings your age should bilk. And now I offer you here to-day Without any reserve whatever you please,

Save only a draught of—Treasurer's milk.

CH. 'Twas a very acute and intelligent man,

whoever it was, that happened to say,

Don't make up your mind till you've heard both sides, for now I protest you have gained the fray.

Our staves of justice, our angry mood,

for ever and ever aside we lay,

And we turn to talk to our old compeer,

our choir-companion of many a day.

Don't be a fool: give in, give in,
Nor too perverse and stubborn be;
I would to Heaven my kith and kin
Would show the like regard for me.
Some deity, 'tis plain, befriends
Your happy lot, believe, believe it;
With open arms his aid he sends,
Do you with open arms receive it.
I'll give him whatever his years require,
A basin of gruel, and soft attire,

BD.

^a You have to establish your claim with as much trouble as if you were being prosecuted for fraudulently exercising the rights of citizenship.

λείχειν, χλαιναν μαλακήν, σισύραν, πόρνην, ήτις τὸ πέος τρίψει καὶ τὴν ὀσφῦν. άλλ' ὅτι σιγῷ κοὐδὲν γρύζει, τοῦτ' οὐ δύναταί με προσέσθαι. νενουθέτηκεν αύτὸν ές τὰ πράγμαθ', οίς [ἀντ. XO. τότ' ἐπεμαίνετ' ἔγνωκε γὰρ ἀρτίως, λογίζεταί τ' έκεῖνα πάνθ' άμαρτίας α σοῦ κελεύοντος οὐκ ἐπείθετο. νῦν δ' ἴσως τοῖσι σοῖς λόγοις πείθεται, καὶ σωφρονεῖ μέντοι μεθιστὰς ες τὸ λοιπὸν τὸν τρόπον πιθόμενός τέ σοι. ιώ μοί μοι. ΦĪ. οὖτος, τί βοậς; μή μοι τούτων μηδέν ύπισχνου. фΙ.

ΒΔ. οὕτος, τί βοᾶς;
μή μοι τούτων μηδέν ὑπισχνοῦ.
κείνων ἔραμαι, κεῦθι γενοίμαν,
ἵν' ὁ κῆρυξ φησί, '' τίς ἀψήφιστος; ἀνιστάσθω.''
κἀπισταίην ἐπὶ τοῦς κημοῖς
ψηφιζομένων ὁ τελευταῖος.
σπεῦδ', ὧ ψυχή. ποῦ μοι ψυχή;
πάρες, ὧ σκιερά. μὰ τὸν 'Ηρακλέα,
μὴ νῦν ἔτ' ἐγὼ 'ν τοῦσι δικασταῖς
κλέπτοντα Κλέωνα λάβοιμι.

ΒΔ. ἴθ' ὧ πάτερ, πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ἐμοὶ πιθοῦ.
 ΦΙ. τί σοι πίθωμαι; λέγ' ὅ τι βούλει, πλὴν ἑνός.
 ΒΔ. ποίου; φέρ' ἴδω.

ΦΙ. τοῦ μὴ δικάζειν. τοῦτο δὲ
 κίδης διακρινεῖ πρότερον ἢ 'γὼ πείσομαι.

THE WASPS, 739-763

And a good warm rug, and a handmaid fair, To ehafe and cherish his limbs with care. -But I can't like this, that he stands so mute, And speaks not a word nor regards my suit. "Tis that his soberer thoughts review CH. The frenzy he indulged so long, And (what he would not yield to you) He feels his former life was wrong. Perehance he'll now amend his plan, Unbend his age to mirth and laughter, A better and a wiser man By your advice he'll live hereafter. O misery! O misery! PH. O father, why that dolorous cry? Talk not of things like these to me! a PH. Those are my pleasures, there would I be Where the Usher eries Who has not voted? let him arise. And O that the last of the voting band By the verdiet-box I could take my stand. On, on, my soul! why, where is she gone? Hah! by your leave, my shadowy one! Zounds, if I eateh when in Court I'm sitting Cleon again a theft committing!

BD. O father, father, by the Gods eomply.

PH. Comply with what? name any wish, save one.

BD. Save what, I prithee?

PH. Not to judge; but that Hades shall settle ere my soul comply.

^a "P. breaks his tragic silence, and gives utterance to a cento of scraps from the *Hippolytus Velatus*, *Alcestis*, *Bellerophon*, and probably other plays of Euripides" R.

483

ΒΔ. σὺ δ' οὖν, ἐπειδὴ τοῦτο κεχάρηκας ποιῶν,
 ἐκεῖσε μὲν μηκέτι βάδιζ', ἀλλ' ἐνθάδε
 αὐτοῦ μένων δίκαζε τοῖσιν οἰκέταις.

ΦΙ. περὶ τοῦ; τί ληρεῖς;

ΦΙ. τουτί μ' ἀρέσκει.

ΒΔ. πρὸς δὲ τούτοις γ', ἢν δίκην λέγη μακράν τις, οὐχὶ πεινῶν ἀναμενεῖς, δάκνων σεαυτὸν καὶ τὸν ἀπολογούμενον.
 Φ1. πῶς οὖν διαγιγνώσκειν καλῶς δυνήσομαι

ώσπερ πρότερον τὰ πράγματ', ἔτι μασώμενος;

ΒΔ. πολλῷ γ' ἄμεινον καὶ λέγεται γὰρ τουτογί,
 ὡς οἱ δικασταὶ ψευδομένων τῶν μαρτύρων
 μόλις τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἔγνωσαν ἀναμασώμενοι.

ΦΙ. ἀνά τοί με πείθεις. ἀλλ' ἐκεῖν' οὔπω λέγεις,
 τὸν μισθὸν ὁπόθεν λήψομαι.

BA. $\pi \alpha \rho$ $\epsilon \mu o \hat{v}$.

καλῶς,
 ότιὴ κατ' ἐμαυτὸν κοὐ μεθ' ἐτέρου λήψομαι.
 αἴσχιστα γάρ τοί μ' εἰργάσατο Λυσίστρατος
 ὁ σκωπτόλης. δραχμὴν μετ' ἐμοῦ πρώην λαβών,
 ἐλθὼν διεκερματίζετ' ἐν τοῖς ἰχθύσιν,

^a εὐλόγως, "appropriately." A. is paving the way for a double pun. "In fine weather ἡλιάσει (play the Heliast) πρὸς ἥλιον, in

THE WASPS, 764-789

BD. Well but if these are really your delights, Yet why go *There*? why not remain at home And sit and judge among your household here?

PH. Folly! judge what?

BD. The same as There you do.

Suppose you catch your housemaid on the sly
Opening the door: fine her for that, one drachma.
That's what you did at every sitting There.
And very aptly, if the morning's fine,
You'll fine your culprits, sitting in the sun.
In snow, enter your judgements by the fire
While it rains on: and—though you sleep till midday,
No arehon here will close the door against you.

PH. Hah! I like that.

PH.

And then, however long
An orator proses on, no need to fast,
Worrying yourself (ay, and the prisoner too).

H. But do you really think that I can judge
As well as now, whilst eating and digesting?

BD. As well? much better. When there's reckless swearing,

Don't people say, what time and thought and trouble

It took the judges to digest the case?

PH. I'm giving in. But you've not told me yet How I'm to get my pay.

BD. I'll pay you.

Then I shall have mine to myself, alone;
For once Lysistratus, the funny fool,
Played me the scurviest trick. We'd got one drachma
Betwixt us two: he changed it at the fish-stall;

wet weather $\epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \iota$, which is really from $\epsilon l \sigma \circ \mu a \iota$ (Pl. 647) and is explained by the Scholiasts as $\delta \iota \kappa \acute{a} \sigma \epsilon \iota s$, but upon which A. plays as if it were from $\epsilon i \sigma \epsilon \iota \mu \iota$, 'you shall go indoors'": R.

485

Good,

κάπειτ' ἐπέθηκε τρεῖς λοπίδας μοι κεστρέων κάγω 'νέκαψ' · ὀβολοὺς γὰρ ῷόμην λαβεῖν κặτα βδελυχθεὶς ὀσφρόμενος ἐξέπτυσα · κῷθ' εῖλκον αὐτόν.

ΒΔ. ὁ δὲ τί πρὸς ταῦτ' εἶφ';

φ1. ὅ τι; ἀλεκτρυόνος μ' ἔφασκε κοιλίαν ἔχειν· '' ταχὺ γοῦν καθέψεις τἀργύριον,'' ἢ δ' δς λέγων. 7

ΒΔ. όρậς ὄσον καὶ τοῦτο δῆτα κερδανεῖς;

ΦΙ. οὐ πάνυ τι μικρόν. ἀλλ' ὅπερ μέλλεις ποίε**ι**.

ΒΔ. ἀνάμενέ νυν έγω δε ταῦθ' ήξω φέρων.

Φ1. ὅρα τὸ χρῆμα τὰ λόγι' ὡς περαίνεται. ἢκηκόειν γὰρ ὡς ᾿Αθηναῖοί ποτε δικάσοιεν ἐπὶ ταῖς οἰκίαισι τὰς δίκας, κἀν τοῖς προθύροις ἀνοικοδομήσοι πᾶς ἀνὴρ αὑτῷ δικαστηρίδιον μικρὸν πάνυ, ὥσπερ Ἑκάταιον, πανταχοῦ πρὸ τῶν θυρῶν.

ΒΔ. ἰδού, τί ἔτ' ἐρεῖς; ὡς ἄπαντ' ἐγὼ φέρω ὅσαπέρ γ' ἔφασκον, κἄτι πολλῷ πλείονα. ἀμὶς μέν, ἢν οὐρητιάσης, αὑτηὶ παρὰ σοὶ κρεμήσετ' ἐγγὺς ἐπὶ τοῦ παττάλου.

Φ1. σοφόν γε τουτὶ καὶ γέροντι πρόσφορον ἐξεῦρες ἀτεχνῶς φάρμακον στραγγουρίας.

καὶ πῦρ γε τουτί, καὶ προσέστηκεν φακῆ,
 ροφεῖν ἐὰν δέῃ τι.

τοῦτ' αὖ δεξιόν·
 κὰν γὰρ πυρέττω, τόν γε μισθὸν λήψομαι.
 αὐτοῦ μένων γὰρ τὴν φακῆν ροφήσομαι.
 ἀτὰρ τί τὸν ὄρνιν ὡς ἔμ' ἐξηνέγκατε;

THE WASPS, 790-815

Then laid me down three mullet scales: and I, I thought them obols, popped them in my mouth a; O the vile smell! O la! I spat them out And collared b him.

And what said he? BD.

PH.

PII.

The rascal!

He said I'd got the stomach of a cock. You'll soon digest hard coin, he says, says he.

BD. Then there again you'll get a great advantage.

- PH. Ay, ay, that's something: let's begin at once.
- BD. Then stop a moment whilst I fetch the traps.
- PH. See here now, how the oracles come true. Oft have I heard it said that the Athenians

One day would try their lawsuits in their homes, That each would have a little Courtlet built For his own use, in his own porch, before

His entrance, like a shrine of Heeate.c

BD. (Bustling in with a quantity of judicial properties) Now then I hope you're satisfied: I've brought All that I promised, and a lot besides. See here I'll hang this vessel on a peg, In case you want it as the suit proceeds.

PH. Now that I call extremely kind and thoughtful, And wondrous handy for an old man's needs.

And here's a fire, and gruel set beside it,

All ready when you want it.

Good again.

Now if I'm feverish I shan't lose my pay, For here I'll sit, and sip my gruel too. But why in the world have ye brought me out the cock?

^a For carrying money in the mouth cf. B. 503, E. 818.

εἶλκον=in ius trahebam.

· Small images or shrines of Hecate set up before the doors that, as representing the Moon, she might guard them at night.

ВΔ.	ΐνα γ', ην καθεύδης ἀπολογουμένου τινός,	
	<i>ἄδων ἄνωθεν ἐξεγείρη σ' ούτοσί</i> .	
ΦΙ.	εν ἔτι ποθῶ, τὰ δ' ἄλλ' ἀρέσκει μοι.	
ВΔ.	$ au\dot{\delta}$ $ au'$;	
ΦΙ.	θηρώον εἴ πως ἐκκομίσαις τὸ τοῦ Λύκου.	
ВΔ.	πάρεστι τουτί, καὐτὸς ἄναξ ούτοσί.	82
ΦI.	ῶ δέσποθ' ήρως, ώς χαλεπὸς ἄρ' ήσθ' ἰδεῖν.	
ВΔ.	οἷόσπερ ἡμῖν φαίνεται—Κλεώνυμος.	
ΞA.	οὔκουν ἔχει γ' οὐδ' αὐτὸς ἥρως ὢν ὅπλα.	
ВΔ.	εὶ θᾶττον ἐκαθίζου σύ, θᾶττον ἂν δίκην	
	ἐκάλουν.	
ΦΙ.	κάλει νυν, ώς κάθημαι 'γὼ πάλαι.	82
ВΔ.	φέρε νυν, τίν' αὐτῷ πρῶτον εἰσαγάγω δίκην;	
	τί τίς κακὸν δέδρακε τῶν ἐν τῆ οἰκία;	
	ή Θρậττα προσκαύσασα πρώην τὴν χύτραν	
ΦΙ.	έπίσχες οθτος· ώς ολίγου μ' απώλεσας.	
	ανευ δρυφάκτου την δίκην μέλλεις καλε ι ν,	83
	δ πρῶτον ήμιν τῶν ἱερῶν ἐφαίνετο;	
ВΔ.	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ πάρεστιν.	
ΦI.	່ ἀλλ' ἐγὼ δραμὼν	
	αὐτὸς κομιοῦμαι τό γε παραυτίκ' ἔνδοθεν.	
ВΔ.	τί ποτε τὸ χρῆμ'; ὡς δεινὸν ἡ φιλοχωρία.	
ΞA.	βάλλ' ες κόρακας. τοιουτονί τρεφειν κύνα.	83
ВΔ.	τί δ' ἔστιν ἐτεόν;	
ΞA.	οὐ γὰρ ὁ Λάβης ἀρτίως	
	ό κύων παράξας είς τὸν ἰπνὸν ἀναρπάσας	
	τροφαλίδα τυροῦ Σικελικὴν κατεδήδοκεν;	
ВΔ.	τοῦτ' ἆρα πρῶτον τἀδίκημα τῷ πατρὶ	
	είσακτέον μοι ου δε κατηγόρει παρών.	84
a	Cf. 389. B. here produces a little image of him.	_
b	A surprise: for C, was a notorious coward: cf. 19.	

^{*} φιλοχωρία describes the attachment to his old haunts which makes him run after "a railing" such as was used in the law 488

THE WASPS, 816-840

BD. To wake you, father, crowing over head In case you're dozing whilst a prisoner pleads.

PH. One thing I miss, and only one.

BD. What's that?

PH. If you could somehow fetch the shrine of Lycus a!

BD. Here then it is, and here's the king in person.

PH. O hero lord, how stern you are to see!

BD. Almost, methinks, like our—Cleonymus.

xa. Ay, and 'tis true the hero has no shield!

BD. If you got seated sooner, I should sooner Call a suit on.

Call on, I've sat for ages.

BD. Let's see: what matter shall I bring on first?
Who's been at mischief of the household here?
That careless Thratta now, she charred the pitcher.

PH. O stop, for goodness' sake! you've all but killed me. What! call a suit on with no railing here, Always the first of all our sacred things?

BD. No more there is, by Zeus.

PH:

PH. I'll run myself
And forage out whatever comes to hand.

BD. Heyday! where now? The strange infatuation!

xA. Psha! rot the dog! To keep a cur like this!

BD. What's happened now?

Why, has not Labes ^d here
Got to the kitchen safe, and grabbed a cheese,
A rich Sicilian cheese, and bolted it?

BD. Then that's the first indictment we'll bring on Before my father: you shall prosecute.

courts to separate the dicasts from the general public. If the meaning is right, the "railing" is = cancelli, from which we derive "chancellor." While P. is gone a sudden scuffle takes place within and the voice of Xanthias is heard exclaiming at a dog.

⁴ From λαμβάνω, like our "Grip" or "Pincher," and with a

play on Laches (cf. 240).

ΞA.	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγ' ἀλλ' ἄτερός φησιν Κύων	
	κατηγορήσειν, ήν τις είσάγη γραφήν.	
ВΔ.	ἴθι νυν, ἄγ' αὐτὼ δεῦρο.	
ΞA.	ταῦτα χρὴ ποιεῖν.	
$B\Delta$.	τουτὶ τί ἐστι;	
ΦI .	χοιροκομεῖον 'Εστίας.	
ВΔ.	είθ' ίεροσυλήσας φέρεις;	
ΦΙ.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἵνα	8
	άφ' Έστίας άρχόμενος έπιτρίψω τινά.	
	άλλ' εἴσαγ' ἀνύσας· ὡς ἐγὼ τιμᾶν βλέπω.	
ВΔ.	φέρε νυν, ενέγκω τὰς σανίδας καὶ τὰς γραφάς.	
ΦΙ.	οἴμοι, διατρίβεις κἀπολεῖς τριψημερῶν	
	έγω δ' άλοκίζειν έδεόμην το χωρίον.	8
ВΔ.	ίδού.	
ΦΙ.	κάλει νυν.	
ВΔ.	ταῦτα δή.	
ΦΙ.	τίς ούτοσὶ	
	δ πρῶτός ἐστιν;	
ВΔ.	ές κόρακας, ώς ἄχθομαι,	
	ότιὴ 'πελαθόμην τοὺς καδίσκους ἐκφέρειν.	
ΦI.	οὖτος σὺ ποῖ θεῖς;	
$B\Delta$.	ἐ πὶ καδίσκους.	
ΦΙ.	$\mu\eta\delta a\mu\hat{\omega}_{S}$.	
	έγω γαρ είχον τούσδε τους άρυστίχους.	8
$B\Delta$.	κάλλιστα τοίνυν· πάντα γὰρ πάρεστι νῷν	
	δσων δεόμεθα, πλήν γε δη της κλεψύδρας.	
ΦΙ.	ήδὶ δὲ δὴ τίς ἐστιν; οὐχὶ κλεψύδρα;	
ВΔ.	εὖ γ' ἐκπορίζεις αὐτὰ κἀπιχωρίως.	

a $K \dot{\nu} \omega \nu = K \lambda \dot{\epsilon} \omega \nu$.

^b That pigs might be kept within the precincts of the house is clear from P. 1106. How the fence which encloses them is specially connected with $E\sigma\tau ia$ is not plain, but the name seems 490

THE WASPS, 841-859

XA. Thank you, not I. This other Cur a declares
If there's a charge, he'll prosecute with pleasure.

BD. Bring them both here.

BD. Bring them both here.

Yes, yes, sir, so I will.

BD. (To Phil.) Hallo, what's this?

PH. Pig-railings from the hearth.

BD. Sacrilege, eh?

No, but I'd trounce some fellow (As the phrase goes) even from the very hearth.^b So call away: I'm keen for passing sentence.

BD. Then now I'll fetch the cause-lists and the pleadings.

PH. O these delays! You weary and wear me out.
I've long been dying to commence my furrows.

BD. Now then!

BD. Now then!

BD.

PH.

BD.

Call on.

Yes, certainly.

And who

Is first in order?

Dash it, what a bother! I quite forgot to bring the voting-urns.

PII. Goodness! where now?

BD. After the urns.

рн. Don't trouble,

I'd thought of that. I've got these ladling-bowls.

BD. That's capital: then now methinks we have
All that we want. No, there's no water-piece.

PH. Water-piece, quotha! pray what call you this?

BD. Well thought on, father: and with shrewd home wit.

introduced because at festivals the first libation was poured and the firstlings of the sacrifice were offered to 'E $\sigma\tau$ ia. Hence the phrase $\dot{\alpha}\phi$ ' 'E $\sigma\tau$ ias $\ddot{\alpha}\rho\chi\epsilon\sigma\theta\alpha\iota$ came to mean "make a happy beginning," and B. wishes to do this by "trouncing someone."

The condemning line on his πυάκιον, cf. 106 and Introd.
^d He points to the ἀμίς which his son had brought, 807, and which is to take the place of the κλεψύδρα or water-clock by which the orators spoke.

8€

87

88

άλλ' ώς τάχιστα πῦρ τις ἐξενεγκάτω

καὶ μυρρίνας καὶ τὸν λιβανωτὸν ἔνδοθεν,

όπως αν εὐξώμεσθα πρώτα τοῖς θεοῖς. καὶ μὴν ἡμεῖς ἐπὶ ταῖς σπονδαῖς XO. καὶ ταῖς εὐχαῖς φήμην ἀγαθὴν λέξομεν ύμιν, ότι γενναίως έκ τοῦ πολέμου καὶ τοῦ νείκους ξυνέβητον. ΒΔ. εὐφημία μὲν πρῶτα νῦν ὑπαρχέτω.
 Χο. ὧ Φοῦβ' "Απολλον Πύθι', ἐπ' ἀγαθῆ τύχη $[\sigma \tau \rho.$ τὸ πρᾶγμ' ὃ μηχανᾶται ἔμπροσθεν οὖτος τῶν θυρῶν, ἄπασιν ήμιν άρμόσαι παυσαμένοις πλάνων. 'Ιήιε Παιάν. ΒΔ. ὦ δέσποτ' ἄναξ, γεῖτον 'Αγυιεῦ τοὐμοῦ προθύρου προπύλαιε, δέξαι τελετήν καινήν, ὧναξ, ήν τῷ πατρὶ καινοτομοῦμεν: παθσόν τ' αὐτοθ τοθτο τὸ λίαν στρυφνὸν καὶ $\pi \rho i \nu i \nu o \nu \dot{\eta} \theta o s$, άντὶ σιραίου μέλιτος μικρὸν τῷ θυμιδίῳ παραμίξας. ήδη δ' είναι τοῖς ἀνθρώποις ήπιον αὐτόν. τοὺς φεύγοντάς τ' έλεεῖν μᾶλλον τῶν γραψαμένων κάπιδακρύειν άντιβολούντων,

b The difficulty is that σίραιον, a boiled down wine (defrutum),

^a The obelisk in honour of Apollo which stood in the street $(\dot{a}\gamma\nu\iota\dot{a})$ at the entrance.

THE WASPS, 860-882

Ho, there within! some person bring me out A pan of coals, and frankincense, and myrtle, That so our business may commence with prayer.

We too, as ye offer the prayer and wine, CH. We too will call on the Powers Divine To prosper the work begun; For the battle is over and done, And out of the fray and the strife to-day Fair peace ye have nobly won. Now hush all idle words and sounds profane. BD.

O Pythian Phoebus, bright Apollo, deign CH. To speed this youth's design Wrought here, these gates before, And give us from our wanderings rest And peace for evermore. (The shout of Io Paean is raised.)

BD. Aguieus a! my neighbour and hero and lord! who dwellest in front of my vestibule gate,

I pray thee be graciously pleased to accept

the rite that we new for my father create.

O bend to a pliant and flexible mood

the stubborn and resolute oak of his will.

And into his heart, so crusty and tart,

a trifle of honey for syrup b instil.

Endue him with sympathies wide, A sweet and humane disposition,

Which leans to the side of the wretch that is tried,

And weeps at a culprit's petition.

is regularly described as "sweet." R. suggests that there is a play on θυμίδιον "temper" and θυμίδιον, the diminutive of θύμος, a herb much eaten by the Athenian poor (Pl. 253). "Mix," prays Bdelycleon, "honey with his temper, θυμίδιον, as he is wont to mix mulled wine with his salad, θὔμίδιον."

καὶ παυσάμενον τῆς δυσκολίας άπὸ τῆς ὀργῆς την ἀκαλήφην ἀφελέσθαι. χο. ξυνευχόμεσθα [ταθτά] σοι κἀπάδομεν $\vec{a}\nu\tau$. 88 νέαισιν άρχαις, είνεκα τῶν προλελεγμένων. εὖνοι γάρ ἐσμεν ἐξ οδ τὸν δημον ἠσθόμεσθά σου φιλουντος ώς οὐδεὶς ἀνὴρ τῶν γε νεωτέρων. εί τις θύρασιν ήλιαστής, είσίτω. ώς ήνίκ' αν λέγωσιν, οὐκ ἐσφρήσομεν. τίς ἆρ' ὁ φεύγων οὖτος; ὄσον άλώσεται. ἀκούετ' ήδη της γραφης. " έγράψατο Κύων Κυδαθηναιεύς Λάβητ' Αίξωνέα, τὸν τυρὸν ἀδικεῖν ὅτι μόνος κατήσθιεν τὸν Σικελικόν. τίμημα κλωὸς σύκινος." φι. θάνατος μέν οὖν κύνειος, ἢν ἄπαξ άλῶ. ΒΔ. καὶ μὴν ὁ φεύγων ούτοσὶ Λάβης πάρα. ΦΙ. ὧ μιαρὸς οὖτος ώς δὲ καὶ κλέπτον βλέπει οίον σεσηρώς έξαπατήσειν μ' οἴεται. ποῦ δ' οὖν ὁ διώκων, ὁ Κυδαθηναιεὺς Κύων; κτων. αὖ αὖ. πάρεστιν. $B\Delta$. ΕΑ. ἔτερος οὖτος αὖ Λάβης, ἀγαθός γ' ὑλακτεῖν καὶ διαλείχειν τὰς χύτρας. ΒΔ. σίγα, κάθιζε, σὺ δ' ἀναβὰς κατηγόρει. ΦΙ. φέρε νυν, ἄμα τήνδ' ἐγχεάμενος κάγὼ ῥοφῶ. ΕΑ. τῆς μὲν γραφῆς ἡκούσαθ' ἣν ἐγραψάμην, ἄνδρες δικασταί, τουτονί. δεινότατα γὰρ 90

^a After the solemn prayers, etc. (863 seq.) the judicial proceedings now commence, B. as the $\kappa \hat{\eta} \rho \nu \xi$ or usher of the Court first making the customary proclamation.

THE WASPS, 883-908

From harshness and anger to turn,
May it now be his constant endeavour,
And out of his temper the stern
Sharp sting of the nettle to sever.

ch. We in thy prayers combine, and quite give in To the new rule, for the aforesaid reasons.

Our heart has stood our friend And loved you, since we knew That you affect the people more Than other young men do.

BD. Is any Justice out there? let him enter.^a
We shan't admit him when they've once begun.

PH. Where is the prisoner fellow? won't he catch it!

BD. O yes! attention! (Reads the indictment)
Cur of Cydathon

Hereby accuses Labes of Aexone, For that, embezzling a Sicilian cheese, Alone he ate it. Fine,^b one fig-tree collar.

PH. Nay, but a dog's death, an' he's once convicted.

BD. Here stands, to meet the charge, the prisoner Labes.

PH. O the vile wretch! O what a thievish look! See how he grins, and thinks to take me in. Where's the Accuser, Cur of Cydathon?

cur. Bow!

BD. Here he stands.

Another Labes this, Good dog to yelp and lick the platters clean.

BD. St! take your seat. (To Cur)

Go up and prosecute.

PH. Meanwhile I'll ladle out and sip my gruel.

xa. Ye have heard the charge, most honourable judges,
I bring against him. Scandalous the trick

The penalty proposed by the prosecutor.
 Xanthias here speaks for Κύων (=Κλέων).

έργων δέδρακε κάμε καὶ τὸ ρυππαπαῖ. άποδράς γάρ ές την γωνίαν τυρον πολύν κατεσικέλιζε κανέπλητ' έν τῷ σκότω. ΦΙ, νη τὸν Δί', ἀλλὰ δηλός ἐστ' ἔμοιγέ τοι τυροῦ κάκιστον ἀρτίως ἐνήρυγεν δ βδελυρός ούτος.

κού μετέδωκ' αίτοῦντί μοι. ΞA. καίτοι τίς ύμᾶς εὖ ποιεῖν δυνήσεται, ην μή τι κάμοί τις προβάλλη τῶ κυνί;

οὐδὲν μετέδωκεν; οὐδὲ τῶ κοινῶ γ' ἐμοί. θερμός γάρ άνηρ οὐδεν ήττον της φακης.

πρός τῶν θεῶν, μὴ προκαταγίγνωσκ', ὧ πάτερ, πρὶν ἄν γ' ἀκούσης ἀμφοτέρων.

ΦΙ.

τὸ πρᾶγμα φανερόν ἐστιν· αὐτὸ γὰρ βοᾳ. μή νυν ἀφῆτέ γ' αὐτόν, ὡς ὄντ' αῦ πολὺ κυνῶν ἁπάντων ἄνδρα μονοφαγίστατον, όστις περιπλεύσας την θυείαν έν κύκλω έκ των πόλεων το σκίρον έξεδήδοκεν.

ΦΙ. έμοι δέ γ' οὐκ ἔστ' οὐδε την ύδρίαν πλάσαι.

ΕΑ. πρὸς ταῦτα τοῦτον κολάσατ' οὐ γὰρ ἄν ποτε τρέφειν δύναιτ' αν μία λόχμη κλέπτα δύο ΐνα μὴ κεκλάγγω διὰ κενης ἄλλως ἐγώ έὰν δὲ μή, τὸ λοιπὸν οὐ κεκλάγξομαι.

ιού ιού. ΦI.

> όσας κατηγόρησε τὰς πανουργίας. κλέπτον τὸ χρημα τανδρός οὐ καὶ σοὶ δοκεῖ, ῶλεκτρυόν; νη τὸν Δί, ἐπιμύει γέ τοι.

^b Cf. K. 1017, where Cleon claims to be the "watch-dog" of

496

910

91

92

a τὸ ἡυππαπαῖ, the measured cry to which sailors rowed (cf. F. 1073); here put for the sailors themselves.

THE WASPS, 909-934

He played us all, me and the Sailor-laddies.^a
Alone, in a corner, in the dark, he gorged,
And munched, and crunched, and Sicilized the cheese!
PH. Pheugh! the thing's evident: the brute this instant
Breathed in my face the filthiest whiff of cheese.

O the foul skunk!

And would not give me any,

Not though I asked. Yet can he be your friend

Who won't throw anything to Me, the dog b?

Who won't throw anything to Me, the dog b?

PH. Not give you any! No, nor Me, the state.

The man's a regular scorcher, (burns his mouth)

like this gruel.

BD. Come don't decide against us, pray don't, father, Before you've heard both sides.

PH. But, my dear boy, The thing's self-evident, speaks for itself.

The thing's sen-evident, speaks for lister.

A. Don't let him off; upon my life he is

The most lone-eatingest dog that ever was.

The brute went coasting round and round the mortar, and snapped up all the rind off all the cities.

PH. And I've no mortar even to mend my pitcher!

A. So then be sure you punish him. For why?

One bush, they say, can never keep two thieves.

Lest I should bark, and bark, and yet get nothing.

And if I do I'll never bark again.

рн. Soh! soh!

Here's a nice string of accusations truly!
A rare thief of a man! You think so too,
Old gamecock? Ay, he winks his eye, he thinks so.

the state. In the next line P. as a representative of the dicastery

claims to be the State itself.

• Apparently here the pan in which the cheese was kept. σ κίρον is some hard stuff from which cement could be made, and also the rind of cheese. "In translating I have been obliged to transfer the play on words from σ κίρον to θ υεία": R.

ό θεσμοθέτης. ποῦ 'σθ' οδτος; ἀμίδα μοι δότω. ΒΔ. αὐτὸς καθελοῦ· τοὺς μάρτυρας γὰρ ἐσκαλῶ. Λάβητι μάρτυρας παρείναι, τρύβλιον, δοίδυκα, τυρόκνηστιν, εσχάραν, χύτραν, καὶ τἄλλα τὰ σκεύη τὰ προσκεκαυμένα. ἀλλὶ ἔτι σύ γ' οὐρεῖς καὶ καθίζεις οὐδέπω; ΦΙ. τοῦτον δέ γ' οἶμ' ἐγὼ χεσεῖσθαι τήμερον.

ΒΔ. οὐκ αὖ σὺ παύσει χαλεπὸς ὢν καὶ δύσκολος, καὶ ταῦτα τοῖς φεύγουσιν, ἀλλ' όδὰξ ἔχει; ἀνάβαιν', ἀπολογοῦ. τί σεσιώπηκας; λέγε.

ΦΙ. άλλ' οὐκ ἔχειν οὖτός γ' ἔοικεν ὅ τι λέγη.

ΒΔ. οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐκεῖνό μοι δοκεῖ πεπονθέναι, όπερ ποτε φεύγων έπαθε καὶ Θουκυδίδης. ἀπόπληκτος έξαίφνης έγένετο τὰς γνάθους. πάρεχ' ἐκποδών. ἐγὼ γὰρ ἀπολογήσομαι. Χαλεπὸν μέν, ὧνδρες, ἐστὶ διαβεβλημένου ὑπεραποκρίνεσθαι κυνός λέξω δ' ὅμως. άγαθὸς γάρ ἐστι καὶ διώκει τοὺς λύκους.

κλέπτης μέν οδν οδτός γε καὶ ξυνωμότης. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἄριστός ἐστι τῶν νυνὶ κυνῶν.

οδός τε πολλοίς προβατίοις εφεστάναι.

ΦΙ. τί οὖν ὄφελος, τὸν τυρὸν εἰ κατεσθίει;

ΒΔ. ὅτι σοῦ προμάχεται καὶ φυλάττει τὴν θύραν καὶ τἄλλ' ἄριστός ἐστιν εἰ δ' ὑφείλετο, ξύγγνωθι. κιθαρίζειν γὰρ οὐκ ἐπίσταται.

ΦΙ. ἐγὼ δ' ἐβουλόμην ἂν οὐδὲ γράμματα, ἴνα μὴ κακουργῶν ἐνέγραφ' ἡμῖν τὸν λόγον.

ΒΔ. ἄκουσον ὧ δαιμόνιέ μου τῶν μαρτύρων.

education" or the like.

a "Laches, a plain blunt man, and no orator as Cleon was, is so taken aback by the charges brought against him, that he has not a word to say ": R. b Cf. A. 703.

Apparently proverbial, for "he has never had much

THE WASPS, 935-962

Arehon! Hi, fellow, hand me down the vessel.

BD. Reach it yourself; I'll call my witnesses.

The witnesses for Labes, please stand forward! Pot, pestle, grater, brazier, water jug,

And all the other searred and charred utensils.

(To Phil.)
Good heavens, sir, finish there, and take your seat!

PH. I guess I'll finish him before I've done.

BD. What! always hard and pitiless, and that
To the prisoners, always keen to bite!

(To Labes)

Up, plead your cause: what, quite dumbfounded a? speak.

PH. Seems he's got nothing in the world to say.

BD. Nay, 'tis a sudden seizure, such as once Attacked Thueydides b when brought to trial. 'Tis tongue-paralysis that stops his jaws.

(To Labes)

Out of the way! I'll plead your eause myself. O sirs, 'tis hard to argue for a dog Assailed by slander: nevertheless, I'll try. 'Tis a good dog, and drives away the wolves.

PH. A thief I call him, and CONSPIRATOR.

BD. Nay, he's the best and worthiest dog alive, Fit to take charge of any number o' sheep. PH. What use in that, if he eat up the cheese?

BD. Use! why, he fights your battles, guards your door; The best dog altogether. If he filehed, Yet O forgive: he never learnt the lyre.

PH. I would to heaven he had never learned his letters, Then he'd not given us all this tiresome speech.^d

BD. Nay, nay, sir, hear my witnesses, I beg.

^d The dog, says the Scholiast, is supposed to have "given his advocate a written speech."

ἀνάβηθι, τυρόκνηστι, καὶ λέξον μέγα· σὺ γὰρ ταμιεύουσ' ἔτυχες. ἀπόκριναι σαφῶς, εί μη κατέκνησας τοῖς στρατιώταις ἄλαβες. φησί κατακνήσαι.

νη Δί', άλλα ψεύδεται. ΦΙ.

ΒΔ. ὦ δαιμόνι', ἐλέει ταλαιπωρουμένους. οδτος γὰρ ὁ Λάβης καὶ τραχήλι' ἐσθίει καὶ τὰς ἀκάνθας, κοὐδέποτ' ἐν ταὐτῷ μένει. ό δ' έτερος οδός έστιν οἰκουρὸς μόνον. αὐτοῦ μένων γὰρ ἄττ' ἂν εἴσω τις φέρη,

τούτων μεταιτεί το μέρος εί δε μή, δάκνει. αἰβοῖ, τί κακόν ποτ' ἔσθ' ὅτω μαλάττομαι; κακόν τι περιβαίνει με κάναπείθομαι.

ἴθ', ἀντιβολῶ σ', οἰκτείρατ' αὐτόν, ὧ πάτερ, καὶ μὴ διαφθείρητε. ποῦ τὰ παιδία; ἀναβαίνετ', ὧ πόνηρα, καὶ κνυζούμενα αίτειτε κάντιβολειτε και δακρύετε.

κατάβα κατάβα κατάβα κατάβα.

καταβήσομαι. $B\Delta$. καίτοι τὸ κατάβα τοῦτο πολλοὺς δὴ πάνυ έξηπάτηκεν. ἀτὰρ ὅμως καταβήσομαι.

ές κόρακας. ώς οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι τὸ ροφεῖν. έγω γαρ απεδάκρυσα νθν, γνώμην έμήν, οὐδέν ποτέ γ' ἀλλ' ἢ τῆς φακῆς ἐμπλήμενος.

οὔκουν ἀποφεύγει δῆτα; ВΔ.

χαλεπον είδέναι. ΦI.

ίθ', ὧ πατρίδιον, ἐπὶ τὰ βελτίω τρέπου. $B\Delta$. τηνδὶ λαβών τὴν ψῆφον ἐπὶ τὸν ὕστερον μύσας παρᾶξον κἀπόλυσον, ὧ πάτερ.

ού δήτα κιθαρίζειν γάρ ούκ έπίσταμαι.

[&]quot; The judges would say, That will do, get down: and the 500

THE WASPS, 963-989

Grater, get in the box, and speak well out. You kept the mess; I ask you, answer plainly, Did you not grate the spoil between the soldiers? He says he did.

PH. Ay, but I vow he's lying.

BD. O sir, have pity upon poor toiling souls.
Our Labes here, he lives on odds and ends,
Bones, gristle: and is always on the go.
That other Cur is a mere stay-at-home,
Sits by the hearth, and when one brings aught in
Asks for a share: if he gets none, he bites.

PH. O me, what ails me that I grow so soft!

Some ill's afoot: I'm nearly giving in.

BD. O, I beseech you, father, show some pity,
Don't crush him quite. Where are his little cubs?
Up, little wretches, up; and whimpering there
Plead for your father: weep, implore, beseech.
PH. (Deeply affected) Get down, get down, get

PH. (Deeply affected) Get down, get down, get down, get down.

BD.

I will.

Yet that "get down," I know, has taken in ^a A many men. However I'll get down.

PH. Dash it! this guzzling ain't the thing at all. Here was I shedding tears, and seems to me Only because I have gorged myself with gruel.

BD. Then will he not get off?

PH. Tis hard to know.

BD. O take, dear father, take the kindlier turn.
Here, hold this vote: then with shut eyes dash by
To the Far Urn.^b O father, do acquit him.

PH. No, no, my boy. I never learnt the lyre.

prisoner would get down, expecting an acquittal and presently find himself condemned": R.

b The one in which votes for acquittal were placed.

• i.e. "I know a judge's duty, and I know no more": R. Cf. 959.

ВΔ.	φέρε νύν σε τηδὶ τὴν ταχίστην περιάγω.
	όδ' ἔσθ' ὁ πρότερος;
ВΔ.	οὖτος.
ΦI.	αὕτη 'ντευθενί.
ВΔ.	έξηπάτηται, κάπολέλυκεν ούχ έκών.
	ϕ έρ' έξεράσω.
ΦΙ.	πῶς ἄρ' ἢγωνίσμεθα;
ВΔ.	δείξειν ἔοικεν ἐκπέφευγας, ὧ Λάβης.
	πάτερ πάτερ, τί πέπονθας;
ΦΙ.	οἴμοι, ποῦ 'σθ' ὕδωρ; 🤉
ВΔ.	ἔπαιρε σαυτόν.
ΦI.	εὶπέ νυν ἐκεῖνό μοι,
	ὄντως ἀπέφυγε;
$B\Delta$.	$ u\dot{\eta} \ \Delta i$.
ΦΙ.	οὐδέν εἰμ' ἄρα.
$B\Delta$.	μὴ φροντίσης, ὧ δαιμόνι', ἀλλ' ἀνίστασο.
ΦΙ.	πως οὖν ἐμαυτῷ τοῦτ' ἐγὼ ξυνείσομαι,
	φεύγοντ' ἀπολύσας ἄνδρα; τί ποτε πείσομαι;
	άλλ', ὧ πολυτίμητοι θεοί, ξύγγνωτέ μοι·
	ἄκων γὰρ αὔτ' ἔδρασα κοὐ τοὐμοῦ τρόπου.
$B\Delta$.	καὶ μηδὲν ἀγανάκτει γ'. ἐγὼ γάρ σ', ὧ πάτερ,
	θρέψω καλώς, ἄγων μετ' έμαυτοῦ πανταχοῦ,
	έπὶ δεῖπνον, εἰς ξυμπόσιον, ἐπὶ θεωρίαν,
	ωσθ' ήδέως διάγειν σε τον λοιπον χρόνον
	κοὐκ ἐγχανεῖταί σ' ἐξαπατῶν Ὑπέρβολος.
	ἀλλ' εἰσίωμεν.
ΦI.	ταθτα νθν, εἴπερ δοκεί.
XO.	ἀλλ' ἴτε χαίροντες ὅποι βούλεσθ'.

^a The Chorus here dismiss the actors and address the audience in the Parabasis. This is here perfect in its seven parts as defined by Pollux (iv. 112)—(1) κομμάτιον a short prelude, 1009-502

THE WASPS, 990-1009

BD. Here, let me lead you round the handiest way.

PH. Is this the Nearer?

RD.

PH.

This is.

PH. In she goes.

BD. (Aside) Duped, as I live! acquits him by mistake! (Aloud) I'll do the counting.

Well, how went the battle?

BD. We shall soon see. O Labes, you're acquitted! Why, how now, father?

PH. (Faintly) Water, give me water!

BD. Hold up, sir, do.

PH. Just tell me only this,
Is he INDEED acquitted?

BD. Yes.

PH. I'm done for.

BD. Don't take it so to heart: stand up, sir, pray. PH. How shall I bear this sin upon my soul?

A man acquitted! What awaits me now?
Yet, O great gods! I pray you pardon me,
Unwilled I did it, not from natural bent.

BD. And don't begrudge it; for I'll tend you well,
And take you, father, everywhere with me,
To feasts, to suppers, to the public games.
Henceforth in pleasure you shall spend your days,
And no Hyperbolus delude and mock you.
But go we in.

PH. Yes, if you wish it, now.

CH. Yea, go rejoicing your own good way, a Wherever your path may be;

1014; (2) the Parabasis proper 1015-50, where the poet speaks in his own character, ending (3) with the Pnigos 1051-9 (so called because it was to be "sung without taking breath"). Then come (4) the $\sigma\tau\rho\rho\phi\dot{\eta}$ 1060-70; (5) the $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\dot{t}\rho\rho\eta\mu\alpha$ 1071-90; (6) $\dot{\alpha}\nu\tau\dot{t}\sigma\tau\rho\phi\phi$ 1091-1101; and (7) $\dot{\alpha}\nu\tau\epsilon\pi\dot{t}\rho\rho\eta\mu\alpha$ 1102-21, in which the Chorus explains its own character.

ύμεις δε τέως, ὦ μυριάδες ἀναρίθμητοι, νῦν μεν τὰ μέλλοντ' εὖ λέγεσθαι μὴ πέση φαύλως χαμαζ' εὐλαβεισθε. τοῦτο γὰρ σκαιῶν θεατῶν ἐστὶ πάσχειν, κοὐ πρὸς ὑμῶν.

νῦν αὖτε λεῷ πρόσχετε τὸν νοῦν, εἴπερ καθαρόν τι φιλεῖτε. 10 μέμψασθαι γὰρ τοῖσι θεαταῖς ὁ ποιητὴς νῦν ἐπιθυμεῖ. ἀδικεῖσθαι γάρ φησιν πρότερος πόλλ' αὐτοὺς εὖ πεποιη-κώς,

τὰ μὲν οὐ φανερῶς, ἀλλ' ἐπικουρῶν κρύβδην ἐτέροισι ποιηταῖς,

μιμησάμενος τὴν Εὐρυκλέους μαντείαν καὶ διάνοιαν, εἰς ἀλλοτρίας γαστέρας ἐνδὺς κωμωδικὰ πολλὰ χέασθαι 10 μετὰ τοῦτο δὲ καὶ φανερῶς ἤδη κινδυνεύων καθ' ἑαυτόν, οὐκ ἀλλοτρίων, ἀλλ' οἰκείων Μουσῶν στόμαθ' ἡνιοχήσας. ἀρθεὶς δὲ μέγας καὶ τιμηθεὶς ὡς οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἐν ὑμῖν, οὐκ ἐκτελέσαι φησὶν ἐπαρθεὶς οὐδ' ὀγκῶσαι τὸ φρόνημα, οὐδὲ παλαίστρας περικωμάζειν πειρῶν οὐδ' εἴ τις ἐραστής.

κωμωδείσθαι παιδίχ' έαυτοῦ μισῶν ἔσπευδε πρὸς αὐτόν, οὐδενὶ πώποτέ φησι πιθέσθαι, γνώμην τιν' ἔχων ἐπιεικῆ,

 $[^]a\,$ His early comedies, including the Acharnians , were exhibited in the name of Callistratus.

THE WASPS, 1010-1027

But you, ye numberless myriads, stay
And listen the while to me.
Beware lest the truths I am going to say
Unheeded to earth should fall;
For that were the part of a fool to play,
And not your part at all.

Now all ye people attend and hear,

if ye love a simple and genuine strain,

For now our poet, with right good will,

of you, spectators, must needs complain.

Ye have wronged him much, he protests, a bard

who had served you often and well before;

Partly, indeed, himself unseen,

assisting others to please you more; a

With the art of a Eurycles, weird and wild,

he loved to dive in a stranger's breast, b

And pour from thence through a stranger's lips

full many a sparkling comical jest;

And partly at length in his own true form,

as he challenged his fate by himself alone,

And the Muses whose bridled mouths he drave,

were never another's, were all his own.

And thus he came to a height of fame

which none had ever achieved before,

Yet waxed not high in his own conceit,

nor ever an arrogant mind he bore.

He never was found in the exercise-ground,

corrupting the boys: he never complied

With the suit of some dissolute knave, who loathed

that the vigilant lash of the bard should chide

His vile effeminate boylove. No!

he kept to his purpose pure and high,

[•] E. was an έγγαστρίμυθος or "ventriloquist."

ἴνα τὰς Μούσας αἶσιν χρῆται μὴ προαγωγοὺς ἀποφήνη. οὐδ' ὅτε πρῶτόν γ' ἦρξε διδάσκειν, ἀνθρώποις φήσ' ἐπιθέσθαι,

άλλ' 'Ηρακλέους όργήν τιν' έχων τοίσι μεγίστοις έπιχειρείν,

θρασέως ξυστὰς εὐθὺς ἀπ' ἀρχῆς αὐτῷ τῷ καρχαρόδοντι,

οὖ δεινόταται μὲν ἀπ' ὀφθαλμῶν Κύννης ἀκτῖνες ἔλαμπον, ἐκατὸν δὲ κύκλω κεφαλαὶ κολάκων οἰμωξομένων ἐλιχμῶντο

περὶ την κεφαλήν, φωνήν δ' εἶχεν χαράδρας ὅλεθρον

τετοκυίας,

φώκης δ' ὀσμήν, Λαμίας δ' ὄρχεις ἀπλύτους, πρωκτὸν δὲ καμήλου.

τοιοῦτον ἰδων τέρας οὔ φησιν δείσας καταδωροδοκῆσαι, ἀλλ' ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν ἔτι καὶ νυνὶ πολεμεῖ · φησίν τε μετ' αὐτοῦ τοῖς ἢπιάλοις ἐπιχειρῆσαι πέρυσιν καὶ τοῖς πυρετοῖσιν, οῦ τοὺς πατέρας τ' ἦγχον νύκτωρ καὶ τοὺς πάππους ἀπέπνιγον,

κατακλινόμενοί τ' έπὶ ταῖς κοίταις έπὶ τοῖσιν ἀπράγμοσιν ὑμῶν

ἀντωμοσίας καὶ προσκλήσεις καὶ μαρτυρίας συνεκόλλων, ὤστ' ἀναπηδᾶν δειμαίνοντας πολλοὺς ὡς τὸν πολέμαρχον. τοιόνδ' εὑρόντες ἀλεξίκακον, τῆς χώρας τῆσδε καθα**ρτ**ήν,

^b The epithet also applied to Cleon, K. 1017.

A shameless prostitute.

d Lit. "heads"; the reference is to Typhoeus with his

hundred snake-heads (κεφαλαί δφιος, Hes. Theog. 825).

^a Lit. "began to teach" i.e. the Chorus supplied by the State, thus producing the play in his own name as κωμφδοδιδάσκαλος, which he first did in the Knights.

^{*} He refers to the attack on the Sophists made the year before in the *Clouds*. "As agnes and fevers," says the Scholiast, "harm men's bodies, so do these men the city."

THE WASPS, 1028-1043

That never the Muse, whom he loved to use,

the villainous trade of a bawd should ply.

When first he began to exhibit plays,^a

no paltry MEN for his mark he chose,

He came in the mood of a Heracles forth

to grapple at once with the mightiest foes.

In the very front of his bold career

with the jag-toothed b Monster he closed in fight,

Though out of its fierce eyes flashed and flamed

the glare of Cynna's o detestable light,

And a hundred horrible sycophants' tongues ^d

were twining and flickering over its head,

And a voice it had like the roar of a stream

which has just brought forth destruction and dread,

And a Lamia's groin, and a camel's loin,

and foul as the smell of a seal it smelt.

But He, when the monstrous form he saw,

no bribe he took and no fear he felt,

For you he fought, and for you he fights:

and then last year with adventurous hand

He grappled besides with the Spectral Shapes,

the Agues and Fevers that plagued our land;

That loved in the darksome hours of night

to throttle fathers, and grandsires choke,

That laid them down on their restless beds,

and against your quiet and peaceable folk

Kept welding together proofs and writs

and oath against oath, till many a man

Sprang up, distracted with wild affright,

and off in haste to the Polemarch ran.f

Yet although such a champion ^g as this ye had found,

to purge your land from sorrow and shame,

 $\emph{i.e.}$ for help; $\emph{cf.}$ ὅσα τοῖς πολίταις ὁ ἄρχων, ταῦτα τοῖς μετοίκοις $\emph{i.e.}$ πολέμαρχος, Arist. Pol. Ath. 58.

⁹ ἀλεξίκακος is a special epithet of Heracles; cf. C. 1372.

πέρυσιν καταπρούδοτε καινοτάταις σπείραντ' αὐτὸν διανοίαις.

ας ύπὸ τοῦ μὴ γνωναι καθαρως ὑμεῖς ἐποιήσατ' ἀναλδεῖς · 10 καίτοι σπένδων πόλλ' ἐπὶ πολλοῖς ὅμνυσιν τὸν Διόνυσον μὴ πώποτ' ἀμείνον' ἔπη τούτων κωμωδικὰ μηδέν' ἀκοῦσαι.

τοῦτο μὲν οὖν ἔσθ' ὑμῖν αἰσχρὸν τοῖς μὴ γνοῦσιν παρα-

ό δὲ ποιητής οὐδὲν χείρων παρὰ τοῖσι σοφοῖς νενόμισται, εἰ παρελαύνων τοὺς ἀντιπάλους τὴν ἐπίνοιαν ξυνέτριψεν. ΙΟ

ἀλλὰ τὸ λοιπὸν τῶν ποιητῶν, ὧ δαιμόνιοι, τοὺς ζητοῦντας καινόν τι λέγειν κἀξευρίσκειν στέργετε μᾶλλον καὶ θεραπεύετε, καὶ τὰ νοήματα σώζεσθ' αὐτῶν ἐσβάλλετέ τ' εἰς τὰς κιβωτοὺς μετὰ τῶν μήλων. κἂν ταῦτα ποιῆθ', ὑμῦν δι' ἔτους τῶν ἱματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητος.

ῶ πάλαι ποτ' ὄντες ἡμεῖς ἄλκιμοι μὲν ἐν χοροῖς,
ἄλκιμοι δ' ἐν μάχαις,
καὶ κατ' αὐτὸ δὴ μόνον τοῦτ' ἄνδρες ἀλκιμώτατοι,
πρίν ποτ' ἦν, πρὶν ταῦτα· νῦν δ'
οἴχεται, κύκνου τέ γε πολιώτεραι δὴ
αἴδ' ἐπανθοῦσιν τρίχες.

10

10

a i.e. when the Clouds was rejected.

 $[^]b$ μήλων: "this is, I suppose, citrons, μήλα Περσικά or Μηδικά . . . commonly placed in wardrobes to preserve clothes from moths and the like": R.

THE WASPS, 1044-1065

Ye played him false when to reap, last year,

the fruit of his novel designs he came,^a

Which, failing to see in their own true light,

ye caused to fade and wither away.

And yet with many a deep libation,

invoking Bacchus, he swears this day

That never a man, since the world began,

has witnessed a cleverer comedy.

Yours is the shame that ye lacked the wit

its infinite merit at first to see.

But none the less with the wise and skilled

the bard his accustomed praise will get,

Though when he had distanced all his foes,

his noble Play was at last upset.

But O for the future, my Masters, pray
Show more regard for a genuine Bard
Who is ever inventing amusements new
And fresh discoveries, all for you.
Make much of his play, and store it away,
And into your wardrobe throw it
With the citrons b sweet: and if this you do,
Your clothes will be fragrant, the whole year through,
With the volatile wit of the Poet.

O of old renowned and strong,

in the choral dance and song,

In the deadly battle throng, And in this, our one distinction,

manliest we, mankind among!

Ah, but that was long ago:
Those are days for ever past:
Now my hairs are whitening fast,
Whiter than the swan they grow.

ἀλλὰ κάκ τῶν λειψάνων δεῖ τῶνδε ρώμην νεανικὴν σχεῖν τῶς ἐγὰ τοὐμὸν νομίζω γῆρας εἶναι κρεῖττον ἢ πολλοῦν κικίννους νεανιῶν καὶ σχῆμα κεὐρυπρωκτίαν.

εἴ τις ὑμῶν, ὧ θεαταί, τὴν ἐμὴν ιδὼν φύσιν εἶτα θαυμάζει μ' ὁρῶν μέσον διεσφηκωμένον, ἤτις ἡμῶν ἐστὶν ἡ ἀπίνοια τῆς ἐγκεντρίδος, ράδίως ἐγὼ διδάξω, "κὰν ἄμουσος ἢ τὸ πρίν." ἐσμὲν ἡμεῖς, οἷς πρόσεστι τοῦτο τοὐρροπύγιον, ἀττικοὶ μόνοι δικαίως ἐγγενεῖς αὐτόχθονες, ἀνδρικώτατον γένος καὶ πλεῖστα τήνδε τὴν πόλιν ώφελῆσαν ἐν μάχαισιν, ἡνίκ' ἦλθ' ὁ βάρβαρος, τῷ καπνῷ τύφων ἄπασαν τὴν πόλιν καὶ πυρπολῶν, ἐξελεῖν ἡμῶν μενοινῶν πρὸς βίαν τὰνθρήνια. εὐθέως γὰρ ἐκδραμόντες σὺν δόρει σὺν ἀσπίδι ἐμαχόμεσθ' αὐτοῖσι, θυμὸν ὀξίνην πεπωκότες, στὰς ἀνὴρ παρ' ἄνδρ', ὑπ' ὀργῆς τὴν χελύνην ἐσθίων ὑπὸ δὲ τῶν τοξευμάτων οὐκ ἦν ἰδεῖν τὸν οὐρανόν.

^b The Greek phrase is borrowed from the *Stheneboea* of Euripides, where it is Love that makes a man a poet "though he

was not one before"; cf. Plato, Symp. 196 E.

^a The Chorus in what follows speak of themselves as veterans of the Persian war. But "in making them actually present at the battle of Marathon, 68 years before, . . . Aristophanes is treating them as types rather than individuals": R.

Referring to the Spartan reply at Thermopylae when word was brought that the Persian arrows would "hide the sun"—"That is good news: we shall fight in the shade"; cf. Herod. vii. 226.

THE WASPS, 1066-1084

Yet in these our embers low

still some youthful fires must glow.

Better far our old-world fashion, Better far our ancient truth, Than the curls and dissipation Of your modern youth.^a

Do you wonder, O spectators,

thus to see me spliced and braced,

Like a wasp in form and figure,

tapering inwards at the waist?

Why I am so, what's the meaning

of this sharp and pointed sting,

Easily I now will teach you,

though you "knew not anything." b

We on whom this stern-appendage,

this portentous tail is found,

Are the genuine old Autochthons,

native children of the ground;

We the only true-born Attics,

of the staunch heroic breed,

Many a time have fought for Athens,

guarding her in hours of need;

When with smoke and fire and rapine

forth the fierce Barbarian came,

Eager to destroy our wasps-nests,

smothering all the town in flame,

Out at once we rushed to meet him:

on with shield and spear we went,

Fought the memorable battle,

primed with fiery hardiment;

Man to man we stood, and, grimly,

gnawed for rage our under lips.

Hah! their arrows hail so densely,

all the sun is in eclipse ! c

άλλ' ὅμως ἀπεωσάμεσθα ξὺν θεοῖς πρὸς ἐσπέραν. 10 γλαῦξ γὰρ ἡμῶν πρὶν μάχεσθαι τὸν στρατὸν διέπτατο. εἶτα δ' εἰπόμεσθα θυννάζοντες εἰς τοὺς θυλάκους, οἱ δ' ἔφευγον τὰς γνάθους καὶ τὰς ὀφρῦς κεντούμενοι ωστε παρὰ τοῖς βαρβάροισι πανταχοῦ καὶ νῦν ἔτι μηδὲν ᾿Αττικοῦ καλεῖσθαι σφηκὸς ἀνδρικώτερον. 10

άρα δεινὸς ἢ τόθ' ὤστε πάντα μὴ δεδοικέναι,
καὶ κατεστρεψάμην
τοὺς ἐναντίους, πλέων ἐκεῖσε ταῖς τριήρεσιν.
οὐ γὰρ ἢν ἡμῖν ὅπως
ρῆσιν εὖ λέξειν ἐμέλλομεν τότ', οὐδὲ
συκοφαντήσειν τινὰ
φροντίς, ἀλλ' ὅστις ἐρέτης ἔσοιτ' ἄριστος. τοιγαροῦν πολλὰς πόλεις Μήδων ἐλόντες,
αἰτιώτατοι φέρεσθαι
τὸν φόρον δεῦρ' ἐσμέν, ὃν κλέπτουσιν οἱ νεώτεροι.

10

11

πολλαχοῦ σκοποῦντες ήμᾶς εἰς ἄπανθ' εὐρήσετε τοὺς τρόπους καὶ τὴν δίαιταν σφηξὶν ἐμφερεστάτους. πρῶτα μὲν γὰρ οὐδὲν ἡμῶν ζῶον ἠρεθισμένον

^a The bird of Athene and the best of auguries for Athenians.

^b The Epirrhema showed that the stinging wasp was no unfit emblem of the Chorus in their youth. "The Antepirrhema is designed to show that old and feeble as they have now become, there is yet much in their dicastic life and habits to remind the observer of that irritable and gregarious insect": R.

THE WASPS, 1085-1104

Yet we drove their ranks before us,

ere the fall of eventide:

As we closed, an owl a flew o'er us, and the G

and the Gods were on our side!

Stung in jaw, and cheek, and eyebrow,

fearfully they took to flight,

We behind them, we harpooning

at their slops with all our might:

So that in barbarian countries,

even now the people call

Attic wasps the best, and bravest,

yea, the manliest tribe of all!

MINE was then a life of glory,

never craven fear came o'er me

. Every foeman quailed before me

As across the merry waters,

fast the eager galleys bore me.

'Twas not then our manhood's test,

Who can make a fine oration?

Who is shrewd in litigation?

It was, who can now the best?

Therefore did we batter down

many a hostile Median town.

And 'twas we who for the nation

Gathered in the tribute pay,

Which the younger generation

Merely steal away.

You will find us very wasplike,b

if you scan us through and through,

In our general mode of living,

and in all our habits too.

First, if any rash assailant dare provoke us, can there be

μαλλον δξύθυμόν έστιν οὐδὲ δυσκολώτερον. εἶτα τἄλλ' ὅμοια πάντα σφηξὶ μηχανώμεθα. ξυλλεγέντες γὰρ καθ' έσμούς, ώσπερεὶ τάνθρήνια, οί μὲν ἡμῶν οὖπερ ἄρχων, οί δὲ παρὰ τοὺς ἔνδεκα, οί δ' ἐν ὦδείῳ δικάζουσ', οί δὲ πρὸς τοῖς τειχίοις, ξυμβεβυσμένοι πυκνὸν νεύοντες εἰς τὴν γῆν, μόλις ωσπερ οί σκώληκες εν τοῖς κυττάροις κινούμενοι. ές τε την άλλην δίαιτάν έσμεν εύπορώτατοι. πάντα γὰρ κεντοῦμεν ἄνδρα κάκπορίζομεν βίον. άλλά γὰρ κηφηνες ήμιν εἰσὶν εγκαθήμενοι. οὐκ ἔχοντες κέντρον οι μένοντες ἡμῶν τοῦ φόρου τὸν γόνον κατεσθίουσιν, οὐ ταλαιπωρούμενοι. τοῦτο δ' ἔστ' ἄλγιστον ἡμῖν, ἤν τις ἀστράτευτος ὢν έκφορη τὸν μισθὸν ήμῶν, τησδε της χώρας ὕπερ μήτε κώπην μήτε λόγχην μήτε φλύκταιναν λαβών. άλλ' ἐμοὶ δοκεῖ τὸ λοιπὸν τῶν πολιτῶν ἐμβραχὺ όστις αν μη 'χη τὸ κέντρον, μη φέρειν τριώβολον.

ΦΙ. οὔ τοι ποτὲ ζῶν τοῦτον ἀποδυθήσομαι,

^b Most explain as a reference to demagogues, but R. to men "who have never toiled or fought in the service of Athens" and ought therefore to be excluded from "dieastic pay and privileges."

a The heads of the police. They seem to have had a special court-house called $\text{IIap\'a}\beta\nu\sigma\tau\sigma\nu$. The various courts to which the dicasts might be summoned are mentioned to show how ubiquitous they were.

⁶ From here the play ceases to have a definite purpose. B. and P. re-enter, and the son tries to convert his father to the habits of "society" (to dress smartly, 1122-73, to talk fashionably, 1174-1207, and so on), with the result that Philocleon gets drunk and riotous, and the play ends as a mere farce so as to win the applause of the vulgar.

THE WASPS, 1105-1122

Any creature more vindictive,

more irascible than we?

Then we manage all our business

in a waspish sort of way,

Swarming in the Courts of Justice,

gathering in from day to day,

Many where the Eleven a invite us,

many where the Archon calls,

Many to the great Odeum, many to the city walls.

There we lay our heads together,

densely packed, and stooping low,

Like the grubs within their cells, with

movement tremulous and slow.

And for ways and means in general

we're superlatively good,

Stinging every man about us,

culling thence a livelihood

Yet we've stingless drones b amongst us,

idle knaves who sit them still,

Shrink from work, and toil, and labour,

stop at home, and eat their fill,

Eat the golden tribute-honey

our industrious care has wrought.

This is what extremely grieves us,

that a man who never fought

Should contrive our fees to pilfer,

one who for his native land

Never to this day had oar, or

lance, or blister in his hand.

Therefore let us for the future

pass a little short decree.

Whoso wears no sting shall never carry off the obols three.

PH. No! No! I'll never put this off alive.

	έπεὶ μόνος μ' ἔσωσε παρατεταγμένον,	
	őθ' ὁ βορέας ὁ μέγας ἐπεστρατεύσατο.	
ВΔ.	άγαθον ἔοικας οὐδὲν ἐπιθυμεῖν παθεῖν.	11
	μὰ τὸν Δί', οὐ γὰρ οὐδαμῶς μοι ξύμφορον.	
	καὶ γὰρ πρότερον ἐπανθρακίδων ἐμπλήμενος	
	ἀπέδωκ' ὀφείλων τῷ γναφεῖ τριώβολον.	
ВΔ.	άλλ' οὖν πεπειράσθω γ', ἐπειδήπερ γ' ἄπαξ	
<i>D</i>	έμοι σεαυτον παραδέδωκας εὖ ποιείν.	11
ΦΙ.	τί οὖν κελεύεις δρᾶν με;	
ΒΔ .	τον πεικευείς σραν μες,	
	τηνδὶ δὲ χλαῖναν ἀναβαλοῦ τριβωνικῶς.΄	
ΦI.	ἔπειτα παίδας χρὴ φυτεύειν καὶ τρέφειν,	
	őθ' ούτοσί με νῦν ἀποπνῖξαι βούλεται;	
ВΔ.	ἔχ', ἀναβαλοῦ τηνδὶ λαβών, καὶ μὴ λάλει.	11
ΦI.	τουτὶ τὸ κακὸν τί ἐστι πρὸς πάντων θεῶν;	
	οί μὲν καλοῦσι Περσίδ', οἱ δὲ καυνάκην.	
	έγω δε σισύραν ῷόμην Θυμαιτίδα.	
ВΔ.	κου θαθμά γ'· ές Σάρδεις γάρ ουκ ελήλυθας.	
	έγνως γὰρ ἄν· νῦν δ' οὐχὶ γιγνώσκεις.	
ΦI.	$\dot{\epsilon}\gamma\dot{\omega};$	11
	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐ τοίνυν ἀτὰρ δοκεῖ γέ μοι	
	έοικέναι μάλιστα Μορύχου σάγματι.	
ВΔ.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐν Ἐκβατάνοισι ταῦθ' ὑφαίνεται.	
ΦI.	έν Ἐκβατάνοισι γίγνεται κρόκης χόλιξ;	
ВΔ.	πόθεν, ὧγάθ'; ἀλλὰ τοῦτο τοῖσι βαρβάροις	11
	ύφαίνεται πολλαις δαπάναις. αυτη γέ τοι	
	<i>ἐρίων τάλαντον καταπέπωκε ραδίως</i> .	
ΦΙ.	οὔκουν ἐριώλην δῆτ' ἐχρῆν αὐτὴν καλεῖν	
	δικαιότερόν γ' η καυνάκην;	

a i.e. his mean unfashionable cloak (τριβών).
 b A soft warm Persian robe of thick wool, with rough shaggy locks on one side, which in 1140 P. rudely compares to intestines. 516

THE WASPS, 1123-1149

With this a I was arrayed, and found my safety, In the invasion of the great north wind.

BD. You seem unwilling to accept a good.

PH. 'Tis not expedient: no by Zeus it is not.

'Twas but the other day I gorged on sprats

And had to pay three obols to the fuller.

BD. Try it at all events: since once for all

Into my hands you have placed yourself for good.

н. What would you have me do?

BD. Put off that cloak.

And wear this mantle in a cloak-like way.

PH. Should we beget and bring up children then,
When here my son is bent on smothering me?

BD. Come, take and put it on, and don't keep chattering.

PH. Good heavens! and what's this misery of a thing?

BD. Some call it Persian, others Caunacès.b

PH. There! and I thought it a Thymaetian c rug.

BD. No wonder: for you've never been to Sardis, Else you'd have known it: now you don't.

PH. Who? I?
No more I do by Zeus: it seemed to me

Most like an overwrap of Morychus.⁴ BD. Nay, in Ecbatana they weave this stuff.

PH. What! have they wool-guts in Ecbatana?

BD. Tut, man: they weave it in their foreign looms
At wondrous cost: this very article
Absorbed with ease a talent's weight of wool.

PH. Why, then, wool-gatherer & were its proper name Instead of Caunacès.

• Thymaetadae was an Attic deme on the coast; but nothing is known of these rugs.

A voluptuary, cf. 506.
 ἐριώλη is " a hurricane"; but P. invents a derivation from

ξριον and ὅλλυμι=" wool-destroyer."

	1111101 01 111111110	
вь.	ἔχ', ὧγαθέ,	
	καὶ στῆθ' ἀναμπισχόμενος.	116
ΦΙ.	οἴμοι δείλαιος·	118
	ώς θερμον ή μιαρά τί μου κατήρυγεν.	
ВΔ.	οὐκ ἀναβαλεῖ;	
ΦI.	μὰ Δί' οὐκ ἔγωγ'. ἀλλ', ὧγαθέ,	
	εἴπερ γ' ἀνάγκη, κρίβανόν μ' ἀμπίσχετε.	
	$\phi \epsilon \rho$ ', $d \lambda \lambda$ ' $\epsilon \gamma \omega$ $\sigma \epsilon \pi \epsilon \rho i \beta a \lambda \hat{\omega} \cdot \sigma \hat{\upsilon} \delta$ ' $\delta \dot{\upsilon}$ υ $\ddot{\iota} \theta i$.	
ΦI.	παράθου γε μέντοι καὶ κρεάγραν.	
$B\Delta$.	$ au\iota\dot{\eta}$ $ au\dot{\iota}$ $\delta\dot{\eta};$	118
ΦΙ.	ΐν' έξέλης με πρίν διερρυηκέναι.	
ВΔ.	ἄγε νυν, ὑπολύου τὰς καταράτους ἐμβάδας,	
	τασδὶ δ' ἀνύσας ὑπόδυθι τὰς Λακωνικάς.	
ΦΙ.	έγω γαρ αν τλαίην ύποδύσασθαί ποτε	
	έχθρῶν παρ' ἀνδρῶν δυσμενῆ καττύματα;	11
ВΔ.	ένθες πόδ', ὧ τᾶν, κἀπόβαιν' ἐρρωμένως	
	είς την Λακωνικην άνύσας.	
ΦΙ.	άδικεῖς γέ με	
	είς γην πολεμίαν ἀποβιβάζων τὸν πόδα.	
ВΔ.	φέρε καὶ τὸν ἔτερον.	
ΦΙ.	μηδαμῶς τοῦτόν γ', ἐπεὶ	
	πάνυ μισολάκων αὐτοῦ 'στιν εἶς τῶν δακτύλων.	11
ВΔ.	3 Y 3 A 3 K 3	
ΦΙ.	κακοδαίμων ἐγώ,	
	οστις ἐπὶ γήρα χίμετλον οὐδὲν λήψομαι.	
ВΔ.	ἄνυσόν ποθ' ὑποδυσάμενος· εἶτα πλουσίως	
~	and the conduction con a microsta	

ώδὶ προβὰς τρυφερόν τι διασαλακώνισον.

^a With which they struck into a cauldron or pot to bring up the meat; cf. 1 Sam. ii. 14.

THE WASPS, 1149-1169

BD. Come, take it, take it, Stand still and put it on.

рн. O dear, O dear.

O what a sultry puff the brute breathed o'er me!

D. Quick, wrap it round you.

PH. No, I won't, that's flat.
You had better wrap me in a stove at once.

BD. Come then, I'll throw it round you.

(To the cloak) You, begone.

рн. Do keep a flesh-hook a near.

BD. A flesh-hook! why?

PH. To pull me out before I melt away.

Now off at once with those confounded shoes, And on with these Laconians, instantly.

PH. What I, my boy! I bring myself to wear The hated foe's insufferable—cloutings!

BD. Come, sir, insert your foot, and step out firmly In this Laconian.

PH. 'Tis too bad, it is,

To make a man set foot on hostile—leather.

BD. Now for the other.

PH.

O no, pray not that, I've a toe there, a regular Lacon-hater.

BD. There is no way but this.

PH. O luckless I,

Why I shan't have, to bless my age, one—chilblain.

BD. Quick, father, get them on: and then move forward Thus; in an opulent swaggering sort of way.^d

^b Red shoes, fashionable, and of excellent quality.

• In 1102 ἐμβάδα is understood with Λακωνικήν, but P. supplies γῆν instead. "He speaks of the soleam Laconicam as if it were solum Laconicum": R.

4 The Greek has a pun on Λάκων. "Wear your Λακωνικάς so as (not λακωνίζειν but) σαλακωνίζειν, to show yourself off with a

fashionable strut ": Ŕ.

1. ἰδού. θεῶ τὸ σχῆμα, καὶ σκέψαι μ' ὅτῳ
 μάλιστ' ἔοικα τὴν βάδισιν τῶν πλουσίων.

ΒΔ. ὅτω; δοθιῆνι σκόροδον ἡμφιεσμένω.

41. καὶ μὴν προθυμοῦμαί γε σαυλοπρωκτιᾶν.

 ΒΔ. ἄγε νυν, ἐπιστήσει λόγους σεμνοὺς λέγειν ἀνδρῶν παρόντων πολυμαθῶν καὶ δεξιῶν;

ΦI. ἔγωγε.

ΒΔ. τίνα δη̂τ' ἂν λέγοις;

πολλοὺς πάνυ.
 πρῶτον μὲν ὡς ἡ Λάμι' ἀλοῦσ' ἐπέρδετο,
 ἔπειτα δ' ὡς ὁ Καρδοπίων τὴν μητέρα.

ΒΔ. μή μοί γε μύθους, ἀλλὰ τῶν ἀνθρωπίνων, οἴους λέγομεν μάλιστα τοὺς κατ' οἰκίαν.

ΦΙ. ἐγῷδα τοίνυν τῶν γε πάνυ κατ' οἰκίαν
 ἐκεῖνον, ὡς ''οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μῦς καὶ γαλῆ.''

ΒΔ. ὧ σκαιὲ κἀπαίδευτε, Θεογένης ἔφη τῷ κοπρολόγῳ, καὶ ταῦτα λοιδορούμενος, μῦς καὶ γαλᾶς μέλλεις λέγειν ἐν ἀνδράσιν;

φι. ποίους τινάς δè χρη λέγειν;

ΒΔ. μεγαλοπρεπείς,
ώς ξυνεθεώρεις 'Ανδροκλεί καὶ Κλεισθένει.

εγω δὲ τεθεώρηκα πώποτ' οὐδαμοῦ
 πλὴν ἐς Πάρον, καὶ ταῦτα δύ' ὀβολω φέρων.

ΒΔ. ἀλλ' οὖν λέγειν χρή σ' ὡς ἐμάχετό γ' αὐτίκα
 Ἐφουδίων παγκράτιον ᾿Ασκώνδα καλῶς,
 ἤδη γέρων ὢν καὶ πολιός, ἔχων δέ τοι

^a "The old man puffing himself out under his Persian robe is compared to a boil with a garlic plaster on it": R. 520

THE WASPS, 1170-1192

PH. Look then! observe my attitudes: think which Of all your opulent friends I walk most like.

BD. Most like a pimple bandaged round with garlie.4

PH. Ay, ay, I warrant I've a mind for wriggling.

BD. Come, if you get with clever well-read men Could you tell tales, good gentlemanly tales?

PH. Ay, that I could.

BD. What sort of tales?

PH. Why, lots,
As, first, how Lamia spluttered when they caught her,
And, next, Cardopion, how he swinged his mother.

BD. Pooh, pooh, no legends: give us something human.

Some what we call domestic incident.

PH. O, ay, I know a rare domestic tale, How once upon a time a cat and mouse—

BD. O fool and clown, Theogenes replied
Rating the scavenger, what! would you tell
Tales of a cat and mouse, in company! b

PH. What, then?

BD. Some stylish thing, as how you went With Androcles and Cleisthenes, surveying.

PH. Why, bless the boy, I never went surveying, Save once to Paros, at two obols a day.^d

BD. Still you must tell how splendidly, for instance, Ephudion fought the pancratiastic fight With young Ascondas: how the game old man

B. apparently quotes to his father the rebuke addressed by
 T. to some dirty fellow who forgot where he was in telling a tale.
 θεωροί were men sent on special missions (e.g. to the

Olympic games, cf. 1382) as representatives of the State. They went in great splendour and were usually men of distinction, so that A. and C., two noted rogues, are mentioned παρὰ προσδοκίαν.

4 The regular pay of a common soldier. He had gone on a

The regular pay of a common soldier. He had gone on a $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho l \alpha$ only as one of the soldiers who formed an escort for the

θεωροί.

πλευρὰν βαθυτάτην καὶ χέρας λαγόνας τε καὶ θώρακ' ἄριστον.

φι. παθε παθ', οὐδὲν λέγεις. πως ἂν μαχέσαιτο παγκράτιον θώρακ' ἔχων;

ΒΔ. οὕτω διηγεῖσθαι νομίζουσ' οἱ σοφοί.
 ἀλλ' ἔτερον εἰπέ μοι παρ' ἀνδράσι ξένοις
 πίνων, σεαυτοῦ ποῖον ἂν λέξαι δοκεῖς
 ἐπὶ νεότητος ἔργον ἀνδρικώτατον;

ΦΙ. ἐκεῖν' ἐκεῖν' ἀνδρειότατόν γε τῶν ἐμῶν,
 ὅτ' Ἐργασίωνος τὰς χάρακας ὑφειλόμην.

ΒΔ. ἀπολεῖς με. ποίας χάρακας; ἀλλ' ὡς ἢ κάπρον ἐδιώκαθές ποτ', ἢ λαγών, ἢ λαμπάδα ἔδραμες, ἀνευρὼν ὅ τι νεανικώτατον.

• ἐγῷδα τοίνυν τό γε νεανικώτατον
 ὅτε τὸν δρομέα Φάϋλλον, ὢν βούπαις ἔτι,
 • ἐλον, διώκων λοιδορίας, ψήφοιν δυοῦν.

ΒΔ. παῦ' ἀλλὰ δευρὶ κατακλινεὶς προσμάνθανε ξυμποτικός εἶναι καὶ ξυνουσιαστικός.

ΦΙ. πῶς οὖν κατακλινῶ; φράζ' ἀνύσας.

 $B\Delta$. $\epsilon \dot{v}$ σχημόνως. 1210

ΦΙ. ώδὶ κελεύεις κατακλιθῆναι, ΒΔ.

μηδαμώς.

119

120

120

1214

ΦΙ. πῶς δαί;

ΒΔ. τὰ γόνατ' ἔκτεινε, καὶ γυμναστικῶς ὑγρὸν χύτλασον σεαυτὸν ἐν τοῖς στρώμασιν. ἔπειτ' ἐπαίνεσόν τι τῶν χαλκωμάτων ὀροφὴν θέασαι, κρεκάδι' αὐλῆς θαύμασον ὕδωρ κατὰ χειρός τὰς τραπέζας εἰσφέρειν

a i.e. he is to talk like a "sportsman." In 1194 B. uses θ ωρ αξ = "breast," but P. understands it as "breastplate," whereas in the παγκράτιον (a form of wrestling and boxing) the combatants were unarmed.

THE WASPS, 1193-1216

Though grey, had ample sides, strong hands, firm flanks,

An iron ehest.a

PH. What humbug! could a man Fight the pancratium with an iron chest!

BD. This is the way our elever fellows talk.
But try another tack: suppose you sat
Drinking with strangers, what's the pluckiest feat,
Of all your young adventures, you could tell them?

PH. My pluckiest feat? O much my pluckiest, much, Was when I stole away Ergasion's vine-poles.

BD. Teha! poles indeed! Tell how you slew the boar, Or coursed the hare, or ran the torch-race, tell Your gayest, youthfullest act.

Twas that I had, when quite a hobbledehoy,
With fleet Phayllus: and I eaught him too:
Won by two—votes.^b 'Twas for abuse, that action.

BD. No more of that: but lie down there, and learn To be convivial and companionable.

рн. Yes; how lie down?

BD. In an elegant graceful way.

рн. Like this, do you mean?

No, not in the least like that.

рн. How then?

BD. Extend your knees, and let yourself
With practised ease subside along the cushions;
Then praise some piece of plate: inspect the eeiling;
Admire the woven hangings of the hall.
Ho! water for our hands! bring in the tables!

b B. had used νεανικόs as="high-spirited," and έδιώκαθες of literal "pursuit"; but P. uses νεανικός="in youth" and διώκειν as="prosecute." Phaÿllus (cf. A. 215) was a noted runner, but at law P. had "caught" him.

	δειπνοῦμεν· ἀπονενίμμεθ'· ἤδη σπένδομεν.	
ΦI.	πρὸς τῶν θεῶν, ἐνύπνιον ἐστιώμεθα;	
ВΔ.	αὐλητρὶς ἐνεφύσησεν οἱ δὲ συμπόται	
	είσιν Θέωρος, Αισχίνης, Φανός, Κλέων,	1
	ξένος τις έτερος προς κεφαλής 'Ακέστορος.	•
	τούτοις ξυνών τὰ σκόλι' ὅπως δέξει καλῶς.	
ΦΙ.	άληθες; ώς οὐδεὶς Διακρίων δέξεται.	
ВΔ.	έγω εἴσομαι· καὶ δὴ γάρ εἰμ' ἐγω Κλέων,	
	ἄδω δὲ πρῶτος 'Αρμοδίου· δέξει δὲ σύ.	1
	'' οὐδεὶς πώποτ' ἀνὴρ ἔγεντ' 'Αθήναις ''	
ΦI .	'' οὐχ οὕτω γε πανοῦργος [ώς σὺ] κλέπτης.''	
$B\Delta$.	τουτὶ σὺ δράσεις; παραπολεῖ βοώμενος:	
	φήσει γὰρ ἐξολεῖν σε καὶ διαφθερεῖν	
	καὶ τῆσδε τῆς γῆς εξελαν.	
ΦΙ.	έγω δέ γε,	1
	έὰν ἀπειλῆ, νὴ Δί' ἔτερον ἄσομαι.	
	'' ὧνθρωφ', οὖτος ὁ μαιόμενος τὸ μέγα κράτος,	
	αντρέψεις έτι τὰν πόλιν· ά δ' ἔχεται ροπας."	,
ВΔ.	τί δ', όταν Θέωρος πρὸς ποδών κατακείμενος	1
БΔ.		
	ἄδη Κλέωνος λαβόμενος της δεξιας,	
	" `Αδμήτου λόγον, ὧταῖρε, μαθὼν τοὺς ἀγαθοὺς	
	φίλει."	
	τούτω τί λέξεις σκόλιον;	
ΦΙ.	ῷδικῶς ἐγώ,	1
	" οὐκ ἔστιν ἀλωπεκίζειν,	
	οὐδ' ἀμφοτέροισι γίγνεσθαι φίλον."	

a σκόλια were "catches" sung after dinner in turn, and each singer tried to link his own σκόλιον cleverly (cf. 1222) with the one before. Here in 1226 Cleon leads off with words which he expects to be "capped" with a compliment to himself only to 524

THE WASPS, 1217-1242

Dinner! the after-wash! now the libation.

PH. Good heavens! then is it in a dream we are feasting?

BD. The flute-girl has performed! our fellow-guests Are Phanus, Aeschines, Theorus, Cleon,

Another stranger at Acestor's head.

Could you with these cap verses a properly?

PH. Could I? Ay, truly; no Diacrian b better.

BD. I'll put you to the proof. Suppose I'm Cleon. I'll start the catch Harmodius. You're to cap it. (Singing) "Truly Athens never knew" (Singing) "Such a rascally thief as you."

PH.

BD. Will you do that? You'll perish in your noise.d He'll swear he'll fell you, quell you, and expel you Out of this realm.

Ay, truly, will he so? PH.

And if he threaten, I've another strain. " Mon, lustin' for power supreme, ye'll mak' The city capseeze; she's noo on the shak'." e

BD. What if Theorus, lying at his feet,

Should grasp the hand of Cleon, and begin,

"From the story of Admetus learn, my friend, to love the good." f

How will you take that on?

I, very neatly, PH.

" It is not good the fox to play, Nor to side with both in a false friend's way."

find the reverse. In 1239 the link seems very slight—φίλει and

φίλον; so too in 1245—κάμοι and κάγώ.

b "The Highlanders—the poorest of the three parties into which Attica was divided in the days of Solon ": R. Why they are named here is obscure.

c Cf. A. 980.

d Many explain "being shouted down," i.e. by Cleon.

· Said by the Scholiast to be from Alcaeus.

The Scholiast gives the second line as των δειλών δ' ἀπέχου, γνούς ότι δειλών όλίγη χάρις.

ΒΔ. μετὰ τοῦτον Αἰσχίνης ὁ Σέλλου δέξεται, ἀνὴρ σοφὸς καὶ μουσικός καἰ ἄσεται κλειταγόρα τε κα-μοὶ μετὰ Θετταλῶν "
ΦΙ. "πολλὰ δὴ διεκόμπασας σὰ καγώ."
ΒΔ. τουτὶ μὲν ἐπιεικῶς σύ γ' ἐξεπίστασαι ὅπως δ' ἐπὶ δεῖπνον εἰς Φιλοκτήμονος ἴμεν. παῖ παῖ, τὸ δεῖπνον, Χρυσέ, συσκεύαζε νῷν, ἴνα καὶ μεθυσθῶμεν διὰ χρόνου.
ΦΙ. μηδαμῶς. κακὸν τὸ πίνειν ἀπὸ γὰρ οἴνου γίγνεται καὶ θυροκοπῆσαι καὶ πατάξαι καὶ βαλεῖν, κἄπειτ ἀποτίνειν ἀργύριον ἐκ κραιπάλης.
ΒΔ. οὔκ, ἢν ξυνῆς γ' ἀνδράσι καλοῖς τε καγαθοῖς.

12

12

12

12

ΒΔ. οὔκ, ἢν ξυνῆς γ' ἀνδράσι καλοῖς τε κἀγαθοῖς.
 ἢ γὰρ παρῃτήσαντο τὸν πεπονθότα,
 ἢ λόγον ἔλεξας αὐτὸς ἀστεῖόν τινα,
 Αἰσωπικὸν γέλοιον ἢ Συβαριτικόν,
 ὧν ἔμαθες ἐν τῷ συμποσίῳ· κἆτ' ἐς γέλων
 τὸ πρᾶγμ' ἔτρεψας, ὥστ' ἀφείς σ' ἀποίχεται.

μαθητέον τἄρ' ἐστὶ πολλοὺς τῶν λόγων,
 εἴπερ γ' ἀποτίσω μηδέν, ἤν τι δρῶ κακόν.
 ἄγε νυν ἴωμεν· μηδὲν ἡμᾶς ἰσχέτω.

xo. πολλάκις δὴ 'δοξ' ἐμαυτῷ δεξιὸς πεφυκέναι,
 καὶ σκαιὸς οὐδεπώποτε·
 ἀλλ' ᾿Αμυνίας ὁ Σέλλου μᾶλλον οὑκ τῶν Κρωβύλου,

^a The adjectives are ironical; cf. 349.

b "Nothing is known of the incident to which the lines refer": R.

 $^{^{\}circ}$ While the actors retire the Chorus indulge in a sort of second 526

THE WASPS, 1243-1267

BD. Next comes that son of Sellus, Aeschines, Clever, accomplished a fellow, and he'll sing

"O the money, O the might, How Cleitagora and I, With the men of Thessaly"—b

PH. "How we boasted, you and I."

BD. Well, that will do: you're fairly up to that:
So come along: we'll dine at Philoctemon's.
Boy! Chrysus! pack our dinner up; and now
For a rare drinking-bout at last.

Prinking ain't good: I know what comes of drinking,

Breaking of doors, assault, and battery, And then, a headache and a fine to pay.

BD. Not if you drink with gentlemen, you know.
They'll go to the injured man, and beg you off,
Or you yourself will tell some merry tale,
A jest from Sybaris, or one of Aesop's,
Learned at the feast. And so the matter turns
Into a joke, and off he goes contented.

PII. O I'll learn plenty of those tales, if so I can get off, whatever wrong I do. Come, go we in: let nothing stop us now.

cu. Often have I deemed myself

exceeding bright, acute, and clever,

Dull, obtuse, and awkward never.

That is what Amynias is,

of Curling-borough, d Sellus' son;

Parabasis. For Amynias, a fop noted for his long hair, cf. 466; C. 691. He had apparently come to poverty and was starving instead of dining with Leogoras, a well-known epicure and father of the orator Andocides.

^d For the κρώβυλος, an antique method of dressing the hair

into some sort of topknot, cf. Thuc. i. 6.

127

127

128

οὖτος ὄν γ' ἐγώ ποτ' εἶδον ἀντὶ μήλου καὶ ροιᾶς δειπνοῦντα μετὰ Λεωγόρου. πεινῆ γὰρ ἦπερ 'Αντιφῶν. ἀλλὰ πρεσβεύων γὰρ ἐς Φάρσαλον ὤχετ'· εἶτ' ἐκεῖ

αλλα πρεσβεύων γαρ ες Ψαρσαλόν ώχετ · είτ εκεΐ μόνος μόνοις τοις Πενέσταισι ξυνήν τοις

τοῖς Πενέσταισι ξυνῆν τοῖς Θετταλῶν, αὐτὸς πενέστης ὢν ἔλαττον οὐδενός.

ῶ μακάρι' Αὐτόμενες, ὥς σε μακαρίζομεν, παίδας ἐφύτευσας ὅτι χειροτεχνικωτάτους, πρῶτα μὲν ἄπασι φίλον ἄνδρα τε σοφώτατον, τὸν κιθαραοιδότατον, ῷ χάρις ἐφέσπετο· τὸν δ' ὑποκριτὴν ἔτερον, ἀργαλέον ὡς σοφόν· εἶτ' 'Αριφράδην, πολύ τι θυμοσοφικώτατον, ὄντινά ποτ' ὤμοσε μαθόντα παρὰ μηδενός, ἀλλ' ἀπὸ σοφῆς φύσεος αὐτόματον ἐκμαθεῖν γλωττοποιεῖν εἰς τὰ πορνεῖ εἰσιόνθ' ἑκάστοτε.

είσί τινες οι μ' έλεγον ώς καταδιηλλάγην, ἡνίκα Κλέων μ' ὑπετάραττεν ἐπικείμενος καί με κακίαις ἔκνισε· κἆθ' ὅτ' ἀπεδειρόμην, οὑκτὸς ἐγέλων μέγα κεκραγότα θεώμενοι, οὐδὲν ἄρ' ἐμοῦ μέλον, ὅσον δὲ μόνον εἰδέναι σκωμμάτιον εἴποτέ τι θλιβόμενος ἐκβαλῶ.

b His name was Arignotus, cf. K. 1278 where there is a similar

attack on Ariphrades.

^a "The villein race of Thessaly corresponding to the Helots of Laconia": R.

e "The general nature of the incident to which these lines refer is plain enough. Some attack had been made by Cleon upon A., who, finding that he did not receive from the people the support which he had expected, deemed it necessary to wriggle out of the scrape by patching up a hollow truce with his powerful opponent. Beyond this we are quite in the dark ": R. 528

THE WASPS, 1268-1289

Him who now upon an apple

and pomegranate dines, I saw

At Leogoras's table
Eat as hard as he was able,
Goodness, what a hungry maw!
Pinched and keen as Antiphon.

Once he travelled to Pharsalus, our ambassador to be,

There a solitary guest, he Stayed with only the Penestae,^a

Coming from the tribe himself,

the kindred tribe, of Penury.

Fortunate Automenes, we envy your felicity; Every son of yours is of an infinite dexterity: First the Harper, bknown to all, and loved of all excessively, Grace and wit attend his steps, and elegant festivity, Next the Actor, shrewd of wit beyond all credibility: Last of all Ariphrades, that soul of ingenuity, He who of his native wit, with rare originality, Hit upon an undiscovered trick of bestiality: All alone, the father tells us, striking out a novel line.

Some there are who said that I

was reconciled in amity,

When upon me Cleon pressed,^c

and made me smart with injury,

Currying and tanning me:

then as the stripes fell heavily

Th' outsiders laughed to see the sport,

and hear me squalling lustily,

Caring not a whit for me, but only looking merrily,

To know if squeezed and pressed I chanced

to drop some small buffoonery.

VOL. I

2 M

ταῦτα κατιδών ὑπό τι μικρὸν ἐπιθήκισα· εἶτα νῦν ἐξηπάτησεν ἡ χάραξ τὴν ἄμπελον.

ΕΑ. ἰὼ χελῶναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος,
 καὶ τρισμακάριαι τοῦ ᾿πὶ ταῖς πλευραῖς τέγους.
 ὡς εὖ κατηρέψασθε καὶ νουβυστικῶς
 κεράμῳ τὸ νῶτον ὤστε τὰς πλευρὰς στέγειν.
 ἐγὼ δ᾽ ἀπόλωλα στιζόμενος βακτηρία.

 τί δ' ἔστιν, ὧ παῖ; παῖδα γάρ, κὰν ἢ γέρων, καλεῖν δίκαιον ὅστις ὰν πληγὰς λάβη.

1:

13

1:

οὐ γὰρ ὁ γέρων ἀτηρότατον ἄρ' ἦν κακὸν ΞA. καὶ τῶν ξυνόντων πολύ παροινικώτατος; καίτοι παρην "Ιππυλλος, 'Αντιφών, Λύκων, Λυσίστρατος, Θούφραστος, οἱ περὶ Φρύνιχον. τούτων άπάντων ην ύβριστότατος μακρώ. εὐθὺς γὰρ ὡς ἐνέπλητο πολλῶν κάναθῶν. ένήλατ', έσκίρτα, πεπόρδει, κατεγέλα, ώσπερ καχρύων ονίδιον εὐωχημένον. κάτυπτε δή με νεανικώς, παι παι καλών. είτ' αὐτὸν ώς είδ', ἤκασεν Λυσίστρατος: ἔοικας, ὧ πρεσβῦτα, νεοπλούτω τρυγὶ κλητηρί τ' είς άχυρωνας άποδεδρακότι. ό δ' ἀνακραγών ἀντήκασ' αὐτὸν πάρνοπι τὰ θρῖα τοῦ τρίβωνος ἀποβεβληκότι, Σθενέλω τε τὰ σκευάρια διακεκαρμένω. οί δ' ἀνεκρότησαν, πλήν γε Θουφράστου μόνου. ούτος δὲ διεμύλλαινεν, ώς δὴ δεξιός.

^a "A proverb used in reference to persons who find the support whereon they trusted giving way in the hour of need": R. Here probably Aristophanes is the Vine, the people the Vine-pole. 530

THE WASPS, 1290-1315

Seeing this, I played the ape a little bit undoubtedly. So then, after all, the Vine-pole proved unfaithful to the Vine.^a

XA. O lucky tortoises, to have such skins,
Thrice lucky for the case upon your ribs:
How well and cunningly your backs are roofed
With tiling strong enough to keep out blows:
Whilst I, I'm cudgelled and tattooed to death.

ch. How now, my boy? for though a man be old, Still, if he's beaten, we may call him boy.

Was not the old man the most outrageous nuisance, Much the most drunk and riotous of all?
And yet we'd Lycon, Antiphon, Hippyllus, Lysistratus, Theophrastus, Phrynichus;
But he was far the noisiest of the lot.
Soon as he'd gorged his fill of the good cheer, He skipped, he leapt, and laughed, and frisked, and whinnied,

Just like a donkey on a feed of corn:
And slapped me youthfully, calling Boy! Boy!
So then Lysistratus compared him thus:
Old man, says he, you're like new wine fermenting,
Or like a sompnour, scampering to its bran.^b
But he shrieked back, And you, you're like a locust
That has just shed the lappets of its cloak,
Or Sthenelus, shorn of his goods and chattels.^c
At this all clapped, save Theophrast; but he
Made a wry face, being forsooth a wit.

b There was a proverb δνος εἰς ἀχυρῶνα ἀπέδρα and the phrase describes excitement. But the connexion with κλητήρ, "a summoner," is absent, unless "in Athenian slang a donkey was sometimes termed κλητήρ, caller" (R.); cf. 189.

The similes are aimed at his shabby, threadbare appearance.
 Sthenelus was a tragic actor who had been reduced to poverty.

5 γέρων δὲ τὸν Θούφραστον ἤρετ', εἰπέ μοι, ἐπὶ τῷ κομῷς καὶ κομψὸς εἶναι προσποιεῖ, κωμφδολοιχῶν περὶ τὸν εὖ πράττοντ' ἀεί; τοιαῦτα περιύβριζεν αὐτοὺς ἐν μέρει, σκώπτων ἀγροίκως καὶ προσέτι λόγους λέγων 13 ἀμαθέστατ', οὐδὲν εἰκότας τῷ πράγματι. ἔπειτ' ἐπειδὴ 'μέθυεν, οἴκαδ' ἔρχεται τύπτων ἄπαντας, ἤν τις αὐτῷ ξυντύχῃ. όδὶ δὲ δὴ καὶ σφαλλόμενος προσέρχεται. ἀλλ' ἐκποδὼν ἄπειμι πρὶν πληγὰς λαβεῖν.

13

13

13

ΦΙ. ἄνεχε, πάρεχε·
 κλαύσεταί τις τῶν ὅπισθεν ἐπακολουθούντων ἐμοί·
 οἷον, εἰ μὴ ᾿ρρήσεθ᾽, ὑμᾶς, ῶ πόνηροι, ταυτηὶ τῆ δαδὶ φρυκτοὺς σκευάσω.

ΣΥΜΠΟΤΗΣ. ἢ μὴν σὰ δώσεις αὔριον τούτων δίκην ἡμῖν ἄπασι, κεἰ σφόδρ' εἶ νεανίας. ἀθρόοι γὰρ ἥξομέν σε προσκαλούμενοι.

Φ1. ἐὴ ἰεῦ, καλούμενοι.
ἀρχαῖά γ' ὑμῶν· ἀρά γ' ἴσθ'
ὡς οὐδ' ἀκούων ἀνέχομαι
δικῶν; ἰαιβοῖ αἰβοῖ.
τάδε μ' ἀρέσκει· βάλλε κημούς.
οὐκ ἄπεισι; ποῦ 'στιν
ἡλιαστής; ἐκποδών.

b" The next 35 lines contain much that had been better

^a P. enters carrying a torch. ἄνεχε, πάρεχε are perhaps cries addressed to runners in the torch-races of the Cerameicus—" hold it up, hand it on."

THE WASPS, 1316-1341

And pray, the old man asked him, what makes you Give yourself airs, and think yourself so grand, You grinning flatterer of the well-to-do? Thus he kept bantering every guest in turn, Making rude jokes, and telling idle tales, In clownish fashion, relevant to nothing. At last, well drunk, homeward he turns once more, Aiming a blow at every one he meets. Ah! here he's coming; stumbling, staggering on. Methinks I'll vanish ere I'm slapped again.

PH. Up ahoy! out ahoy! a

Some of you that follow me
Shall ere long be crying.

If they don't shog off, I swear
I'll frizzle 'em all with the torch I bear,
I'll set the rogues a-frying

GUEST. Zounds! we'll all make you pay for this to-morrow, You vile old rake, however young you are! We'll come and cite and summon you all together.

Yah! hah! summon and cite! b
The obsolete notion! don't you know
I'm sick of the names of your suits and claims.
Faugh! Faugh! Pheugh!
Here's my delight!
Away with the verdict-box! Won't he go?
Where's the Heliast? out of my sight!

omitted: and the English is in many places necessarily a substitution for, rather than a translation of, the original text. These drunken scenes, and indeed the entire 200 lines from 1250 to 1449, were, in my opinion, a mere afterthought on the part of the poet, introduced when the defeat of the Clouds had taught him that he could not with impunity discard the broad farce, the coarse buffoonery, of other comedians": R.

ανάβαινε δεῦρο χρυσομηλολόνθιον, τῆ χειρὶ τουδὶ λαβομένη τοῦ σχοινίου. έχου φυλάττου δ', ώς σαπρον το σχοινίον ομως γε μέντοι τριβόμενον οὐκ ἄχθεται. όρᾶς ἐγώ σ' ώς δεξιῶς ὑφειλόμην 13 μέλλουσαν ήδη λεσβιείν τους ξυμπότας. ών είνεκ' ἀπόδος τῷ πέει τωδὶ χάριν. άλλ' οὐκ ἀποδώσεις οὐδ' ἐφιαλεῖς, οἶδ' ὅτι, άλλ' έξαπατήσεις κάγχανεῖ τούτω μέγα: πολλοῖς γὰρ ήδη χἀτέροις αὔτ' εἰργάσω. 13 έὰν γένη δὲ μὴ κακὴ νυνὶ γυνή, έγω σ', έπειδαν ούμος υίος αποθάνη, λυσάμενος έξω παλλακήν, ὧ χοιρίον. νῦν δ' οὐ κρατῶ 'γὼ τῶν ἐμαυτοῦ χρημάτων. νέος γάρ είμι καὶ φυλάττομαι σφόδρα. 13 τὸ γὰρ υίδιον τηρεί με, κἄστι δύσκολον κάλλως κυμινοπριστοκαρδαμογλύφον. ταθτ' οθν περί μου δέδοικε μη διαφθαρώ. πατήρ γάρ οὐδείς έστιν αὐτῶ πλήν έμοῦ. όδὶ δε καὐτός ἐπὶ σὲ κἄμ' ἔοικε θεῖν. 13 άλλ' ώς τάχιστα στηθι τάσδε τὰς δετὰς λαβοῦσ', ἵν' αὐτὸν τωθάσω νεανικῶς, οίως ποθ' ούτος έμε πρό των μυστηρίων. ΒΔ. ὦ οὖτος οὖτος, τυφεδανὲ καὶ χοιρόθλιψ, ποθείν έραν τ' έοικας ώραίας σορού. 13 οὔ τοι καταπροίξει μὰ τὸν ᾿Απόλλω τοῦτο δρῶν. ΦΙ. ώς ήδέως φάγοις αν έξ όξους δίκην. οὐ δεινὰ τωθάζειν σε, τὴν αὐλητρίδα τῶν ξυμποτῶν κλέψαντα;

THE WASPS, 1341-1369

My little golden chafer, come up here, Hold by this rope, a rotten one perchance, But strong enough for you. Mount up, my dear. See now, how cleverly I filched you off, A wanton hussy, flirting with the guests. You owe me, child, some gratitude for that. But you're not one to pay your debts, I know. O no! you'll laugh and chaff and slip away. That's what you always do. But listen now. Be a good girl, and don't be disobliging, And when my son is dead, I'll ransom you, And make you an honest woman. For indeed I'm not yet master of my own affairs.

I am so young, and kept so very strict. My son's my guardian, such a cross-grained man, A cummin-splitting, mustard-scraping fellow. He's so afraid that I should turn out badly, For I'm in truth his only father now.^b But here he runs. Belike he's after us. Quick, little lady, hold these links an instant; And won't I quiz him boyishly and well, As he did me before the initiation.

BD. You there! you there! you old lascivious dotard! Enamoured, eh? ay of a fine ripe coffin.d Oh, by Apollo, you shall smart for this!

PH. Dear, dear, how keen to taste a suit in pickle!

BD. No quizzing, sir, when you have filehed away The flute-girl from our party.

only son '": Schol.

• i.e. my initiation into the mysteries of high life.

a "Undoubtedly the σκύτινον καθειμένον described in Clouds 538, 539: "R.
"A piece of pleasantry, for sons often say 'I am my father's

^{*} σόρου is put unexpectedly for κόρης—maturum funus instead of matura virgo.

ΦI.

ποίαν αὐλητρίδα;

13

13

13

	τί ταθτα ληρείς, ώσπερ ἀπὸ τύμβου πεσών;
ВΔ.	νη τὸν Δί', αὕτη πού 'στί σοί γ' ή Δαρδανίς.
ΦΙ.	οὔκ, ἀλλ' ἐν ἀγορᾳ τοῖς θεοῖς δὰς κάεται.
ВΔ.	$\delta \acute{q}s \ \acute{\eta} \delta \epsilon;$
ΦI.	δὰς δῆτ'. οὐχ ὁρᾶς ἐστιγμένην;
ВΔ.	τί δὲ τὸ μέλαν τοῦτ' ἐστὶν αὐτῆς τοὐν μέσω;
ΦΙ.	ή πίττα δήπου καομένης έξέρχεται.
ВΔ.	δ δ' ὅπισθεν οὐχὶ πρωκτός ἐστιν ούτοσί;
ΦI .	όζος μέν οὖν τῆς δαδὸς οὖτος έξέχει.
	τί λέγεις σύ; ποῖος ὄζος; οὐκ εἶ δεῦρο σύ;
ΦΙ.	å å, τί μέλλεις δρâν;
ВΔ.	<i>ἄγειν ταύτην λαβ</i> ών
	άφελόμενός σε καὶ νομίσας εἶναι σαπρον

κοὐδὲν δύνασθαι δρᾶν. ΦΙ. ἄκουσόν νυν ἐμοῦ. 'Ολυμπίασιν ἡνίκ' ἐθεώρουν ἐγώ,

'Εφουδίων έμαχέσατ' 'Ασκώνδα καλῶς, ἤδη γέρων ὤν· εἶτα τῆ πυγμῆ θενὼν ὁ πρεσβύτερος κατέβαλε τὸν νεώτερον. πρὸς ταῦτα τηροῦ μὴ λάβης ὑπώπια.

ΒΔ. νη τὸν Δί' ἐξέμαθές γε την 'Ολυμπίαν.

ΑΡΤΟΠΩΛΙΣ. ἴθι μοι παράστηθ', ἀντιβολῶ πρὸς τῶν θεῶν. όδὶ γὰρ ἀνήρ ἐστιν ὅς μ' ἀπώλεσεν τῆ δαδὶ παίων, κἀξέβαλεν ἐντευθενὶ ἄρτους δέκ' ὀβολῶν κἀπιθήκην τέτταρας.

ΒΔ. ὁρậς ἃ δέδρακας; πράγματ' αὖ δεῖ καὶ δίκας ἔχειν διὰ τὸν σὸν οἶνον.

^a P. now treats his son as a half-dead dotard, and seems to invent this phrase on the analogy of $\delta\pi'$ ŏνου πεσών, cf. C. 1273.

^b "This" = Dardanis. Torches, says the Scholiast, were 536

THE WASPS, 1369-1393

Eh? what? flute-girl? PH. You're out of your mind, or out of your grave, a or something.

Why, bless the fool, here's Dardanis beside you! BD.

What, this? why, this b is a torch in the market-place! PH. A torch, man? RD.

Clearly; pray observe the punctures. PH.

Then what's this black here, on the top of her head? BD.

Oh, that's the rosin, oozing while it burns. PH.

Then this of course is not a woman's arm? BD.

Of course not; that's a sprouting of the pine. PII.

Sprouting be hanged. BD.

(To Dard.) You come along with me.

Hi! hi! what are you at? PH.

Marching her off BD. Out of your reach; a rotten, as I think, And impotent old man.

Now look ye here: PH. Once, when surveying at the Olympian games, I saw how splendidly Ephudion fought With young Ascondas: saw the game old man Up with his fist, and knock the youngster down. So mind your eye, or you'll be pummelled too.

BD. Troth, you have learned Olympia to some purpose.

BAKING-GIRL. Oh, there he is! Oh, pray stand by me now!

There's the old rascal who misused me so, Banged with his torch, and toppled down from here Bread worth ten obols, and four loaves to boot.

BD. There now, you see; troubles and suits once more Your wine will bring us.

punctured and tattooed with figures, and Dardanis is compared with one to introduce some coarse jokes.

οὐδαμῶς γ', ἐπεὶ ΦI. λόγοι διαλλάξουσιν αὐτὰ δεξιοί. ωστ' οίδ' ότιη ταύτη διαλλαχθήσομαι. ΑΡ. οὔ τοι μὰ τὼ θεὼ καταπροίξει Μυρτίας της 'Αγκυλίωνος θυγατέρος καὶ Σωστράτης, ούτω διαφθείρας έμου τὰ φορτία. φι. ἄκουσον, ὧ γύναι λόγον σοι βούλομαι λέξαι χαρίεντα. μὰ Δία μή μοί γ', ὧ μέλε. AP. Αἴσωπον ἀπὸ δείπνου βαδίζονθ' έσπέρας ΦĪ. θρασεῖα καὶ μεθύση τις ὑλάκτει κύων. κάπειτ' έκείνος είπεν, ώ κύον κύον, εί νη Δί' ἀντὶ της κακης γλώττης ποθέν πυρούς πρίαιο, σωφρονείν ἄν μοι δοκείς. ΑΡ. καὶ καταγελάς μου; προσκαλοῦμαί σ' ὅστις εἶ, πρός τους άγορανόμους βλάβης των φορτίων, κλητηρ' έχουσα Χαιρεφώντα τουτονί. μὰ Δί', ἀλλ' ἄκουσον, ἤν τί σοι δόξω λέγειν. Λασός ποτ' ἀντεδίδασκε καὶ Σιμωνίδης. ἔπειθ' ὁ Λᾶσος εἶπεν, ολίγον μοι μέλει. αληθες, οὖτος;καὶ σὺ δή μοι, Χαιρεφῶν,

14

14

^a He has learned the lesson his son taught him, 1258. b i.e. Demeter and Persephone, a regular female oath.

γυναικί κλητεύεις, έοικως θαψίνη 'Ινοί κρεμαμένη πρός ποδών Εὐριπίδου:

ΦI.

[·] ώστε άρτους ποιησαι, έπει άρτόπωλις: Schol. ⁴ κλητήρ is the officer whose duty it was to see that the defendant was duly served with the citation to appear.

THE WASPS, 1393-1414

PH. Troubles? Not at all.

A merry tale or two sets these things right.^a

I'll soon set matters right with this young woman.

B.-G. No, by the Twain b! you shan't escape scot-free,

Doing such damage to the goods of Myrtia, Sostrata's daughter, and Anchylion's, sir!

PH. Listen, good woman: I am going to tell you A pleasant tale.

B.-G. Not me, by Zeus, sir, no!

PH. At Aesop, as he walked one eve from supper,
There yapped an impudent and drunken bitch.
Then Aesop answered, O you bitch! you bitch!
If in the stead of that ungodly tongue

You'd buy some wheat, methinks you'd have more sense.

B.-G. Insult me too? I summon you before
The Market Court for damage done my

The Market Court for damage done my goods, And for my sompnour d have this Chaerephon.

PH. Nay, nay, but listen if I speak not fair. Simonides and Lasus once were rivals. Then Lasus says, Pish, I don't care, says he.

B-G.. You will, sir, will you?

And you, Chaerephon,
Are you her sompnour, you, like fear-blanched Ino
Pendent before Euripides's feet?

"Lasus of Hermione was a contemporary and rival of the great Simonides of Ceos, who was famous for the number of victories obtained by his dithyrambic choruses": R. P. like

Lasus snaps his fingers at his opponent.

7 "The story of Ino, who to escape her domestic miseries threw herself, with her youngest child Melicertes, into the sea, formed one of the most moving tragedies of Euripides": R. Doubtless she was represented in the tragedy as throwing herself at the feet of some deity or person, for whom A. here substitutes the poet himself. For Chaerephon the "cadaverous" (in Eupolis he is $\pi\psi\xi\nu\sigma$) see Index.

ΒΔ. όδί τις ἕτερος, ώς ἔοικεν, ἔρχεται καλούμενός σε τόν γέ τοι κλητηρ' έχει. κατηγοροΣ. οἴμοι κακοδαίμων. προσκαλοῦμαί σ', ὧ γέρον, ΰβρεως. υβρεως; μή, μὴ καλέσης πρὸς τῶν θεῶν. ἐγὼ γὰρ ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ δίκην δίδωμί σοι, ἢν ἂν σὺ τάξης, καὶ χάριν προσείσομαι. ВΔ. ΦΙ. έγω μεν οὖν αὐτῷ διαλλαχθήσομαι έκων όμολογω γαρ πατάξαι καὶ βαλεῖν. άλλ' έλθε δευρί, πότερον επιτρέπεις έμοί ο τι χρή μ' ἀποτίσαντ' ἀργύριον τοῦ πράγματος, είναι φίλον τὸ λοιπόν, ἢ σύ μοι φράσεις; κΑ. σὺ λέγε. δικῶν γὰρ οὖ δέομ' οὖδὲ πραγμάτων. ΦΙ. ανηρ Συβαρίτης εξέπεσεν εξ άρματος, καί πως κατεάγη της κεφαλης μέγα σφόδρα· ἐτύγχανεν γὰρ οὐ τρίβων ὢν ἱππικης. κἄπειτ' ἐπιστὰς εἶπ' ἀνηρ αὐτῷ φίλος· ἔρδοι τις ην εκαστος εἰδείη τέχνην. ούτω δὲ καὶ σὺ παράτρεχ' εἰς τὰ Πιττάλου. όμοιά σου καὶ ταῦτα τοῖς ἄλλοις τρόποις. κΑ. ἀλλ' οὖν σὺ μέμνησ' αὐτὸς ἁπεκρίνατο. άκουε, μὴ φεῦγ'. ἐν Συβάρει γυνή ποτε ΦI. κατέαξ' έχινον.

1

1

1

κατείας εχίνον. κΑ. ταθτ' έγὼ μαρτύρομαι. ΦΙ. ούχῖνος οὖν ἔχων τιν' ἐπεμαρτύρατο

ουχινος ούν εχων τιν επεμαρτυρατο·
 είθ' ή Συβαριτις είπεν, εί ναι τὰν κόραν
 τὴν μαρτυρίαν ταύτην ἐάσας ἐν τάχει
 ἐπίδεσμον ἐπρίω, νοῦν ἂν είχες πλείονα.

THE WASPS, 1415-1440

BD. See, here's another coming, as I live,
To summon you: at least he has got his sompnour.

COMPLAINANT. O dear! O dear! Old man, I summon you
For outrage.

Outrage a? no, by the Gods, pray don't.

I'll make amends for everything he has done
(Ask what you will), and thank you kindly too.

PH. Nay, I'll make friends myself without compulsion. I quite admit the assault and battery.

So tell me which you'll do; leave it to me
To name the compensation I must pay
To make us friends, or will you fix the sum?

co. Name it yourself: I want no suits nor troubles.

PH. There was a man of Sybaris,^b do you know,
Thrown from his carriage, and he cracked his skull,
Quite badly too. Fact was, he could not drive.
There was a friend of his stood by, and said,
Let each man exercise the art he knows.
So you, run off to Doctor Pittalus.^c

BD. Av, this is like the rest of your behaviour.

co. (To Bd.) You, sir, yourself, remember what he says.

PH. Stop, listen. Once in Sybaris a girl Fractured a jug.

co. I call you, friend, to witness.

PH. Just so the jug: it called a friend to witness. Then said the girl of Sybaris, By'r Lady, d If you would leave off calling friends to witness, And buy a rivet, you would show more brains.

him. It was so to say a criminal indictment, and not a mere civil action: and entailed a severe and speedy punishment ": R.

b "P. reverts to his son's alternative prescription in 1259 and tries the effect of a Sybaritic apologue": R.

• i.e. Don't try litigation which you don't understand, but go

to the famous doctor, Pittalus (cf. A. 1032).

d i.e. Persephone.

ΚΑ. ὕβριζ', ἔως ἂν τὴν δίκην ἄρχων καλῆ.
ΒΔ. οὔ τοι μὰ τὴν Δήμητρ' ἔτ' ἐνταυθοῦ μενεῦς ἀλλ' ἀράμενος οἴσω σε
ΦΙ. τί ποιεῦς;
ΒΔ. ὅ τι ποιῶ; εἴσω φέρω σ' ἐντεῦθεν· εἰ δὲ μή, τάχα κλητῆρες ἐπιλείψουσι τοὺς καλουμένους.
ΦΙ. Αἴσωπον οἱ Δελφοί ποτ'
ΒΔ. ὀλίγον μοι μέλει.
ΦΙ. φιάλην ἐπητιῶντο κλέψαι τοῦ θεοῦ· ὁ δ' ἔλεξεν αὐτοῦς, ὡς ὁ κάνθαρός ποτε

ΒΔ. οἴμ' ώς ἀπολῶ σ' αὐτοῖσι τοῖσι κανθάροις.

Χο. ζηλῶ γε τῆς εὐτυχίας
τὸν πρέσβυν, οἶ μετέστη ξηρῶν τρόπων καὶ βιοτῆς
ἔτερα δὲ νῦν ἀντιμαθὼν ἤθη, μετά τι πεσεῖται ἐπὶ τὸ τρυφερὸν καὶ μαλακόν.
τάχα δ' ἄν ἴσως οὐκ ἐθέλοι.
τὸ γὰρ ἀποστῆναι χαλεπὸν φύσεος, ῆν ἔχει τις ἀεί.
καίτοι πολλοὶ ταῦτ' ἔπαθον
ξυνόντες γνώμαις ἑτέρων
μετεβάλλοντο τοὺς τρόπους.

πολλοῦ δ' ἐπαίνου παρ' ἐμοὶ καὶ τοῖσιν εὖ φρονοῦσιν

[στρ.14

14

146

 $\lceil \vec{a} v \tau$.

^a The Delphians brought a false charge against Aesop and, 542

THE WASPS, 1441-1463

co. Jeer, till the Magistrate eall on my case.

BD. No, by Demeter, but you shan't stop here,
I'll take and earry you—

PH. What now!

Carry you in: or soon there won't be sompnours

Enough for all your summoning complainants.

PH. The Delphians once charged Accop-

CH.b

BD. I don't care.

рн. With having filched a vessel of their God.
But Aesop up and told them that a beetle a—

BD. Zounds! but I'll finish you, beetles and all.

I envy much his fortune
As he changes from his dry
Ungenial life and manners,
Another path to try.
Now all to soft indulgenee
His eager soul will take,
And yet perchanee it will not,
For, ah! 'tis hard to break
From all your lifelong habits;
Yet some the change have made,
With other minds consorting,
By other counsels swayed.

With us and all good people Great praise Philocleon's son

as he was being led to execution, he told them this fable, the

moral of which is that evil-doers will in the end pay.

b This ode in which the Chorus "felicitates B. on the probable success of his experiment," after its demonstrable failure, seems "foreign to the original scheme of the Play." So too 1474 when Xanthias announces B.'s drunken behaviour "no one would gather that this is his second entrance on the self-same errand." See R. Introd. p. xiv and notes.

τυχών ἄπεισιν διὰ τὴν φιλοπατρίαν καὶ σοφίαν ό παῖς ὁ Φιλοκλέωνος. οὐδενὶ γὰρ οὕτως ἀγανῷ ξυνεγενόμην, οὐδὲ τρόποις έπεμάνην, οὐδ' έξεχύθην. τί γὰρ ἐκεῖνος ἀντιλέγων οὐ κρείττων ἦν, βουλόμενος τον φύσαντα σεμνοτέροις κατακοσμήσαι πράγμασι;

ξΑ. νὴ τὸν Διόνυσον, ἄπορά γ' ἡμῖν πράγματα δαίμων τις εἰσκεκύκληκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν. ό γὰρ γέρων ώς ἔπιε διὰ πολλοῦ χρόνου ήκουσέ τ' αὐλοῦ, περιχαρής τῷ πράγματι ορχούμενος της νυκτός οὐδεν παύεται τάρχαι ἐκείν οίς Θέσπις ἡγωνίζετο καὶ τοὺς τραγωδούς φησιν ἀποδείξειν κρόνους τούς νῦν, διορχησάμενος ολίγον ύστερον.

14

14

14

14

τίς ἐπ' αὐλείοισι θύραις θάσσει; τουτὶ καὶ δὴ χωρεῖ τὸ κακόν. ΞA. κληθρα χαλάσθω τάδε. καὶ δὴ γὰρ ΦI. σχήματος άρχη ΞA. πλευρὰν λυγίσαντος ὑπὸ ῥώμης, ΦI. οξον μυκτήρ μυκαται καί σφόνδυλος άχει. πιθ' έλλέβορον. ΞA. πτήσσει Φρύνιχος ως τις άλέκτωρ, ΦI.

ΦI.

^a The ancient writers for the stage, Thespis, Phrynichus (1490 seq.) and Carcinus (1501 seq.), introduced much dancing, 544

THE WASPS, 1464-1490

For filial love and genius
In this affair has won.
Such sweet and gracious manners
I never saw before,
Nor ever with such fondness
My doting heart gushed o'er.
Where proved he not the victor
In all this wordy strife,
Seeking to raise his father
To higher paths of life?

And your new bards he'll prove old fools, he says, Dancing against them in the lists directly.

PH. Who sits, who waits at the entrance gates?

XA. More and more is this evil advancing!

Be the bolts undone, we have just begun;

This, this is the first evolution of dancing.

XA. First evolution of madness, I think.

YA. First evolution of magness, I think.

With the strong contortion the ribs twist round,
And the nostril snorts, and the joints resound,
And the tendous erack.

O, hellebore drink!

XA.

PH. Cocklike, Phrynichus crouches and cowers,^c and the old man remembers these dances. Bentley's full discussion of this passage is quoted in R.

b Hellebore was a cure for madness.

• Bentley emended $\pi \tau \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \epsilon \iota$ to $\pi \lambda \dot{\eta} \sigma \sigma \epsilon \iota$, but R. notes that "a cock crouches and sidles down immediately before it delivers a blow"; cf. 1491.

VOL. I 2 N 545

1

ΞA.	τάχα βαλλήσεις.
ΦΙ.	σκέλος οὐράνιόν γ' ἐκλακτίζων.
	πρωκτὸς χάσκει.΄
ΞA.	κατὰ σαυτὸν ὄρα.
ΦI.	νῦν γὰρ ἐν ἄρθροις τοῖς ἡμετέροις
	στρέφεται χαλαρά κοτυληδών.
ВΔ.	οὐκ ϵ ὖ μ ὰ Δ ί' οὐ δ η̂τ', ἀλλὰ μ ανικὰ π ράγ μ ατα.
ΦΙ.	φέρε νυν ἀνείπω κάνταγωνιστάς καλῶ.
41.	εἴ τις τραγωδός φησιν ὀρχεῖσθαι καλῶς,
	έμοι διορχησόμενος ένθάδ' εἰσίτω.
	φησίν τις, ἢ οὐδείς;
ВΔ.	είς γ' ἐκεινοσὶ μόνος.
ΦJ.	τίς δ κακοδαίμων ἐστίν;
$B\Delta$.	υίδς Καρκίνου
	δ μέσατος.
ФЪ	άλλ' οὖτός γε καταπο $\theta \acute{\eta}$ σεται \cdot
	ἀπολῶ γὰρ αὐτὸν ἐμμελεία κονδύλου.
	ζν τῷ ρυθμῷ γὰρ οὐδέν ἐστ'.
ВΔ.	ἀλλ', ὡζυρέ,
	έτερος τραγωδός Καρκινίτης έρχεται,
	άδελφὸς αὐτοῦ.
ΦΙ.	νη Δί' ωψώνηκ' ἄρα.
	μὰ τὸν Δί' οὐδέν γ' ἄλλο πλήν γε καρκίνους.
ДД.	προσέρχεται γὰρ ἕτερος αὖ τῶν Καρκίνου.
ΦΙ.	τουτὶ τί ἦν τὸ προσέρπον; ὀξίς, ἢ φάλαγξ;
ВΔ.	ό πιννοτήρης οθτός έστι, τοῦ γένους
	ό σμικρότατος, δς τὴν τραγφδίαν ποιεί.

^a "P. holds the lists as the champion of the older tragic dances. Three representatives of the modern school of tragic dancing now enter, one by one, to accept his challenge. They are the three deformed and stunted sons of Carcinus, the constant butts of Aristophanes for their preposterous dances": R.

THE WASPS, 1491-1511

You'll strike by and by.

Then he kicks his leg to the wondering sky,
O look to yourself, look out, look out.

For now in these sinewy joints of ours
The cup-like socket is twirled about.

BD. 'Twon't do, by Zeus: 'twon't do: 'tis downright madness.

PH. Come on, I challenge all the world to dance. Now what tragedian thinks he dances well, Let him come in and dance a match with me. Well, is there one, or none?

Here's only one.

рн. Who's he, poor devil?

BD.

BD.

Tis the midmost son

Of poet Careinus, the Crabbe.^a

PH. I'll eat him.
'Sdeath! I'll destroy him with a knuckle-danee.b
He's a born fool at rhythm.

Here comes a brother crab, another son
Of Carcinus.

PH. 'Faith, I've got erab enough.

BD. Nothing but crabs! 'fore Zeus, nothing but crabs! Here creeps a third of Carcinus's brood.

PII. Heyday! what's this? a vinaigrette, or spider?

BD. This is the Pinnoteer, of all the tribe The tiniest erab: a tragic poet too!

b εμμέλεια is the technical word for a tragic dance; here P.

promises to perform it with his fists.

*A tiny crustacean, about the size of a pea, a parasite of the pinna, a wedge-shaped bivalve. It was called "Pinnawatchman," because "the pinna having got its little guest safely lodged within, left its shell open: and so soon as any food came within the valves the pea-crab gave its host a nip, which caused it to close its shell and secure the prey": R.

VOL. I 2 N 2 547

ῶ Καρκίν', ὧ μακάριε τῆς εὐπαιδίας· οσον τὸ πληθος κατέπεσεν τῶν ὀρχίλων. άτὰρ καταβατέον γ' ἐπ' αὐτούς μοι σὸ δὲ άλμην κύκα τούτοισιν, ην έγω κρατώ. φέρε νυν ήμεις αὐτοις ὀλίγον ξυγχωρήσωμεν $\ddot{a}\pi a v \tau \epsilon s$,

15

15

15

ἵν' ἐφ' ἡσυχίας ἡμῶν πρόσθεν βεμβικίζωσιν άγ', ὧ μεγαλώνυμα τέκνα τοῦ θαλασσίοιο, πηδάτε παρά ψάμαθον 15 καὶ θῖν' άλὸς ἀτρυγέτοιο, καρίδων ἀδελφοί. ταχύν πόδα κυκλοσοβεῖτε, καὶ τὸ Φρυνίχειον έκλακτισάτω τις, ὅπως 15 ιδόντες ἄνω σκέλος [ὧδ'], ὤζωσιν οἱ θεαταί. στρόβει, παράβαινε κύκλω καὶ γάστρισον σεαυτόν,

ρίπτε σκέλος οὐράνιον βέμβικες ἐγγενέσθων. καὐτὸς γὰρ ὁ ποντομέδων ἄναξ πατήρ προσέρπει ήσθεὶς ἐπὶ τοῖσιν ἐαυτοῦ παισί, τοῖς τριόρχοις. άλλ' ἐξάγετ', εἴ τι φιλεῖτ', ὀρχούμενοι θύραζε ἡμᾶς ταχύ· τοῦτο γὰρ οὐδείς πω πάρος δέδρακεν όρχούμενος, ὅστις ἀπήλλαξεν χορὸν τρυγώδῶν.

Xenocles, Xenotimus, Diotimus, etc.

ΦI.

^a Lit. "golden-crested wrens." He calls them so because of their size, and perhaps with a suggestion of δρχηστών. In 1534 he calls them τρίορχοι (lit. "buzzards")="three-dancers." b Their names are variously given by the Scholiast as

THE WASPS, 1512-1537

O Carcinus! O proud and happy father! PH. Here's a fine troop of wrynecks a settling down. Well, I must gird me to the fight: and you, Mix pickles for these crabs, in case I beat them.

CH. Come draw we aside, and leave them a wide,

a roomy and peaceable exercise-ground.

That before us therein like tops they may spin, revolving and whirling and twirling around.

O lofty-titled b sons of the ocean-roving sire, Ye brethren of the shrimps, come and leap

On the sand and on the strand

of the salt and barren deep.d

Whisk nimble feet around you;

kick out, till all admire,

The Phrynichean kick to the sky;

That the audience may applaud,

as they view your leg on high.

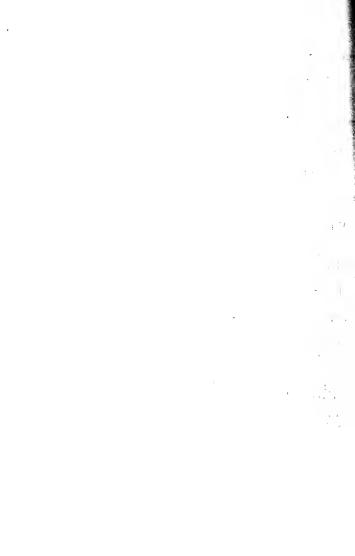
On, on, in mazy circles; hit your stomach with your heel

Fling legs aloft to heaven,

as like spinning-tops you wheel. Your Sire is creeping onward, the Ruler of the Sea, He gazes with delight at his hobby-dancers three. Come, dancing as you are, if you like it, lead away, For never yet, I warrant, has an actor till to-day Led out a chorus, dancing, at the ending of the Play.

4 θîν' άλός, etc., is from Hom. Il. i. 316, 327.

e R. quotes Paley for shrimps "bounding in the air from the shallow margin of the water, or from the wet sand."



ACESTOR, W. 1221 Achaia, a name of Demeter, A. 710 Acharnae, a deme of Athens, A. 180 Aegina, an island opposite the Peiraeus, A. 653, W. 122 Aeschines, a blusterer, W. 325, 459, 1220, 1243 Aeschylus, C. 1366 Aesop, W. 566, 1259 Aetolia, K. 79 Agoracritus, K. 1335 Agyieus, a title of Apollo, W. 875 Amphitheus, A. 46 Amynias, C. 31 Amynias, son of Sellus, C. 691, W. 74, 1266 Androcles, a rogue, W. 1187 Antimachus, an effeminate, A. 1150, C. 1022Antiphon, W. 1270 Apaturia, a clan festival, A. 146 Arcadia, K. 798 Archeptolemus, K. 327, 794 Archilochus quoted, A. 1228 Argos, K. 465 Arignotus, son of Automenes, a harper, K. 1278, W. 1278 Ariphrades, son of Automenes, an evil man, K. 1281, W. 1280 Aristeides, son of Lysimachus "the Just," a statesman opposed to Themistocles, fought at Marathon, ostracized 483 B.C., but returned and took a great part in the political developments of Athens; died about 463, K. 1325. Artemon, name of an effeminate who was carried about in a litter, hence called περιφόρητος, A. 85. Asclepius, god of healing, W. 123.

Ascondas, W. 1383 Aspasia, mistress of Perieles, A. 527 Athamas, king of Orchomenus in Boeotia, married Nephele, and was father of Phrixus and Helle: he was stricken with madness, and fled into Thessaly, C. 257 Athens described, A. 639 Automenes, father of Arignotus and Ariphrades, W. 1275 Bakis, a Boeotian seer of Helicon; there was a collection current of his oracles, K. 123, 1003 Bellerophon, who rode the winged horse Pegasus; name of a play by Euripides, A. 427 Bereschethus, K. 635 Brasidas, a famous Spartan commander, son of Tellis, killed at Amphipolis 422 B.C., IV. 475 Byzantium, the earlier city on the site of Constantinople, C. 249, W. 236 CAECIAS, the N.E. wind, K. 437 Camarina, a town in Sicily, A. 605 Carcinus, a comic poet, father of three dwarfish sons, C. 1261, W. 1508 Cardopion, W. 1178 Caria, K. 173 Carthage, K. 174, 1303 Caystrian plains, A. 68 Cecrops, C. 301, W. 438 Celeus, A. 49 Centaurs, C. 349 Cephisodemus, A. 705 Cerameicus, the potters' quarter 551

at Athens, where public funerals took place, K. 772

Chaereas, W. 687

Chaerephon, a pupil of Socrates, C. 104, etc., W. 1408 Chaeris, a wretched Theban piper,

A. 16 Chalcis, Chalcidice in Thrace, K.

Chaonia, in Epirus, K. 78, A. 613 Cherronesus, the peninsula of Gal-

lipoli, *K*. 262 Choae, the Pitcher-feast, A. 961

Cicynna, an Attic deme, C. 134 Cleaenetus, father of Cleon, K. 574 Cleinias, father of Alcibiades, A. 716

Cleisthenes, "son of Sibyrtius," a coward and effeminate, A. 118,

W. 1187, K. 1374, C. 355 Cleon, son of Cleaenetus, a tanner, demagogue and popular leader after the death of Pericles in 429 B.C. He opposed peace. 424 took part in the surrender of the Spartans at Sphacteria, which he laid to his own credit. Killed by Brasidas at Amphipolis, 422. A. 6, 300, 378, 502, 659, K. 137, 976, C. 549, 586, 591, W. 35, 62, 197, 241, 596, 841, 895. 1220, 1224, 1237, 1285

Cleonymus, the butt of Athens for his bulk and his appetite, who cast away his shield at Delium, A. 88, 844, K. 958, 1293, 1372, C. 353, 450, 674, W. 20, 592, 822

Cobalus, K. 635

Coesyra, a name in the great Alcmaeonid family, A. 614, C. 48, 800

Colias, a love-deity, C. 52 Connas, a drunken flute-player,

K. 534, W. 675 Copaïs, a lake in Boeotia, A. 880

Corinth, K. 603

Cranaan city, Athens, A. 75 Crates, a comic poet, flourished about 450 B.C., K. 536

Cratinus, a dandy, A. 849, 1173 Cratinus, a comic poet, 519-422 B.C.,

K.400,526Cronus, father of Zeus, proverbial for things ancient and out of

date, C. 929

Ctesias, an informer, A. 839 Cycloborus, a hill-torrent in Attica, K. 137 Cyllene, a port in Elis, K. 1081 Cynna, a courtesan, K. 765, W. 1032

DEIOMA, the Exchange Peiraeus, K. 979

Dexitheus, a good harpist, A. 14 Diasia, a feast in honour of Zeus Meilichius, C. 408, 864

Dietynna, a name of Artemis, W.

Diocles, an Athenian, who in some ancient battle had fought for Megara and given his life for a youth; a festival was held at his tomb, A. 774

Dionysia, a festival, A. 195 Diopeithes, a crazy oracle-monger, K. 1085, W. 380 Dracyllus, A. 612

ECBATANA, the old capital of the Medes, A. 64, W. 1143 Egypt, C. 1130

Electra of Aeschylus, C. 534 Ephudion, 1V. 1383

Erechtheus, a legendary king of Athens, K. 1022 Ergasion, W. 1201 Euathlus, A. 711, W. 592

Euboea, an island off Boeotia, C. 211, IV. 715

Eucharides, W. 680 Eucrates, an oakum-seller, K. 129. 253

Euphemius, a politician, IV. 599 Euphorides, A. 612

Eupolis, an early comic poet born about 446 n.c., died probably in 411, C. 553

Euripides, the tragic poet, son of a herb-seller, 480-406 B.C., A. 394, 452, K. 18, C. 1371, 1376, W. 61, 1414

Eurycles, a ventriloquist, W. 1019 Euthymenes, A. 67

Gela, a town in Sicily, A. 606 Genetyllis, a love-deity, C. 52 Geryones, a giant of legend, A. 1082 Gryttus, K. 877

HADES, cap of, A. 390

Harmodius lover of Aristogeiton; they are the traditional liberators of Athens from the tyrants, A. 980, 1093, K. 786, W. 1225

Heliaea, the supreme court of Athens, K. 897

Heracles, baths of, C. 1051

Hieronymus, a wild and hairy man,

A. 389, C. 349 Hippias, the tyrant, K. 448, W.

502 Hippocrates and his sons, a dirty

crew, C. 1001 Hippodamus, father of Archepto-

lemus, K. 327 Homer, C. 1056

Hyperbolus, a demagogue who succeeded Cleon, of servile origin, ostracized, finally killed by the oligarchs at Samos, 411 B.C., A. 846, C. 551, 876, W. 1007, K. 1304, 1363

IAPETUS, one of the Titans, proverbial for antiquity, C. 998
 Ino, daughter of Cadmus, wife of Athamas, A. 434, W. 1414
 Ismenichus, A. 861

LACHES, an Athenian commander in the Peloponnesian War, accused by Cleon of peculation; slain at Mantinea, W. 240, 836, 895

Lacrateides, an Athenian leader, possibly one of the accusers of

Pericles, A. 220

Lamachus, son of Xenophanes, colleague of Alcibiades and Niclas in the Sicilian expedition 415 a.c., a brave and honourable soldier. He was killed in the siege, A. 270, 567, 968
Lamia, a goblin, W. 1435, 1177

Lamia, a goblin, W. 1635, 1177
Lasus of Hermione, a lyric poet, contemporary with Simonides, W. 1410

Lenaea, a feast, at which the comedies were exhibited, A, 504
 Leogoras, an epicure, W. 1269, C.

Loxias, a name of Apollo, K. 1072 Lycus, patron hero of the Athenian dicasteries, W. 389, 819 Lysicles, a sheep-seller, K. 132, 765 Lysistratus, a vicious man, K. 1267, W. 787

Magnes, an early comedian, K. 520 Marathon, seene of the famous victory, 490 B.C., A. 697, K. 781, 1334

Marilades, A. 609

Marpsias, a contentious orator, A. 701

Megacles, a name in one of the great Athenian families, the Alemaeonidae, C. 46, 815

Megara, a city near Athens, A. 519, 533, 738, W. 57

Mennon, son of Eos, slain by Achilles, C. 622

Miletus, an Ionian eity in Asia Minor, K. 361, 932

Miltiades, the victor of Marathon, son of Cimon, and tyrant of the

Chersonesus, K. 1325 Mitylene, in Lesbos, K. 834 Morsimus, a poor tragedian, K. 401 Morychus, an epicure, A. 887, W.

506, 1142 Moschus, a bad harpist, A. 13 Mothon, K. 635

Myrsine, wife of Hippias, K. 449

NICARCHUS, an informer, A. 908 Nicias, son of Niceratus, a distinguished general, of the aristocratic party, and an opponent of Cleon; he perished in the Sicilian expedition, 413 B.C., K. 358 Nicostratus, W. 81

ODEUM, a court in Athens, W. 1009 Odomantes, a Thracian tribe, A. 156 Odysseus, W. 181, 1351

Ocagrus, an actor, W. 579
Ocneus, king of Calydon, deposed
and cast out by his nephews;
name of a play by Euripides, A.
418

Oeonichus, a worthless man, K. 1287 Olympia in Elis, scene of the great games, W. 1382 Olympia, a leggndary flute, player

Olympus, a legendary finte-player,
K. 8

Orestes, a footpad, A. 1167 Orthian nome, A. 16

PANAETIUS, K. 243 Panathenaea, a feast, C. 386, 988 Pandeletus, an informer, C. 924 Paphlagon, a servile name describ-

ing the slave's country, K. 1, etc. Parnes, a hill near Athens, A. 348, C. 323

Paros, an island in the Cyclades, W. 1189

Pasias, C. 21

Pauson, a starveling painter, A. 854 Peiraeus, harbour of Athens, K. 815 Peleus, father of Achilles, C. 1063 Pergasae, an Attic deme, K. 321

Pericles, the great Athenian statesman, died 429 B.C., A. 530, K. 283,

C. 213, 859

Phaeax, a politician, K. 1377 Phales, an imaginary name, A. 263 Phanus, a hanger on of Cleon's, K. 1256, W. 1220

Pharsalus, a town in Thessaly, W.

Phayllus, a famous Olympian victor, A. 215, W. 1206 Phibalus, a district of Megara, A.

Philip, son of Gorgias, W. 421

Philocles, son of Selartius, a bitter tragic poet, W. 462

Philoctetes, a famous archer in the Trojan war, bitten by a snake and left in Lemnos; name of a play by Euripides, exhibited 431 B.C., A. 424

Philostratus, a pander, K. 1069 Phoenix, accused by his father's wife of attempting her honour, was blinded by his father: name of a play by Euripides, A. 421

Phormio, a distinguished naval commander, K. 562

Phrynichus, an early comic poet, W. 220, 269, 1490

Phyle, a fort on the hills between Attica and Boeotia, A. 1023 Pindar quoted, K. 1329

Pittalus, probably a doctor, A. 1032, 1221, W. 1432

Pnyx, the place of assembly, K. 749

Polymnestus, a worthless man, also the name of a musician, K. 1287 Pontus, the N.E. district of Asia Minor, W. 700

Pallene, revolted from Athens in 432 B.C., retaken 429, K. 438 Pramnian wine, K. 106 Prepis, a disolute man, A. 843 Prinides, A. 612 Prodicus of Ceos, a famous sophist,

Potidaia, on the peninsula of

C.361Propylaea, the entrance to the Athenian acropolis, K. 1326 Proxenides, a blusterer, W. 325

Prytaneum, the town hall, K. 167 Pylus, a fort S.W. of Messenia, taken by Demosthenes in 425 B.C. and held for Athens, K. 55, 76, 355, 703, 846, 1058, 1167, C. 185

Pyrilampes, W. 98 Pyrrhandrus, K. 901 . Pytho=Delphi, K. 1272

Sabazius, the Phrygian Bacchus, W, 9

Salabaecho, a courtesan, K. 765 Salamis, scene of the naval victory over Xerxes in 480 n.c., K. 785 Samos, an island off the coast of

Asia Minor, W. 282 Sardis, capital of Lyd'a, W. 1139 Sardo = Sardinia, W. 700

Sarpedon, son of Zeus, slain by Patroclus, C. 622

Scione, on the peninsula of Pallene, W.~210

Scitalus, K. 634

Seythian wilderness, A. 704 Sellus, father of Aeschines, W. 325 Semnae, the Erinyes or Furies, K. 1312

Seriphus, a small island of the Cyclades, A. 542

Simaetha, a courtesan, A. 524 Simon, a dishonest politician, C. 351,

K.242Simonides of Ceos, a lyric poet, 556-467 B.C., W. 1410, C. 1356, K. 406

Sisyphus, craftiest of mankind, a character in Greek legend, A.

Sitalces, king of the Odrysians in Thrace, allied with Athens, A. 134

Smicythes, an effeminate, K.969Socrates, the philosopher, son of Sophroniscus, born 469 B.C., put to death 499, C. 104, etc.

Solon, the great lawgiver of Athens, born about 638 B.C., died about 558. C. 1187

Straton, an effeminate, A. 122, K.

Strymodorus, A. 274

1374

Sunium, a cape of Attica, C. 401 Sybaris, a luxurious city in S. Italy, W. 1435

a promontory TAENARUM, Laconia, where stood a temple of

Poseidon, A. 510

Telephus, a play by Euripides, acted 438 B.C. T. was son of Heracles and Auge, exposed as an infant, and brought up by a herd in poverty; he helped in the taking of Troy, A. 415, 432, 555, C. 922

Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven

Wise Men, C. 180

Themistocles, the victor of Salamis, an Athenian statesman, K. 84, 813, 883

Theognis, a dull frigid poet, nicknamed Snow. A. 11, 140, W. 1183

Theorus, a politician, A. 134, C. 400, W. 42, 599, 1220

Theseum, the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary, K. 1312

Thetis, mother of Achilles, 1067

Thouphanes, a secretary under Cleon, K. 1103

Thucydides, son of Melesias, leader of the aristocratic party in opposition to Pericles, ostracized

444 B.C., A. 703, W. 947 Thyestes, brother of Atreus, son of Pelops; name of a play by

Euripides, A. 433

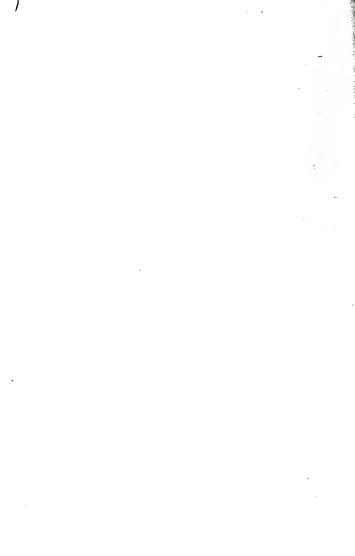
Tithonus, husband of Aurora, made immortal, A. 688

Tlepolemus, C, 1266

Triptolemus, A. 48

Trophonius, a hero, who had an oracle in Lebadeia in Boeotia, C. 508

XANTHIAS, A. 243 Xenophantes, father of Hieronymus, C. 349



VOLUMES ALREADY PUBLISHED

LATIN AUTHORS

APULEIUS. THE GOLDEN ASS (METAMORPHO-SES). Trans. by W. Adlington (1566). Revised by S. Gaselee. (4th Impression.)

AULUS GELLIUS. Trans. by J. C. Rolfe. 3 Vols. AUSONIUS. Trans. by H. G. Evelyn White. 2 Vols.

BOETHIUS: TRACTATES AND DE CONSOLATIONE PHILOSOPHIAE. Trans. by the Rev. H. F. Stewart and E. K. Rand. (2nd Impression.) CAESAR: CIVIL WARS. Trans. by A. G. Peskett.

(3rd Impression.)

CAESAR: GALLIC WAR. Trans. by H. J. Edwards.

(5th Impression.)

CATULLUS. Trans. by F. W. Cornish; TIBULLUS. Trans. by J. P. Postgate; PERVIGILIUM VENERIS. Trans. by J. W. Mackail. (8th Impression.)

CICERO: DE FINIBUS. Trans. by H. Rackham. (2nd Impression.)

CICERO: DE OFFICIIS. Trans. by Walter Miller. (3rd Impression.)

CICERO: DE REPUBLICA AND DE LEGIBUS. Trans. by Clinton Keyes.

CICERO: DE SENECTUTE, DE AMICITIA, DE DIVINATIONE. Trans. by W. A. Falconer. (3rd Imp.) CICERO: LETTERS TO ATTICUS. Trans. by E. O. Winstedt. 3 Vols. (Vol. I. 4/h, II. 3rd, and III. 2nd lmp.)

CICERO: LETTERS TO HIS FRIENDS. Trans. by

W. Glynn Williams. 3 Vols.

CICERÓ: PHILIPPICS. Trans. by W. C. A. Ker. CICERO: PRO ARCHIA POETA, POST REDITUM IN

SENATU. POST REDITUM AD QUIRITES, DE DOMO SUA, DE HARUSPICUM RESPONSIS, PRO PLANCIO. Trans. by N. H. Watts.

CICERO: PRO CAECINA, PRO LEGE MANILIA, PRO CLUENTIO, PRO RABIRIO. Trans. by H.

Grose Hodge.

CICERO: PRO QUINCTIO, PRO ROSCIO AMERINO, PRO ROSCIO COMOEDO, CONTRA RULLUM. Trans. by J. H. Freese.

1

CICERO: TUSCULAN DISPUTATIONS. Trans. by J. E. King.

CICERO: VERRINE ORATIONS. Trans. by L. H. G.

Greenwood. 2 Vols, Vol. I. CLAUDIAN. Trans. by M. Platnauer. 2 Vols.

CONFESSIONS OF ST. AUGUSTINE. Trans. by W. Watts (1631). 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 4th, Vol. II. 3rd. Imp.) FLORUS. Trans. by E. S. Forster; CORNELIUS

Trans. by J. C. Rolfe. NEPOS.

FRONTINUS: STRATAGEMS AND AQUEDUCTS. Trans. by C. E. Bennett.

FRONTO: CORRESPONDENCE. Trans. by C. R.

Haines. 2 Vols.

HORACE: ODES AND EPODES. Trans. by C. E. Bennett. (9th Impression revised.)

HORACE: SATIRES, EPISTLÉS, ARS POETICA. Trans. by H. R. Fairclough. (2nd Impression revised.) JUVENAL AND PERSIUS. Trans. by G. G. Ramsay.

(4th Impression.)

LIVY. Trans. by B. O. Foster. 13 Vols. Vols. I.-V. (Vol. I. 2nd Impression revised.)

LUCAN. Trans. by J. D. Duff.

LUCRETIUS. Trans. by W. H. D. Rouse. (2nd Edition.) MARTIAL. Trans. by W. C. A. Ker. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 3rd Impression, Vol. II. 2nd Impression revised.)

OVID: THE ART OF LOVE AND OTHER POEMS. Trans.

by J. H. Mozlev.

OVID: HEROIDES, AMORES. Trans. by Grant Showerman. (3rd Impression.)

OVID: METAMORPHOSES. Trans. by F. J. Miller. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 5th Impression, II. 4th Impression.) OVID: TRISTIA AND EX PONTO. Trans. by A. L.

Wheeler.

PETRONIUS. Trans. by M. Heseltine: SENECA: APOCOLOCYNTOSIS. Trans. by W. H. D. Rouse. (5th Impression revised.)

PLAUTUS. Trans. by Paul Nixon. 5 Vols. Vols. I.-III. (Vol. I. 3rd Impression, Vol. III, 2nd Impression.)

PLINY: LETTERS. Melmoth's translation revised by W. M. L. Hutchinson. 2 Vols. (3rd Impression.)

PROPERTIUS. Trans. by H. E. Butler. (4th Impression.)
QUINTILIAN. Trans. by H. E. Butler. 4 Vols.

SAINT AUGUSTINE: SELECT LETTERS. Trans. by J. H. Baxter.

SALLUST. Trans. by J. C. Rolfe.

SCRIPTORES HISTORIAE AUGUSTAE. Trans. by D. Magie. 3 Vols. Vols. I. and II. (Vol. I. 2nd Impression revised.)

SÉNECA: EPISTULAE MORALES. Trans. by R. M. Gummere. 3 Vols. (Vols. I. and II. 2nd Impression. Vol. II. revised.)

SENECA: MORAL ESSAYS. Trans. by J. W. Basore. 3 Vols. Vol. I.

SENECA: TRAGEDIES. Trans. by F. J. Miller. 2 Vols. (2nd Impression revised.) STATIUS. Trans. by J. H. Mozley. 2 Vols.

SUETONIUS. Trans. by J. C. Rolfe. 2 Vols. (4th Impression revised.)

TACITUS: DIALOGUS. Trans. by Sir Wm. Peterson;

and AGRICOLA AND GERMANIA. Trans. by Maurice Hutton. (3rd Impression.) TACITUS: HISTORIES. Trans. by C. H. Moore. 2 Vols.

Vol. I.

TERENCE. Trans. by John Sargeaunt. 2 Vols. (5th Imp.) VELLEIUS PATERCULUS AND RES GESTAE DIVI AUGUSTI. Trans. by F. W. Shipley.

VIRGIL. Trans. by H. R. Fairclough. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 10th Impression, II. 8th Impression.)

GREEK AUTHORS

ACHILLES TATIUS. Trans. by S. Gaselee.
AENEAS TACTICUS, ASCLEPIODOTUS AND ONASANDER. Trans. by The Illinois Greek Club.
AESCHINES. Trans. by C. D. Adams.
AESCHYLUS. Trans. by H. Weir Smyth. 2 Vols.
(Vol. I. 3rd Impression, Vol. II. 2nd Impression revised.) APOLLODORUS. Trans. by Sir James G. Frazer. 2 Vols. APOLLONIUS RHODIUS. Trans. by R. C. Seaton. (3rd Impression.)

THE APOSTOLIC FATHERS. Trans. by Kirsopp Lake. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 5th Impression, II. 4th Impression.)

APPIAN'S ROMAN HISTORY. Trans. by Horace White. 4 Vols. (Vols. I. and IV. 2nd Impression.) ARISTOPHANES. Trans. by Benjamin Bickley Rogers. 3 Vols. (Verse translation.) (3rd Impression.)

ARISTOTLE: THE "ART" OF RHETORIC. Trans. by J. H. Freese.

ARISTOTLE: THE NICOMACHEAN ETHICS. Trans.

by H. Rackham.

ARISTOTLE: THE PHYSICS. Trans. by the Rev. P. Wicksteed and F. M. Cornford. 2 Vols. Vol. I.

ARISTOTLE: POETICS: "LONGINUS": ON THE SUBLIME. Trans. by W. Hamilton Fyfe, and DE-METRIUS: ON STYLE. Trans. by W. Rhys Roberts. ARRIAN: HISTORY OF ALEXANDER AND INDICA. Trans. by the Rev. E. Iliffe Robson. 2 Vols. Vol. I.

ATHENAEUS: THE DEIPNOSOPHISTS. Trans. by

C. B. Gulick. 7 Vols. Vols. I.-IV.

CALLIMACHUS AND LYCOPHRON. Trans. by A. W. Mair, AND ARATUS, trans. by G. R. Mair.

CLEMENT OF ALEXANDRIA. Trans. by the Rev.

G. W. Butterworth. DAPHNIS AND CHLOE. Thornley's translation revised

by J. M. Edmonds: AND PARTHENIUS. Trans. by S. Gaselee. (2nd Impression.)

DEMOSTHENES: DE CORONA AND DE FALSA

LEGATIONE. Trans. by C. A. Vince and J. H. Vince. DIO CASSIUS: ROMAN HISTORY. Trans. by E. Carv. 9 Vols. DIOGENES LAERTIUS. Trans. by R. D. Hicks. 2 Vols.

EPICTETUS. Trans. by W. A. Oldfather. 2 Vols. EURIPIDES. Trans. by A. S. Way. 4 Vols. (Verse trans.) (Vols. I. and II. 5th, III. 3rd, IV. 4th Imp.)

EUSEBIUS: ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY. Trans.

by Kirsopp Lake. 2 Vols. Vol. I.

GALEN: ON THE NATURAL FACULTIES. Trans. by A. J. Brock. (2nd Impression.)
THE GREEK ANTHOLOGY. Trans. by W. R. Paton.

5 Vols. (Vol. I. 3rd, II. 2nd Impression.)

THE GREEK BUCOLIC POETS (THEOCRITUS, BION, MOSCHUS). Trans. by J. M. Edmonds. (5th Imp.) HERODOTUS. Trans. by A. D. Godley. 4 Vols. (Vols.

I.-III. 2nd Impression.)

HESIOD AND THE HOMERIC HYMNS. Trans. by H. G. Evelyn White. (4th Impression.)

HIPPOCRATES. Trans. by W. H. S. Jones and E. T Withington. 4 Vols. Vols. I.-III.

HOMER: ILIAD. Trans. by A. T. Murray. 2 Vols.

(Vol. I. 3rd Impression, Vol. II. 2nd Impression.) HOMER: ODYSSEY. Trans. by A. T. Murray. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 4th Impression, Vol. II. 3rd Impression.)

ISAEUS. Trans. by E. S. Forster.

ISOCRATES. Trans. by G. Norlin. 3 Vols. Vols. I. and II. JOSEPHUS. Trans. by H. St. J. Thackeray. 8 Vols. Vols. I.-IV.

JULIAN. Trans. by Wilmer Cave Wright. 3 Vols.

LUCIAN. Trans. by A. M. Harmon. 8 Vols. Vols. I.-IV. (Vols. I. and II. 3rd Impression.)

LYRA GRAECA. Trans. by J. M. Edmonds. 3 Vols.

(Vol. I. 2nd Edition revised and enlarged.)
MARCUS AURELIUS. Trans. by C. R. Haines. (3rd Impression revised.)

MENANDER. Trans. by F. G. Allinson. (2nd Imp. rev.) OPPIAN, COLLUTHUS AND TRYPHIODORUS. by A. W. Mair.

PAUSANIAS: DESCRIPTION OF GREECE. Trans. by W. H. S. Jones. 5 Vols. and Companion Vol. Vols.

I. and II.

HILO. Trans. by F. H. Colson and the Rev. G. H. Whitaker. 10 Vols. Vols. I. and II.

PHILOSTRATUS: THE LIFE OF APOLLONIUS OF TYANA. Trans. by F. C. Conybeare. 2 Vols. (Vol. I. 3rd, II. 2nd Impression.)

PHILOSTRATUS AND ÉUNAPIUS: LIVES OF THE

SOPHISTS. Trans. by Wilmer Cave Wright. PINDAR. Trans. by Sir J. E. Sandys. (5th Imp. revised.) LATO: CHARMIDES, ALCIBIADES I. and II., HIPPARCHUS, THE LOVERS, THEAGES, MINOS, PLATO: EPINOMIS. Trans. by W. R. M. Lamb.

PLATO: CRATYLUS, PARMENIDES, GREATER AND

LESSER HIPPIAS. Trans. by H. N. Fowler.

PLATO: EUTHYPHRO, APOLOGY, CRITO, PHAEDO, PHAEDRUS. Trans. by H. N. Fowler. (6th Impression.)
PLATO: LACHES, PROTAGORAS, MENO, EUTHY-DEMUS. Trans. by W. R. M. Lamb.

PLATO: LAWS. Trans. by the Rev. R. G. Bury. 2 Vols. PLATO: LYSIS, SYMPOSIUM, GORGIAS. Trans. by

W. R. M. Lamb.

PLATO: REPUBLIC. Trans. by Paul Shorey. 2 Vols. Vol. I.

PLATO: STATESMAN, PHILEBUS. Trans. by H. N.

Fowler; ION. Trans. by W. R. M. Lamb. PLATO: THEAETETUS, SOPHIST. Trans. by H. N.

Fowler. (2nd Impression.)

PLATO: TIMAEUS, CRÍTIAS, CLITOPHO, MENE-XENUS, EPISTULAE. Trans. by the Rev. R. G. Bury. THE PARALLEL LIVES. Trans. by PLUTARCH: B. Perrin. 11 Vols. (Vols. I., II. and VII. 2nd Imp.) MORALIA. Trans. by F. C. Babbitt. PLUTARCH:

14 Vols. Vols. I. and II.

POLYBIUS. Trans. by W. R. Paton. 6 Vols. PROCOPIUS; HISTORY OF THE WARS. Trans. by H. B. Dewing. 7 Vols. Vols. I.-V.

QUINTUS SMYRNAEUS. Trans. by A. S. Way. (Verse translation.)

ST. BASIL: THE LETTERS. Trans. by R. Deferrari.

4 Vols. Vols. I. and II.

ST. JOHN DAMASCENE: BARLAAM AND IOASAPH. Trans. by the Rev. G. R. Woodward and Harold Mattingly. SOPHOCLES. Trans. by F. Storr. 2 Vols. (Verse trans-(Vol. I. 5th Impression, II. 4th Impression.)

STRABO: GEOGRAPHY. Trans. by Horace L. Jones.

8 Vols. Vols. I.-VII.

THEOPHRASTUS: THE CHARACTERS. Trans. by J. M. Edmonds; HERODES, CERCIDAS AND THE GREEK CHOLIAMBIC POETS. Trans. by A. D. Knox. THEOPHRASTUS: ENQUIRY INTO PLANTS. Trans.

by Sir Arthur Hort, Bart. 2 Vols.

THUCYDIDES. Trans. by C. F. Smith. 4 Vols. (Vol. I. 2nd Impression revised.)

XENOPHON: CYROPÁEDIA. Trans. by Walter Miller.

2 Vols. (Vol. I. 2nd Impression.)

XENOPHON: HELLENICA, ANABASIS, APOLOGY, AND SYMPOSIUM. Trans. by C. L. Brownson and O. J. Todd. 3 Vols. (Vol. I. 2nd Impression.)

XENOPHON: MEMORABILIA AND OECONOMICUS.

Trans. by E. C. Marchant.

XENOPHON: SCRIPTA MINORA. Trans. by E. C. Marchant.

VOLUMES IN PREPARATION

GREEK AUTHORS

ARISTOTLE: METAPHYSICS, H. Tredennick.

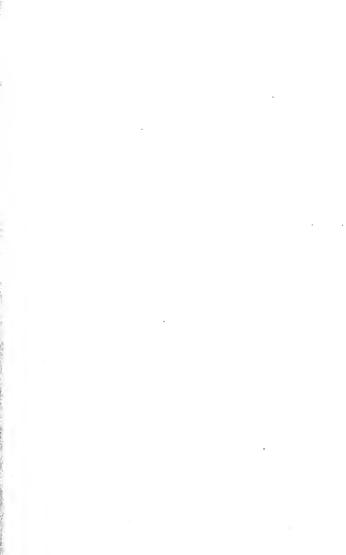
ARISTOTLE: ON THE MOTION AND PROGRESSION OF ANIMALS, E. S. Forster. ARISTOTLE: ORGANON, W. M. L. Hutchinson. ARISTOTLE: POLITICS AND ATHENIAN CONSTI-TUTION, H. Rackham. DEMOSTHENES: MEIDIAS, ANDROTION, ARISTO-CRATES, TIMOCRATES, J. H. Vince. DEMOSTHENES: OLYNTHIACS, PHILIPPICS, LEP-TINES, MINOR SPEECHES, J. H. Vince. DEMOSTHENES: PRIVATE ORATIONS, G. M. Calhoun. DIO CHRYSOSTOM, J. W. Cohoon. GREEK IAMBIC AND ELEGIAC POETRY, J. M. Edmonds. LYSIAS, W. R. M. Lamb. PAPYRI, A. S. Hunt. PHILOSTRATUS: IMAGINES, Arthur Fairbanks, SEXTUS EMPIRICUS, the Rev. R. G. Burv.

LATIN AUTHORS

AMMIANUS MARCELLINUS, J. C. Rolfe. BEDE: ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY, J. E. King. CICERO: CATILINE ORATIONS, B. L. Ullman. CICERO: DE NATURA DEORUM, H. Rackham. CICERO: DE ORATORE, ORATOR, BRUTUS, Charles Stuttaford. CICERO: IN PISONEM, PRO SCAURO; PRO FON-TEIO, PRO MILONE, PRO RABIRIO POSTUMO, PRO MARCELLO, PRO LIGARIO, PRO REGE DEIOTARO, N. H. Watts. CICERO: PRO SEXTIO, IN VATINIUM, PRO CAELIO, PRO PROVINCIIS CONSULARIBUS, PRO BALBO, J. H. Freese. ENNIUS, LUCILIUS, AND OTHER SPECIMENS OF OLD LATIN, E. H. Warmington. MINUCIUS FELIX, W. C. A. Ker. OVID: FASTI, Sir J. G. Frazer. PLINY: NATURAL HISTORY, W. H. S. Jones and L. F. Newman. ST. JEROME'S LETTERS: F. A. Wright. SIDONIUS, E. V. Arnold and W. B. Anderson. TACITUS: ANNALS, John Jackson. TERTULLIAN: APOLOGY, T. R. Glover. VALERIUS FLACCUS, A. F. Scholfield. VITRUVIUS: DE ARCHITECTURA, F. Granger.

DESCRIPTIVE PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION

London . . WILLIAM HEINEMANN LTD New York . . G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS









PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE CARDS OR SLIPS FROM THIS POCKET

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO LIBRARY

